

# mos integrated circuit $\mu PD431008$

# 1M-BIT CMOS FAST STATIC RAM 128K-WORD BY 8-BIT

#### Description

The  $\mu$ PD431008 is a high speed, low power, 1 048 576 bits (131 072 words by 8 bits) CMOS static RAM. The  $\mu$ PD431008 is packed in 32-pin plastic SOJ.

#### **Feature**

- 131 072 words by 8 bits organization
- Fast access time 15, 17, 20 ns (MAX.)
- Output buffers control: OE
- Common I/O using three state outputs
- Fully static operation: no clock or refreshing to operate
- TTL compatible: all inputs and outputs
- Single +5 V power supply

#### **Ordering Information**

Part number	Package	Access time ns (MAX.)	Operating supply current mA (MAX.)	Standby supply current mA (MAX.)	Quality grade
μPD431008LE-15		15	160		
μPD431008LE-17	32-pin plastic SOJ (400 mil)	17	150	10	Standard
μPD431008LE-20	(100 11111)	20	140		

Remark Operating supply current is 120 mA (MAX.) when this product is used at 50ns cycle time.

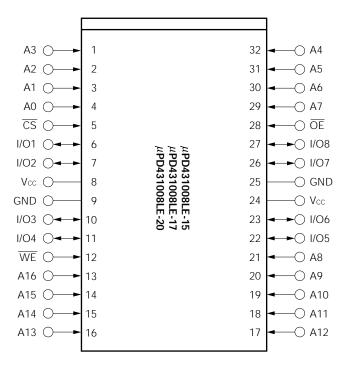
Please refer to "Quality grade on NEC Semiconductor Devices" (Document number IEI-1209) published by NEC Corporation to know the specification of quality grade on the devices and its recommended applications.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice.



## Pin Configuration (Marking Side)

#### 32-Pin Plastic SOJ (400 mil)



A0 - A16 : Address Inputs

I/O1 – I/O8 : Data Inputs/Outputs

 CS
 : Chip Select

 WE
 : Write Enable

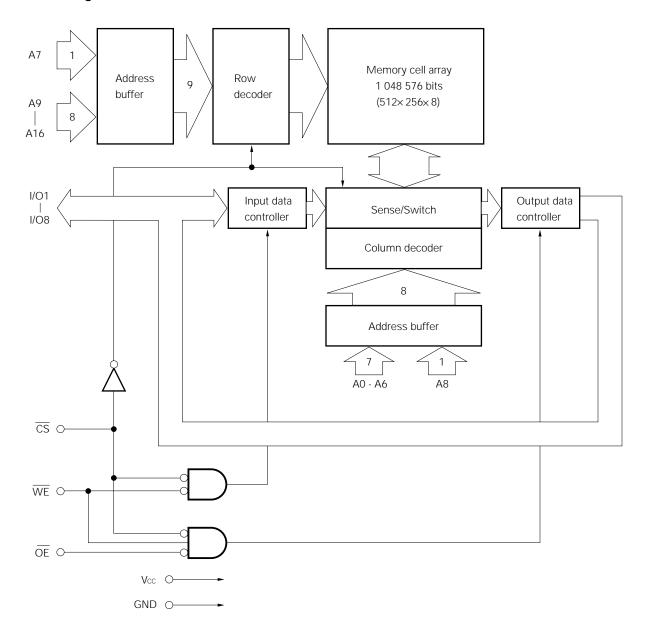
 OE
 : Output Enable

 Vcc
 : Power Supply

GND : Ground



# **Block Diagram**



**Truth Table** 

CS	ŌĒ	WE	Mode	I/O	Supply current
Н	×	×	Not selected	Hi-Z	lsв
L	L	Н	Read	<b>D</b> оит	
L	×	L	Write	Write DIN	
L	Н	Н	Output disable	Hi-Z	

Remark X : Don't care



# **Electrical Specifications**

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage Vcc		-0.5 <sup>Note</sup> to +7.0	V
Input/Output voltage	VT	-0.5 Note to Vcc +0.5	V
Operating temperature	Topt	0 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C

Note -3.0 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 10 ns)

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply voltage	<b>V</b> cc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
High level input voltage	VIH	2.2		Vcc +0.5	V
Low level input voltage	VIL	-0.5 <sup>Note</sup>		+0.8	٧
Ambient temperature	Та	0		+70	°C

Note -3.0 V (MIN.) (Pulse width: 10 ns)

## DC Characteristics (Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test cond	ditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input leakage current	Iн	VIN = 0 V to Vcc		-2		+2	μΑ
Output leakage current	ILO	$\frac{V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ V to Vcc, } \overline{CS}}{\overline{WE}} = V_{IL}$	$\frac{V_{I/O}}{WE} = 0 \text{ V to Vcc}, \overline{CS} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{OE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{WE} = V_{IL}$			+2	μΑ
			Cycle time: 15 ns			160	
Operating supply current	Icc	$\frac{\overline{CS}}{I_{I/O}} = V_{IL},$ $I_{I/O} = 0 \text{ mA}$	Cycle time: 17 ns			150	mA
	ICC		Cycle time: 20 ns			140	
			Cycle time: 50 ns			120	
	IsB	CS = VIH, VIN = VIH Or	CS = VIH, VIN = VIH OF VIL			30	
Standby supply current	Isb1	$V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V} \subseteq \overline{CS},$ $V_{IN} \subseteq 0.2 \text{ V or } V_{CC} - 0.$			10	mA	
High level output voltage	Vон	Iон = −4.0 mA	2.4			V	
Low level output voltage	Vol	IoL = 8 mA				0.4	V

Remark VIN: Input voltage

## Capacitance ( $T_a = +25$ °C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input capacitance	Cin	$V_{IN} = 0 V$			6	pF
Input/Output capacitance	C1/0	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V			8	рF

Remark 1. VIN: Input voltage

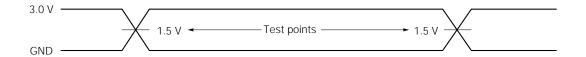
2. These parameters are periodically sampled and not 100 % tested.



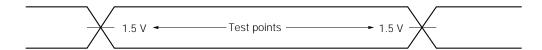
## AC Characteristics (Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

## **AC Test Conditions**

Input waveform (Rise/fall time ≤ 3 ns)

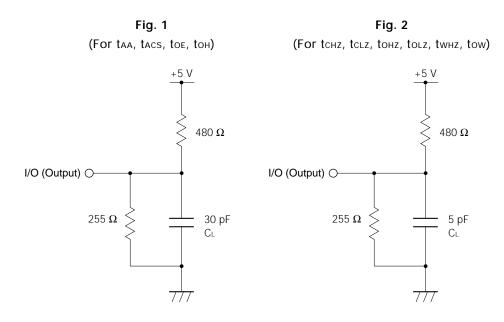


#### **Output waveform**



## **Output load**

AC Characteristics directed with the note should be measured with the output load shown in Fig. 1 or Fig. 2.



**Remark** C<sub>L</sub> includes capacitances of the probe and jig, and stray capacitances.



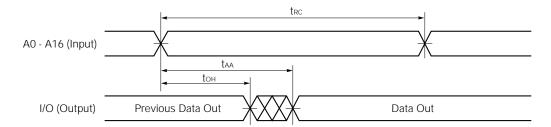
# Read Cycle

Parameter	Symbol			μPD431008LE-17		μPD431008LE-20		Unit	Condition
Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	OTIIL	Condition
Read cycle time	trc	15		17		20		ns	
Address access time	taa		15		17		20	ns	
CS access time	tacs		15		17		20	ns	Note 1.
OE access time	toe		8		9		10	ns	Note 1.
Output hold from address change	tон	5		5		5		ns	
CS to output in low-Z	tcLz	5		5		5		ns	
OE to output in low-Z	tolz	1		1		1		ns	Note 2
CS to output in high-Z	tснz		7		7		7	ns	Note 2.
OE to output in high-Z	tонz		7		7		7	ns	

Note 1. See the output load shown in Fig. 1.

2. See the output load shown in Fig. 2.

## Read Cycle Timing Chart 1 (Address Access)

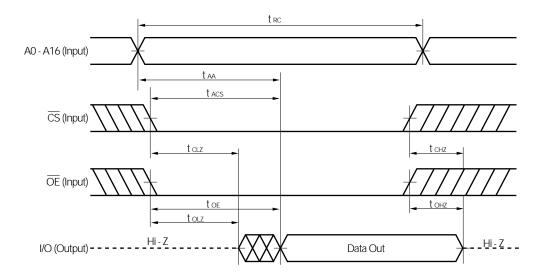


Remark 1. In read cycle,  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  should be fixed to high level.

2.  $\overline{CS} = \overline{OE} = VIL$ 



# Read Cycle Timing Chart 2 (CS Access)



Caution Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low level input.

**Remark** In read cycle, WE should be fixed to high level.

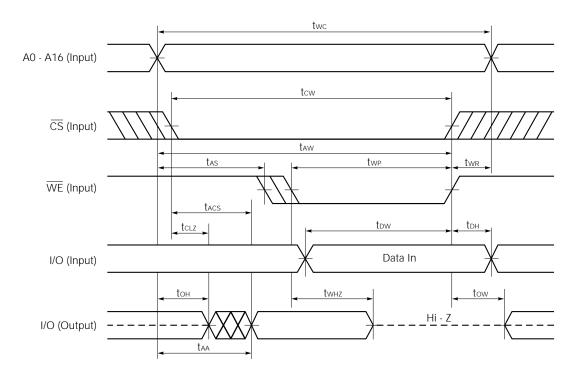


## Write Cycle

Parameter	Cumbal			μPD431008LE-17		μPD431008LE-20		Unit	Condition
Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Condition
Write cycle time	twc	15		17		20		ns	
CS to end of write	tcw	10		11		12		ns	
Address valid to end of write	taw	9		11		12		ns	
Write pulse width	twp	9		10		10		ns	
Data valid to end of write	tow	8		9		10		ns	
Data hold time	tон	0		0		0		ns	
Address setup time	tas	0		0		0		ns	
Write recovery time	twr	0		0		0		ns	
WE to output in high-Z	twнz		7		7		7	ns	Note
Output active from end of write	tow	3		3		3		ns	Note

Note See the output load shown in Fig. 2.

## Write Cycle Timing Chart 1 (WE Controlled)

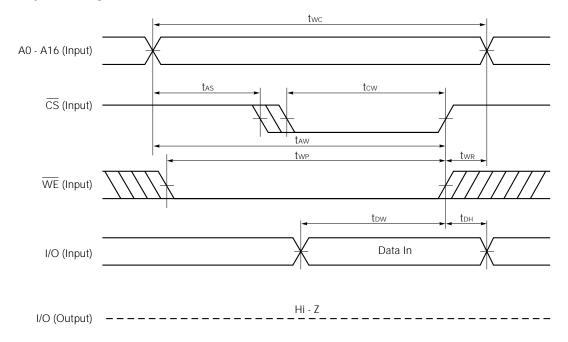


Caution  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  or  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  should be fixed to high level during address transition.

- **Remark 1.** Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level  $\overline{CS}$  and a low level  $\overline{WE}$ .
  - 2. During twhz, I/O pins are in the output state, therefore the input signals of opposite phase to the output must not be applied.
  - 3. When  $\overline{WE}$  is at low level, the I/O pins are always Hi-Z. When  $\overline{WE}$  is at high level, read operation is executed. Therefore  $\overline{OE}$  should be at high level to make the I/O pins Hi-Z.



# Write Cycle Timing Chart 2 (CS Controlled)



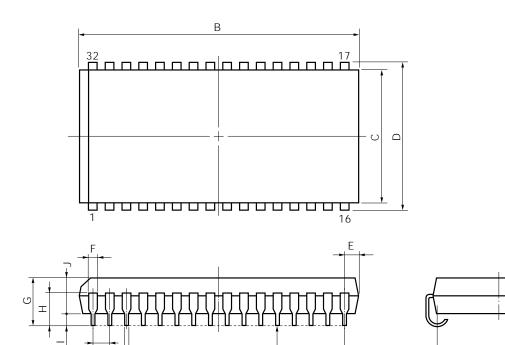
Caution  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  or  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  should be fixed to high level during address transition.

**Remark** Write operation is done during the overlap time of a low level  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  and a low level  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ .



# Package Drawing

# 32 PIN PLASTIC SOJ (400 mil)



Q



Each lead centerline is located within 0.12 mm (0.005 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

M D N M

P32LE-400A

ITEM	MILLIMETERS	INCHES
В	21.06±0.2	0.829±0.008
С	10.16	0.400
D	11.18±0.2	0.440±0.008
E	1.005±0.1	0.040+0.004
F	0.74	0.029
G	3.5±0.2	0.138±0.008
Н	2.545±0.2	0.100±0.008
I	0.8 MIN.	0.031 MIN.
J	2.6	0.102
K	1.27 (T.P.)	0.050 (T.P.)
М	0.40±0.10	0.016+0.004
N	0.12	0.005
Р	9.4±0.20	0.370±0.008
Q	0.1	0.004
Т	R 0.85	R 0.033
U	0.20 +0.10 -0.05	0.008+0.004



## **RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS**

Please consult with our sales offices for soldering conditions of the  $\mu$ PD431008.

## TYPE OF SURFACE MOUNT DEVICE

 $\mu$ PD431008LE: 32-pin plastic SOJ (400 mil)

[MEMO]



#### NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES -

## 1) PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR SEMICONDUCTORS

Note: Strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor devices on it.

## (2) HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS

Note: No connection for CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS device behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. All handling related to the unused pins must be judged device by device and related specifications governing the devices.

# (3) STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Note: Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS device. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee out-pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. Device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices having reset function.

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