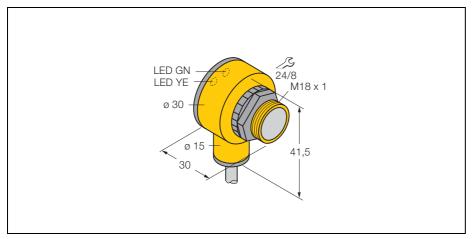


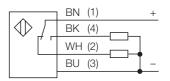
## Photoelectric sensor retro-reflective sensor T18SP6L

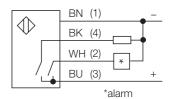


Туре	T18SP6L
Ident-No.	3472100
Operating mode	Retro-reflective sensor
Type of light	IR
Wave length	950 nm
Operating temperature	-40+ 70 °C
Rated operational voltage (DC) U <sub>B</sub>	10 30 VDC
Rated operational current (DC) I <sub>e</sub>	≤150 mA
No-load current I <sub>0</sub>	≤25 mA
Short-circuit protection	yes, cyclic
Reverse polarity protection	yes
Output function	connection programmable, PNP
Switching frequency	≤160 Hz
Max. switch-on delay	≤100 ms
Overload trip point	>220 mA
Housing style	cylindrical/thread; T18
Dimensions	30 x 30 x 41,5 mm
Housing material	plastic, PBT
Lens	Plastic, Acryl
Wiring	cable
Cable length	2 m
Cable cross section	$4 \times 0.5 \text{ mm}^2$
Degree of protection	IP68 - IP69K
Supply voltage indication	LED green
Switching status indication	LED yellow
Error indication	LED green flashing
Alarm indication	LED yellow flashing

- selectable light or dark operation or light operation with alarm function
- sensitivity adjustable via potentiometer
- cable, 2 m
- operational voltage 10..0.30 VDC
- degree of protection IP69K

## Wiring diagram





With retro-reflective sensors, emitter and receiver are incorporated in one compact housing. The light beam of the emitter is directed towards a reflector which returns the light back to the receiver. An object is detected when it interrupts this beam. Retro-reflective sensors have a high function gain and good contrast performance. Further it is merely required to install and wire a single device.

## Excess gain curve

Excess gain in relation to the distance