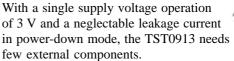


# SiGe Power Amplifier for GSM 1800/1900 (DCS/PCS)

#### **Description**

The TST0913 is a monolithic integrated power amplifier. The device is manufactured using Atmel Wireless & Microcontrollers' advanced Silicon-Germanium (SiGe) technology and has been designed for use in GSM 1800/1900-MHz (DCS/PCS) mobile phones.



Electrostatic sensitive device. Observe precautions for handling.





#### **Features**

- 32 dBm output power
- Power-added efficiency (PAE) 42%
- Single supply operation at 3 V no negative voltage necessary
- Current consumption in power-down mode ≤ 10 μA, no external power-supply switch required
- Power-ramp control
- Simple input and output matching
- Simple output matching for maximum flexibility
- SMD package (PSSOP16 with heat slug)

#### **Block Diagram**

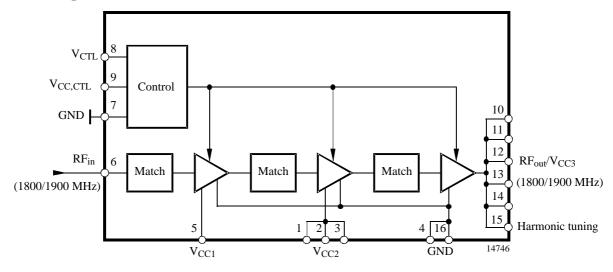


Figure 1. Block diagram

### **Ordering Information**

Extended Type Number	Package	Remarks
TST0913-TJS	PSSOP16	Tube
TST0913-TJQ	PSSOP16	Taped and reeles

# **TST0913**



## **Pin Description**

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	V <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply voltage 2
2	V <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply voltage 2
3	V <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply voltage 2
4	GND	Ground
5	V <sub>CC1</sub>	Supply voltage 1
6	RF <sub>in</sub>	RF input
7	GND	Ground (control)
8	V <sub>CTL</sub>	Control input
9	V <sub>CC,CTL</sub>	Supply voltage for control
10	RF <sub>out</sub> /V <sub>CC3</sub>	RF output / supply voltage 3
11	RF <sub>out</sub> /V <sub>CC3</sub>	RF output / supply voltage 3
12	RF <sub>out</sub> /V <sub>CC3</sub>	RF output / supply voltage 3
13	RF <sub>out</sub> /V <sub>CC3</sub>	RF output / supply voltage 3
14	RF <sub>out</sub> /V <sub>CC3</sub>	RF output / supply voltage 3
15	RF <sub>out</sub> /V <sub>CC3</sub>	RF output / supply voltage 3
16	GND	Ground

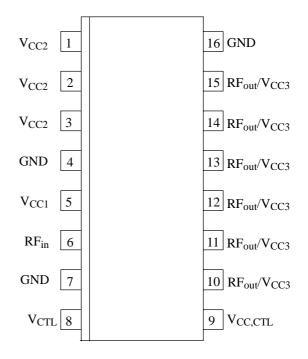


Figure 2. Pinning

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

All voltages refer to GND

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage V <sub>CC</sub>	Pins 5, 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 9	V <sub>CC1</sub> , V <sub>CC2</sub> V <sub>CC3</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> , CTL		5.0	V
Input power	Pin 6	Pin		6	dBm
Gain-control voltage	Pin 8	$V_{CTL}$	0	2.2	V
Duty cycle for operation				25	%
Burst duration		t <sub>burst</sub>		1.2	ms
Junction temperature		Tj		+ 150	°C
Storage temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	- 40	+150	°C

### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Junction ambient	$R_{thJA}$	t.b.d.	K/W	



## **Operating Range**

All voltages refer to GND

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{\text{CC1}}, V_{\text{CC2}}, V_{\text{CC3}}, V_{\text{CC}, \text{CTL}}$	2.4	3.5	4.5	V
Ambient temperature	$T_{amb}$	- 25		+ 85	°C
Input frequency	f <sub>in</sub>		1800/1900		MHz

# **TST0913**



### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $Test \ conditions: \ V_{CC} = V_{CC1}, \ V_{CC2}, \ V_{CC3}, \ V_{CC}, \ CTL = 3.5 \ V, \ V_{CTL} = 1.5 \ V, \ T_{amb} = +25 ^{\circ}C \ (see \ application \ circuit)$ 

Parameter	<b>Test Conditions / Pins</b>	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply						
Supply voltage		$V_{CC}$	2.7	3.5	4.5	V
Current consumption	Active mode P <sub>out</sub> = 32 dBm, PAE = 42%	I		1.1		A
Current consumption	Power-down mode $V_{CTL} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$	I			10	μΑ
RF input						
Frequency range	DCS PCS	f <sub>in</sub>	1710 1850		1785 1910	MHz MHz
Input impedance *)		$Z_i$		50		Ω
Input power		P <sub>in</sub>		0	6	dBm
Input VSWR *)	$P_{in} = 0$ to 6 dBm, $P_{out} = 31.5$ dBm	VSWR			2:1	
RF output						
Output impedance *)		Zo		50		Ω
Output power	$P_{in} = 0 \text{ dBm}, R_L = RG = 50 \Omega$ $V_{CC} = 3.5 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	P <sub>out</sub>	31.7 30.0	32.5 30.5		dBm dBm
Minimum output power	V <sub>CTL</sub> = 0.5 V			- 20		dBm
Power-added efficiency at P <sub>out,max</sub>	$\begin{aligned} P_{out} &= 26 \text{ dBm} \\ P_{out} &= 28 \text{ dBm} \\ P_{out} &= 31.5 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$	PAE	25 35 42			%
Stability	$T_{amb} = -25 \text{ to} + 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	VSWR			10:1	
Load mismatch (stable, no demage)	P <sub>out</sub> = 31.5 dBm all phases	VSWR			10:1	
Second harmonic distortion		2f <sub>o</sub>			-35	dBc
Third harmonic distortion		3f <sub>o</sub>			-35	dBc
Noise power	P <sub>out</sub> = 31.5 dBm, RBW = 100 kHz f = 1805 to 1880 MHz (DCS) f = 1930 to 1990 MHz (PCS)				- 71 - 71	dBm dBm
Rise and fall time		t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>			0.5	μs
Isolation between input and output	$P_{in} = 0$ to 6 dBm, $V_{CTL} \le 0.2$ V (power down)		48			dB
Power control						
Control curve slope	Pout ≥ 25 dBm				150	dB/V
Power-control range	$V_{CTRL} = 0.3 \text{ to } 2.0 \text{ V}$		50			dB
Control-voltage range		V <sub>CTL</sub>	0.3		2.0	V
Control current	P <sub>in</sub> = 0 to 6 dBm, V <sub>CTL</sub> = 0 to 2.2 V	I <sub>CTL</sub>			200	μΑ

<sup>\*)</sup> with external matching (see application circuit)



### **Application Circuit**

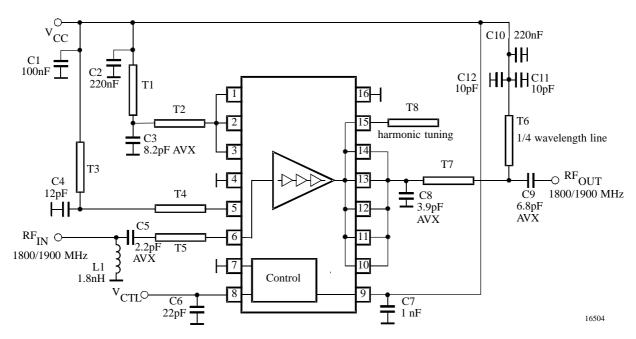
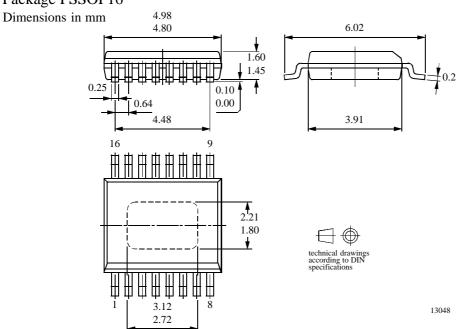


Figure 3. Application circuit

## **Package Information**

#### Package PSSOP16



# **TST0913**



#### **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of Atmel Germany GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**Atmel Germany GmbH** has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

**Atmel Germany GmbH** can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Atmel Wireless & Microcontrollers products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Atmel Wireless & Microcontrollers against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Data sheets can also be retrieved from the Internet: http://www.atmel-wm.com

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