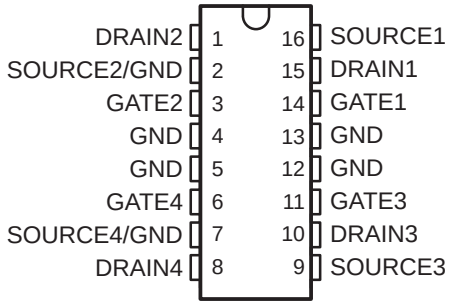
- **Low $r_{DS(on)}$ . . . 0.3 Ω Typ**
- **High Voltage Output . . . 60 V**
- **Extended ESD Capability . . . 4000 V**
- **Pulsed Current . . . 10 A Per Channel**
- **Fast Commutation Speed**

description

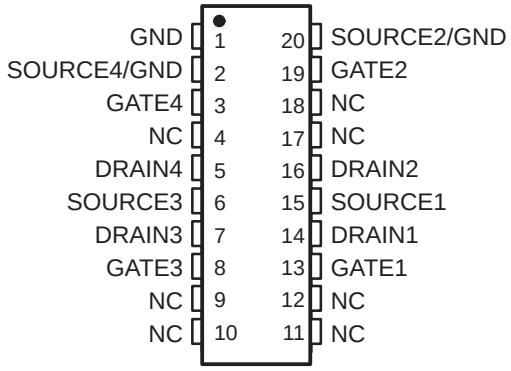
The TPIC5401 is a monolithic gate-protected power DMOS array that consists of four N-channel enhancement-mode DMOS transistors, two of which are configured with a common source. Each transistor features integrated high-current zener diodes (Z_{CXa} and Z_{CXb}) to prevent gate damage in the event that an overstress condition occurs. These zener diodes also provide up to 4000 V of ESD protection when tested using the human-body model of a 100-pF capacitor in series with a 1.5-kΩ resistor.

The TPIC5401 is offered in a 16-pin thermally enhanced dual-in-line (NE) package and a 20-pin wide-body surface-mount (DW) package and is characterized for operation over the case temperature range of –40°C to 125°C.

NE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

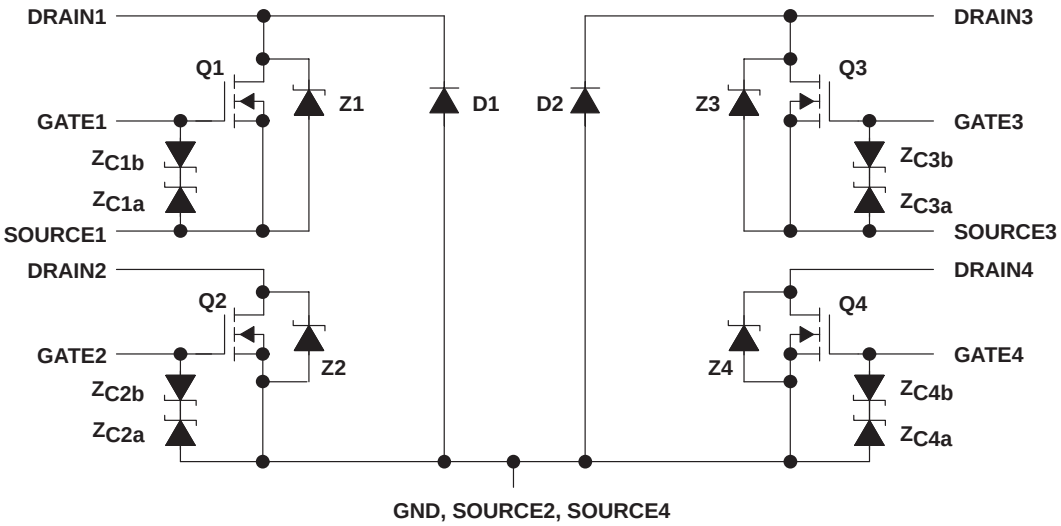


DW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

schematic



NOTE: For correct operation, no terminal pin may be taken below GND.

absolute maximum ratings over operating case temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Drain-to-source voltage, V_{DS}	60 V
Source-to-GND voltage (Q1, Q3)	100 V
Drain-to-GND voltage (Q1, Q3)	100 V
Drain-to-GND voltage (Q2, Q4)	60 V
Gate-to-source voltage range, V_{GS}	–9 V to 18 V
Continuous drain current, each output, T_C = 25°C: DW package	1.7 A
NE package	2 A
Continuous source-to-drain diode current, T_C = 25°C	2 A
Pulsed drain current, each output, I_{max}, T_C = 25°C (see Note 1 and Figure 15)	10 A
Continuous gate-to-source zener-diode current, T_C = 25°C	±50 mA
Pulsed gate-to-source zener-diode current, T_C = 25°C	±500 mA
Single-pulse avalanche energy, E_{AS}, T_C = 25°C (see Figures 4, 15, and 16)	21 mJ
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J	–40°C to 150°C
Operating case temperature range, T_C	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range,	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: Pulse duration = 10 ms, duty cycle = 2%

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_C \le 25°C$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T_C = 25°C	T_C = 125°C POWER RATING
DW	1389 mW	11.1 mW/°C	279 mW
NE	2075 mW	16.6 mW/°C	415 mW

electrical characteristics, T_C = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(BR)DSX}$	Drain-to-source breakdown voltage	I_D = 250 μA, V_{GS} = 0		60			V
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	I_D = 1 mA, V_{DS} = V_{GS}, See Figure 5		1.5	1.85	2.2	V
$V_{(BR)GS}$	Gate-to-source breakdown voltage	I_{GS} = 250 μA		18			V
$V_{(BR)SG}$	Source-to-gate breakdown voltage	I_{SG} = 250 μA		9			V
$V_{(BR)}$	Reverse drain-to-GND breakdown voltage (across D1, D2)	Drain-to-GND current = 250 μA		100			V
$V_{DS(on)}$	Drain-to-source on-state voltage	I_D = 2 A, V_{GS} = 10 V, See Notes 2 and 3			0.6	0.7	V
$V_{F(SD)}$	Forward on-state voltage, source-to-drain	I_S = 2 A, V_{GS} = 0 (Z1, Z2, Z3, Z4), See Notes 2 and 3 and Figure 12			1	1.2	V
V_F	Forward on-state voltage, GND-to-drain	I_D = 2 A (D1, D2), See Notes 2 and 3			7.5		V
I_{DSS}	Zero-gate-voltage drain current	V_{DS} = 48 V, V_{GS} = 0	T_C = 25°C		0.05	1	μA
			T_C = 125°C		0.5	10	
I_{GSSF}	Forward-gate current, drain short circuited to source	V_{GS} = 15 V, V_{DS} = 0			20	200	nA
I_{GSSR}	Reverse-gate current, drain short circuited to source	V_{SG} = 5 V, V_{DS} = 0			10	100	nA
I_{lkg}	Leakage current, drain-to-GND	V_{DGND} = 48 V	T_C = 25°C		0.05	1	μA
			T_C = 125°C		0.5	10	
$r_{DS(on)}$	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance	V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 2 A, See Notes 2 and 3 and Figures 6 and 7	T_C = 25°C		0.3	0.35	Ω
			T_C = 125°C		0.47	0.5	
g_{fs}	Forward transconductance	V_{DS} = 15 V, I_D = 1 A, See Notes 2 and 3 and Figure 9		1.6	1.9		S
C_{iss}	Short-circuit input capacitance, common source	V_{DS} = 25 V, f = 1 MHz, V_{GS} = 0, See Figure 11			220	275	pF
C_{oss}	Short-circuit output capacitance, common source				120	150	
C_{rss}	Short-circuit reverse-transfer capacitance, common source				100	125	

NOTES: 2. Technique should limit $T_J - T_C$ to 10°C maximum.
3. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

source-to-drain and GND-to-drain diode characteristics, T_C = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time	I_S = 1 A, V_{GS} = 0, See Figures 1 and 14 V_{DS} = 48 V, di/dt = 100 A/μs,	Z1 and Z3		120		ns
			Z2 and Z4		280		
			D1 and D2		260		
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge		Z1 and Z3		0.12		μC
			Z2 and Z4		0.9		
			D1 and D2		2.2		

resistive-load switching characteristics, T_C = 25°C

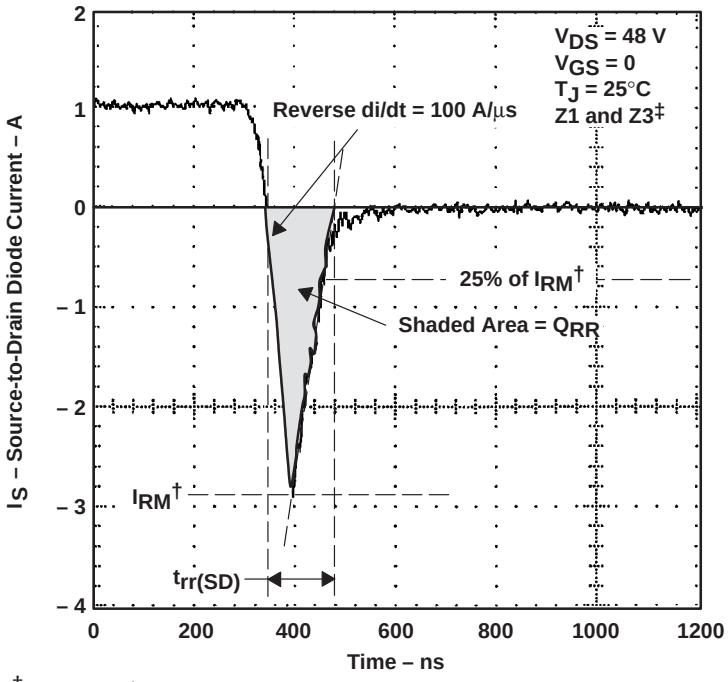
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	V_{DD} = 25 V, R_L = 25 Ω, t_{en} = 10 ns, t_{dis} = 10 ns, See Figure 2		32	65	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time			40	80	
t_r	Rise time			15	30	
t_f	Fall time			25	50	
Q_g	Total gate charge	V_{DS} = 48 V, I_D = 1 A, V_{GS} = 10 V, See Figure 3		6.6	8	nC
$Q_{gs(th)}$	Threshold gate-to-source charge			0.8	1	
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-drain charge			2.6	3.2	
L_d	Internal drain inductance			5		nH
L_s	Internal source inductance			5		
R_g	Internal gate resistance			0.25		Ω

thermal resistances

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (see Note 4)	DW	All outputs with equal power		90		°C/W
		NE			60		
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	DW			53		
$R_{\theta JP}$	Junction-to-pin thermal resistance	DW			30		
		NE			25		

NOTE 4: Package mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board with no heatsink.

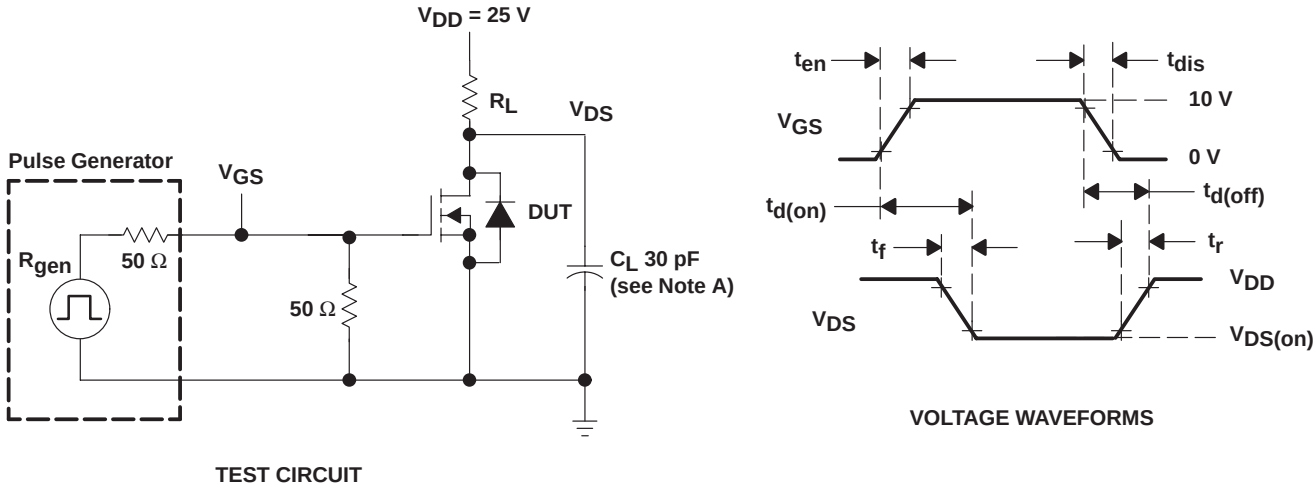
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



† I_{RM} = maximum recovery current
‡ The above waveform is representative of Z2, Z4, D1, and D2 in shape only.

Figure 1. Reverse-Recovery-Current Waveform of Source-to-Drain Diode

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

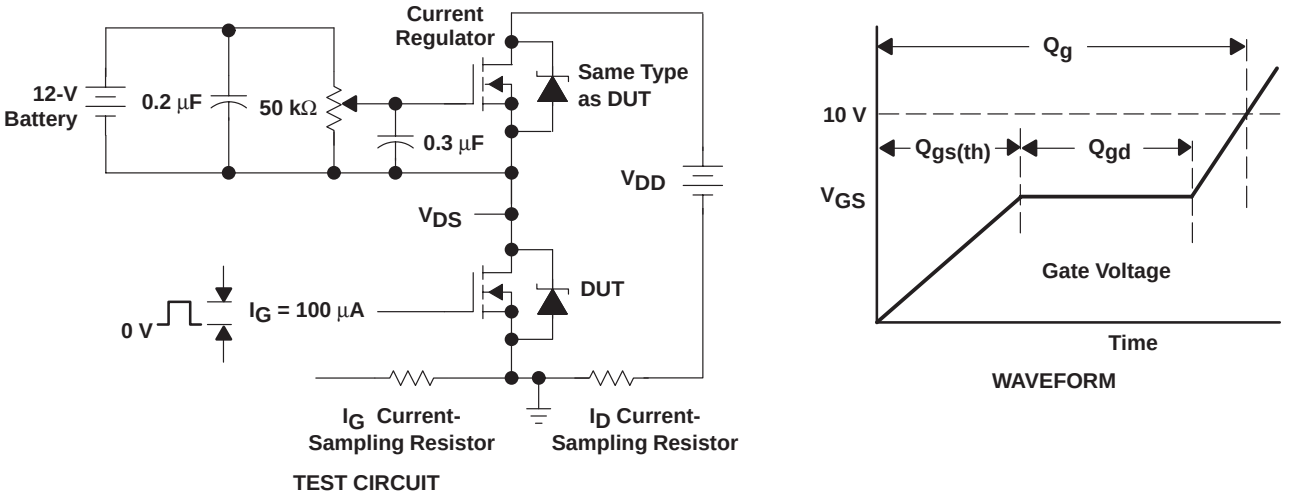


TEST CIRCUIT

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTE A: C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 2. Resistive-Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

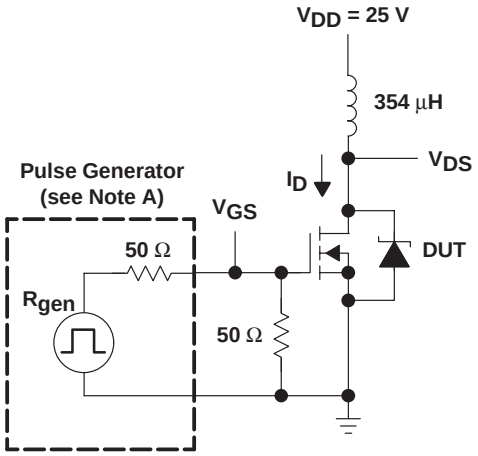


TEST CIRCUIT

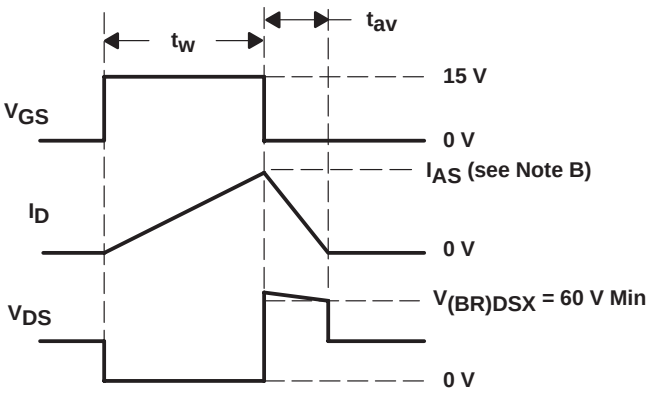
WAVEFORM

Figure 3. Gate-Charge Test Circuit and Waveform

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST CIRCUIT



VOLTAGE AND CURRENT WAVEFORMS

NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $t_r \le 10$ ns, $t_f \le 10$ ns, $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$.
B. Input pulse duration (t_w) is increased until peak current $I_{AS} = 10$ A.

Energy test level is defined as $E_{AS} = \frac{I_{AS} \times V_{(BR)DSX} \times t_{av}}{2} = 21$ mJ.

Figure 4. Single-Pulse Avalanche-Energy Test Circuit and Waveforms

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

GATE-TO-SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

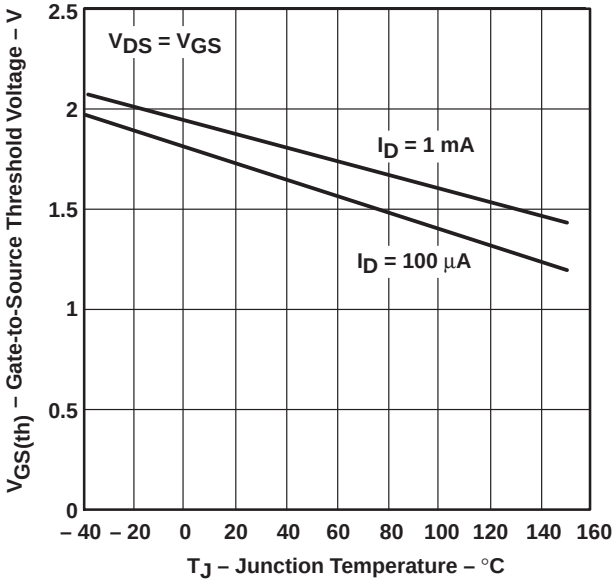


Figure 5

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

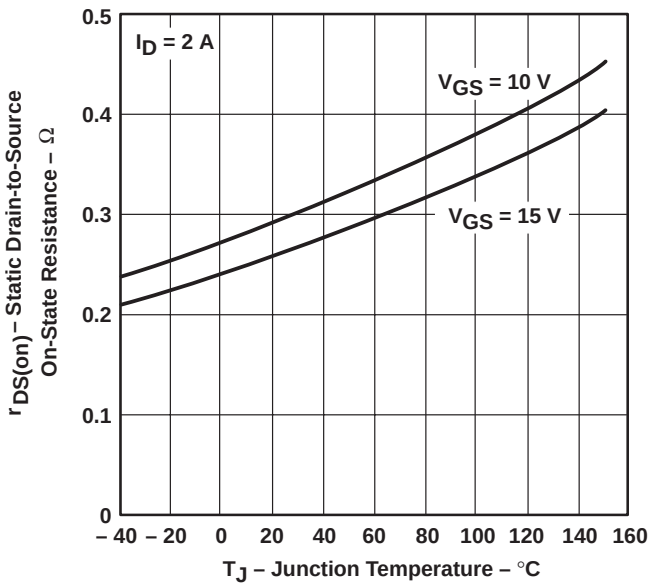


Figure 6

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs DRAIN CURRENT

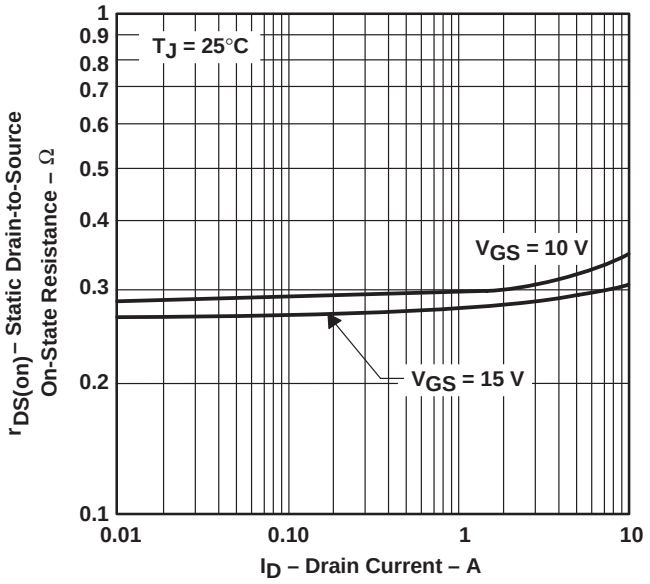


Figure 7

DRAIN CURRENT vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

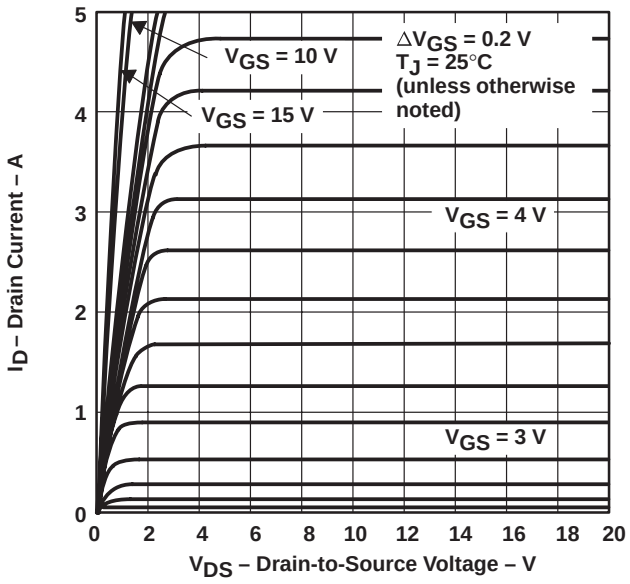


Figure 8

DISTRIBUTION OF FORWARD TRANSCONDUCTANCE

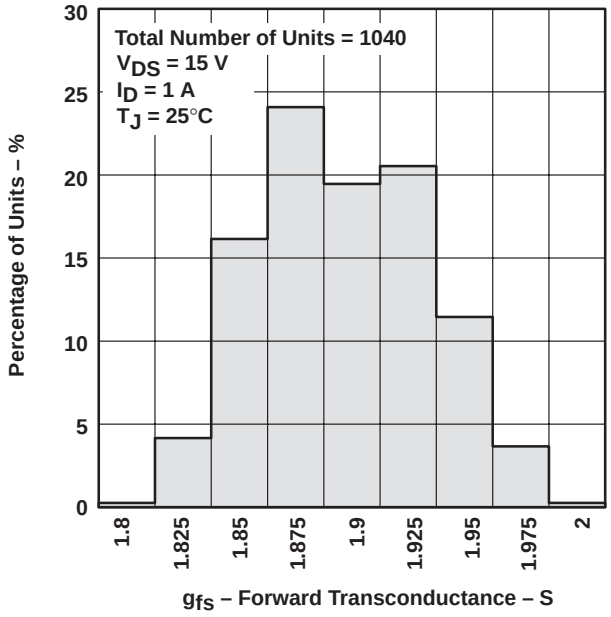


Figure 9

DRAIN CURRENT vs GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

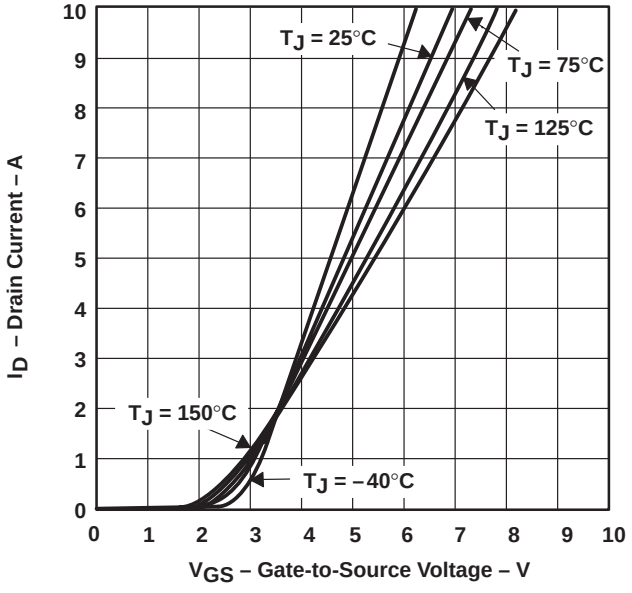


Figure 10

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CAPACITANCE
vs
DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

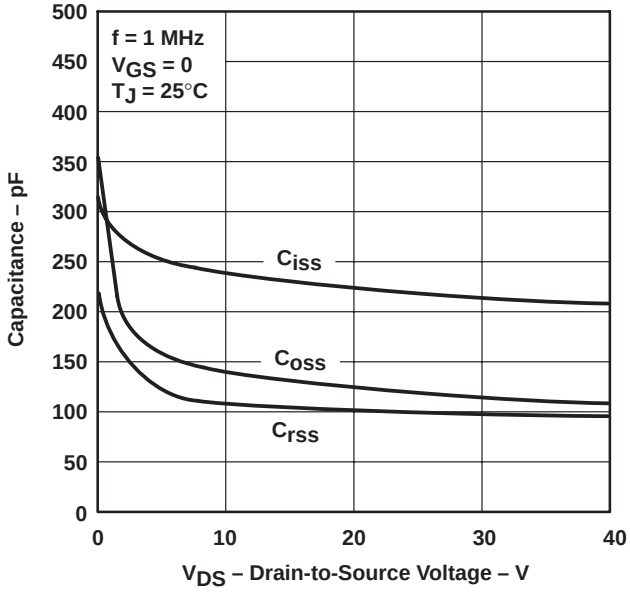


Figure 11

SOURCE-TO-DRAIN DIODE CURRENT
vs
SOURCE-TO-DRAIN VOLTAGE

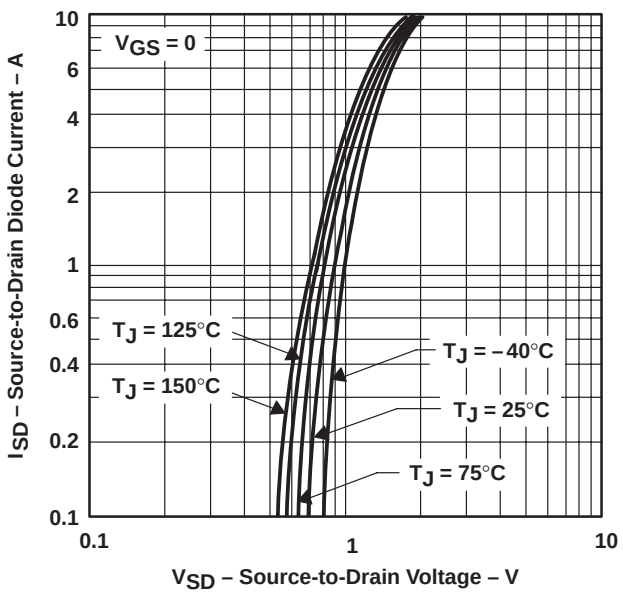


Figure 12

DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE
AND GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE
vs
GATE CHARGE

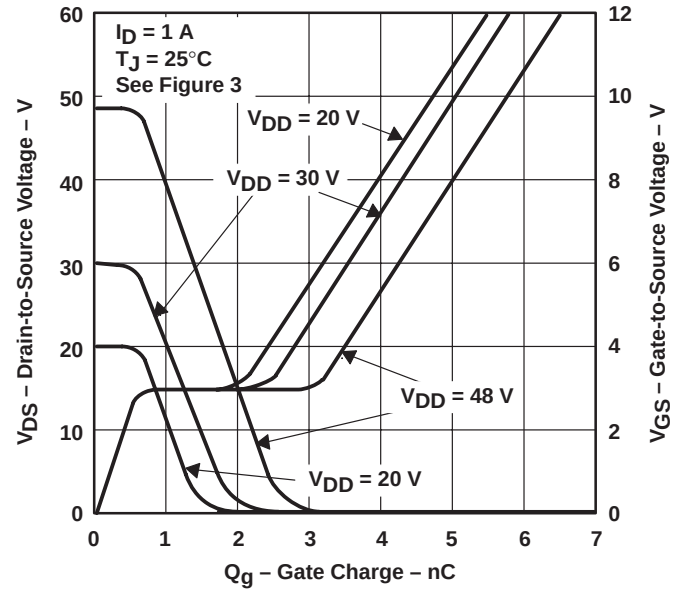


Figure 13

REVERSE-RECOVERY TIME
vs
REVERSE di/dt

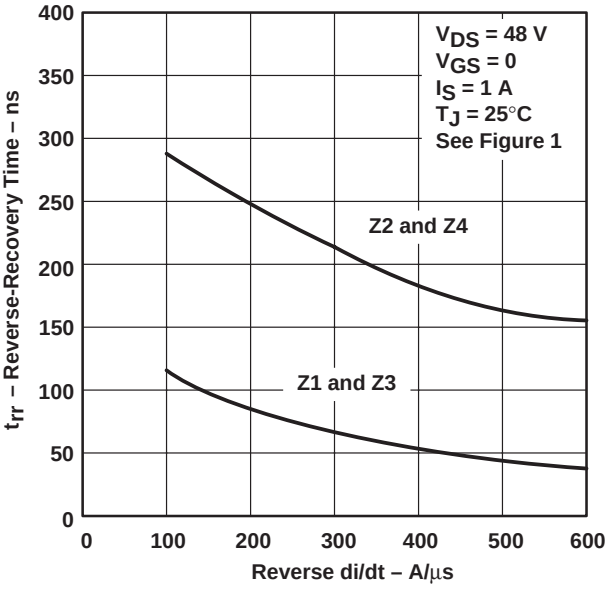
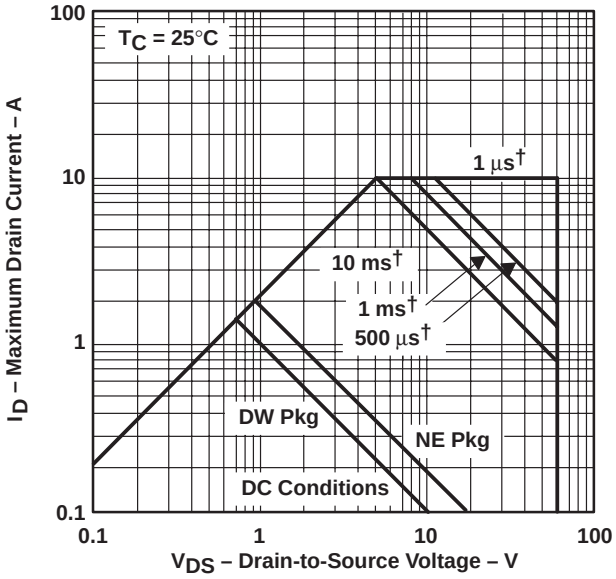


Figure 14

THERMAL INFORMATION

**MAXIMUM DRAIN CURRENT
vs
DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE**



† Less than 2% duty cycle

Figure 15

**MAXIMUM PEAK-AVALANCHE CURRENT
vs
TIME DURATION OF AVALANCHE**

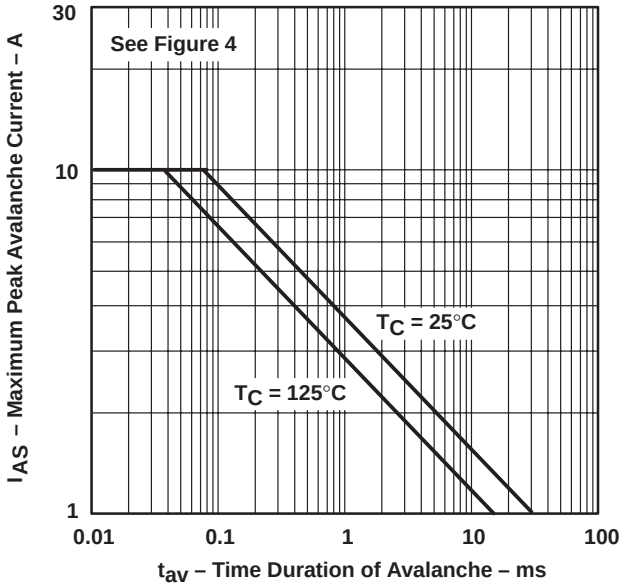
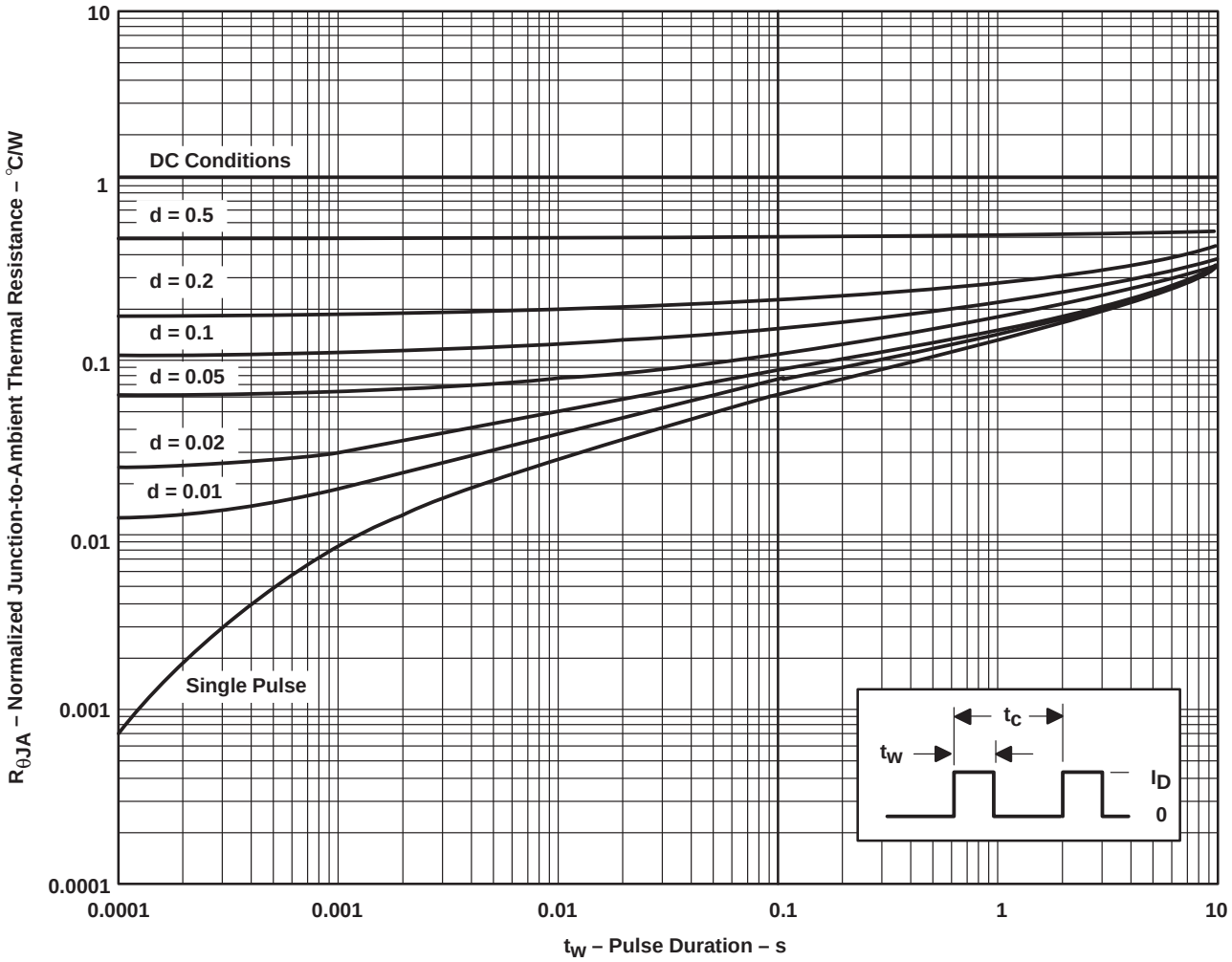


Figure 16

THERMAL INFORMATION

NE PACKAGE†
NORMALIZED JUNCTION-TO-AMBIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE
vs
PULSE DURATION



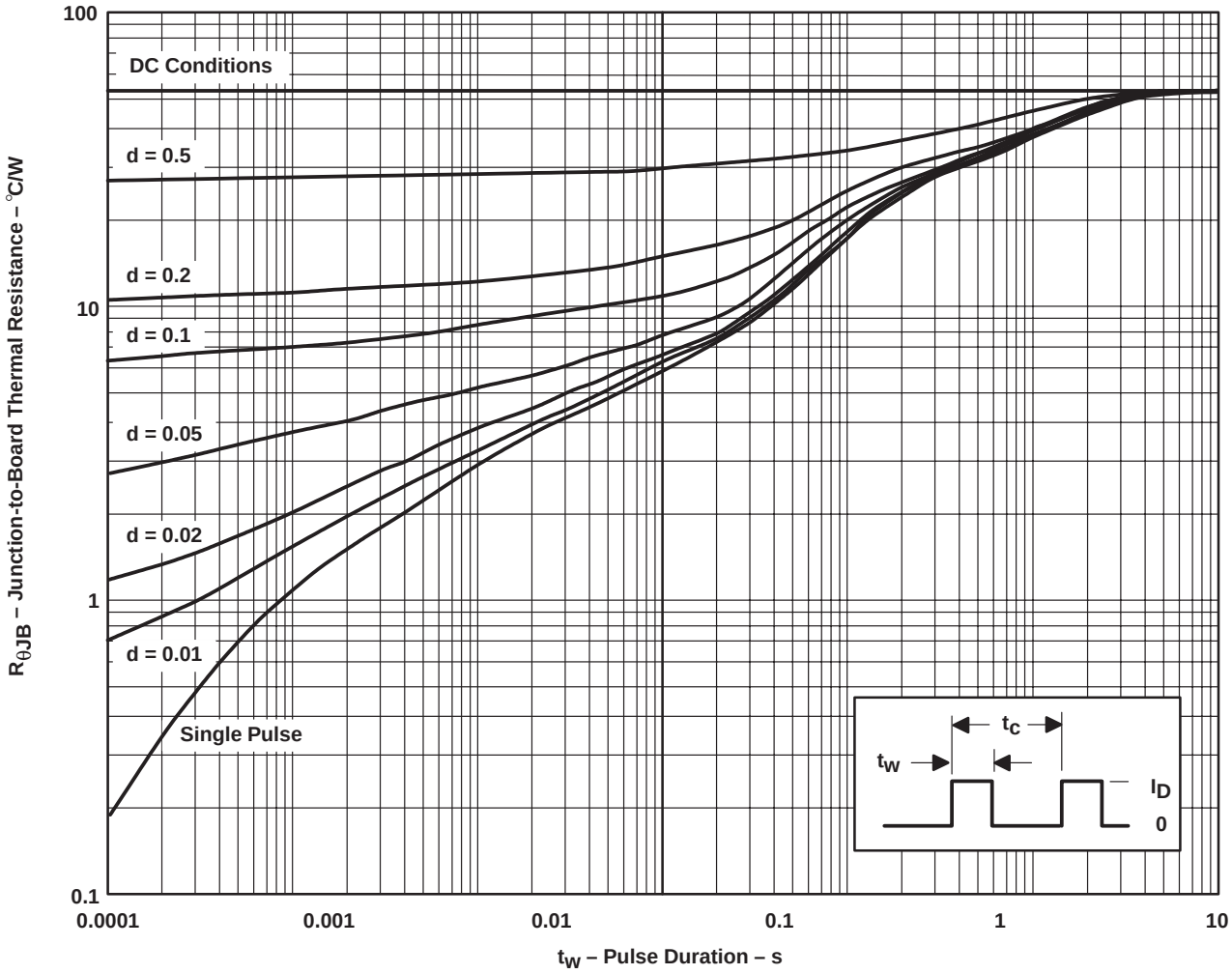
† Device mounted on FR4 printed-circuit board with no heatsink.

NOTE A: $Z_{\theta JA}(t) = r(t)\ R_{\theta JA}$
t_W = pulse duration
t_C = cycle time
d = duty cycle = t_W/t_C

Figure 17

THERMAL INFORMATION

DW PACKAGE†
JUNCTION-TO-BOARD THERMAL RESISTANCE
vs
PULSE DURATION



† Device mounted on 24 in^2, 4-layer FR4 printed-circuit board with no heatsink.

NOTE B: $Z_{\theta JB}(t) = r(t)\ R_{\theta JB}$
t_W = pulse duration
t_C = cycle time
d = duty cycle = t_W/t_C

Figure 18

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make changes to their products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgement, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

CERTAIN APPLICATIONS USING SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS MAY INVOLVE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("CRITICAL APPLICATIONS"). TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. INCLUSION OF TI PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER'S RISK.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used. TI's publication of information regarding any third party's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty or endorsement thereof.