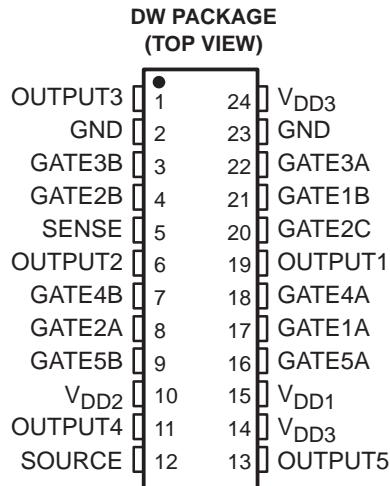


- Low $r_{DS(on)}$:
 - 0.1 Ω Typ (Full H-Bridge)
 - 0.4 Ω Typ (Triple Half H-Bridge)
- Pulsed Current:
 - 12 A Per Channel (Full H-Bridge)
 - 6 A Per Channel (Triple Half H-Bridge)
- Matched Sense Transistor for Class A-B Linear Operation
- Fast Commutation Speed

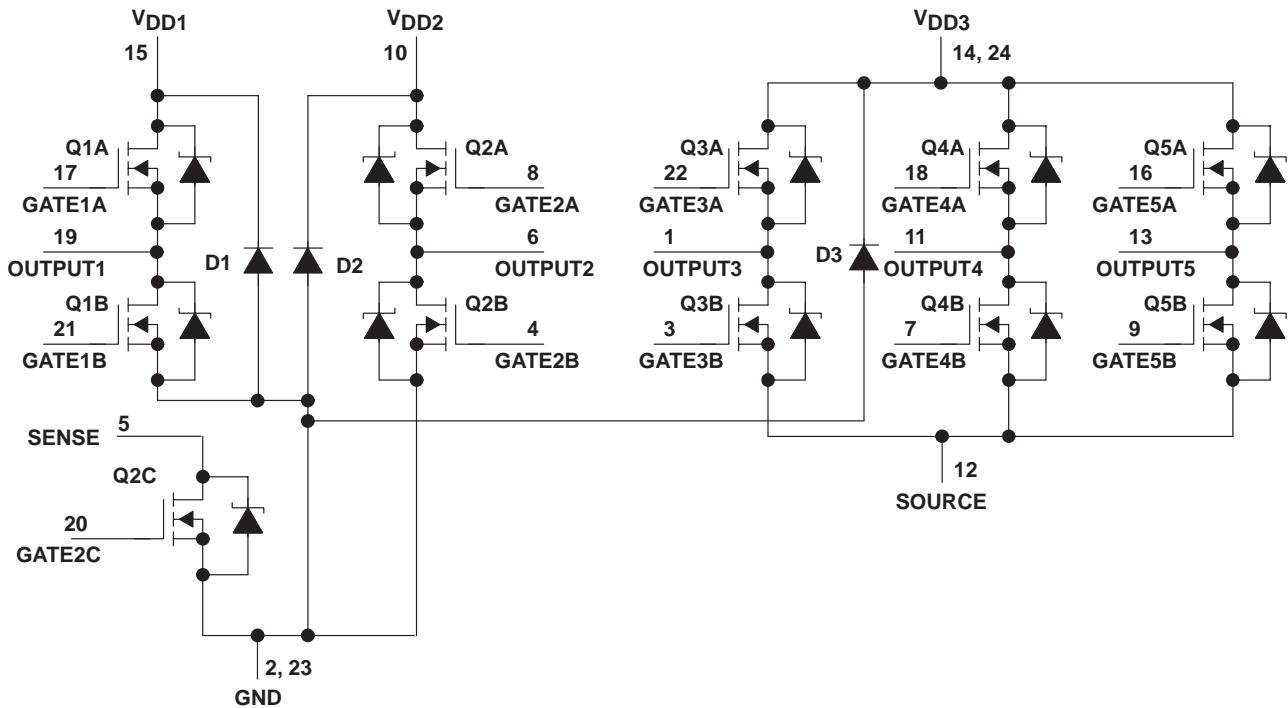
description

The TPIC1501A is a monolithic power array that consists of ten electrically isolated N-channel enhancement-mode power DMOS transistors, four of which are configured as a full H-bridge and six as a triple half H-bridge. The lower stage of the full H-bridge features an integrated sense FET to allow biasing of the bridge in class A-B operation.

The TPIC1501A is offered in a 24-pin wide-body surface-mount (DW) package and is characterized for operation over the case temperature range of -40°C to 125°C .



schematic



NOTES: A. Pins 2 and 23 must be externally connected.
B. Pins 14 and 24 must be externally connected.
C. No output may be taken greater than 0.5 V below GND.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

TPIC1501A

QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

absolute maximum ratings, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply-to-GND voltage	20 V
Source-to-GND voltage (Q3A, Q4A, Q5A)	20 V
Output-to-GND voltage	20 V
Sense-to-GND voltage	20 V
Gate-to-source voltage range, V_{GS} (Q1A, Q1B, Q2A, Q2B, Q3A, Q3B, Q4A, Q4B, Q5A, Q5B)	± 20 V
Gate-to-source voltage range, V_{GS} (Q2C)	-0.7 V to 6 V
Continuous drain current, each output (Q1A, Q1B, Q2A, Q2B)	3 A
Continuous drain current, each output (Q3A, Q3B, Q4A, Q4B, Q5A, Q5B)	1.5 A
Continuous drain current (Q2C)	15 mA
Continuous source-to-drain diode current (Q1A, Q1B, Q2A, Q2B)	3 A
Continuous source-to-drain diode current (Q3A, Q3B, Q4A, Q4B, Q5A, Q5B)	1.5 A
Continuous source-to-drain diode current (Q2C)	15 mA
Pulsed drain current, each output, I_{max} (Q1A, Q1B, Q2A, Q2B) (see Note 1 and Figure 24)	12 A
Pulsed drain current, each output, I_{max} (Q3A, Q3B, Q4A, Q4B, Q5A, Q5B) (see Note 1 and Figure 25)	6 A
Pulsed drain current, I_{max} (Q2C) (see Note 1)	60 mA
Continuous total power dissipation, $T_C = 70^\circ\text{C}$ (see Note 2 and Figures 24 and 25)	2.86 W
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J	-40°C to 150°C
Operating case temperature range, T_C	-40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. Pulse duration = 10 ms, duty cycle = 2%

2. Package is mounted in intimate contact with infinite heat sink.



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

electrical characteristics, Q1A, Q1B, Q2A, Q2B, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSX}}$	Drain-to-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$,	$V_{GS} = 0$	20			V
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$, See Figure 5	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$	1.4	1.7	2.1	V
$V_{GS(\text{th})\text{match}}$	Gate-to-source threshold voltage matching	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$,	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$		40		mV
$V_{(\text{BR})}$	Reverse drain-to-GND breakdown voltage	Drain-to-GND current = $250 \mu\text{A}$ (D1, D2)		20			V
$V_{DS(\text{on})}$	Drain-to-source on-state voltage	$I_D = 2 \text{ A}$, See Notes 3 and 4	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$,		0.2	0.24	V
V_F	Forward on-state voltage, GND-to- V_{DD1} , GND-to- V_{DD2}	$I_D = 3 \text{ A}$ (D1, D2) See Notes 3 and 4			1.8		V
$V_{F(\text{SD})}$	Forward on-state voltage, source-to-drain	$I_S = 2 \text{ A}$,	$V_{GS} = 0$,		0.85	1.05	V
		 See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 19	 $V_{GS} = 0$,		0.9	1.1	
I_{DSS}	Zero-gate-voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 16 \text{ V}$,	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.05	1	μA
		 $V_{GS} = 0$	 $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	10	
I_{GSSF}	Forward-gate current, drain short circuited to source	$V_{GS} = 16 \text{ V}$,	$V_{DS} = 0$		10	100	nA
I_{GSSR}	Reverse-gate current, drain short circuited to source	$V_{SG} = 16 \text{ V}$,	$V_{DS} = 0$		10	100	nA
I_{lkg}	Leakage current, V_{DD1} -to-GND, V_{DD2} -to-GND, gate shorted to source	$V_{DGND} = 16 \text{ V}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.05	1	μA
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	10	
$r_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$,	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.1	0.12	Ω
		$I_D = 2 \text{ A}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 9	$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.14	0.18	
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$,	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.1	0.12	
		$I_D = 3 \text{ A}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figures 7 and 9	$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.14	0.18	
g_{fs}	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}$,	$I_D = 1 \text{ A}$,		1.5	2.5	S
		 See Notes 3 and 4	 $I_D = 1.5 \text{ A}$,		2	3.1	
C_{iss}	Short-circuit input capacitance, common source	$V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$,			240		pF
C_{oss}	Short-circuit output capacitance, common source				170		
C_{rss}	Short-circuit reverse transfer capacitance, common source				130		
α_s	Sense-FET drain current ratio	$V_{DS} = 6 \text{ V}$,	$I_D(Q_2\text{C}) = 40 \mu\text{A}$	75	130	200	

NOTES: 3. Technique should limit $T_J - T_C$ to 10°C maximum.

4. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

TPIC1501A

QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

source-to-drain diode characteristics, Q1A, Q2A, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time $I_S = 1.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0, V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}, di/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s},$ See Figures 1 and 23	70			ns
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge	90			nC
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time $I_S = 2 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0, V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}, di/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	75			ns
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge	110			nC

resistive-load switching characteristics, Q1A, Q1B, Q2A, Q2B, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 14 \text{ V}, R_L = 9.3 \Omega, t_{en} = 10 \text{ ns},$ $t_{dis} = 10 \text{ ns},$ See Figure 3	20		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time	30			
t_r	Rise time	15			
t_f	Fall time	25			
Q_g	Total gate charge	$V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V},$ See Figure 4	5.6	7	nC
$Q_{gs(th)}$	Threshold gate-to-source charge	0.8	1		
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-drain charge	1.4	1.75		
$L_{(drain)}$	Internal drain inductance	5			nH
$L_{(source)}$	Internal source inductance	5			
$r_{(gate)}$	Internal gate resistance	0.25			Ω

electrical characteristics, Q3A, Q3B, Q4A, Q4B, Q5A, Q5B, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSX}}$	Drain-to-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	20			V
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, See Figure 6	1.4	1.7	2.1	V
$V_{GS(\text{th})\text{match}}$	Gate-to-source threshold voltage matching	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$, $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$		40		mV
$V_{(\text{BR})}$	Reverse drain-to-GND breakdown voltage	Drain-to-GND current = $250 \mu\text{A}$ (D3)	20			V
$V_{DS(\text{on})}$	Drain-to-source on-state voltage	$I_D = 1.5 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, See Notes 3 and 4		0.6	0.68	V
V_F	Forward on-state voltage, GND-to- V_{DD3}	$I_D = 1.5 \text{ A}$ (D3) See Notes 3 and 4		1.7		V
$V_{F(\text{SD})}$	Forward on-state voltage, source-to-drain	$I_S = 1.5 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 20		1	1.2	V
		$I_S = 2 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 20		1.1	1.3	
I_{DSS}	Zero-gate-voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 16 \text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.05	1	μA
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	10	
I_{GSSF}	Forward-gate current, drain short circuited to source	$V_{GS} = 16 \text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 0$		10	100	nA
I_{GSSR}	Reverse-gate current, drain short circuited to source	$V_{SG} = 16 \text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 0$		10	100	nA
I_{lkg}	Leakage current, V_{DD3} -to-GND, gate shorted to source	$V_{DGND} = 16 \text{ V}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.05	1	μA
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	10	
$r_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 0.3 \text{ A}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 10	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.35	0.39	Ω
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	0.56	
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 1.5 \text{ A}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figures 8 and 10	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.4	0.45	
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.56	0.65	
g_{fs}	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}$, See Notes 3 and 4	$I_D = 500 \text{ mA}$	0.3	0.8	S
		$V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}$, See Notes 3 and 4 and Figure 14	$I_D = 750 \text{ mA}$	0.4	0.93	
C_{iss}	Short-circuit input capacitance, common source	$V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, See Figure 18		96		pF
C_{oss}	Short-circuit output capacitance, common source			98		
C_{rss}	Short-circuit reverse transfer capacitance, common source			65		

NOTES: 3. Technique should limit $T_J - T_C$ to 10°C maximum.

4. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

TPIC1501A

QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

source-to-drain diode characteristics, Q3A, Q4A, Q5A, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time $I_S = 750 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0, V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}, \frac{di}{dt} = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s},$ See Figures 2 and 23	60			ns
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge	55			nC
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time $I_S = 1.5 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0, V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}, \frac{di}{dt} = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	120			ns
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge	150			nC

resistive-load switching characteristics, Q3A, Q3B, Q4A, Q4B, Q5A, Q5B, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

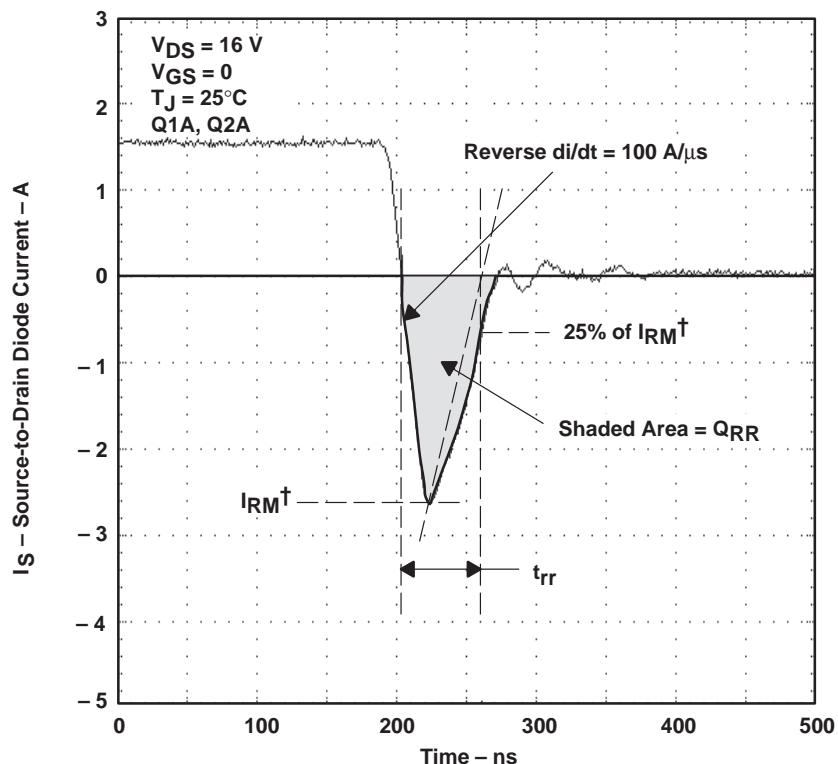
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 14 \text{ V}, R_L = 18.7 \Omega, t_{en} = 10 \text{ ns},$ $t_{dis} = 10 \text{ ns},$ See Figure 3	18			ns
$t_{d(off)}$		25			
t_r		13			
t_f		20			
Q_g	$V_{DS} = 14 \text{ V}, I_D = 750 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V},$ See Figure 4	1.6	2		nC
$Q_{gs(th)}$		0.26	0.32		
Q_{gd}		0.42	0.52		
$L_{(drain)}$		5			nH
$L_{(source)}$		5			
$r_{(gate)}$		0.25			Ω

thermal resistance

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$	See Notes 5 and 8	90			$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JB}$		38			
$R_{\theta JP}$		28			

- NOTES:
5. Package is mounted on a FR4 printed-circuit board with no heat sink.
 6. Package is mounted on a 24 in², 4-layer FR4 printed-circuit board.
 7. Package is mounted in intimate contact with infinite heat sink.
 8. All outputs have equal power.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



[†] I_{RM} = maximum recovery current

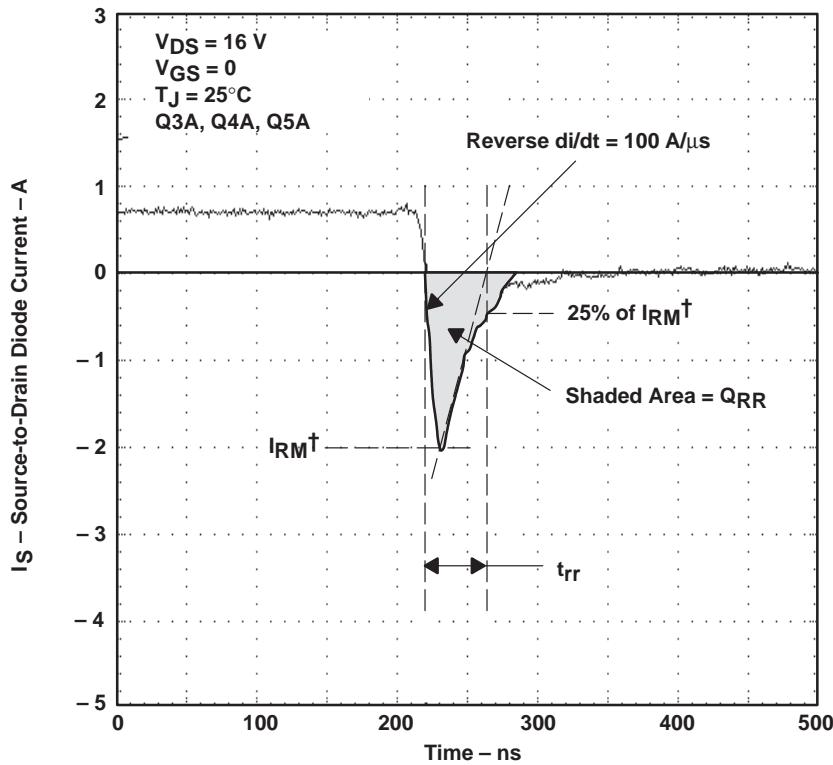
Figure 1. Reverse-Recovery-Current Waveform of Source-to-Drain Diodes

TPIC1501A

QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



$\dagger I_{RM} = \text{maximum recovery current}$

Figure 2. Reverse-Recovery-Current Waveform of Source-to-Drain Diodes

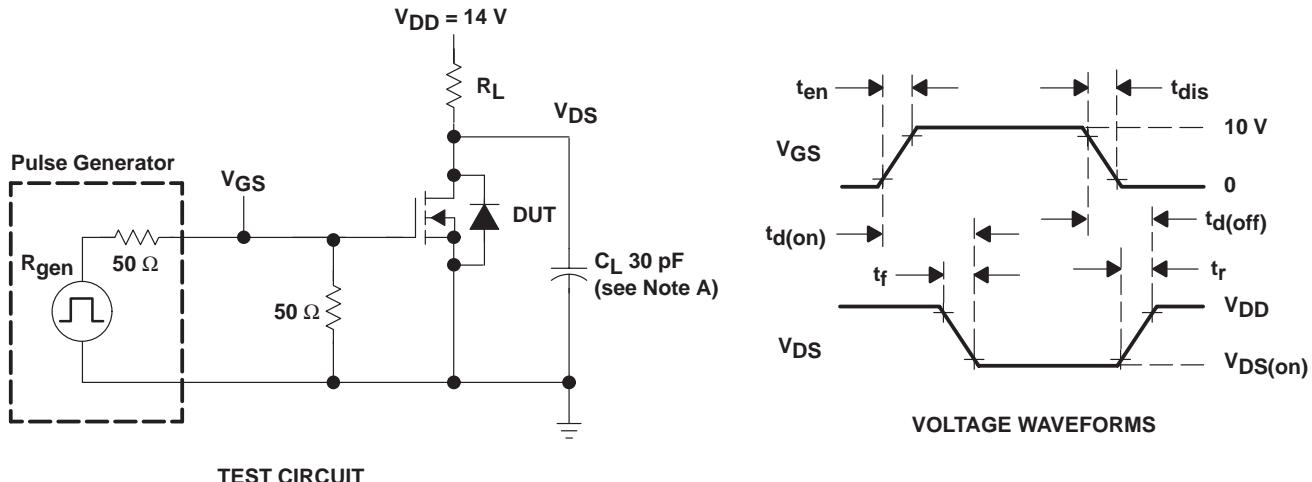


Figure 3. Resistive-Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

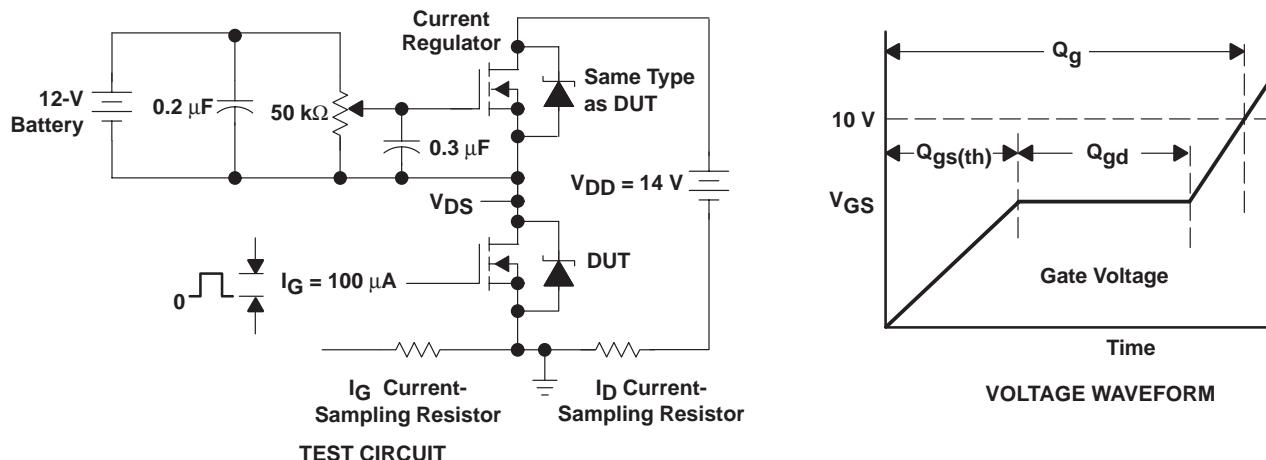


Figure 4. Gate-Charge Test Circuit and Voltage Waveform

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

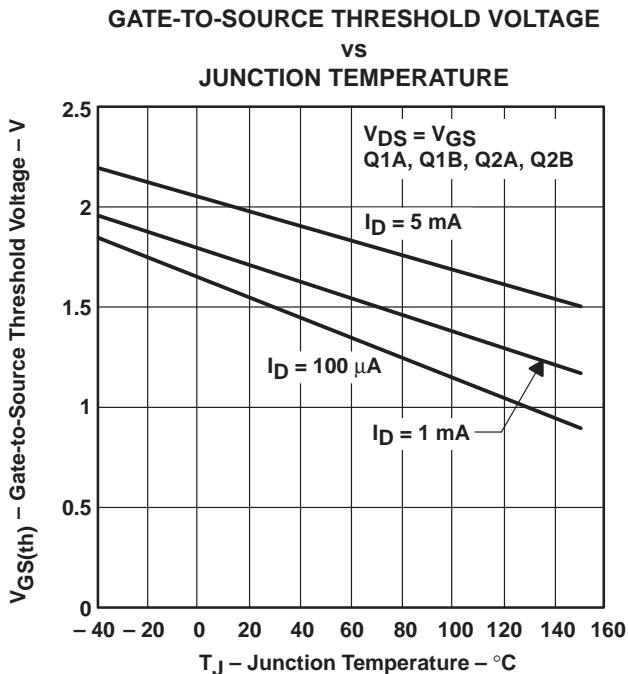


Figure 5

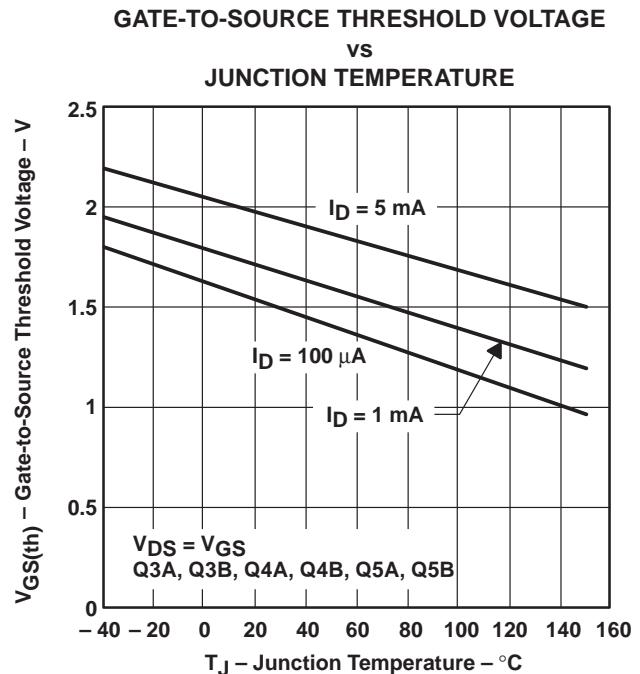


Figure 6

TPIC1501A

QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
vs
JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

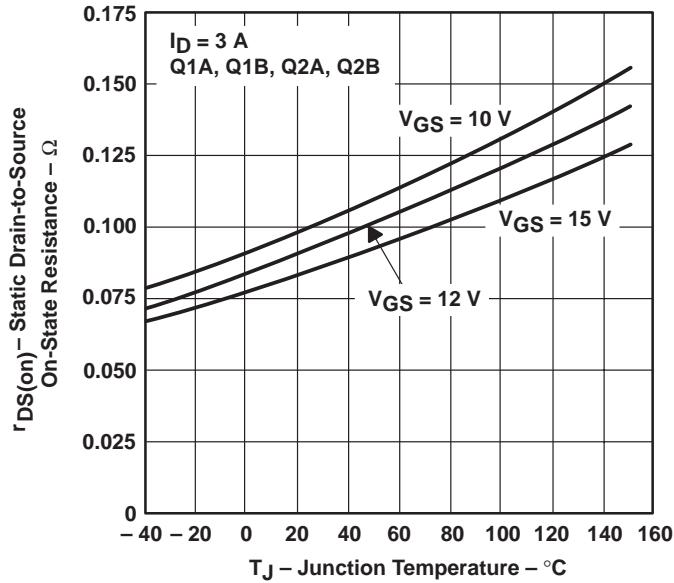


Figure 7

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
vs
JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

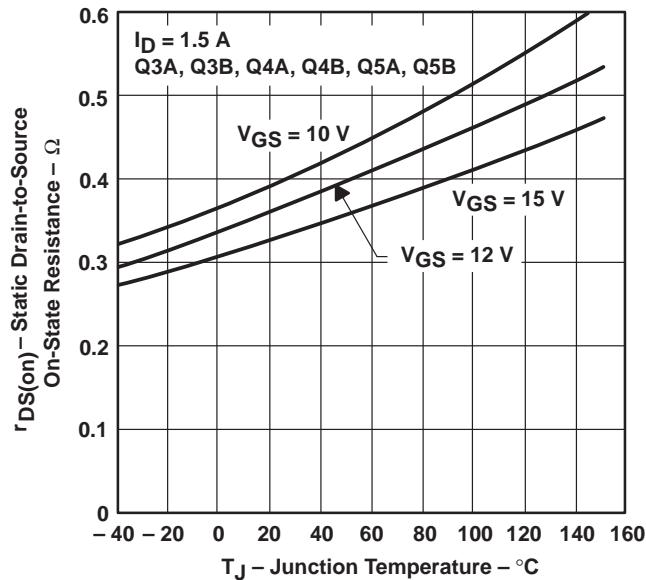


Figure 8

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
vs
DRAIN CURRENT

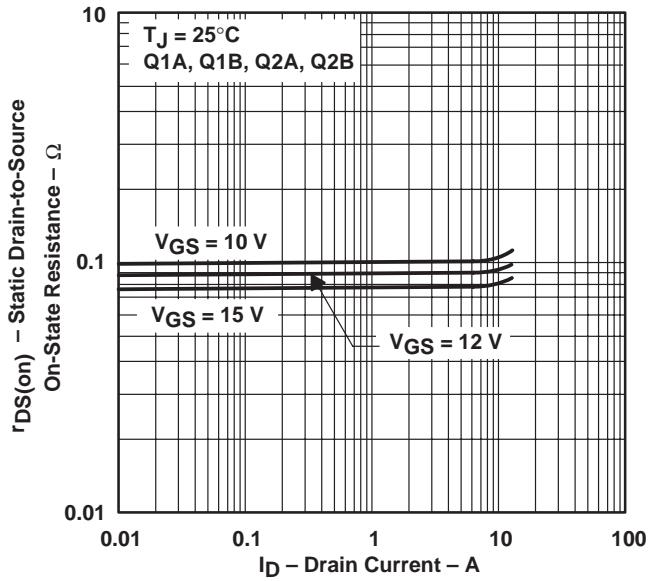


Figure 9

STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
vs
DRAIN CURRENT

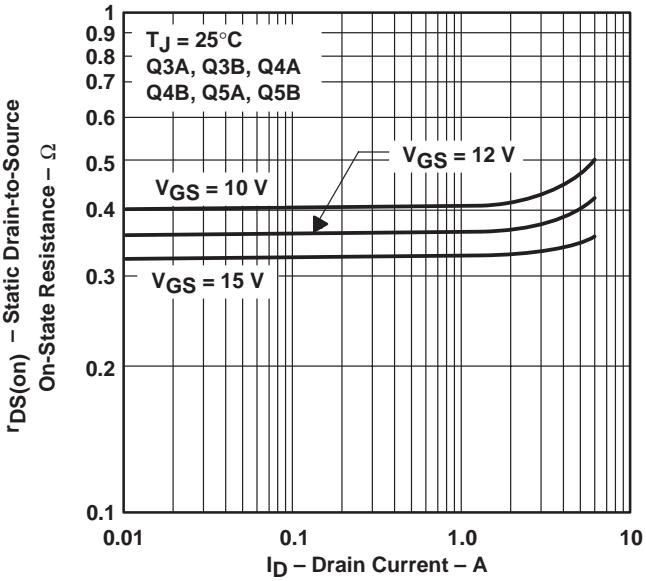


Figure 10

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

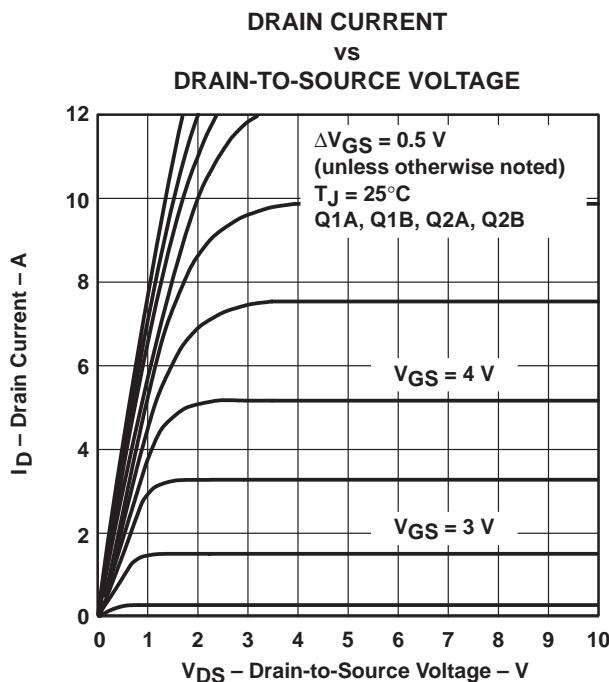


Figure 11

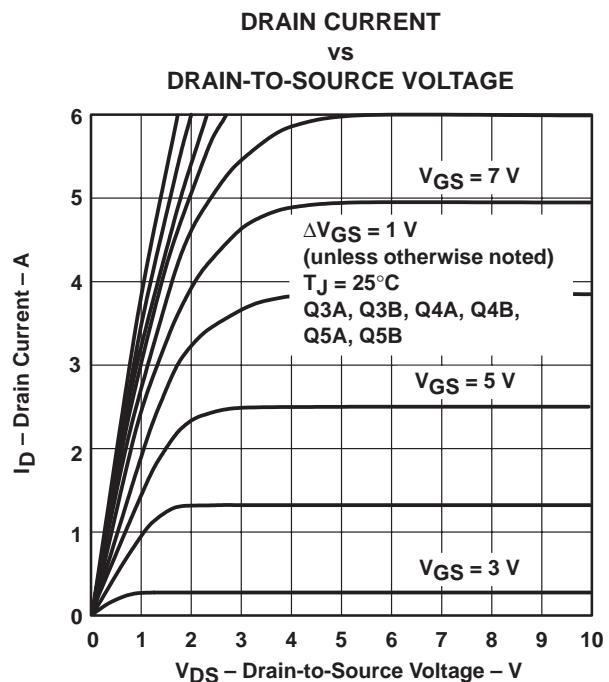


Figure 12

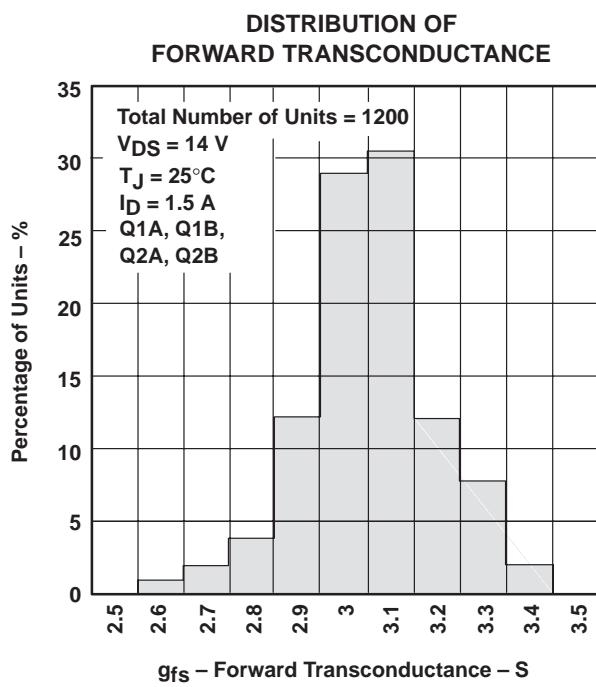


Figure 13

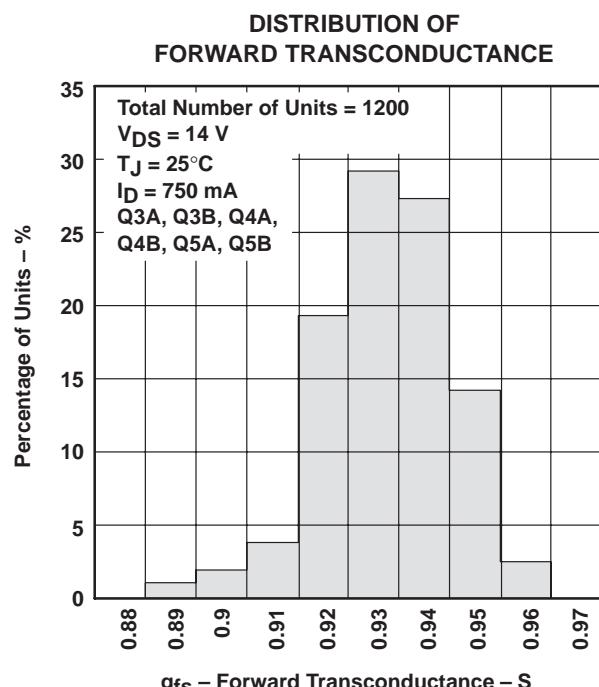


Figure 14

TPIC1501A

QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

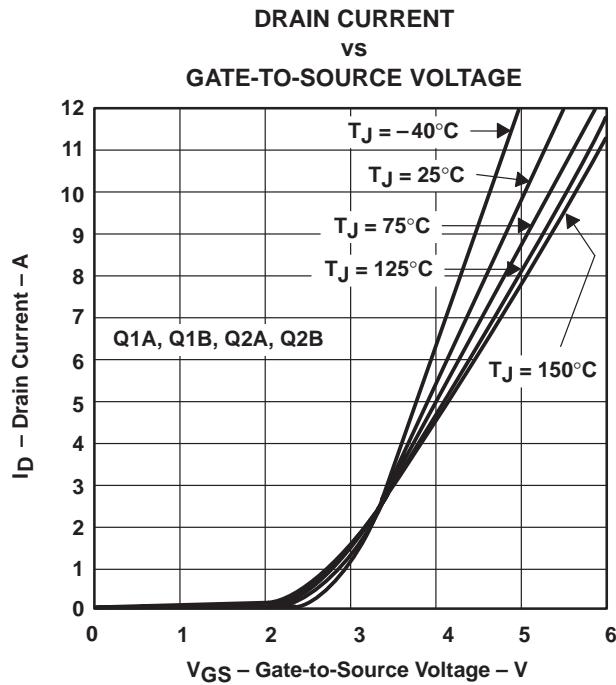


Figure 15

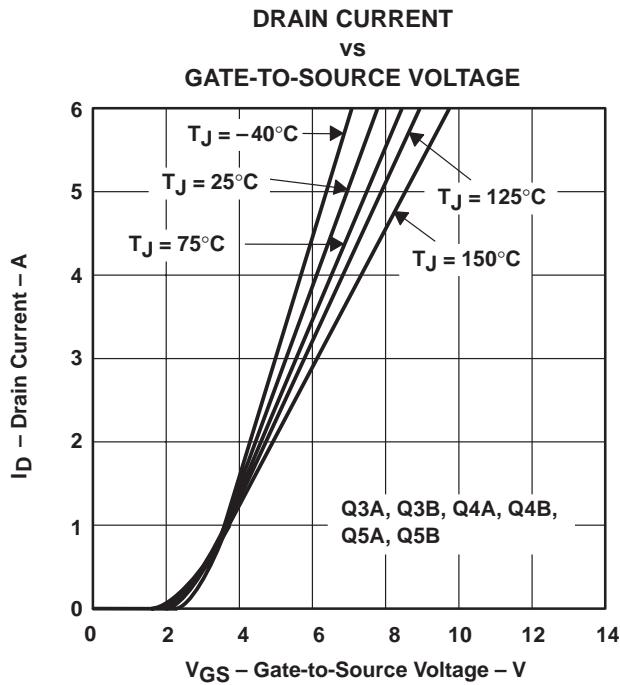


Figure 16

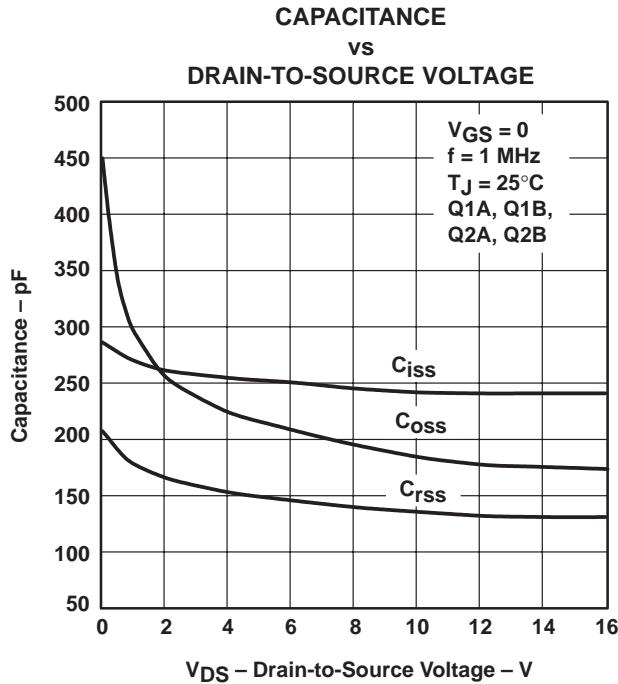


Figure 17

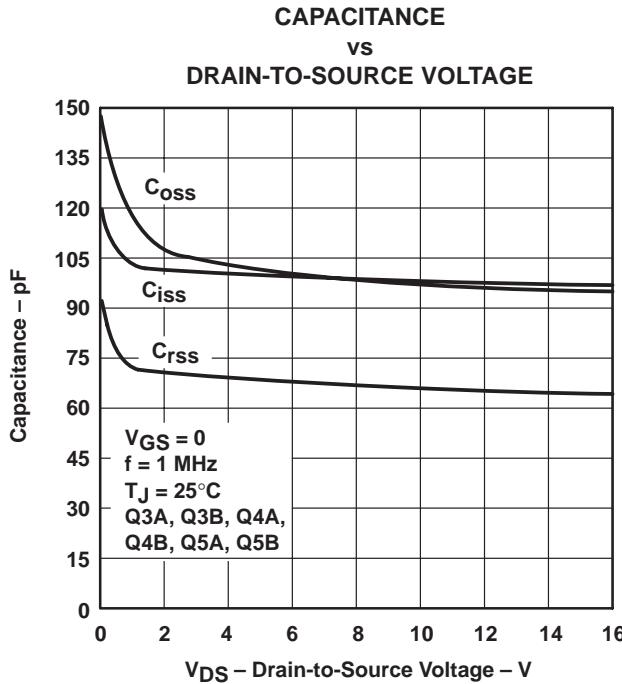


Figure 18

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

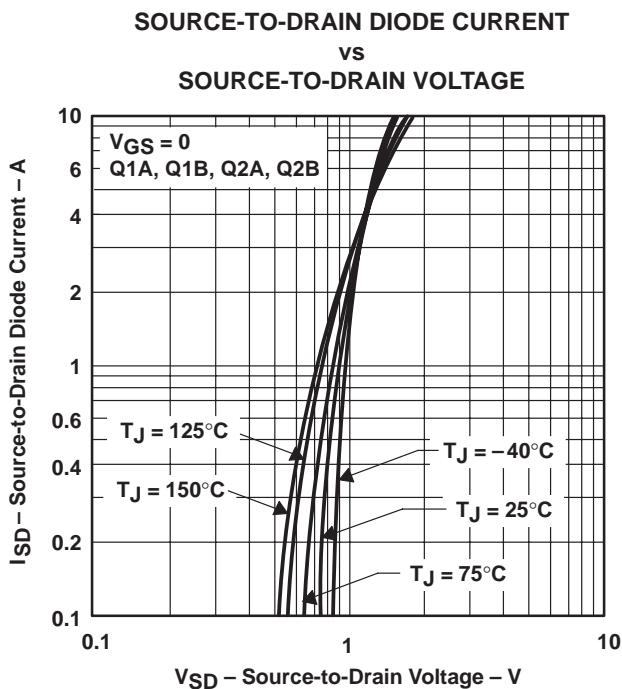


Figure 19

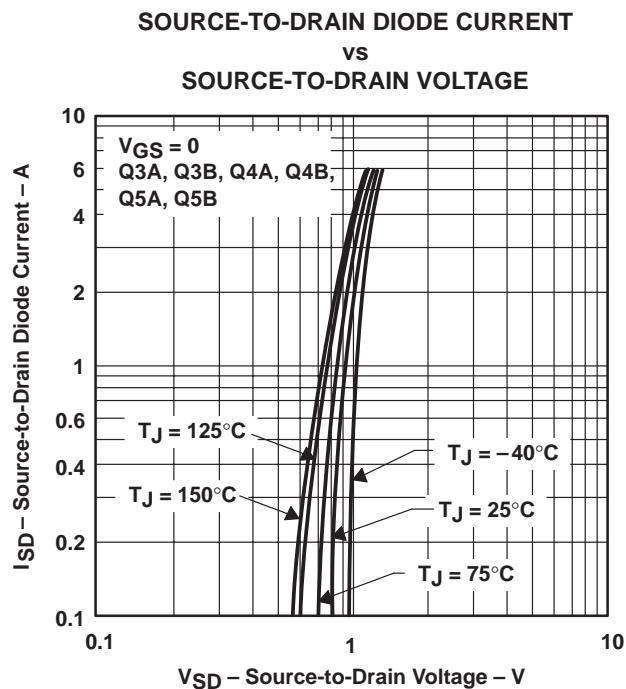


Figure 20

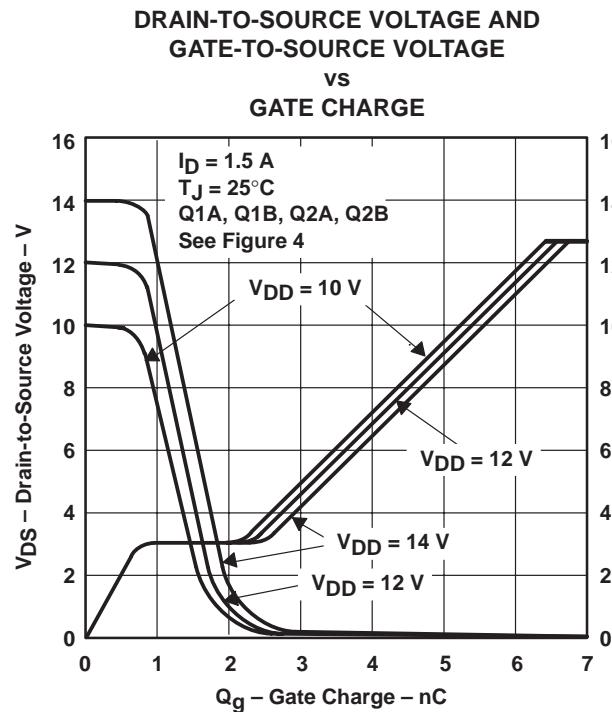


Figure 21

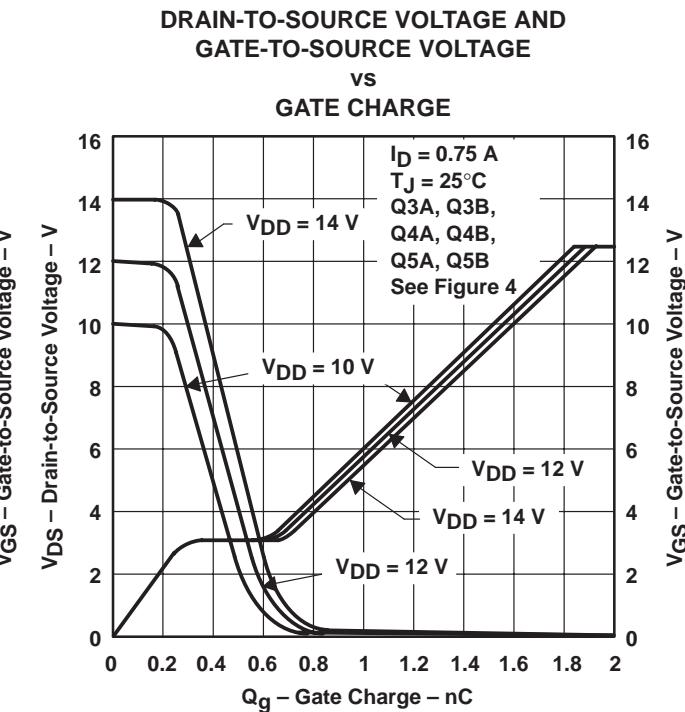


Figure 22

TPIC1501A

QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

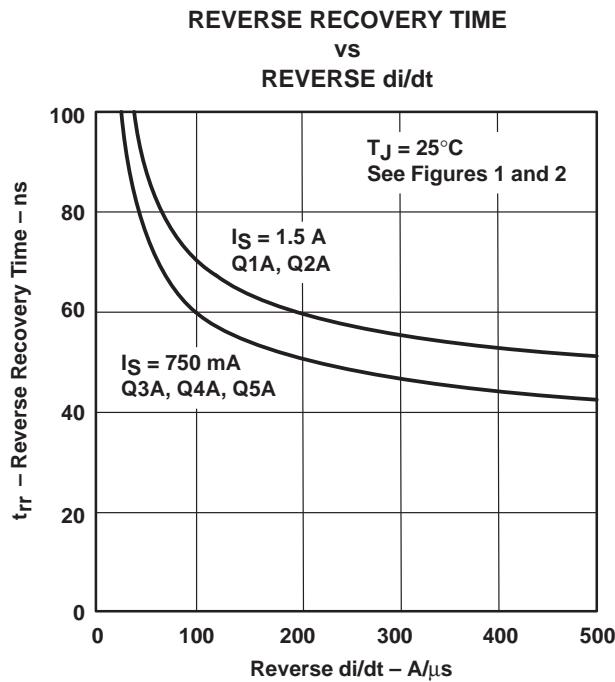


Figure 23

THERMAL INFORMATION

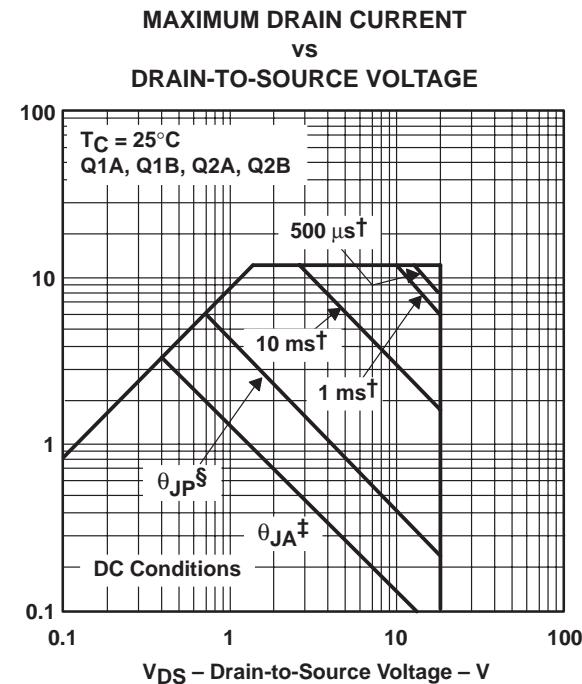


Figure 24

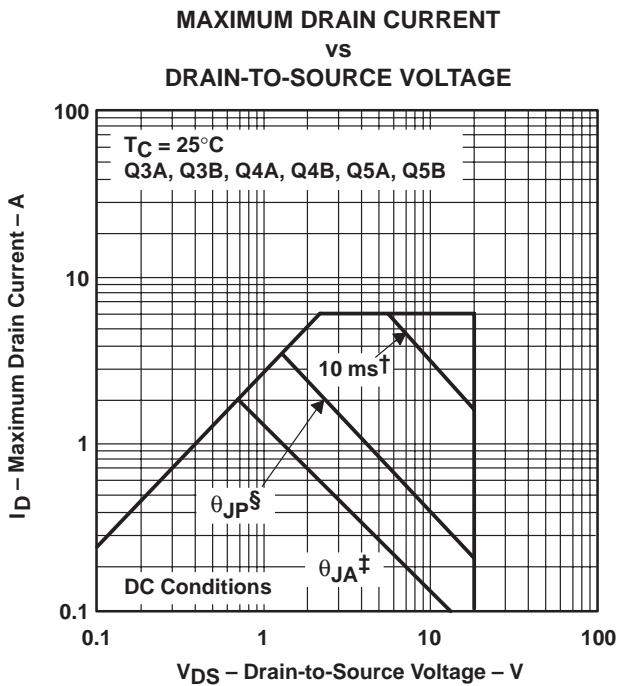


Figure 25

† Less than 10% duty cycle

‡ Device is mounted on a 24 in², 4 layer FR4 printed-circuit board.

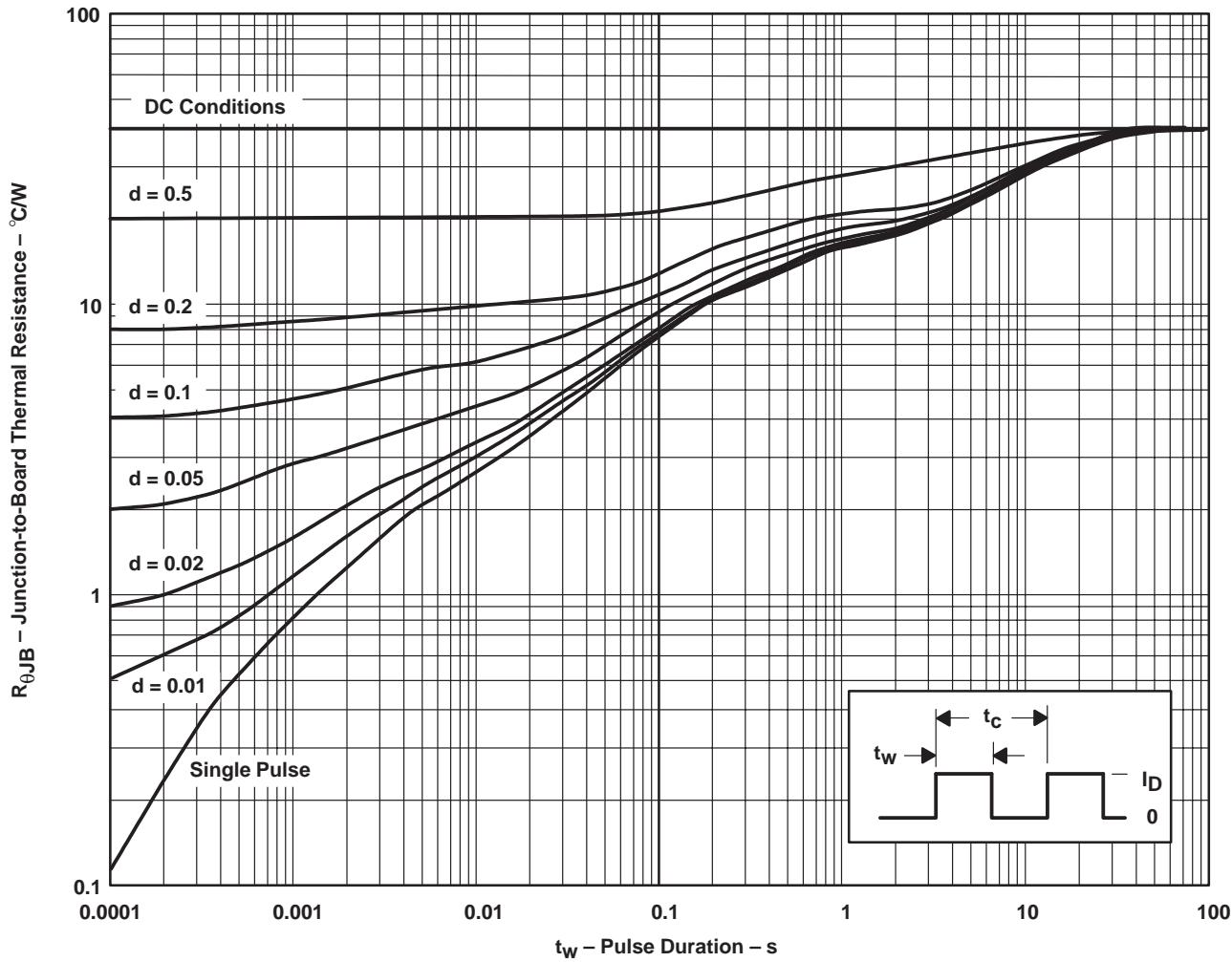
§ Device is mounted in intimate contact with infinite heat sink.

TPIC1501A QUAD AND HEX POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS046A – MAY 1995 – REVISED JUNE 1996

THERMAL INFORMATION

DW PACKAGE[†] JUNCTION-TO-BOARD THERMAL RESISTANCE VS PULSE DURATION



[†] Device is mounted on 24 in², 4-layer FR4 printed-circuit board with no heat sink.

NOTE A: $Z_{\theta B}(t) = r(t) R_{\theta JB}$

t_W = pulse duration

t_C = cycle time

d = duty cycle = t_W/t_C

Figure 26

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make changes to their products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgement, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

CERTAIN APPLICATIONS USING SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS MAY INVOLVE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("CRITICAL APPLICATIONS"). TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. INCLUSION OF TI PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER'S RISK.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used. TI's publication of information regarding any third party's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty or endorsement thereof.