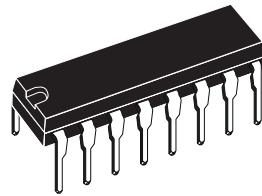


DUAL POWER AMPLIFIER

- SUPPLY VOLTAGE DOWN TO 3 V
- LOW CROSSOVER DISTORTION
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT
- BRIDGE OR STEREO CONFIGURATION



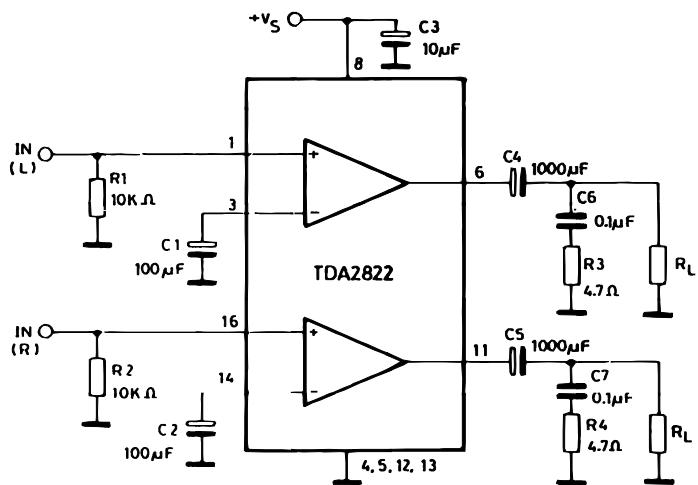
POWERDIP
(Plastic 12+2+2)

ORDERING NUMBER : TDA2822

DESCRIPTION

The TDA2822 is a monolithic integrated circuit in 12+2+2 powerdip, intended for use as dual audio power amplifier in portable radios and TS sets.

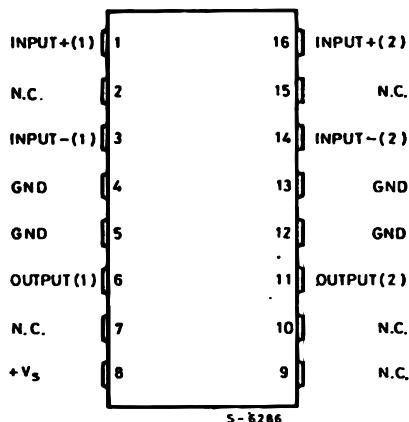
TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT (STEREO)



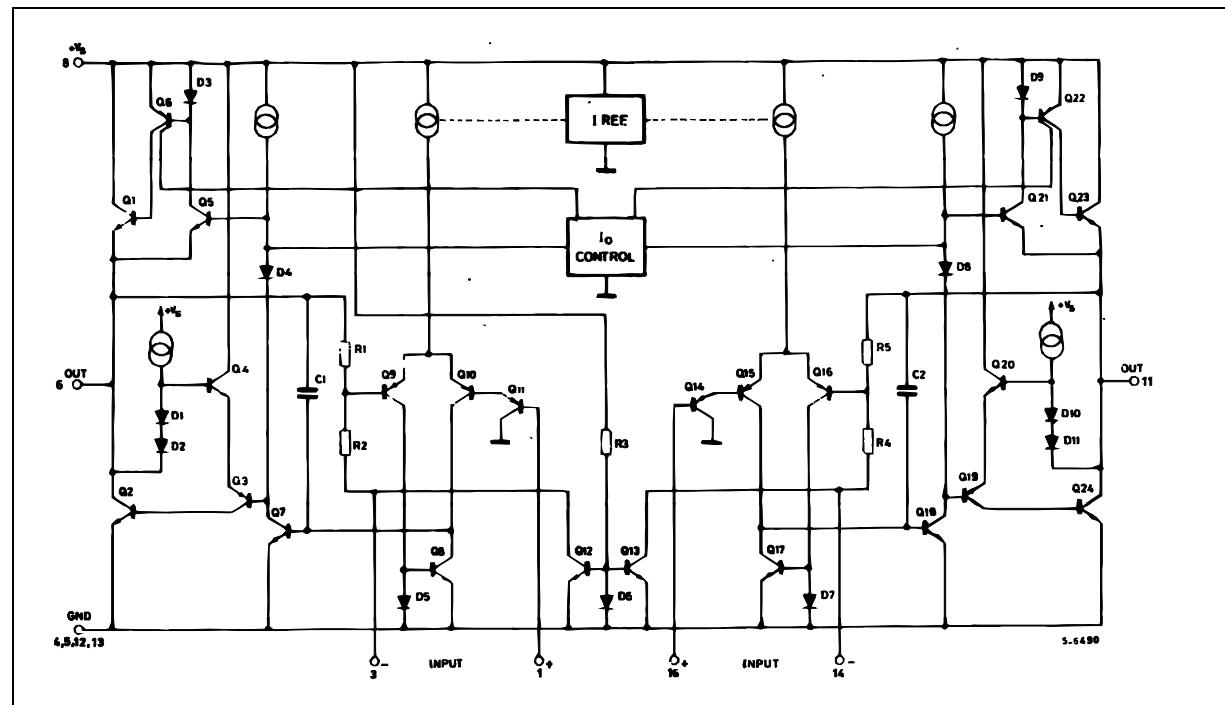
S-6288/1

TDA2822

PIN CONNECTION (top view)



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _S	Supply Voltage	15	V
I _O	Output Peak Current	1.5	A
P _{tot}	Total Power Dissipation at T _{amb} = 50 °C at T _{case} = 70 °C	1.25 4	W W
T _{sig} , T _j	Storage and Junction Temperature	- 40 to 150	°C

THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
R _{th} j-amb	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	80	°C/W
R _{th} j-case	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins	Max	20	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_s = 6 V, T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

STEREO (test circuit of fig. 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _s	Supply Voltage		3		15	V
V _c	Quiescent Output Voltage	V _s = 9 V V _s = 6 V		4 2.7		V V
I _d	Quiescent Drain Current			6	12	mA
I _b	Input Bias Current			100		nA
P _o	Output Power (each channel)	d = 10 % f = 1 kHz V _s = 9 V R _L = 4 Ω V _s = 6 V R _L = 4 Ω V _s = 4.5 V R _L = 4 Ω	1.3 0.45	1.7 0.65 0.32		W W W
G _v	Closed Loop Voltage Gain	f = 1 kHz	36	39	41	dB
R _i	Input Resistance	f = 1 kHz	100			kΩ
^e N	Total Input Noise	R _s = 10 kΩ B = 22 Hz to 22 kHz Curve A		2.5 2		μV μV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	f = 100 Hz	24	30		dB
CS	Channel Separation	R _g = 10 kΩ f = 1 kHz		50		dB

BRIDGE (test circuit of fig. 2)

V _s	Supply Voltage		3		15	V
I _d	Quiescent Drain Current	R _L = ∞		6	12	mA
V _{os}	Output Offset Voltage	R _L = 8 Ω		10	60	mV
I _b	Input Bias Current			100		nA
P _o	Output Power	d = 10 % f = 1 kHz V _s = 9 V R _L = 8 Ω V _s = 6 V R _L = 8 Ω V _s = 4.5 V R _L = 4 Ω	2.7 0.9	3.2 1.35 1		W W W
d	Distortion (f = 1 kHz)	R _L = 8 Ω P _o = 0.5 W		0.2		%
G _v	Closed Loop Voltage Gain	f = 1 kHz		39		dB
R _i	Input Resistance	f = 1 kHz	100			kΩ
^e N	Total Input Noise	R _s = 10 kΩ B = 22 Hz to 22 kHz Curve A		3 2.5		μV μV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	f = 100 Hz		40		dB

TDA2822

Figure 1 : Test Circuit (stereo).

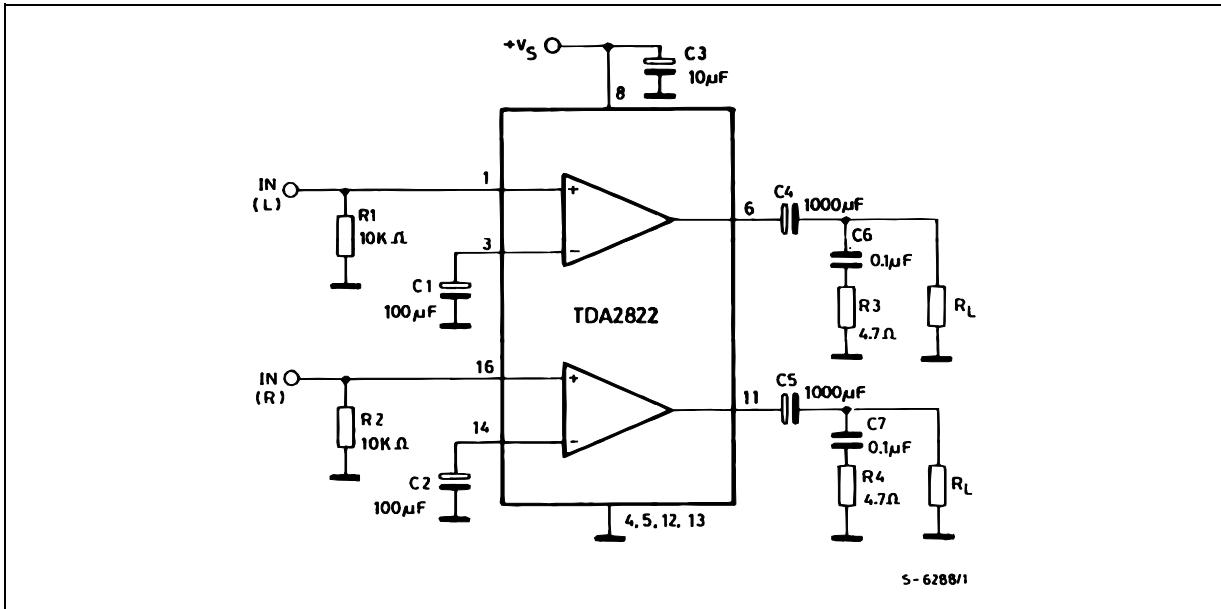


Figure 2 : P.C. Board and Components Layout of the Circuit of Figure 1 (1:1 scale).

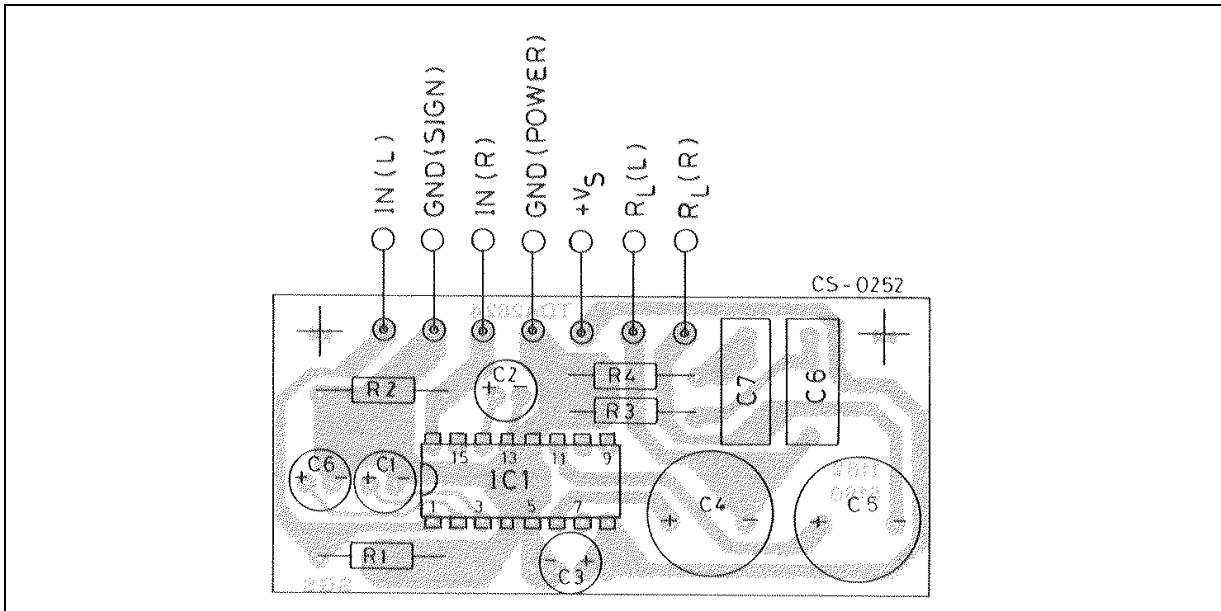
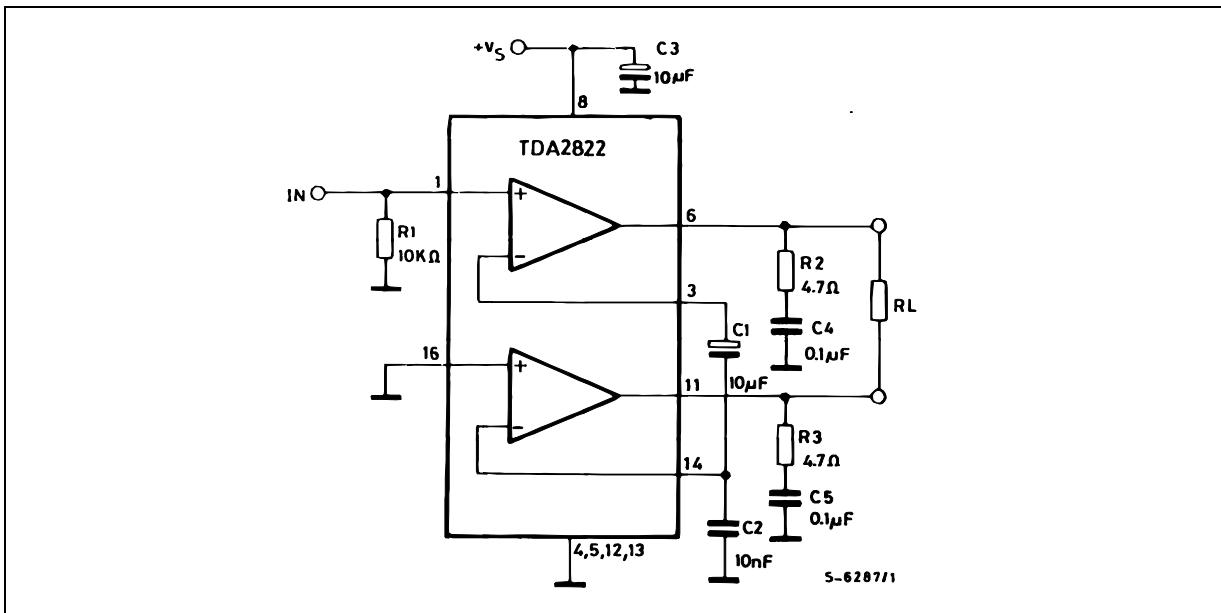
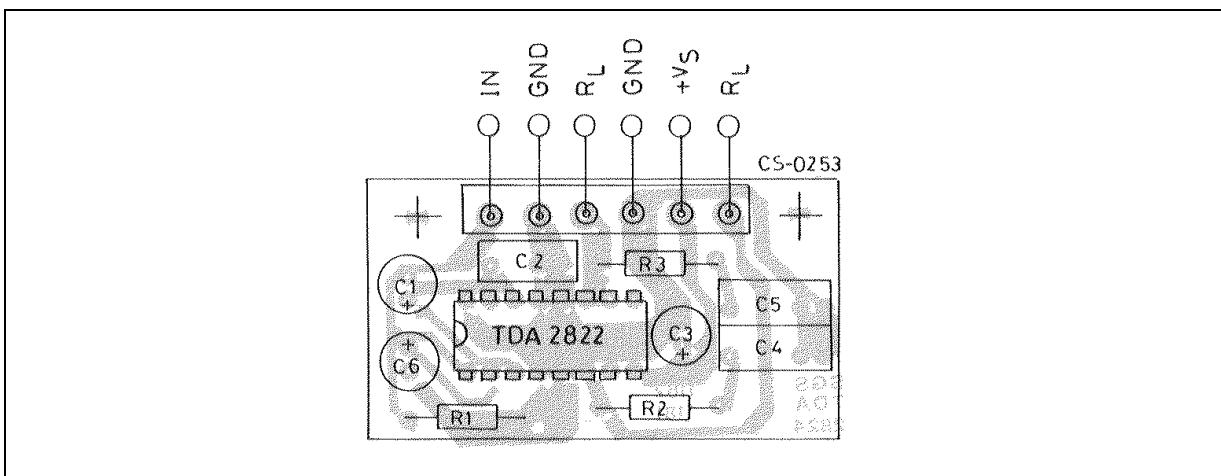


Figure 3 : Test Circuit (bridge).**Figure 4 : P.C. Board and Components Layout of the Circuit of Figure 3 (1:1 scale).**

TDA2822

Figure 5 : Output Power vs. Supply Voltage (Stereo).

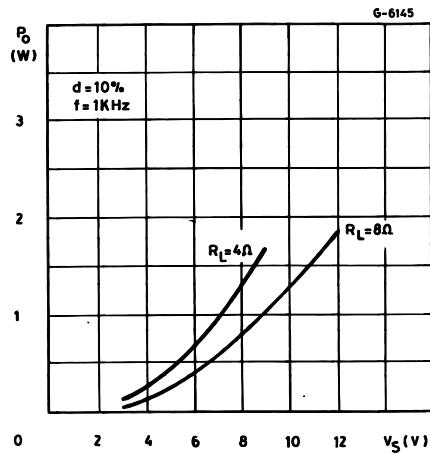


Figure 7 : Distortion vs. Output Power (Bridge).

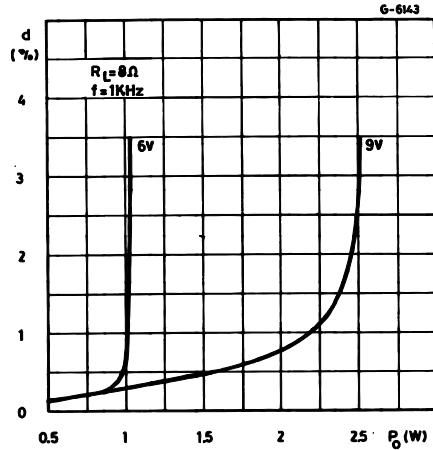


Figure 9 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Frequency.

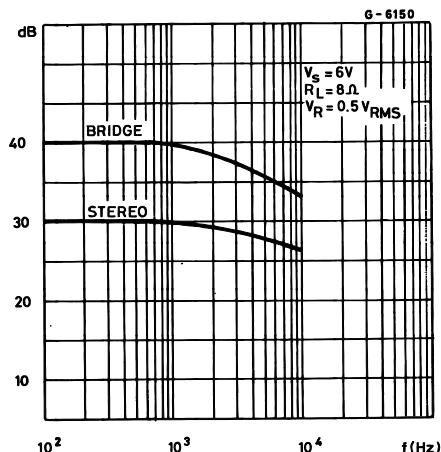


Figure 6 : Output Power vs. Supply Voltage (Bridge).

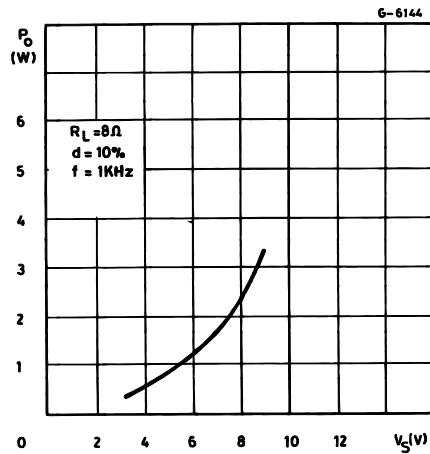


Figure 8 : Distortion vs. Output Power (Bridge).

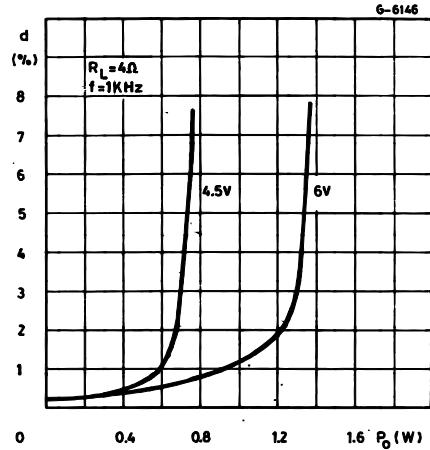


Figure 10 : Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage.

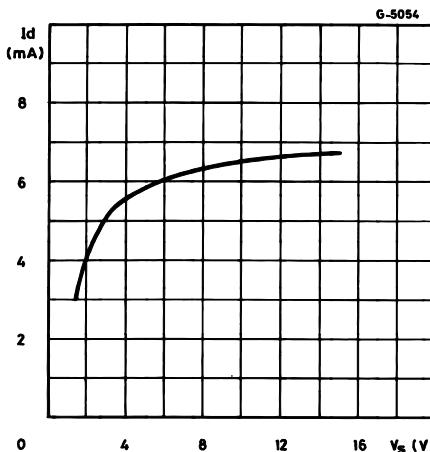


Figure 11 : Total Power Dissipation vs. Output Power (Stereo).

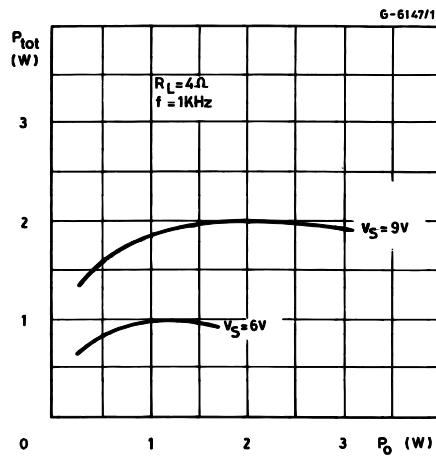


Figure 12 : Total Power Dissipation vs. Output Power (Bridge).

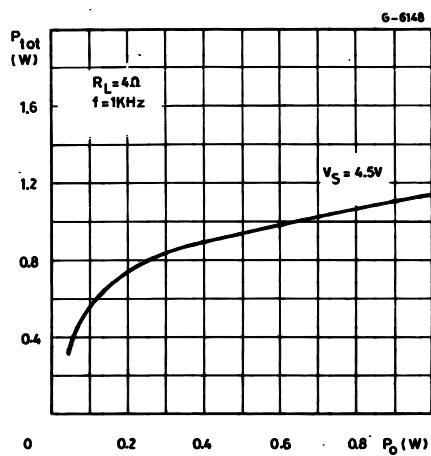
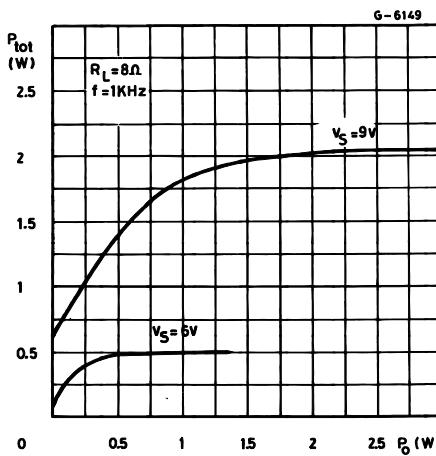
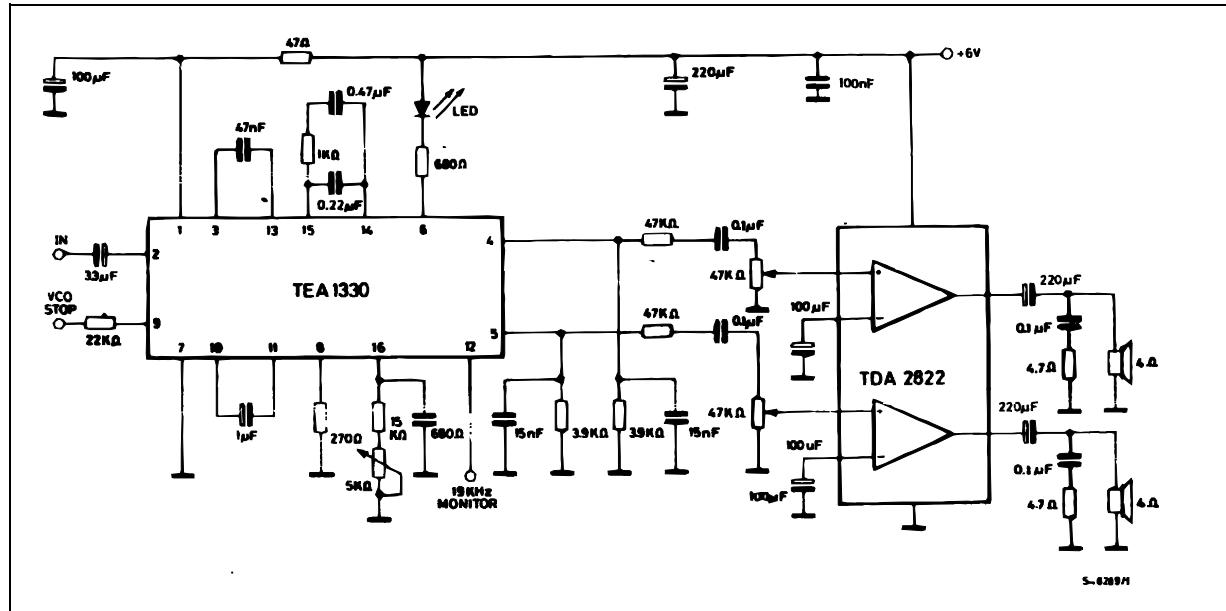


Figure 13 : Total Power Dissipation vs. Output Power (Bridge).



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Figure 14 : Application Circuit for Portable Radios.

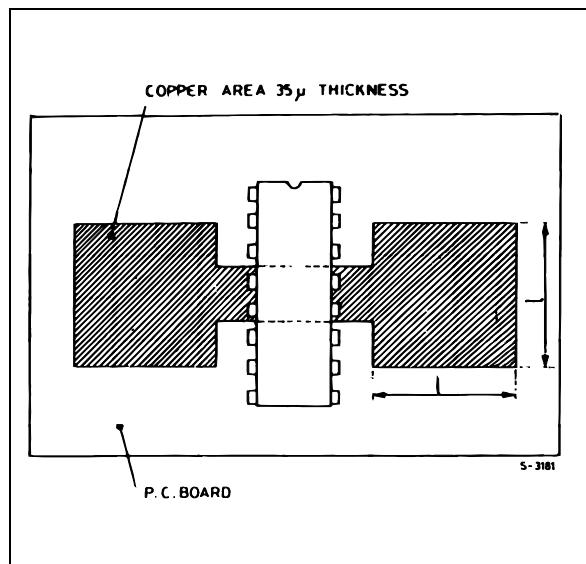


MOUNTING INSTRUCTION

The $R_{th\ j\ -amb}$ of the TDA2822 can be reduced by soldering the GND pins to a suitable copper area of the printed circuit board (Figure 15) or to an external heatsink (Figure 16).

The diagram of Figure 17 shows the maximum dissipable power P_{tot} and the $R_{th\ j\ -amb}$ as a function of the side "d" of two equal square copper areas having a thickness of $35\ \mu$ (1.4 mils).

Figure 15 : Example of P.C. Board Copper Area which is used as Heatsink.



During soldering the pins temperature must not exceed 260 °C and the soldering time must not be longer than 12 seconds.

The external heatsink or printed circuit copper area must be connected to electrical ground.

Figure 16 : External Heatsink Mounting Example.

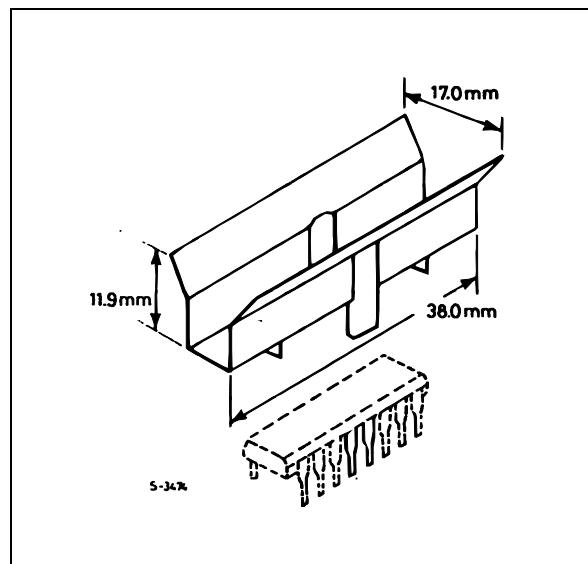


Figure 6 : Maximum Dissipable Power and Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance vs. Side "d".

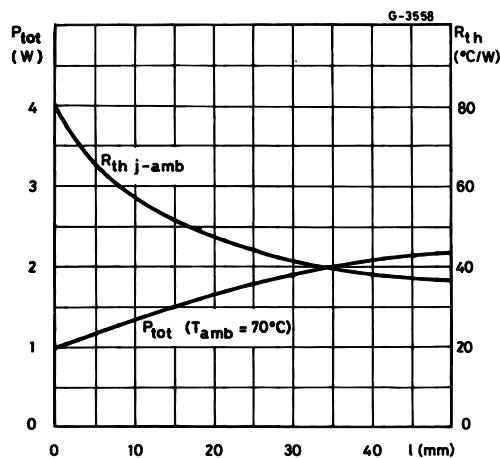
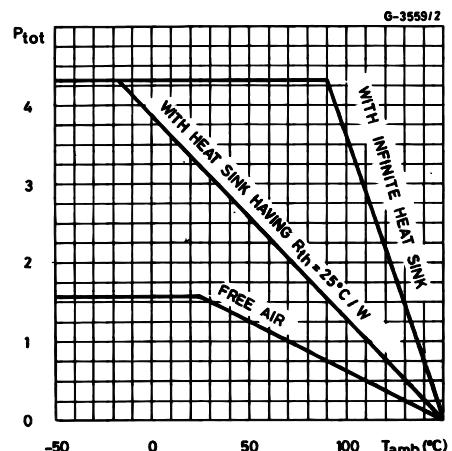


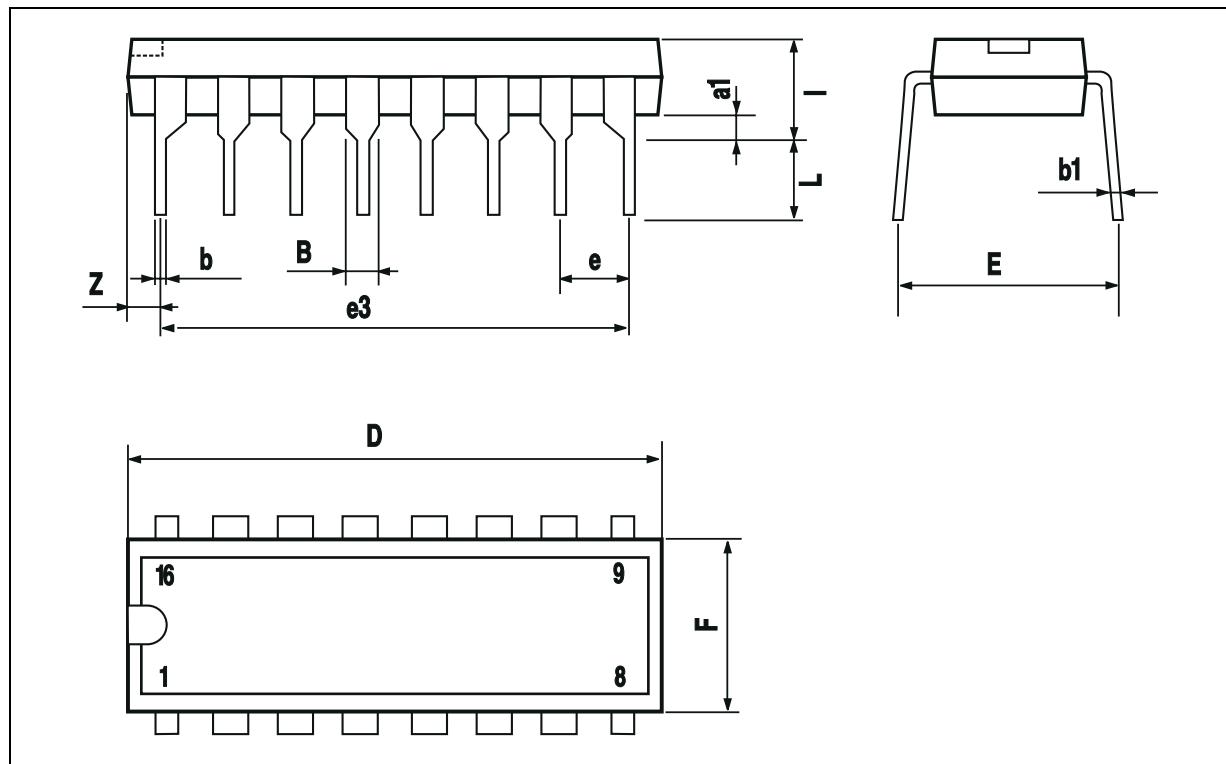
Figure 7 : Maximum Allowable Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature.



TDA2822

POWERDIP 16 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	0.85		1.40	0.033		0.055
b		0.50			0.020	
b1	0.38		0.50	0.015		0.020
D			20.0			0.787
E		8.80			0.346	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		17.78			0.700	
F			7.10			0.280
I			5.10			0.201
L		3.30			0.130	
Z			1.27			0.050



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