

TPS77501, TPS77515, TPS77516, TPS77518, TPS77525, TPS77533 WITH RESET OUTPUT TPS77601, TPS77615, TPS77618, TPS77625, TPS77628, TPS77633 WITH PG OUTPUT FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 500-mA LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

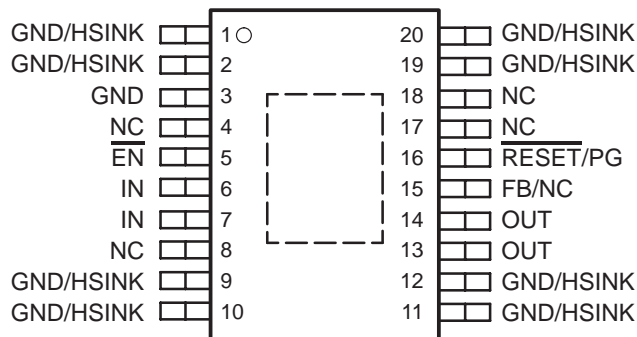
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- Open Drain Power-On Reset With 200-ms Delay (TPS775xx)
- Open Drain Power Good (TPS776xx)
- 500-mA Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator
- Available in 1.5-V, 1.6-V (TPS77516 Only), 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.8-V (TPS77628 Only), 3.3-V Fixed Output and Adjustable Versions
- Dropout Voltage to 169 mV (Typ) at 500 mA (TPS77x33)
- Ultralow 85 μ A Typical Quiescent Current
- Fast Transient Response
- 2% Tolerance Over Specified Conditions for Fixed-Output Versions
- 8-Pin SOIC and 20-Pin TSSOP PowerPAD™ (PWP) Package
- Thermal Shutdown Protection

description

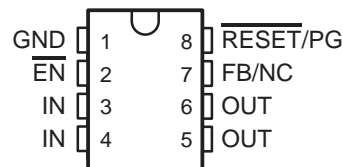
The TPS775xx and TPS776xx devices are designed to have a fast transient response and be stable with a 10- μ F low ESR capacitors. This combination provides high performance at a reasonable cost.

PWP PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

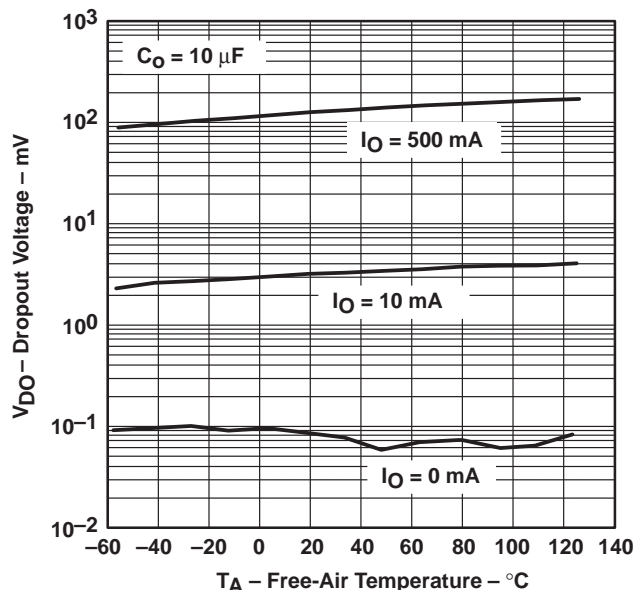


NC – No internal connection

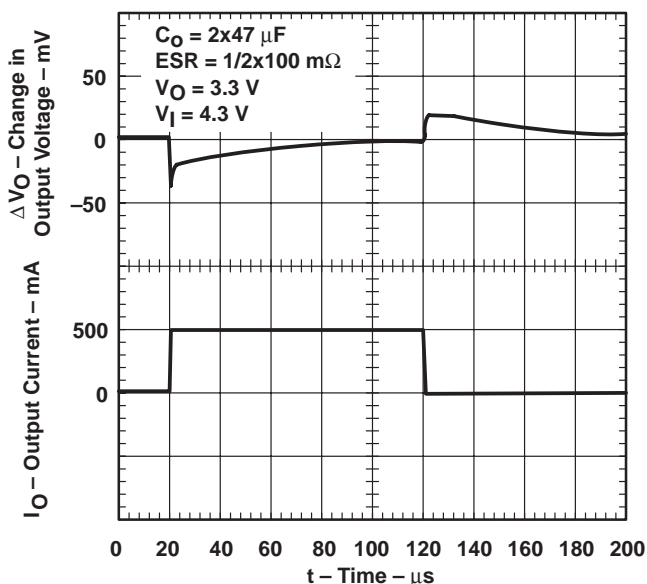
D PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



TPS77x33
DROPOUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE



TPS77x33
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE



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PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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TPS77501, TPS77515, TPS77516, TPS77518, TPS77525, TPS77533 WITH $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT TPS77601, TPS77615, TPS77618, TPS77625, TPS77628, TPS77633 WITH PG OUTPUT FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 500-mA LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

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description (continued)

Because the PMOS device behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage is very low (typically 169 mV at an output current of 500 mA for the TPS77x33) and is directly proportional to the output current. Additionally, since the PMOS pass element is a voltage-driven device, the quiescent current is very low and independent of output loading (typically 85 μA over the full range of output current, 0 mA to 500 mA). These two key specifications yield a significant improvement in operating life for battery-powered systems. This LDO family also features a sleep mode; applying a TTL high signal to $\overline{\text{EN}}$ (enable) shuts down the regulator, reducing the quiescent current to 1 μA at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output of the TPS775xx initiates a reset in microcomputer and microprocessor systems in the event of an undervoltage condition. An internal comparator in the TPS775xx monitors the output voltage of the regulator to detect an undervoltage condition on the regulated output voltage.

Power good (PG) of the TPS776xx is an active high output, which can be used to implement a power-on reset or a low-battery indicator.

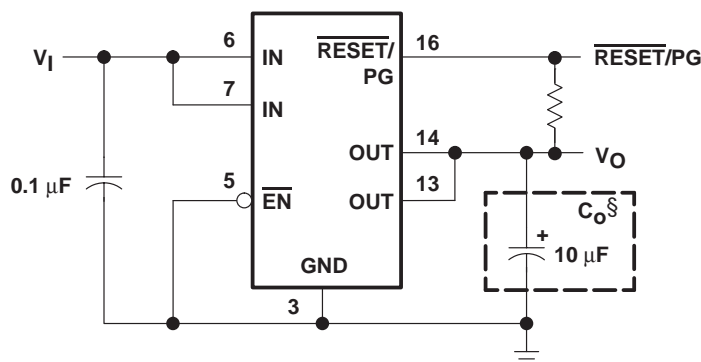
The TPS775xx and TPS776xx are offered in 1.5-V, 1.6-V (TPS77516 only), 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.8 V (TPS77628 only), and 3.3-V fixed-voltage versions and in an adjustable version (programmable over the range of 1.5 V to 5.5 V for TPS77501 option and 1.2 V to 5.5 V for TPS77601 option). Output voltage tolerance is specified as a maximum of 2% over line, load, and temperature ranges. The TPS775xx and TPS776xx families are available in 8 pin SOIC and 20 pin TSSOP packages.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS†

T_J	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	PACKAGED DEVICES			
	TYP	TSSOP (PWP)		SOIC (D)	
–40°C to 125°C	3.3	TPS77533PWP	TPS77633PWP	TPS77533D	TPS77633D
	2.5	TPS77525PWP	TPS77625PWP	TPS77525D	TPS77625D
	2.8	—	TPS77628PWP	—	TPS77628D
	1.8	TPS77518PWP	TPS77618PWP	TPS77518D	TPS77618D
	1.6	TPS77516PWP	—	TPS77516D	—
	1.5	TPS77515PWP	TPS77615PWP	TPS77515D	TPS77615D
	Adjustable‡ 1.2 V to 5.5 V	—	TPS77601PWP	—	TPS77601D
	Adjustable‡ 1.5 V to 5.5 V	TPS77501PWP	—	TPS77501D	—

† The TPS775xx has an open-drain power-on reset with a 200-ms delay function. The TPS776xx has an open-drain power good function.

‡ The TPS77x01 is programmable using an external resistor divider (see application information). The D and PWP packages are available taped and reeled. Add an R suffix to the device type (e.g., TPS77501DR).



§ See application information section for capacitor selection details.

Figure 1. Typical Application Configuration for Fixed Output Options

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The schematic diagram illustrates the RESET option for the AD5755. It features an input **IN** and an enable input **EN**. A reference voltage $V_{ref} = 1.183\text{ V}$ is provided. The circuit includes two comparators, a **200 ms Delay (for RESET Option)** block, and a MOSFET. The output of the first comparator is connected to the **PG or RESET** signal. The output of the second comparator is connected to the **OUT** signal. The MOSFET is used to switch the **OUT** signal. The circuit is powered by **GND** and includes resistors **R1** and **R2**.

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Terminal Functions

SOIC Package (TPS775xx)

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	2	I	Enable input
FB/NC	7	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
GND	1		Regulator ground
IN	3, 4	I	Input voltage
OUT	5, 6	O	Regulated output voltage
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	8	O	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output

TSSOP Package (TPS775xx)

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	5	I	Enable input
FB/NC	15	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
GND	3		Regulator ground
GND/HSINK	1, 2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 19, 20		Ground/heatsink
IN	6, 7	I	Input voltage
NC	4, 8, 17, 18		No connect
OUT	13, 14	O	Regulated output voltage
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	16	O	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output

SOIC Package (TPS776xx)

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	2	I	Enable input
FB/NC	7	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
GND	1		Regulator ground
IN	3, 4	I	Input voltage
OUT	5, 6	O	Regulated output voltage
PG	8	O	PG output

TSSOP Package (TPS776xx)

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	5	I	Enable input
FB/NC	15	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
GND	3		Regulator ground
GND/HSINK	1, 2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 19, 20		Ground/heatsink
IN	6, 7	I	Input voltage
NC	4, 8, 17, 18		No connect
OUT	13, 14	O	Regulated output voltage
PG	16	O	PG output

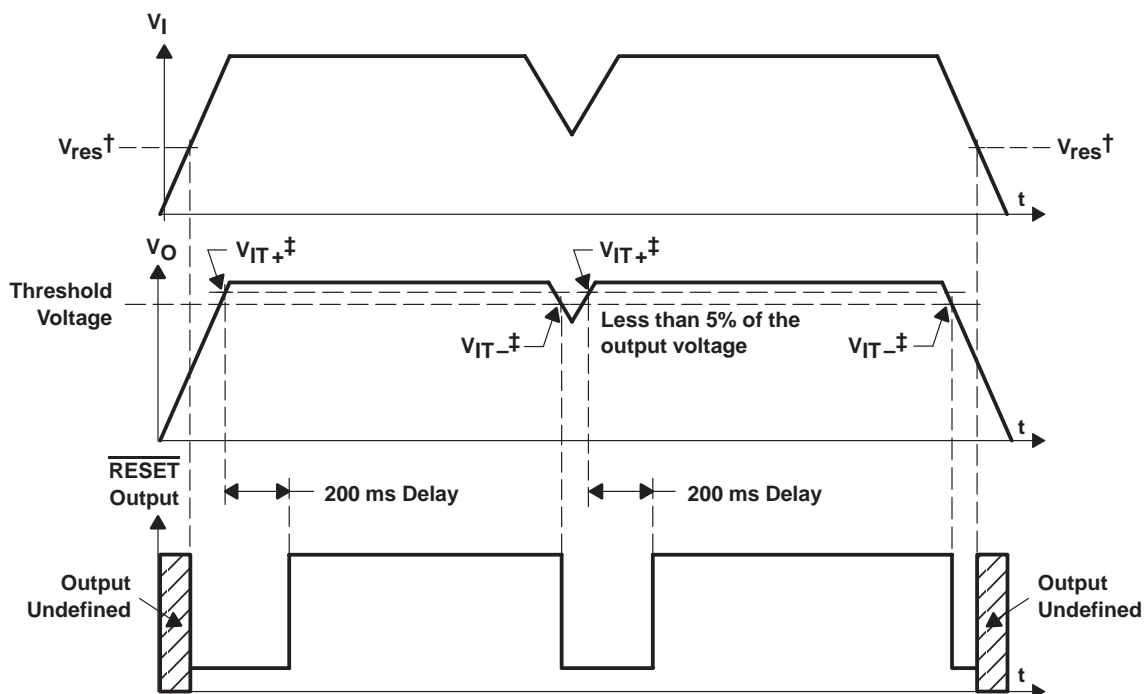


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TPS77501, TPS77515, TPS77516, TPS77518, TPS77525, TPS77533 WITH $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT
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TPS775xx $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ timing diagram



$^\dagger V_{res}$ is the minimum input voltage for a valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$. The symbol V_{res} is not currently listed within EIA or JEDEC standards for semiconductor symbology.

$^\ddagger V_{IT-}$ – Trip voltage is typically 5% lower than the output voltage ($95\%V_O$). V_{IT-} to V_{IT+} is the hysteresis voltage.

TPS77501, TPS77515, TPS77516, TPS77518, TPS77525, TPS77533 WITH $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT TPS77601, TPS77615, TPS77618, TPS77625, TPS77628, TPS77633 WITH PG OUTPUT FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 500-mA LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Input voltage range [‡] , V_I	–0.3 V to 13.5 V
Voltage range at $\overline{\text{EN}}$	–0.3 V to 16.5 V
Maximum $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ voltage (TPS775xx)	16.5 V
Maximum PG voltage (TPS776xx)	16.5 V
Peak output current	Internally limited
Output voltage, V_O (OUT, FB)	7 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See dissipation rating tables
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
ESD rating, HBM	2 kV

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

[‡] All voltage values are with respect to network terminal ground.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE 1 – FREE-AIR TEMPERATURES

PACKAGE	AIR FLOW (CFM)	$T_A < 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	0	568 mW	5.68 mW/°C	312 mW	227 mW
	250	904 mW	9.04 mW/°C	497 mW	361 mW

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE 2 – FREE-AIR TEMPERATURES

PACKAGE	AIR FLOW (CFM)	$T_A < 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
PWP [§]	0	2.9 W	23.5 mW/°C	1.9 W	1.5 W
	300	4.3 W	34.6 mW/°C	2.8 W	2.2 W
PWP [¶]	0	3 W	23.8 mW/°C	1.9 W	1.5 W
	300	7.2 W	57.9 mW/°C	4.6 W	3.8 W

[§] This parameter is measured with the recommended copper heat sink pattern on a 1-layer PCB, 5-in × 5-in PCB, 1 oz. copper, 2-in × 2-in coverage (4 in²).

[¶] This parameter is measured with the recommended copper heat sink pattern on a 8-layer PCB, 1.5-in × 2-in PCB, 1 oz. copper with layers 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, and 8 at 5% coverage (0.9 in²) and layers 3 and 6 at 100% coverage (6 in²). For more information, refer to TI technical brief SLMA002.

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage, V_I [#]		2.7	10	V
Output voltage range, V_O	TPS77501	1.5	5.5	V
	TPS77601	1.2	5.5	
Operating virtual junction temperature, T_J (see Note 1)		–40	125	°C

[#] To calculate the minimum input voltage for your maximum output current, use the following equation: $V_{I(\text{min})} = V_{O(\text{max})} + V_{\text{DO}(\text{max load})}$.

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TPS77601, TPS77615, TPS77618, TPS77625, TPS77628, TPS77633 WITH PG OUTPUT
FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 500-mA LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

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**electrical characteristics over recommended operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C),
 $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$, $\overline{\text{EN}} = 0\text{ V}$, $C_O = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output voltage (10 μA to 500 mA load) (see Note 2)	TPS77501	1.5 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V, T _J = 25°C	V _O			V
		1.5 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V, T _J = −40°C to 125°C	0.98V _O	1.02V _O		
	TPS77601	1.2 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V, T _J = 25°C	V _O			
		1.2 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V, T _J = −40°C to 125°C	0.98V _O	1.02V _O		
	TPS77x15	T _J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.5			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.470	1.530		
	TPS77516	T _J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.6			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.568	1.632		
	TPS77x18	T _J = 25°C, 2.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.8			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 2.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.764	1.836		
	TPS77x25	T _J = 25°C, 3.5 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.5			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 3.5 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.450	2.550		
	TPS77628	T _J = 25°C, 3.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.8			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 3.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.744	2.856		
	TPS77x33	T _J = 25°C, 4.3 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	3.3			
		T _J = −40°C to 125°C, 4.3 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	3.234	3.366		
Quiescent current (GND current) EN = 0V, (see Note 2)		10 μA < I _O < 500 mA, T _J = 25°C	85			μA
		I _O = 500 mA, T _J = −40°C to 125°C	125			
Output voltage line regulation (ΔV _O /V _O) (see Notes 2 and 3)		V _O + 1 V < V _I ≤ 10 V, T _J = 25°C	0.01			%/V
Load regulation			3			mV
Output noise voltage (TPS77x18)		BW = 200 Hz to 100 kHz, I _C = 500 mA C _O = 10 μF, T _J = 25°C	53			μVrms
Output current limit		V _O = 0 V	1.2	1.6	1.9	A
Thermal shutdown junction temperature			150			°C
Standby current		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = V _I , T _J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V _I < 10 V	1			μA
		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = V _I , 2.7 V < V _I < 10 V	10			μA
FB input current	TPS77x01	FB = 1.5 V	2			nA
High level enable input voltage			1.7			V
Low level enable input voltage			0.9			V
Power supply ripple rejection (see Note 2)		f = 1 KHz, C _O = 10 μF, T _J = 25°C	60			dB

NOTES: 1. Minimum IN operating voltage is 2.7 V or $V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1\text{ V}$, whichever is greater. Maximum IN voltage 10 V .
2. If $V_O \leq 1.8\text{ V}$ then $V_{I\text{min}} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $V_{I\text{max}} = 10\text{ V}$:

$$\text{Line Reg. (mV)} = (\%/\text{V}) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I\text{max}} - 2.7\text{ V})}{100} \times 1000$$

If $V_O \geq 2.5\text{ V}$ then $V_{I\text{min}} = V_O + 1\text{ V}$, $V_{I\text{max}} = 10\text{ V}$:

$$\text{Line Reg. (mV)} = (\%/\text{V}) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I\text{max}} - (V_O + 1\text{ V}))}{100} \times 1000$$



TPS77501, TPS77515, TPS77516, TPS77518, TPS77525, TPS77533 WITH RESET OUTPUT
TPS77601, TPS77615, TPS77618, TPS77625, TPS77628, TPS77633 WITH PG OUTPUT
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**electrical characteristics over recommended operating temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C),
 $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$, $\overline{\text{EN}} = 0\text{ V}$, $C_O = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted) (continued)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Reset (TPS775xx)	Minimum input voltage for valid RESET	$I_O(\text{RESET}) = 300\mu\text{A}$		1.1		V
	Trip threshold voltage	V_O decreasing	92		98	% V_O
	Hysteresis voltage	Measured at V_O		0.5		% V_O
	Output low voltage	$V_I = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_O(\text{RESET}) = 1\text{ mA}$		0.15	0.4	V
	Leakage current	$V(\text{RESET}) = 5\text{ V}$			1	μA
	RESET time-out delay			200		ms
PG (TPS776xx)	Minimum input voltage for valid PG	$I_O(\text{PG}) = 300\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		1.1		V
	Trip threshold voltage	V_O decreasing	92		98	% V_O
	Hysteresis voltage	Measured at V_O		0.5		% V_O
	Output low voltage	$V_I = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_O(\text{PG}) = 1\text{ mA}$		0.15	0.4	V
	Leakage current	$V(\text{PG}) = 5\text{ V}$			1	μA
Input current ($\overline{\text{EN}}$)		$\overline{\text{EN}} = 0\text{ V}$	-1	0	1	μA
		$\overline{\text{EN}} = V_I$	-1		1	
Dropout voltage (see Note 4)		TPS77628 $I_O = 500\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			285	mV
					410	
		TPS77533 $I_O = 500\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			169	
					287	
		TPS77633 $I_O = 500\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			169	
					287	

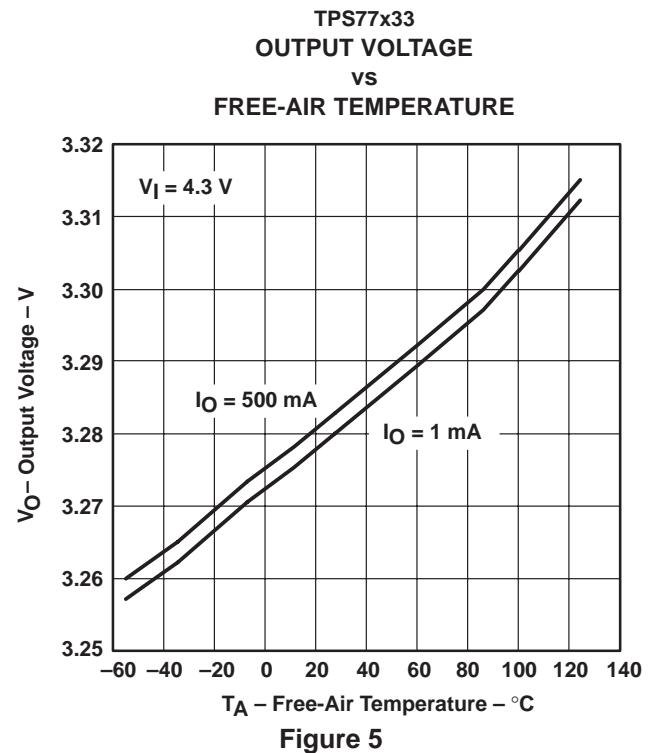
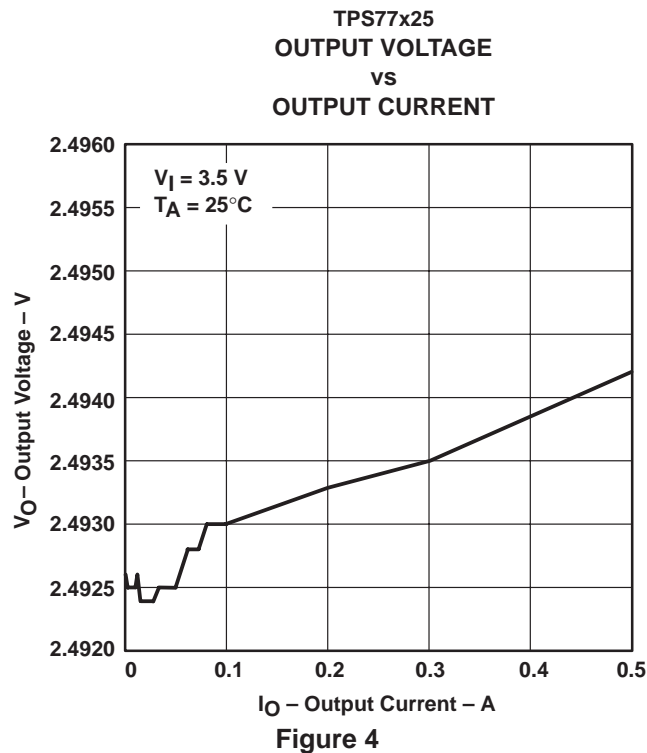
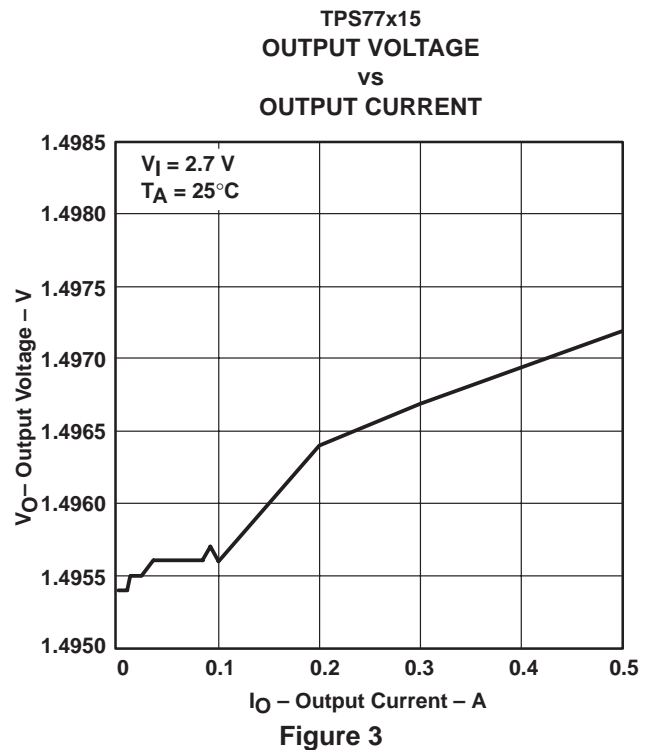
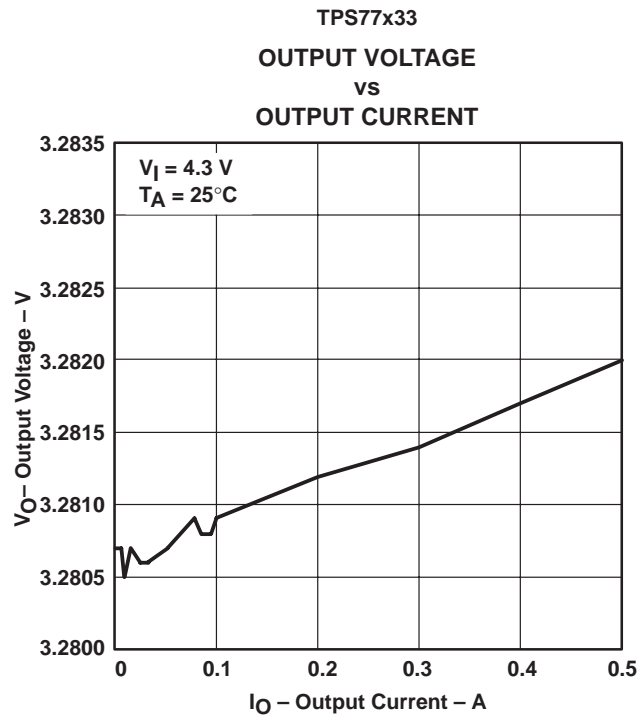
NOTE 3: I_N voltage equals $V_{O(\text{typ})} - 100\text{ mV}$; TPS77x15, TPS77516, TPS77x18, and TPS77x25 dropout voltage limited by input voltage range limitations (i.e., TPS77x33 input voltage needs to drop to 3.2 V for purpose of this test).

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_O	Output voltage	vs Output current	2, 3, 4
		vs Free-air temperature	5, 6, 7
	Ground current	vs Free-air temperature	8
	Power supply ripple rejection	vs Frequency	9
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Z_O	Output impedance	vs Frequency	11
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage	vs Input voltage	12
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V_O	Output voltage	vs Time	19
	Equivalent series resistance (ESR)	vs Output current	21 – 24

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

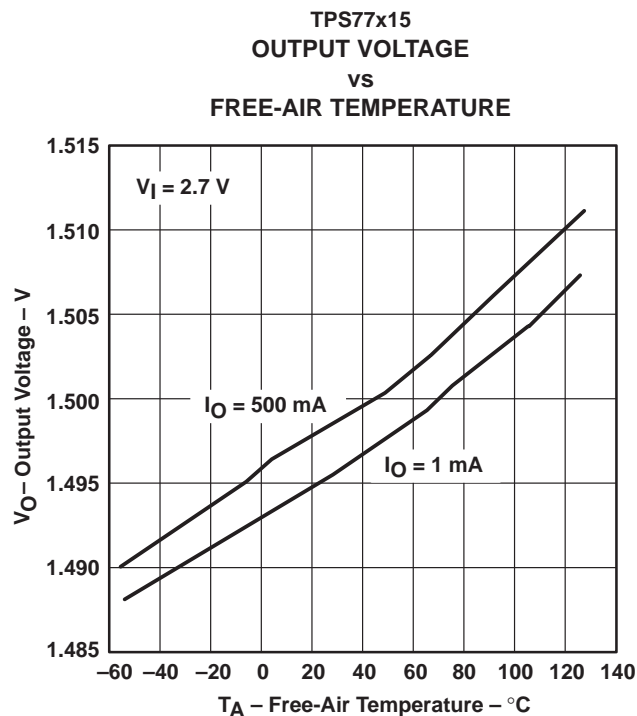


Figure 6

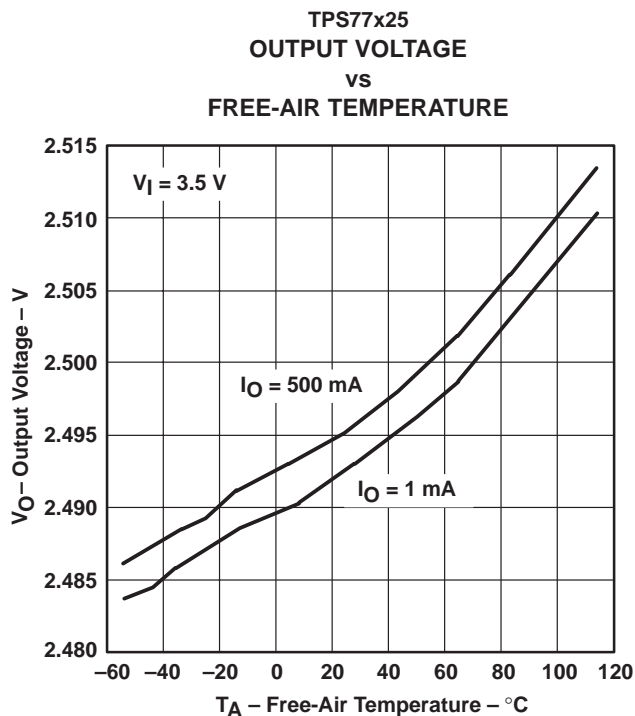


Figure 7

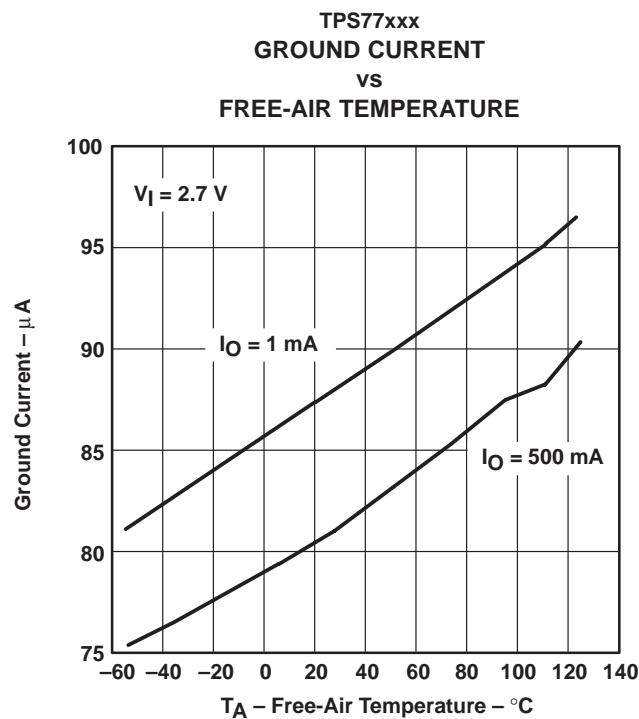


Figure 8

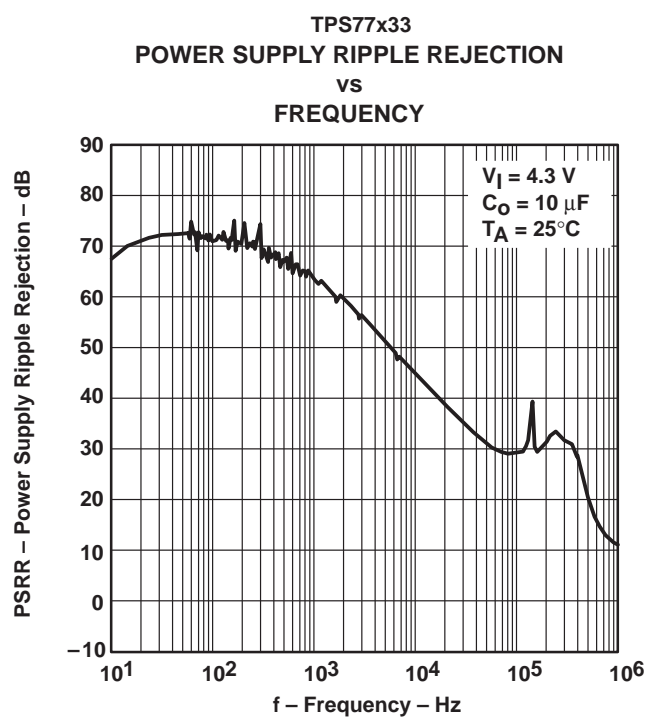
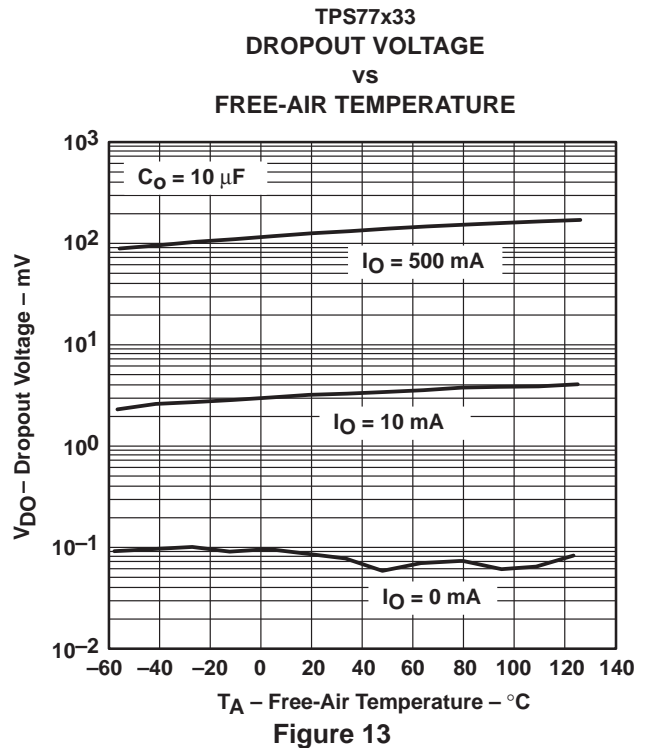
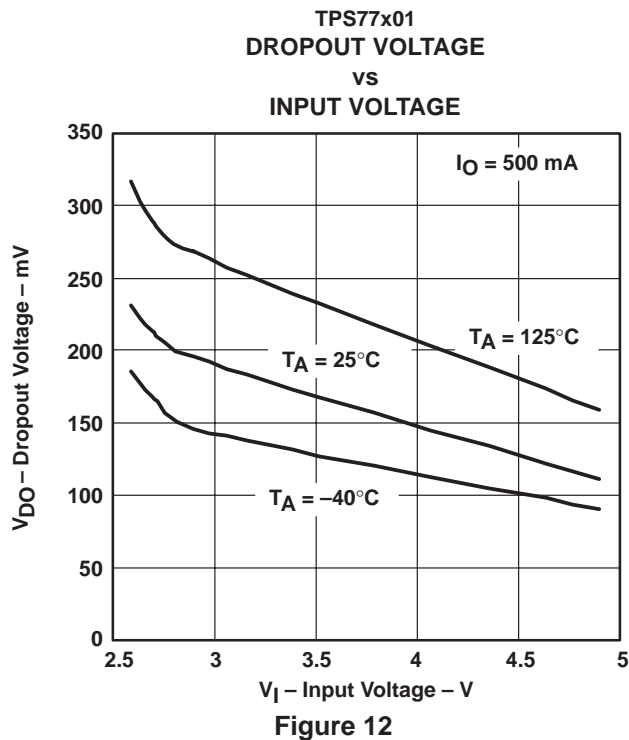
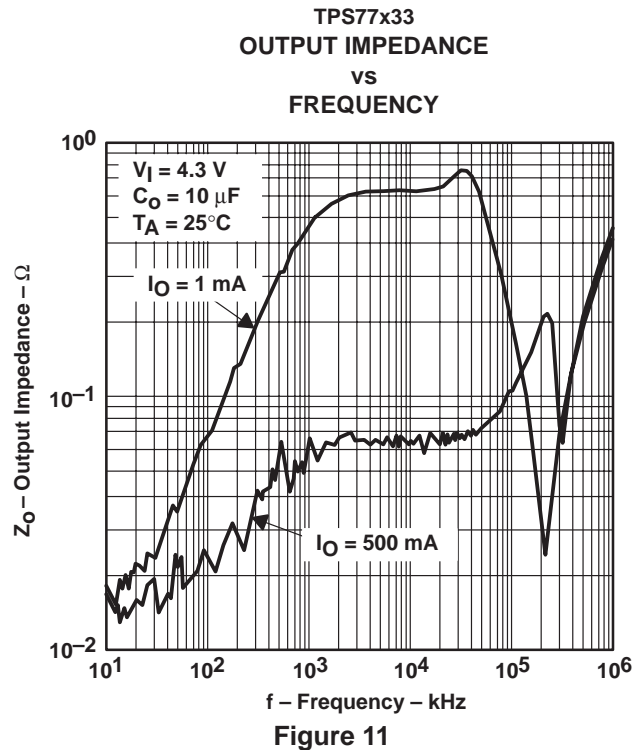
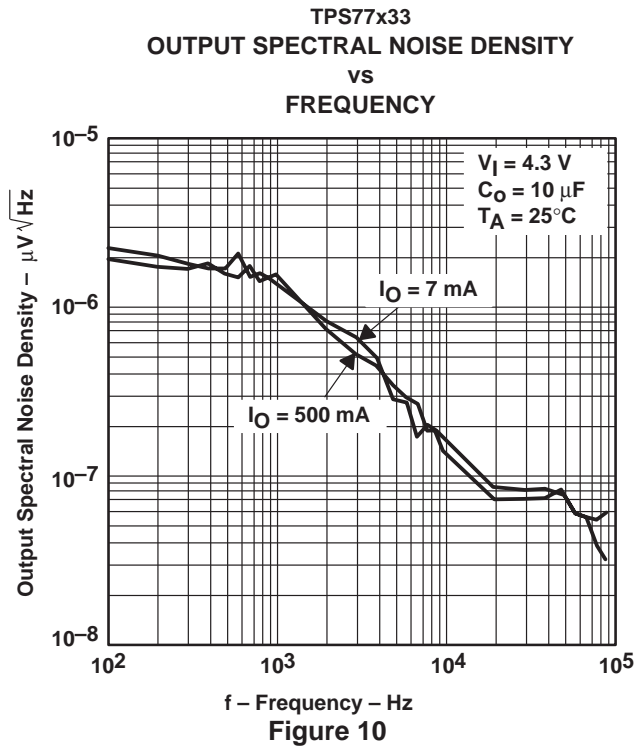


Figure 9

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TPS77501, TPS77515, TPS77516, TPS77518, TPS77525, TPS77533 WITH RESET OUTPUT
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

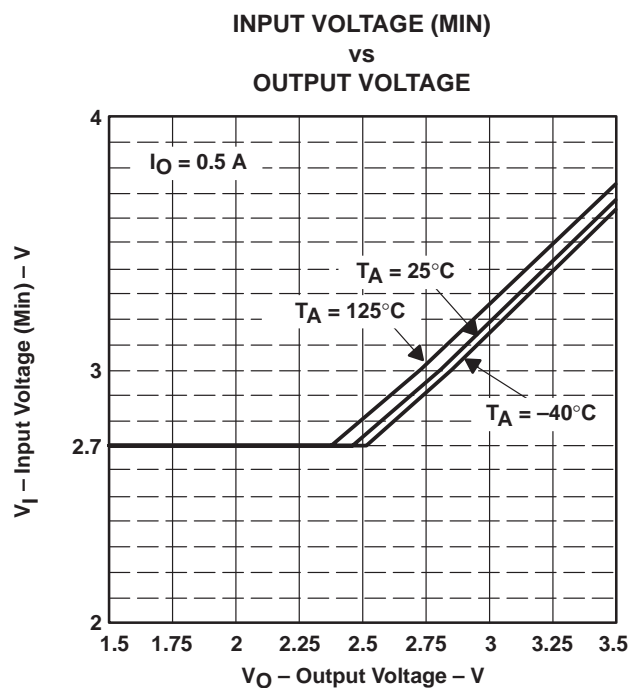


Figure 14

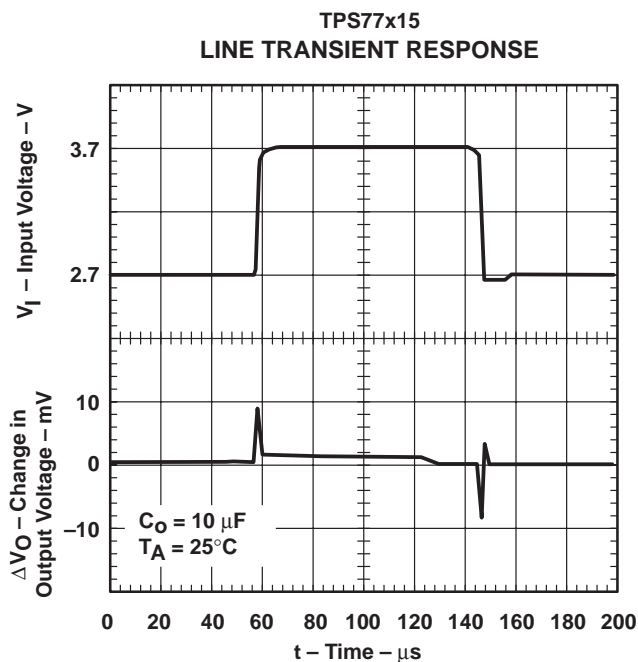


Figure 15

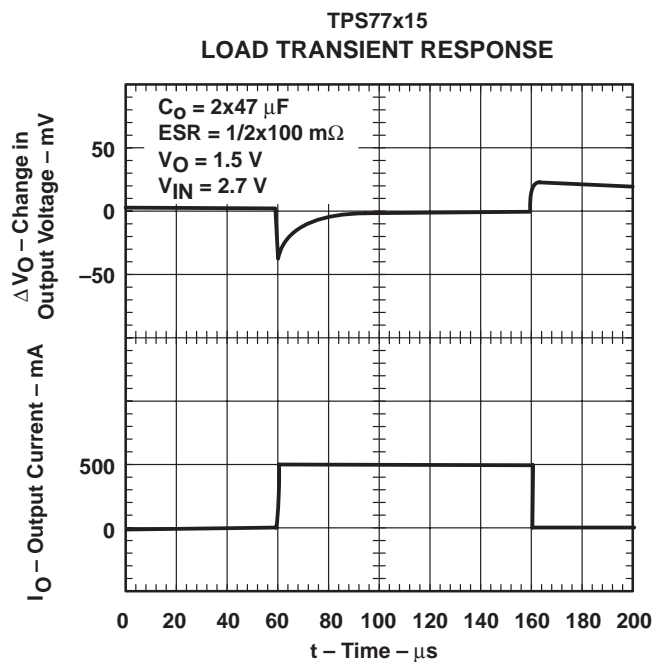


Figure 16

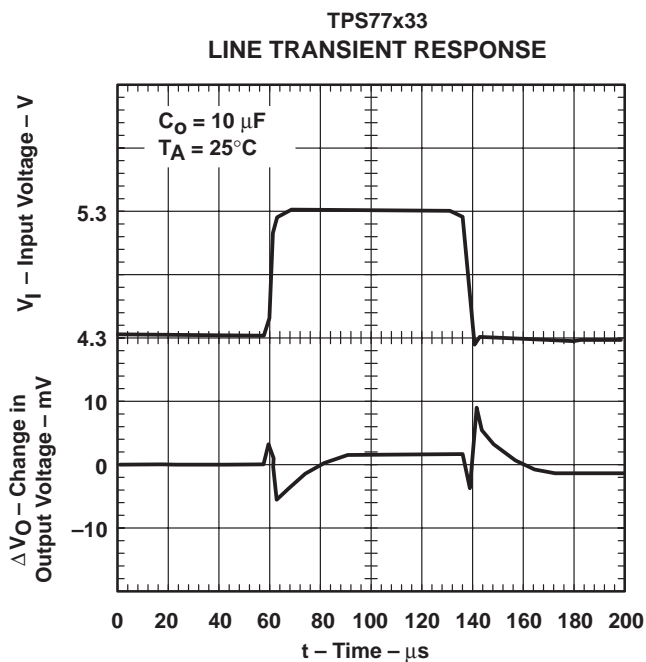


Figure 17

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

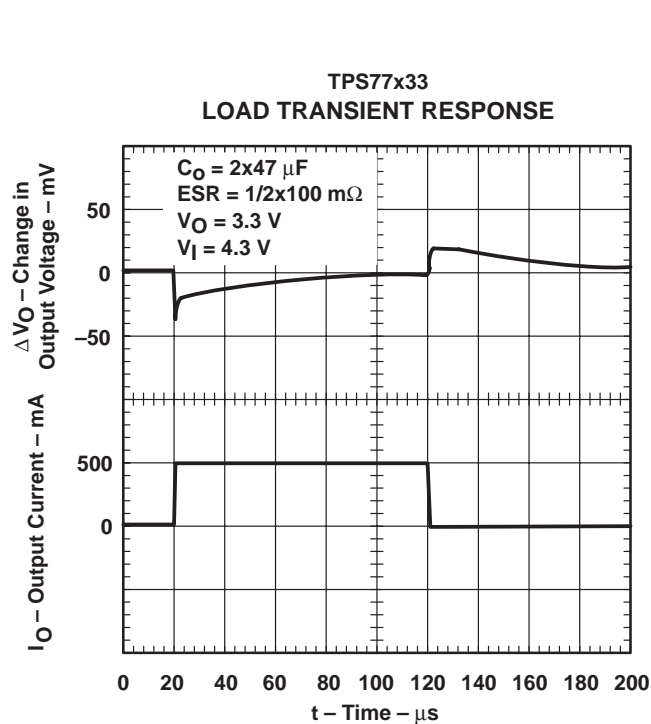


Figure 18

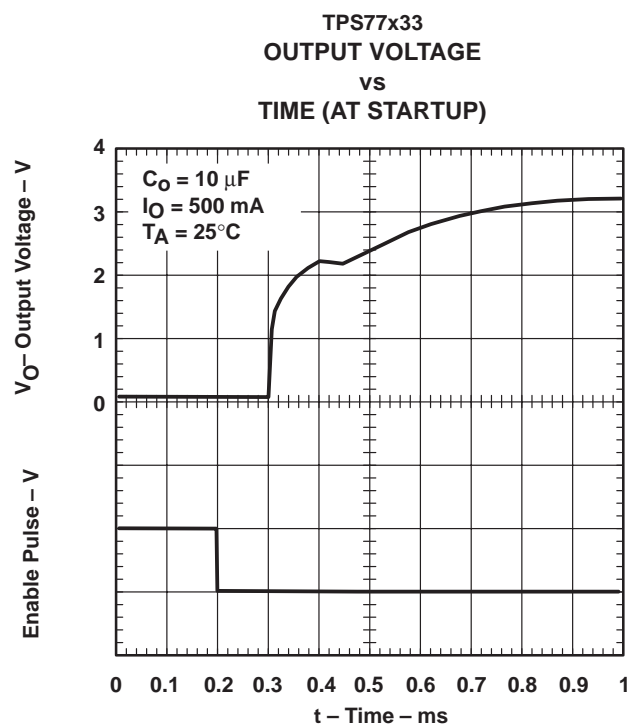


Figure 19

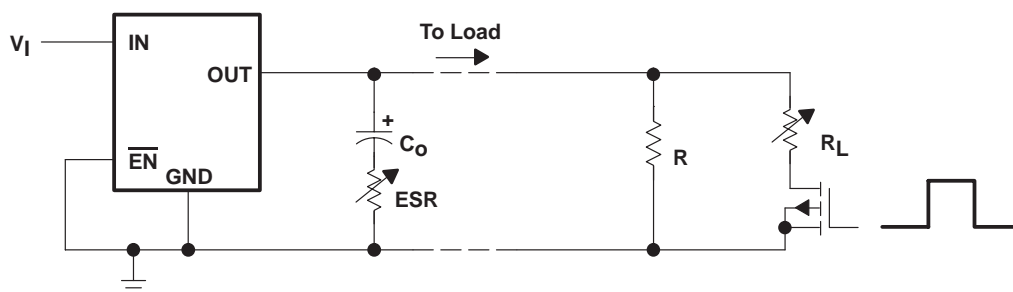


Figure 20. Test Circuit for Typical Regions of Stability (Figures 21 through 24) (Fixed Output Options)

TPS77501, TPS77515, TPS77516, TPS77518, TPS77525, TPS77533 WITH $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT
 TPS77601, TPS77615, TPS77618, TPS77625, TPS77628, TPS77633 WITH PG OUTPUT
 FAST-TRANSIENT-RESPONSE 500-mA LOW-DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
 EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
 vs
 OUTPUT CURRENT

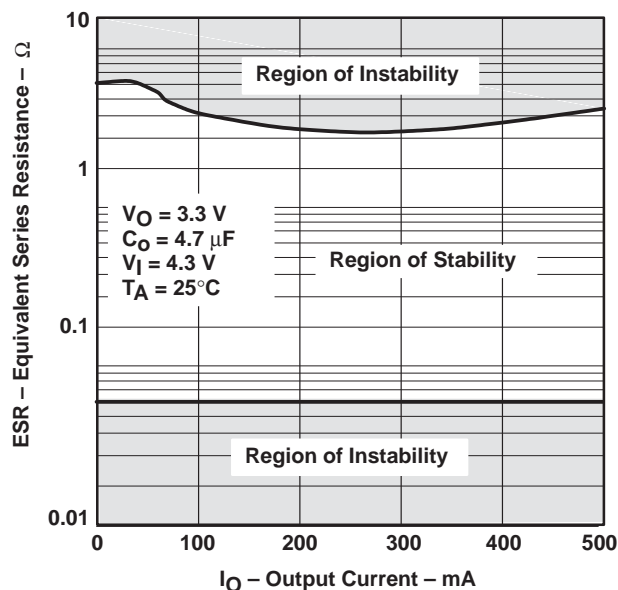


Figure 21

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
 EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
 vs
 OUTPUT CURRENT

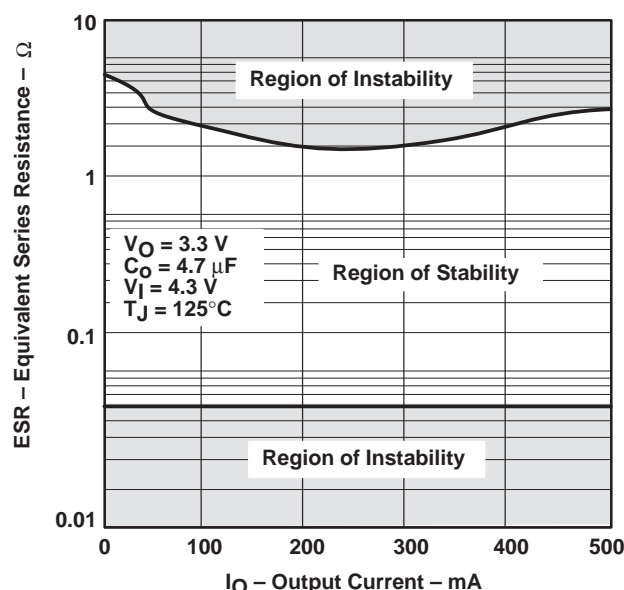


Figure 22

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
 EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
 vs
 OUTPUT CURRENT

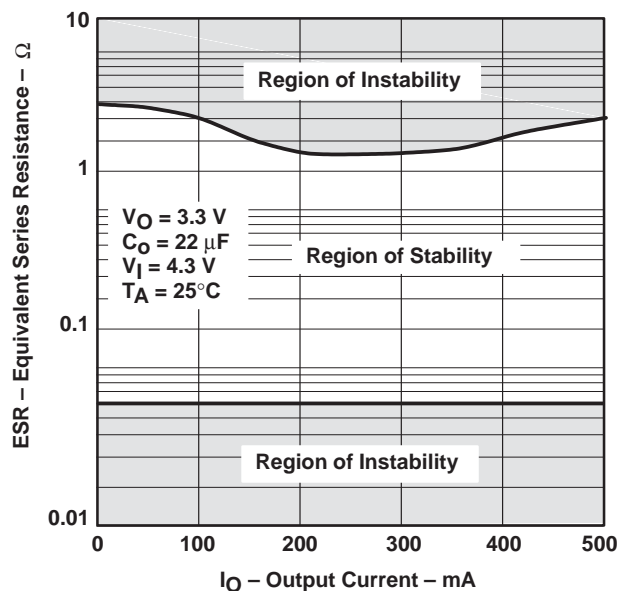


Figure 23

TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
 EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
 vs
 OUTPUT CURRENT

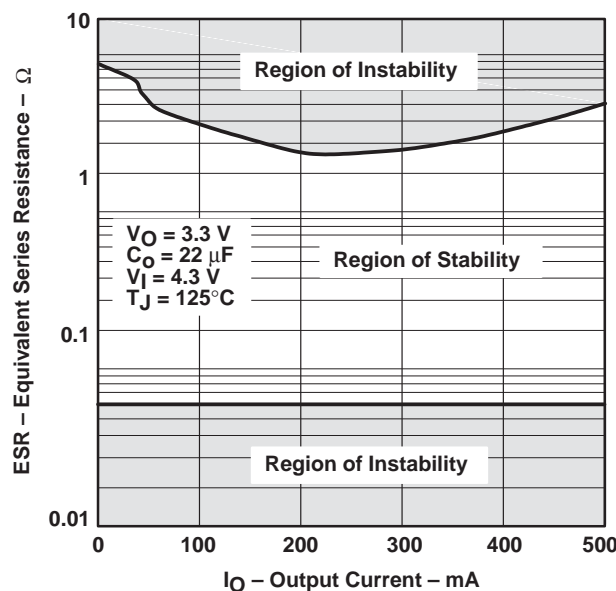


Figure 24

† Equivalent series resistance (ESR) refers to the total series resistance, including the ESR of the capacitor, any series resistance added externally, and PWB trace resistance to C_O .

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS775xx family includes five fixed-output voltage regulators (1.5 V, 1.6 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V), and an adjustable regulator, the TPS77501 (adjustable from 1.5 V to 5.5 V).

The TPS776xx family includes five fixed-output voltage regulators (1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, and 3.3 V), and an adjustable regulator, the TPS77601 (adjustable from 1.2 V to 5.5 V).

device operation

The TPS775xx and TPS776xx feature very low quiescent current, which remains virtually constant even with varying loads. Conventional LDO regulators use a pnp pass element, the base current of which is directly proportional to the load current through the regulator ($I_B = I_C/\beta$). The TPS775xx and TPS776xx use a PMOS transistor to pass current; because the gate of the PMOS is voltage driven, operating current is low and invariable over the full load range.

Another pitfall associated with the pnp-pass element is its tendency to saturate when the device goes into dropout. The resulting drop in β forces an increase in I_B to maintain the load. During power up, this translates to large start-up currents. Systems with limited supply current may fail to start up. In battery-powered systems, it means rapid battery discharge when the voltage decays below the minimum required for regulation. The TPS775xx and TPS776xx quiescent currents remain low even when the regulator drops out, eliminating both problems.

The TPS775xx and TPS776xx families also feature a shutdown mode that places the output in the high-impedance state (essentially equal to the feedback-divider resistance) and reduces quiescent current to 2 μ A. If the shutdown feature is not used, \overline{EN} should be tied to ground.

minimum load requirements

The TPS775xx and TPS776xx families are stable even at zero load; no minimum load is required for operation.

FB—pin connection (adjustable version only)

The FB pin is an input pin to sense the output voltage and close the loop for the adjustable option. The output voltage is sensed through a resistor divider network to close the loop as it is shown in Figure 26. Normally, this connection should be as short as possible; however, the connection can be made near a critical circuit to improve performance at that point. Internally, FB connects to a high-impedance wide-bandwidth amplifier and noise pickup feeds through to the regulator output. Routing the FB connection to minimize/avoid noise pickup is essential.

external capacitor requirements

An input capacitor is not usually required; however, a ceramic bypass capacitor (0.047 μ F or larger) improves load transient response and noise rejection if the TPS775xx or TPS776xx are located more than a few inches from the power supply. A higher-capacitance electrolytic capacitor may be necessary if large (hundreds of milliamps) load transients with fast rise times are anticipated.

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS775xx and TPS776xx require an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance value is 10 μ F and the ESR (equivalent series resistance) must be between 50 m Ω and 1.5 Ω . Capacitor values 10 μ F or larger are acceptable, provided the ESR is less than 1.5 Ω . Solid tantalum electrolytic, aluminum electrolytic, and multilayer ceramic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described previously.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

external capacitor requirements (continued)

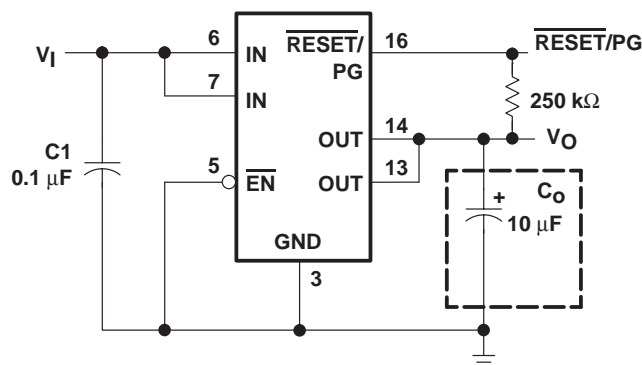


Figure 25. Typical Application Circuit (Fixed Versions)

programming the TPS77x01 adjustable LDO regulator

The output voltage of the TPS77x01 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in Figure 26. The output voltage is calculated using:

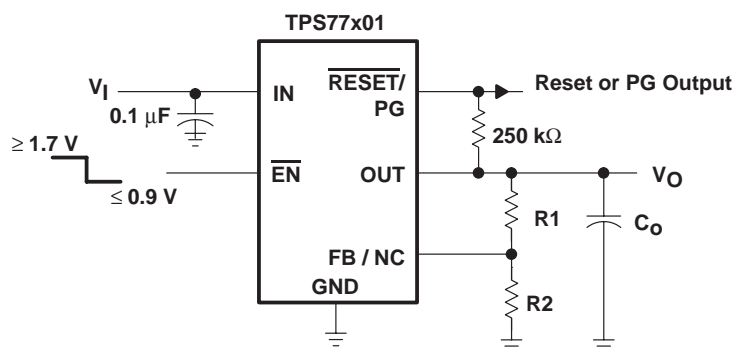
$$V_O = V_{\text{ref}} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \quad (1)$$

Where:

$V_{\text{ref}} = 1.1834 \text{ V typ}$ (the internal reference voltage)

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 10-μA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used but offer no inherent advantage and waste more power. Higher values should be avoided as leakage currents at FB increase the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose R2 = 110 kΩ to set the divider current at approximately 10 μA and then calculate R1 using:

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_O}{V_{\text{ref}}} - 1\right) \times R2 \quad (2)$$



OUTPUT VOLTAGE
PROGRAMMING GUIDE

OUTPUT VOLTAGE	R1	R2	UNIT
2.5 V	121	110	kΩ
3.3 V	196	110	kΩ
3.6 V	226	110	kΩ
4.75 V	332	110	kΩ

Figure 26. TPS77x01 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

APPLICATION INFORMATION

reset indicator

The TPS775xx features a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output that can be used to monitor the status of the regulator. The internal comparator monitors the output voltage: when the output drops to between 92% and 98% of its nominal regulated value, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output transistor turns on, taking the signal low. The open-drain output requires a pullup resistor. If not used, it can be left floating. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ can be used to drive power-on reset circuitry or as a low-battery indicator. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ does not assert itself when the regulated output voltage falls outside the specified 2% tolerance, but instead reports an output voltage low relative to its nominal regulated value (refer to timing diagram for start-up sequence).

power-good indicator

The TPS776xx features a power-good (PG) output that can be used to monitor the status of the regulator. The internal comparator monitors the output voltage: when the output drops to between 92% and 98% of its nominal regulated value, the PG output transistor turns on, taking the signal low. The open-drain output requires a pullup resistor. If not used, it can be left floating. PG can be used to drive power-on reset circuitry or used as a low-battery indicator.

regulator protection

The TPS775xx and TPS776xx PMOS-pass transistors have a built-in back diode that conducts reverse currents when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (e.g., during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. When extended reverse voltage is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

The TPS775xx and TPS776xx also feature internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS775xx and TPS776xx limit output current to approximately 1.7 A. When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package. If the temperature of the device exceeds 150°C(typ), thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled below 130°C(typ), regulator operation resumes.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

power dissipation and junction temperature

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of 125°C; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$, and the actual dissipation, P_D , which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(max)}$.

The maximum-power-dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_{Jmax} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

Where:

T_{Jmax} is the maximum allowable junction temperature.

$R_{\theta JA}$ is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package, and is calculated as

$$\frac{1}{\text{derating factor}} \quad \text{from the dissipation rating tables.}$$

T_A is the ambient temperature.

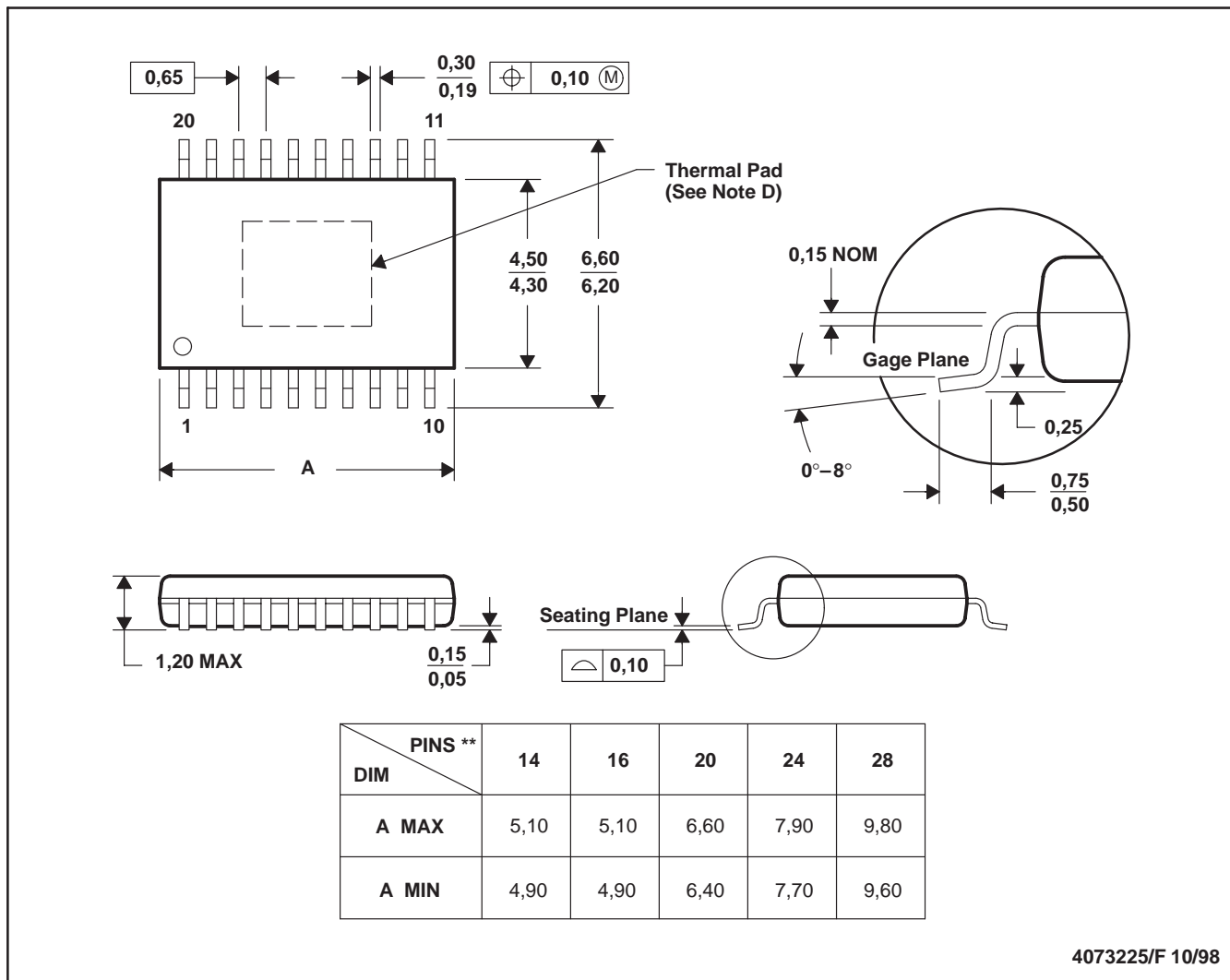
The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

$$P_D = (V_I - V_O) \times I_O$$

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation will trigger the thermal protection circuit.

PWP (R-PDSO-G)****PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE**

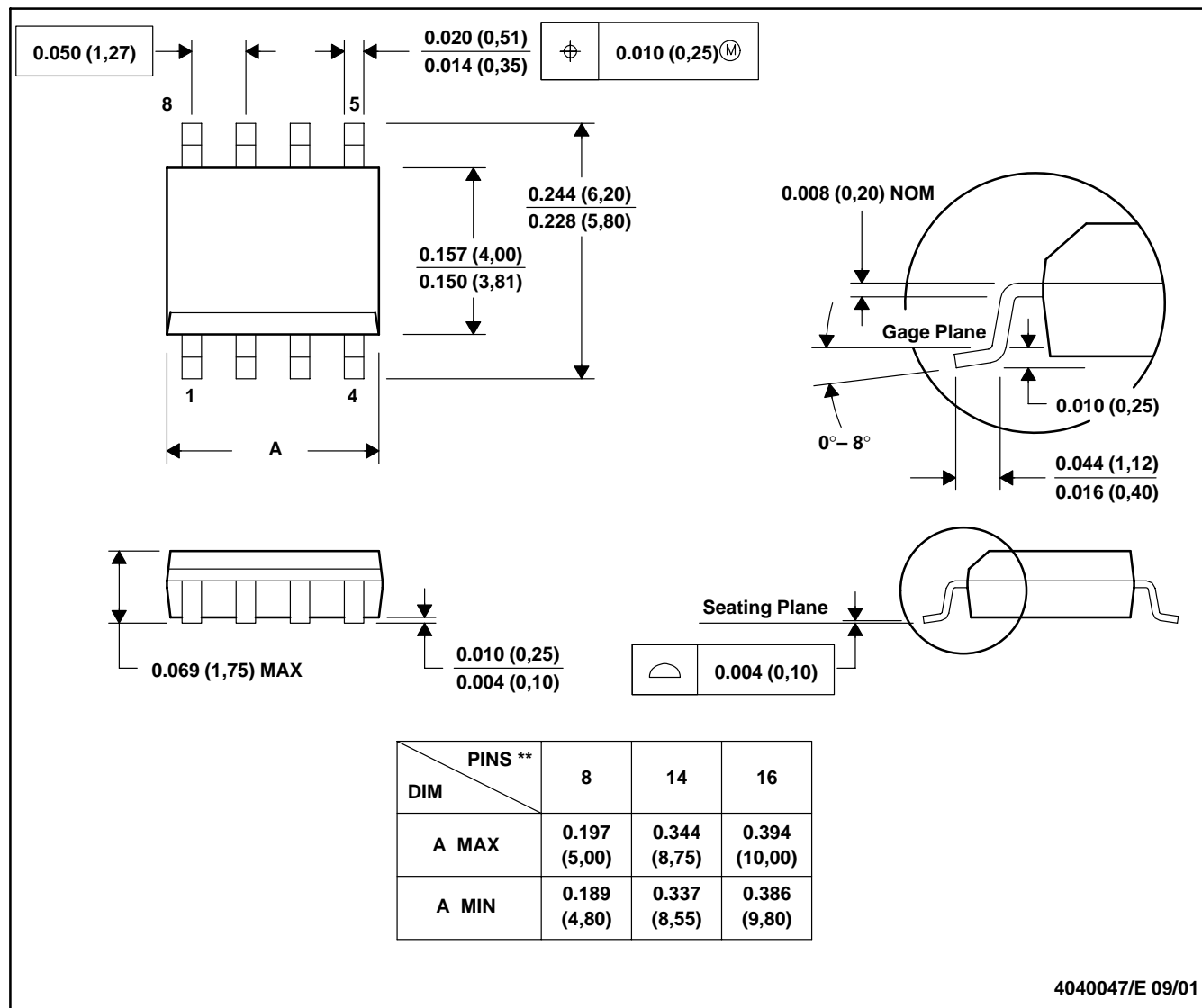
20 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions.
 - The package thermal performance may be enhanced by bonding the thermal pad to an external thermal plane. This pad is electrically and thermally connected to the backside of the die and possibly selected leads.
 - Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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D (R-PDSO-G)****PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE****8 PINS SHOWN**

- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
 D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

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