

# **TAS5026**Six-Channel Digital Audio PWM Processor

## Data Manual

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#### 1 Introduction

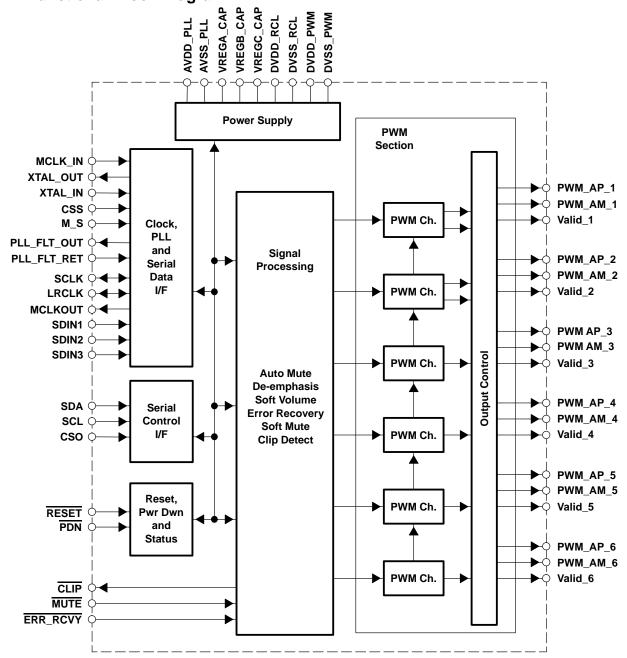
The TAS5026 is an innovative, cost-effective, high-performance 24-bit six-channel digital pulse width modulator (PWM) based on Equibit™ technology. Combined with a TI digital amplifier power stage, these devices use noise-shaping and sophisticated error correction algorithms to achieve high power efficiency and high-performance digital audio reproduction. The TAS5026 is designed to drive up to six digital power devices to provide six channels of digital audio amplification. The digital power devices can be six conventional monolithic power stages (such as TAS5110) or six discrete differential power stages using gate drivers and MOSFETs.

The TAS5026 has six independent volume controls and mute. It is designed to drive a digital amplifier power stage (such as the TAS5182) in an H-bridge (bridge tied load) configuration. The device operates in AD mode. This all-digital audio system contains only two analog components in the signal chain—an LC low-pass filter at each speaker terminal and can provide up to 96-dB SNR at the speaker terminals. The TAS5026 has a wide variety of serial input options including right justified (16, 20, or 24 bit), I2S (16, 20, or 24 bit) left justified, or DSP (16-bit) data formats. The device is fully compatible with AES standard sampling rates of 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 88.2 kHz, 96 kHz, 176.4 kHz, and 192 kHz including de-emphasis for 44.1-kHz and 48-kHz sample rates. The TAS5026 was designed for home theater applications such as DVD minicomponent systems, home theater in a box (HTIB), DVD receiver, A/V receiver, or TV sets.

#### 1.1 Features

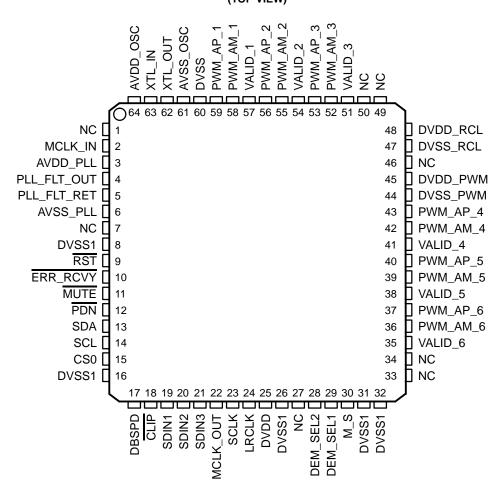
- True Digital Audio Amplifier
- High Quality Audio
  - 96-dB SNR
  - < <0.1% THD+N
- Six-Channel Volume Control
  - Patented Soft Volume
  - Patented Soft Mute
- 16-, 20-, or 24-Bit Input Data
- Sampling Rates: 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 88.2 kHz, 96 kHz, 176.4 kHz, and 192 kHz
- Supports Master and Slave Modes
- 3.3-V Power Supply Operation
- Economical 64-Pin TQFP Package
- Digital De-Emphasis: 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, and 48 kHz
- High Power Efficiency
- Clock Oscillator Circuit for Master Modes
- Low Jitter Internal PLL
- Soft Volume and Mute Update
- Excellent PSRR

#### 1.2 Functional Block Diagram

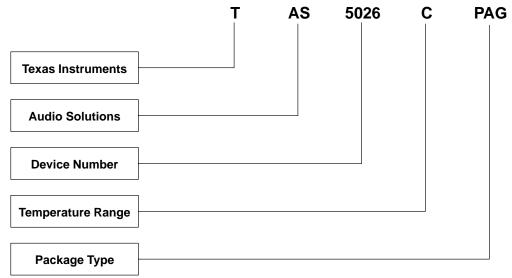


#### 1.3 Terminal Assignments

#### PAG PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### 1.4 Ordering Information



#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

	PACKAGE
TA	PLASTIC 64-PIN TQFP (PAG)
0°C to 70°C	TAS5026CPAG
–40°C to 85°C	TAS5026IPAG

#### 1.5 Terminal Functions

TERMINAL			
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION
AVDD_OSC	64	PWR	Analog power supply for internal oscillator cells
AVDD_PLL	3	PWR	3.3-V analog power supply for PLL
AVSS_OSC	61	AOUT	Analog ground for internal oscillator cells
AVSS_PLL	6	PWR	Analog ground for PLL
CLIP	18	0	Digital clipping indicator, active low
CS0	15	I	I <sup>2</sup> C device address select. This is an active high pin.
DBSPD	17	I	Sample rate is double speed (88.2 kHz or 96 kHz), active high
DM_SEL1	29	I	De-emphasis select bit 1 (0 = none, 01 = 32 kHz, 10 = 44.1 kHz
DM_SEL2	28	I	De-emphasis select bit 2, 10 = 48 kHz, 11= undefined (none)
DVDD_PWM	45	PWR	3.3-V digital power supply for PWM
DVDD_RCL	48	PWR	3.3-V digital power supply for re-clocker
DVDD	25	PWR	3.3-V digital power supply for digital core and most of I/O buffers
DVSS	60	I	Voltage regulator enable, active low
DVSS_PWM	44	PWR	Digital ground for PWM
DVSS_RCL	47	PWR	Digital ground for re-clocker
DVSS1	8, 26, 31, 32	PWR	Digital ground for digital core and most of I/O buffers
ERR_RCVY	10	I	Error recovery, active low
LRCLK	24	I/O	Serial audio data left / right clock (sampling rate clock) (input when M_S = 0; output when M_S = 1)
M_S	30	I	Master/slave mode input signal (master = 1, slave = 0)
MCLK_IN	2	I	MCLK input, slave mode
MCLK_OUT	22	0	MCLK output buffered system clock output M_S = 1; otherwise set to 0

TERMINAL NAME NO.			DECORPTION			
		1/0	DESCRIPTION			
MUTE	11	I	Mute input signal, active low			
NC	1, 7,		No connection			
	27, 49, 50					
PDN	12		Power down. This signal is active low.			
PLL_FLT_OUT	4	i	PLL external filter			
PLL_FLT_RET	5	i	PLL external filter			
PWM_AM_1	58	0	PWM 1 output (differential -); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM AM 2	55	0	PWM 2 output (differential -); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AM_3	52	0	PWM 3 output (differential -); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM AM 4	42	0	PWM 4 output (differential -); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AM_5	39	0	PWM 5 output (differential -); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AM_6	36	0	PWM 6 output (differential -); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AP_1	59	0	PWM 1 output (differential +); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AP_2	56	0	PWM 2 output (differential +); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AP_3	53	0	PWM 3 output (differential +); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AP_4	43	0	PWM 4 output (differential +); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AP_5	40	0	PWM 5 output (differential +); {Positive H-bridge side}			
PWM_AP_6	37	0	PWM 6 output (differential +); {Positive H-bridge side}			
RST	9	I	System reset input. This signal is an active low.			
SCL	14	I	I2C clock signal			
SCLK	23	I/O	Serial audio data clock (master mode = output, slave mode = input)			
SDA	13	I/O	I2C data signal			
SDIN1	19	I	Serial audio data 1 input			
SDIN2	20	I	Serial audio data 2 input			
SDIN3	21	I	Serial audio data 3 input			
VALID_1	57	0	Output indicating validity of PWM outputs, channel 1, active high			
VALID_2	54	0	Output indicating validity of PWM outputs, channel 2, active high			
VALID_3	51	0	Output indicating validity of PWM outputs, channel 3, active high			
VALID_4	41	0	Output indicating validity of PWM outputs, channel 4, active high			
VALID_5	38	0	Output indicating validity of PWM outputs, channel 5, active high			
VALID_6	35	0	Output indicating validity of PWM outputs, channel 6, active high			
XTL_IN	63	AIN	Crystal or TTL level clock input			
XTL_OUT	62	AOUT	Crystal output (not for external usage)			

#### 2 Architecture Overview

The TAS5026 is composed of six functional elements:

- Clock, PLL, and serial data interface (IIS)
- Reset/power down circuitry
- Serial control interface (IIC)
- · Signal processing unit
- Pulse width modulator (PWM)
- Power supply

#### 2.1 Clock and Serial Data Interface

The TAS5026 clock and serial data interface contains an input serial data slave and the clock master/ slave interface.

The serial data slave interface receives information from a digital source such as a DSP, S/PDIF receiver, analog-to-digital converter (ADC), digital audio processor (DAP) such as the TAS3103, or other serial bus master at sample rates of for sample rates of 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 88.2 kHz, 96 kHz,176.4 kHz, and 192 kHz. The serial data interface has three serial data inputs that can accept up to six channels of data. The serial data interfaces support left justified and right justified for 16-, 20-, and 24-bits. In addition, the serial data interfaces support the DSP protocol for 16 bits and the I2S protocal for 24 bits. The received data is data passed to the TAS5026 signal-processing unit.

The TAS5026 can function as a receiver or a generator for the MCLK\_IN (master clock), SCLK (shift clock), and LRCLK (left/right clock) signals that control the flow of data on the three serial data interfaces. The TAS5026 is a clock master when it generates these clocks and is a clock slave when it receives these clocks.

The TAS5026 is a synchronous design that relies upon master clock to provide a reference clock for all of the device operations. When operating as a slave, this reference clock is MCLK\_IN. When operating as a master, the reference clock is either TTL clock input to XTAL\_IN or a crystal attached across XTAL\_IN and XTAL\_OUT.

If the master clock stops, the TAS5026 will perform a clock error recovery sequence. The clock error recovery sequence temporarily suspends processing, places the PWM outputs in a hard mute (PWM\_P outputs are low; PWM\_M outputs are high, and all VALID signals are low), resets all internal processes, sets the volumes to mute, and suspends all I<sup>2</sup>C operations.

When the master clock is resumed, the TAS5026 exits the clock error recovery sequence by performing a 4.3-ms partial re-initialization, noiselessly restarting the PWM output, and ramping the volume up to the level specified in the volume control registers. The volume update is performed over a 43-ms. interval. The TAS5026 preserves all control register settings that were set prior to the clock interruption.

If a clock error occurs while the ERR\_RCVRY pin is asserted (LOW), the TAS5026 will perform the error recovery sequence up to the unmute sequence. In this case, the volume remains at full attenuation with the PWM output at a 50% duty cycle. The volume can be restored from this state by triggering a mute/unmute sequence via the mute pin LOW then HIGH.

The clock and serial data interface has two control parameters: data sample rate and clock master or slave.

#### 2.1.1 Normal-Speed, Double-Speed, and Quad-Speed Selection

The sampling rate is selected through a pin (DBSPD) or the serial control register 0 (X02). When a sample rate is selected, the system automatically performs an error recovery sequence and switches to the new sampling rate. As shown in subsequent sections, the sample rate control sets the frequencies of the SCLK and LRCLK in clock slave mode and the output frequencies of SCLK and LRCLK in clock master mode.

During the error recovery sequence, the TAS5026 temporarily suspends processing, places the PWM outputs in a hard mute (PWM P outputs LOW; PWM M outputs HIGH, and all VALID signals LOW), resets all internal processes, and suspends all I<sup>2</sup>C operations. The TAS5026 then performs a 4.3-ms partial re-initialization and noiselessly restarts the PWM output. The TAS5026 preserves all control register settings through out the error recovery sequence.



There are three data rates: normal speed, double speed, and quad speed.

Normal-speed mode supports data rates of 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, and 48 kHz. Normal speed is supported in the master and slave modes. The PWM is placed in normal speed by setting the DBSPD terminal low or by setting the normal mode bits in the system control register through the serial control interface. Following this operation, the PWM performs an error recovery sequence automatically and operates in the normal speed mode.

Double-speed mode is used to support sampling rates of 88.2 kHz and 96 kHz. Double speed is supported in master and slave modes. The PWM is placed in double speed mode by setting the DBSPD terminal high or by setting the double speed bits in the system control register through the serial control interface. Following this operation, the PWM performs an error recovery sequence automatically and operate in double speed mode.

Quad-speed mode is used to support sampling rates of 176.4 kHz and 192 kHz. Quad-speed mode is auto detected supported in slave mode and invoked by control in master mode in slave mode, if the device is not in double speed mode, quad-speed mode is automatically detected when MCLK\_IN is 128Fs. In master mode, the PWM is placed in quad-speed mode by setting the quad-speed bit in the system control register through the serial control interface.

	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	-
QUAD-SPEED CONTROL REGISTER BIT			SPEED SELECTION
0	0	Master or slave	Normal speed
0	1	Master or slave	Double speed
1	0	Master or slave	Quad speed
0	0	Slave	Quad speed if MCLK_IN = 128Fs
1	1	Master or slave	Error

Table 2–1. Normal-Speed, Double-Speed, and Quad-Speed Operation

#### 2.1.2 Clock Master/Slave Mode (M\_S)

Clock master and slave mode can be invoked using the M\_S (master slave) terminal.

This terminal specifies the default mode that is set immediately following a device RESET. The serial data interface setting permits the clock generation mode to be changed during normal operation.

The transition to master mode occurs:

Following a RESET when M\_S terminal has a logic high applied

The transition to slave mode occurs:

Following a RESET when M\_S terminal has a logic low applied

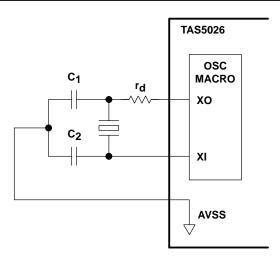
#### 2.1.3 Clock Master Mode

When M\_S = 1 following a RESET, the TAS5026 provides the master clock, SCLK, and LRCLK to the rest of the system. In the master mode, the TAS5026 outputs the audio system clocks MCLK\_OUT, SCLK, and LRCLK.

The TAS5026 device generates these clocks plus its internal clocks from the internal phase-locked loop (PLL). The reference clock for the PLL can be provided by either an external clock source (attached to XTAL\_IN) or a crystal (connected across terminals XTAL\_IN and XTAL\_OUT). The external source attached to MCLK\_IN is 256 times (128 in quad mode) the data sample rate (Fs). The SCLK frequency is 64 times the data sample rate and the SCLK frequency of 48 times the data sample rate is not supported in the master mode. The LRCLK frequency is the data sample rate.

#### 2.1.3.1 Crystal Type and Circuit

In clock master mode the TAS5026 can derive the MCLKOUT, SCLK, and LRCLK from a crystal. In this case, the TAS5026 uses a parallel-mode fundamental-mode crystal. This crystal is connected to the TAS5026 as shown in Figure 2–1.



 $r_d$  = Drive level control resistor – crystal vendor specified  $C_L$  = Crystal load capacitance (capacitance of circuitry between the two terminals of the crystal)  $C_L$  =  $(C_1 \times C_2)/(C_1 + C_2) + C_S$  (where  $C_S$  = board stray capacitance ~ 3 pF) Example: Vendor recommended  $C_L$  = 18 pF,  $C_S$  = 3 pF  $\geq$   $C_1$  =  $C_2$  = 2 x (18–3) = 30 pF

Figure 2-1. Crystal Circuit

#### 2.1.4 Clock Slave Mode

In the slave mode ( $M_S = 0$ ), the master clock, LRCLK, and SCLK are inputs to the TAS5026. The master clock is supplied through the MCLK IN terminal.

As in the master mode, the TAS5026 device developed its internal timing from internal phase-locked loop (PLL). The reference clock for the PLL is provided by the input to the MCLK\_IN terminal. This input is at a frequency of 256 times (128 in quad mode) the input data rate. The SCLK frequency is 48 or 64 times the data sample rate. The LRCLK frequency is the data sample rate. The TAS5026 does not require any specific phase relationship between SRCLK and MCLK\_IN, but there must be synchronization.

The TAS5026 monitors the relationship between MCLK, SCLK and LRCLK. The TAS5026 detects if any of the three clocks are absent, if LRCLK rate changes more the  $\pm 10$  MCLK cycles since the last device reset or clock error recovery, or if MCLK frequency is changing substantially with respect to the PLL frequency. When a clock error is detected the TAS5026 performs a clock error recovery sequence. If one or more of the clock signals are absent, the TAS5026 is held with the outputs in hard mute until the clock is resumed. Once the clock is resumed, the clock error recover sequence is completed.

#### NOTE:

The detection of a clock error causes the TAS5026 to perform an immediate hard mute and suspension of all processes. This abrupt transition can produce a faint click as the outputs are muted.

Since the clocks are removed when changing media or during input selection, it is possible to use this knowledge to completely eliminate clicks in these conditions. In this case, the click is prevented by muting the outputs by using the MUTE terminal or the I<sup>2</sup>C /MUTE command 43 ms in advance of the clocks being removed.

In the slave mode, MCLK OUT is driven low.

Table 2–2 shows all the possible master and slave modes. When operating in quad mode (Fs = 176.4 kHz or 192 kHz), the device works in slave mode only with MCLK\_IN = 128 Fs.

Table 2–3 shows the clocks speed for normal, double and guad modes.



Table 2-2. Master and Slave Clock Modes

DESCRIPTION	M_S	DBSPD	XTL_IN (MHz)†	MCLK_IN (MHz)‡	SCLK (MHz)¶	LRCLK (kHz)¶	MCLK_OUT (MHz)#
Internal PLL, master, normal speed	1	0	8.192	-	2.048	32	8.192
Internal PLL, master, normal speed	1	0	11.2896	-	2.8224	44.1	11.2896
Internal PLL, master, normal speed	1	0	12.288	-	3.072	48	12.288
Internal PLL, master, double speed	1	1	-	22.5792§	5.6448	88.2	22.5792
Internal PLL, master, double speed	1	1	-	24.576§	6.144	96	24.576
Internal PLL, master, quad speed	1	0	-	22.5792	11.2896	176.4	22.5792
Internal PLL, master, quad speed	1	0	-	24.576	12.288	192	24.576
Internal PLL, slave, normal speed	0	0	-	8.192§	2.0484	32	Digital GND
Internal PLL, slave, normal speed	0	0	-	11.2896§	2.8224	44.1	Digital GND
Internal PLL, slave, normal speed	0	0	-	12.288§	3.072	48	Digital GND
Internal PLL, slave, double speed	0	1	-	22.5792	5.6448	88.2	Digital GND
Internal PLL, slave, double speed	0	1	-	24.576§	6.144	96	Digital GND
Internal PLL, slave, quad speed	0	0	-	22.5792§	11.2896	176	Digital GND
Internal PLL, slave, quad speed	0	0	-	24.576§	12.288	192	Digital GND
External PLL, master, normal speed	1	0	-	-	2.048	32	8.192
External PLL, master, normal speed	1	0	-	-	2.8224	44.1	11.2896
External PLL, master, normal speed	1	0	-	-	3.072	48	12.288
External PLL, master, double speed	1	1	-	-	5.6448	88.2	22.5792
External PLL, master, double speed	1	1	-	-	6.144	96	24.576
External PLL, master, quad speed	1	0	-	-	11.2896	176.4	22.5792
External PLL, master, quad speed	1	0	-	-	12.288	192	24.576
External PLL, slave, normal speed	0	0	-	8.192§	2.0484	32	Digital GND
External PLL, slave, normal speed	0	0	-	11.2896§	2.8224	44.1	Digital GND
External PLL, slave, normal speed	0	0	-	12.288§	3.072	48	Digital GND
External PLL, slave, double speed	0	1	-	22.5792	5.6448	88.2	Digital GND
External PLL, slave, double speed	0	1	-	24.576§	6.144	96	Digital GND
External PLL, slave, quad speed	0	0	-	22.5792§	11.2896	176	Digital GND
External PLL, slave, quad speed	0	0	-	24.576§	12.288	192	Digital GND

Table 2-3. LRCLK, MCLK\_IN, and External PLL Rates

NORMAL SPEED (kHz)					DOUBLE SPEED (kHz)				QUAD SPEED (kHz)		
LRCLK	1FS	32	44.1	48	1FS	64	88.2	96	1FS	176.4	192
MCLK_IN	256FS	8,192	11,289.6	12,288	256FS	16,384	22,579.2	24,576	128FS	22,579.2	24,576
EXT. PLL	2048FS	65,536	90,316.8	98,304	1024FS	65,536	90,316.8	98,304	512FS	90,316.8	98,304

<sup>†</sup> A crystal oscillator is connected to XTL\_IN.

‡ MCLK\_IN tied low when input to XTL\_IN is provided; XTL\_IN tied low when MCLK\_IN\_IN is provided.

<sup>§</sup> External MCLK\_IN connected to MCLK\_IN\_IN input

<sup>¶</sup> SCLK and LRCLK are outputs when M\_S=1, and inputs when M\_S=0.

<sup>#</sup> MCLK\_OUT is driven low when M\_S=0.

<sup>||</sup> Quad-speed mode is detected automatically.

**<sup>★</sup>SCLK** can be 48 or 64 times Fs

#### 2.1.5 PLL Filter

A low jitter PLL produces the internal timing of the TAS5026 (when in master mode), the master clock, SCLK, and LRCLK. Connections for the PLL external loop filter are provided through PLL\_FLT\_OUT and PLL FLT RET as shown in Figure 2–2.

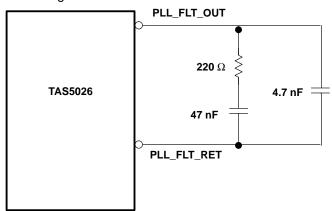


Figure 2-2. External PLL Loop Filter

#### 2.1.6 DCLK

DCLK is the internal high frequency clock that is produced by the PLL circuitry from MCLK. The TAS5026 uses the DCLK to control all internal operations. DCLK is 8 times the speed of MCLK in normal speed mode, 4 times MCLK in double speed, and 2 times MCLK in quad speed. With respect to the I<sup>2</sup>C addressable registers, DCLK clock cycles are used to specify Interchannel delay and to detect when the MCLK is frequency is drifting. Table 2–4 DCLK shows the relationship between Sample Rate, MCLK and DCLK.

FS (kHz)	MCLK (MHz)	DCLK (MHz)	DCK Period (ns)
32	8.1920	65.5360	15.3
44.1	11.2896	90.3168	11.1
48	12.2880	98.3040	10.2
88	22.5280	90.1120	11.1
96	24.5760	98.3040	10.2
192	49.1520	98.3040	10.2

Table 2-4. DCLK

#### 2.1.7 Serial Data Interface

The TAS5026 operates as a slave only/receive only serial data interface in all modes. The TAS5026 has three PCM serial data interfaces to accept six channels of digital data though the SDIN1, SDIN2, SDIN3 inputs. The serial audio data is in MSB first; 2's complement format.

The serial data interfaces of the TAS5026 can be configured in right justified, I<sup>2</sup>S, left-justified, or DSP modes. This interface supports 32-kHz, 44.1-kHz, 48-kHz, 88-kHz, 96-kHz, 176.4-kHz, and 192-kHz data sample rates. The serial data interface format is specified using the data interface control register. The supported word lengths are shown in Table 2–5.

During normal operating conditions if the serial data interface settings change state, an error recovery sequence is initiated.



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Table 2-3. Supported Word Lengths						
DATA MODES	WORD LENGTHS	MOD2	MOD1	MOD0		
Right justified, MSB first	16	0	0	0		
Right justified, MSB first	20	0	0	1		
Right justified, MSB first	24	0	1	0		
l <sup>2</sup> S	16	0	1	1		
l <sup>2</sup> S	20	1	0	0		
l <sup>2</sup> S	24	1	0	1		
Left justified, MSB first	24	1	1	0		
DSP frame	16	1	1	1		

Table 2-5 Supported Word Lengths

#### I<sup>2</sup>S Timing 2.1.7.1

I<sup>2</sup>S timing uses an LRCLK to define when the data being transmitted is for the left channel and when it is for the right channel. The LRCLK is low for the left channel and high for the right channel. A bit clock running at 48 or 64 times Fs is used to clock in the data. There is a delay of one bit clock from the time the LRCLK signal changes state to the first bit of data on the data lines. The data is written MSB first and is valid on the rising edge of the bit clock. The TAS5026 masks unused trailing data bit positions. Master mode only supports a 64 times Fs bit clock.

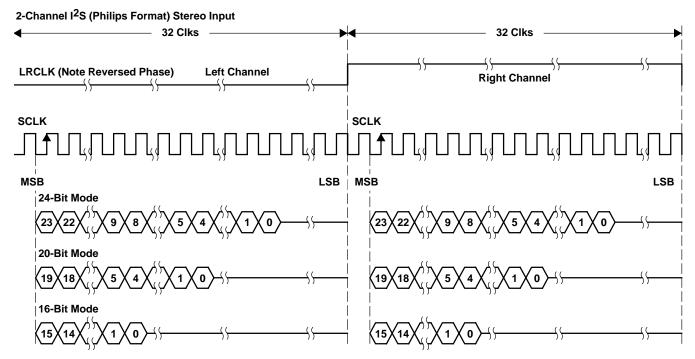


Figure 2-3. I<sup>2</sup>S 64-Fs Format

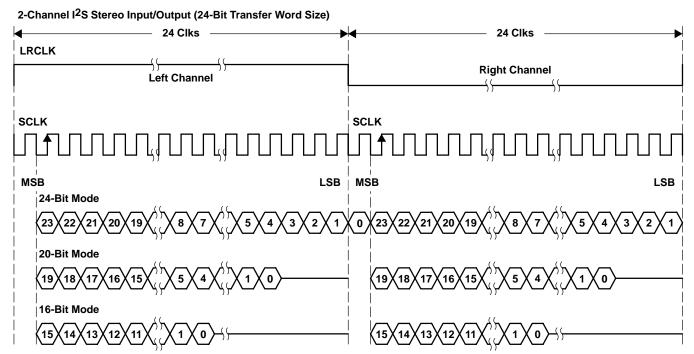
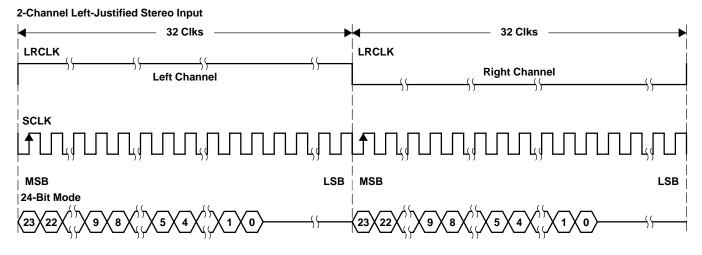


Figure 2-4. I<sup>2</sup>S 48-Fs Format

#### 2.1.7.2 Left-Justified Timing

Left-justified (LJ) timing uses an LRCLK to define when the data being transmitted is for the left channel and when it is for the right channel. The LRCLK is high for the left channel and low for the right channel. A bit clock running at 48 or 64 times Fs is used to clock in the data. The first bit of data appears on the data lines at the same time the LRCLK toggles. The data is written MSB first and is valid on the rising edge of the bit clock. The TAS5026 masks unused trailing data bit positions. Master mode only supports a 64 times Fs bit clock.



NOTE: All data presented in 2s complement form with MSB first.

Figure 2–5. Left-Justified 64-Fs Format

#### 2-Channel Left-Justified Stereo Input/Output (24-Bit Transfer Word Size)

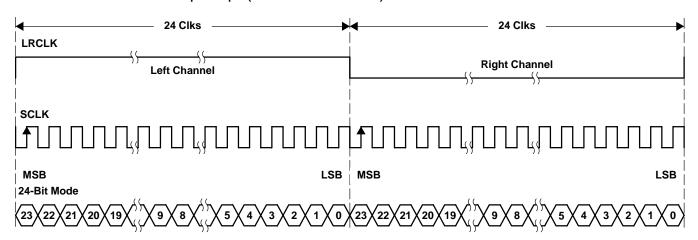
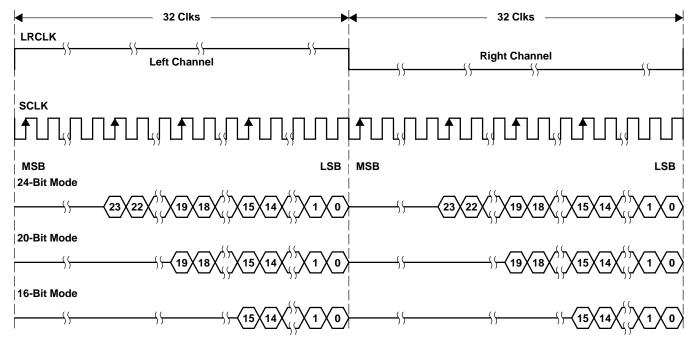


Figure 2-6. Left-Justified 48-Fs Format

#### 2.1.7.3 Right-Justified Timing

Right-justified (RJ) timing uses an LRCLK to define when the data being transmitted is for the left channel and when it is for the right channel. The LRCLK is high for the left channel and low for the right channel. A bit clock running at 48 or 64 times Fs is used to clock in the data. The first bit of data appears on the data 8-bit clock periods (for 24-bit data) after LRCLK toggles. In RJ mode, the last bit clock before LRCLK transitions always clocks the LSB of data. The data is written MSB first and is valid on the rising edge of bit clock. The TAS5026 masks unused leading data bit positions. Master mode only supports a 64 times Fs bit clock.

#### 2-Channel Right-Justified (Sony Format) Stereo Input



NOTE: All data presented in 2s complement form with MSB first.

Figure 2-7. Right-Justified 64-Fs Format

### 24 Clks **LRCLK Right Channel Left Channel SCLK MSB** LSB **MSB** LSB 24-Bit Mode 20-Bit Mode 16-Bit Mode

2-Channel Right-Justified Stereo Input/Output (24-Bit Transfer Word Size)

NOTE: All data presented in 2s complement form with MSB first.

Figure 2-8. Right-Justified 48-Fs Format

#### 2.1.7.4 **DSP Mode Timing**

DSP mode timing uses an LRCLK to define when data is to be transmitted for both channels. A bit clock running at  $64 \times Fs$  is used to clock in the data. The first bit of the left channel data appears on the data lines following the LRCLK transition. The data is written MSB first and is valid on the rising edge of the bit clock. The TAS5026 masks unused trailing data bit positions.

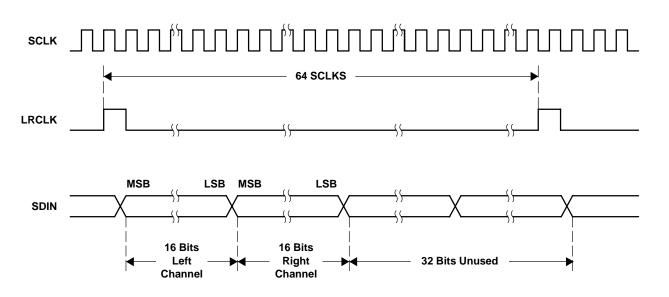


Figure 2-9. DSP Format

#### 2.2 Reset, Power Down, and Status

The reset, power down, and status circuitry provides the necessary controls to bring the TAS5026 to the initial inactive condition, achieve low power standby, and report system status.

#### 2.2.1 Reset—RESET

The TAS5026 is placed in the reset mode by setting the RESET terminal low.

RESET is an asynchronous control signal that restores the TAS5026 to its default conditions, sets the valid 1–6 outputs low, and places the PWM in the hard mute state. Volume is immediately set to full attenuation (there is no ramp down).

As long as the RESET terminal is held low, the device is in the reset state. During reset, all I<sup>2</sup>C and serial data bus operations are ignored. Table 2–6 shows the device output signals while RESET is active.

Upon the release of RESET, if POWER\_DWN is high, the system performs a 4-ms to 5-ms device initialization and then ramps the volume up to 0 db using a soft volume update sequence. If MCLK\_IN is not active when RESET is released high, then a 4-ms to 5-ms initialization sequence is produced once MCLK\_IN becomes active.

During device initialization all controls are reset to their initial states. Table 2–7 shows the control settings that are changed during initialization.

RESET should be applied during power-up initialization or while changing the master slave clock states.

SIGNAL	MODE	SIGNAL STATE
Valid 1-Valid 6	All	Low
PWM P-outputs	All	Low
PWM M-outputs	All	Low
MCLKOUT	All	Low
SCLK	Master	Low
SCLK	Slave	Signal input
LRCLK	Master	Low
LRCLK	Slave	Signal input
SDA	All	Signal input
CLIP	All	High

Table 2-6. Device Outputs During Reset

Because the RESET is an asynchronous control signal, small clicks and pops can be produced during the application (the leading edge) of this control. However, when RESET is released, the transition from the hard mute state back to normal operation is performed synchronously using a quiet sequence.

If a completely quiet reset sequence is desired, MUTE should be applied before applying RESET.

Table 2-7. Values Set During Reset

CONTROL	SETTING
Volume	0 dB
MCLK_IN frequency	256
Master/slave mode	M_S terminal state
Auto mute	Enabled
De-emphasis	None
DC offset	0
Interchannel delay	Each channel set at 16 clocks higher then preceding channel

#### 2.2.2 Power Down—PDN

The TAS5026 can be placed into the power-down mode by holding the  $\overline{PDN}$  terminal low. When power-down mode is entered, both the PLL and the oscillator are shut down. Volume is immediately set to full attenuation (there is no ramp down). The valid 1–6 outputs are immediately asserted low and the PWM outputs are placed in the hard mute state.  $\overline{PDN}$  initiates device power down without clock inputs. As long as the  $\overline{PDN}$  terminal is held low—the device is in the power-down (hard mute) state.

During power down, all I<sup>2</sup>C and serial data bus operations are ignored. Table 2–8 shows the device output signals while PDN is active.

	•	•
SIGNAL	MODE	SIGNAL STATE
Valid 1-Valid 6	All	Low
PWM P-outputs	All	Low
PWM M-outputs	All	Low
MCLKOUT	All	Low
SCLK	Master	Low
SCLK	Slave	Signal input
LRCLK	Master	Low
LRCLK	Slave	Signal input
SDA	All	Signal input
CLIP	All	High

Table 2-8. Device Outputs During Power Down

To place the device in total power-down mode, both RESET and power-down modes must be enabled. Prior to bringing PDN high, RESET must be brought low for a minimum of 50 ns.

Because  $\overline{PDN}$  is an asynchronous control signal, small clicks and pops can be produced during the application (the leading edge) of this control. However, when  $\overline{PDN}$  is released, the transition from the hard mute state back to normal operation is performed synchronously using a quiet sequence.

If a completely quiet reset sequence is desired, MUTE should be applied before applying PDN.

#### 2.2.2.1 Recovery Time Options

To support the requirements of various system configurations, the TAS5026 can come up to the normal state after either a long (100 ms) or a short (5 ms) delay.

1. In the first case, a slow system (95 ms to 100 ms) start-up occurs at the end of the power-down sequence when:

RESET is high for at least 16 MCLK IN periods before PDN goes high.

2. Otherwise a fast (4 ms to 5 ms) start up occurs.

**NOTE:** If MCLK\_IN is not active when both of these signals are released high, then a a fast (4 ms to 5 ms) start up occurs once MCLK\_IN becomes active.

#### 2.2.3 Status Registers

The TAS5026 provides device identification and operational status information that is accessible through the serial control interface status registers that provide general device information.

**Device ID**—The TAS5026 provides a device identification code that is accessible through the serial control interface

Volume Update is in Progress—Whenever a volume change is in progress, this status bit is high.

**No Internal Errors (All Valid Signals are High)**—When there are no internal errors in the TAS5026 and all outputs are valid, this status bit is high.

**LRCLK Error**—When there are the MCLK\_IN rate changes more than ±10 MCLK\_IN cycles from the correct number of cycles (128 or 256) per LRCLK cycle

**MCLK\_IN Error**—When the MCLK\_IN frequency changes such that it is out of synchronization with internal PLL generated clock



TAS5026

#### 2.3 Signal Processing

This section contains the signal processing functions that are contained in the TAS5026. The signal processing is performed using a high-speed 24-bit signal processing architecture. The TAS5026 performs the following signal processing features:

- Individual channel soft volume with a range of 24 dB to −114 dB plus mute
- Soft mute
- Auto mute
- 50-μs/15-μs de-emphasis filter supported in the sampling rates 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, and 48 kHz

#### 2.3.1 Volume Control

The gain of each output can be adjusted by a soft digital volume control for each channel. Volume adjustments are performed using a soft gain update s-curve, which is approximated using a second order filter fit. The curve fit is performed over a transition interval between 41 ms and 65 ms.

The volume of each channel can be adjusted from mute to 24 dB to –114 dB in 0.5 dB steps. Because of the numerical representation that is used to control the volume, at very low volume levels the step size increases for gains of that are less than –96 dB. The default volume setting following power up or reset is 0 dB for all channels. The step size increases linearly up to approximately –90 dB, see Figure 2–10.

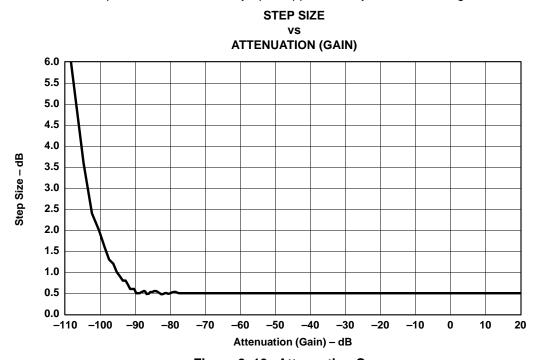


Figure 2–10. Attenuation Curve

The volume control format for each channel is expressed in 8 bits. The volume for each channel is set by writing 8 bits via the serial control interface. The MSB bit is written first as in the bit position 0 (LSB position).

The volume for each channel can be set using a single or multiple address write operation to the volume control register via the serial control interface. To change the volume of all six channels requires that 6 registers be updated.

To coordinate the volume adjustment of multiple channels simultaneously, the TAS5026 performs a delayed volume update upon receiving a volume change command. Following the completion of the register volume write operations, the TAS5026 waits for 5 ms for another volume command to be given. If no volume command is issued in that period of time, the TAS5026 starts adjusting the volume of the channels that received volume settings.

While a volume update is being performed, the system status register indicates that the update is in progress. During the update, all subsequent volume control setting requests that are sent to the TAS5026 are received and stored as a single next value for a subsequent update. If more than one volume setting request is sent, only the last is retained.

Table 2-9. Volume Register

	VOLUME REGISTER												
D 7	D 6	D 5	D 4	D 3	D 2	D 1	D 0						
Vol	Vol	Vol	Vol	Vol	Vol	Vol	Vol						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0						

#### 2.3.2 Mute

The application of mute ramps the volume from any setting to noiseless hard mute state. There are two methods in which the TAS5026 can be placed into mute. The TAS5026 is placed in the noiseless mute when the  $\overline{\text{MUTE}}$  terminal is asserted low for a minimum of 3 MCLK\_IN cycles. Alternatively, the mute mode can be initiated by setting the mute bit in the system control register through the serial control interface. The TAS5026 is held in mute state as long as the terminal is low or I<sup>2</sup>C mute setting is active. This command uses quiet entry and exit sequences to and from the hard mute state.

If an error recovery (described in the PWM section) occurs after a mute request has been received, the device returns from error recovery with the channel volume set as specified by the mute command.

#### 2.3.3 Auto Mute

Auto mute is an automatic sequence that can be enabled or disabled via the serial control interface. The default for this control is enabled. When enabled, the PWM auto mutes an individual channel when a channel receives from 5 ms to 50 ms of consecutive zeros. This time interval can be selectable using the auto mute delay register. The default interval is 5 ms at 48 kHz. This duration is independent of the sample rate. The auto mute state is exited when two consecutive samples of nonzero data are received.

This mode uses the valid low to provide a low-noise floor while maintaining a short startup time. Noise free entry and exit is achieved by using the PWM quiet start and stop sequences.

#### 2.3.4 Individual Channel Mute

Individual channel mute is invoked through the serial interface. Individual channel mute permits each channel of the TAS5026 to be individually muted and unmuted. The operation that is performed is identical to the mute operation; however, it is performed on a per channel basis. A TAS5026 channel is held in the mute state as long as the serial interface mute setting for that channel is set.

#### 2.3.5 De-Emphasis Filter

For audio sources that have been pre-emphasized, a precision 50-μs/15-μs de-emphasis filter is provided to support the sampling rates of 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, and 48 kHz. See Figure 2–11 for a graph showing the de-emphasis filtering characteristics. De-emphasis is set using two bits in the system control register.

Table 2–10. De-Emphasis Filter Characteristics

DEM_SEL2 (MSB)	DEM_SEL1	DESCRIPTION
0	0	De-emphasis disabled
0	1	De-emphasis enabled for Fs = 48 kHz
1	0	De-emphasis enabled for Fs = 44 kHz
1	1	De-emphasis enabled for Fs = 32 kHz

Following the change of state of the de-emphasis bits, the PWM outputs go into the soft mute state. After 128 LRCLK periods for initialization, the PWM outputs are driven to the normal (unmuted) mode.



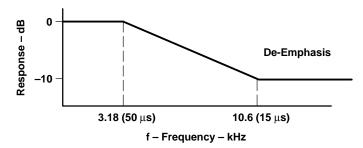


Figure 2-11. De-Emphasis Filter Characteristics

#### 2.4 Pulse Width Modulator (PWM)

The TAS5026 contains six channels of high performance digital Equibit PWM modulators that are designed to drive switching output stages (back ends) in both single-ended (SE) and H-bridge (bridge tied load) configuration. The TAS5026 device uses noise shaping and sophisticated error correction algorithms to achieve high power efficiency and high-performance digital audio reproduction.

The PWM provides six pseudo-differential outputs to drive six monolithic power stages (such as TAS5110) or six discrete differential power stages using of gate drivers (such as the TAS5182) and MOSFETs in single-ended or bridged configurations. The TAS5026 also provides a high performance differential output that can be used to drive an external analog headphone amplifier.

#### 2.4.1 Clipping Indicator

The clipping output is designed to indicate clipping. When any of the six PWM outputs exceeds the maximum allowable amplitude, the clipping indicator is asserted. The clipping indicator is cleared every 10 ms.

#### 2.4.2 Error Recovery

Error recovery is used to provide error management and to permit the PWM output to be reset while preserving all inter-volume, inter-channel delay, dc offsets, and the other internal settings. Error recovery is initiated by bringing the ERR\_RCVRY terminal low for a minimum 5 MCLK\_IN cycles or by setting the error recovery bit in control register 1. Error recovery is a level sensitive signal.

The device also performs an error recovery automatically:

- When the speed configuration is changed to normal, double, or guad speed
- Following a change in the serial data bus interface configuration

When ERR\_RCVRY is brought low, all valid signals go low, and the PWM-P and PWM-M outputs go low. If there are any pending speed configurations, these changes are then performed. When ERR\_RCVRY is brought high, a delay of 4 ms to 5 ms is performed before the system starts the output re-initialization sequence. After the initialization time, the TAS5026 begins normal operation. During error recovery, all controls and device settings that were not updated are maintained in their current configurations.

To permit error recovery to be used to provide TAS5100 error management and recovery, the delay between the start of (falling edge) error recovery and the falling edge of valid 1 though valid 6 is selectable. This delay can be selected to be either 6  $\mu$ s or 47  $\mu$ s.

During error recovery all serial data bus operations are ignored. At the conclusion of the sequence, the error recovery register bit is returned to normal operation state. Table 2–11 shows the device output signal states while during error recovery.

Table 2-11. Device Outputs During Error Recovery

	•	<u> </u>
SIGNAL	MODE	SIGNAL STATE
Valid 1-Valid 6	All	Low

PWM P-outputs	All	Low
PWM M-outputs	All	Low
MCLKOUT	All	Low
SCLK	Master	Low
SCLK	Slave	Signal input
LRCLK	Master	Low
LRCLK	Slave	Signal input
SDA	All	Signal input
CLIP	All	High

The transitions are done using a quiet entrance and exit sequence to prevent pops and clicks.

#### 2.4.3 Individual Channel Error Recovery

Individual channel error recovery is used to provide error management and to permit the PWM output to be turned off. Error recovery is initiated by setting one or more of the six error recovery bits in the error recovery register to low.

While the error recover bits are brought low, the valid signals goes to the low state. When the error recovery bits are brought high, a delay of 4 ms to 5 ms occurs before the channels are returned to normal operation.

The delay between the falling edge of the error recover bit and the falling edge of valid 1 though valid 6 is selectable. This delay can be selected to be either 6  $\mu$ s or 47  $\mu$ s.

The TAS5026 controls the relative timing of the pseudo-differential drive control signals plus the valid signal to minimize the production of system noise during error recovery operations. The transitions to valid low and valid high are done using an almost quiet entrance and exit sequence to prevent pops and clicks.

#### 2.4.4 PWM DC-Offset Correction

An 8-bit value can be programmed to each of the six PWM offset correction registers to correct for any offset present in the output stages. The offset correction is divided into 256 intervals with a total offset correction of  $\pm 1.56\%$  of full scale. The default value is zero correction represented by 00 (hex). These values can be changed at any time through the serial control interface.

#### 2.4.5 Inter-Channel Delay

An 8-bit value can be programmed to each of the six PWM inter-channel delay registers to add a delay per channel from 0 to 255 clock cycles. The delays correspond to cycles of the high-speed internal clock, DCLK (or alternatively the external PLL clock frequency). Each subsequent channel has a default value that is N DCLKs larger than the preceding channel. The default values are 0 for the first channel and 76 for each successive channel.

These values can be updated upon power up through the serial control interface. This delay is generated in the PWM block with the appropriate control signals generated in the CTL block.

These values can be changed at any time through the serial control interface.

#### 2.4.6 PWM/H-Bridge and Discrete H-Bridge Driver Interface

The TAS5026 provides six PWM outputs, which are designed to drive switching output stages (back-ends) in both single-ended (SE) and H-bridge (bridge tied load) configuration. The back-ends may be monolithic power stages (such as the TAS5110) or six discrete differential power stages using gate drivers (such as the TAS55182) and MOSFETs in single-ended or bridged configurations.

The TAS5110 device is optimised for bridge tied load (BTL) configurations. These devices require a pure differential PWM signal with a third signal (VALID) to control the MUTE state. In the MUTE state, the TAS5110 OUTA and OUTB are both low.



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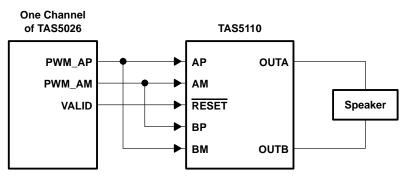


Figure 2-12. PWM Outputs and H-Bridge Driven in BTL Configuration

#### 2.5 I<sup>2</sup>C Serial Control Interface

The TAS5026 has a bidirectional serial control interface that is compatible with the I<sup>2</sup>C (Inter IC) bus protocol and supports both 100 KBPS and 400 KBPS data transfer rates for single and multiple byte write and read operations. This is a slave only device that does not support a multi-master bus environment or wait state insertion. The control interface is used to program the registers of the device and to read device status.

The TAS5026 supports the standard-mode I<sup>2</sup>C bus operation (100 kHz maximum) and the fast I<sup>2</sup>C bus operation (400 kHz maximum). The TAS5026 performs all I<sup>2</sup>C operations without I<sup>2</sup>C wait cycles.

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus employs two signals; SDA (data) and SCL (clock), to communicate between integrated circuits in a system. Data is transferred on the bus serially one bit at a time. The address and data are transferred in byte (8 bit) format with the most significant bit (MSB) transferred first. In addition, each byte transferred on the bus is acknowledged by the receiving device with an acknowledge bit. Each transfer operation begins with the master device driving a start condition on the bus and ends with the master device driving a stop condition on the bus. The bus uses transitions on the data terminal (SDA) while the clock is high to indicate a start and stop conditions. A high-to-low transition on SDA indicates a start, and a low-to-high transition indicates a stop. Normal data bit transitions must occur within the low time of the clock period. These conditions are shown in Figure 2–13. The master generates the 7-bit slave address and the read/write (R/W) bit to open communication with another device and then waits for an acknowledge condition. The TAS5026 holds SDA low during acknowledge clock period to indicate an acknowledgement. When this occurs, the master transmits the next byte of the sequence. Each device is addressed by a unique 7-bit slave address plus R/W bit (1 byte). All compatible devices share the same signals via a bidirectional bus using a wired-AND connection. I<sup>2</sup>C An external pullup resistor must be used for the SDA and SCL signals to set the High level for the bus.

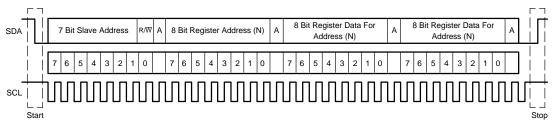


Figure 2–13. Typical I<sup>2</sup>C Sequence

There are no limits on the number of bytes that can be transmitted between start and stop conditions. When the last word transfers, the master generates a stop condition to release the bus. A generic data transfer sequence is also shown in Figure 2–13.

The 7-bit address for the TAS5026 is 001101X, where X is a programmable address bit. Using the CS0 terminal on the device, the LSB address bit is programmable to permit two devices to be used in a system. These two addresses are licensed I<sup>2</sup>C addresses and do not conflict with other licensed I<sup>2</sup>C audio devices. To communicate with the TAS5026, the I<sup>2</sup>C master uses 0011010 if CS0=0 and 0011011 if CS0=1. In addition to the 7-bit device address, an 8-bit register address is used to direct communication to the proper register location within the device interface.

Read and write operations to the TAS5026 can be done using single byte or multiple byte data transfers.

#### 2.5.1 Single Byte Write

As shown in Figure 2–14, a single byte data write transfer begins with the master device transmitting a start condition followed by the I<sup>2</sup>C device address and the read/write bit. The read/write bit determines the direction of the data transfer. For a write data transfer, the read/write bit is 0. After receiving the correct I<sup>2</sup>C device address and the read/write bit, the TAS5026 device responds with an acknowledge bit. Next, the master transmits the address byte or bytes corresponding to the TAS5026 internal memory address being accessed. After receiving the address byte, the TAS5026 again responds with an acknowledge bit. Next, the master device transmits the data byte to be written to the memory address being accessed. After receiving the data byte, the TAS5026 again responds with an acknowledge bit. Finally, the master device transmits a stop condition to complete the single byte data write transfer.

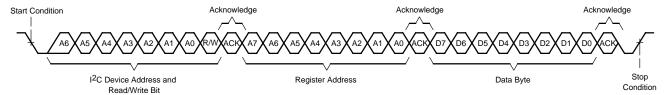


Figure 2–14. Single Byte Write Transfer

#### 2.5.2 Multiple Byte Write

A multiple byte data write transfer is identical to a single byte data write transfer except that multiple data bytes are transmitted by the master device to TAS5026 as shown in Figure 2–15. After receiving each data byte, the TAS5026 responds with an acknowledge bit.

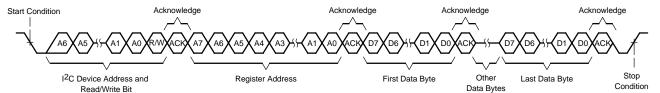


Figure 2–15. Multiple Byte Write Transfer

#### 2.5.3 Single Byte Read

As shown in Figure 2–16, a single byte data read transfer begins with the master device transmitting a start condition followed by the I<sup>2</sup>C device address and the read/write bit. For the data read transfer, a write followed by a read are actually done. Initially, a write is done to transfer the address byte or bytes of the internal memory address to be read. As a result, the read/write bit is 0. After receiving the TAS5026 address and the read/write bit, the TAS5026 responds with an acknowledge bit. Also, after sending the internal memory address byte or bytes, the master device transmits another start condition followed by the TAS5026 address and the read/write bit again. This time the read/write bit is a 1 indicating a read transfer. After receiving the TAS5026 and the read/write bit, the TAS5026 again responds with an acknowledge bit. Next, the TAS5026 transmits the data byte from the memory address being read. After receiving the data byte, the master device transmits a not acknowledge followed by a stop condition to complete the single byte data read transfer.

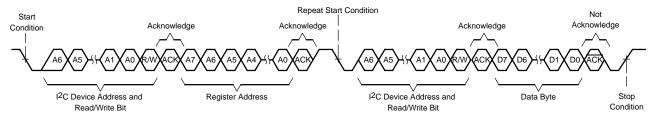


Figure 2-16. Single Byte Read



#### 2.5.4 Multiple Byte Read

A multiple byte data read transfer is identical to a single byte data read transfer except that multiple data bytes are transmitted by the TAS5026 to the master device as shown in Figure 2–17. Except for the last data byte, the master device responds with an acknowledge bit after receiving each data byte.

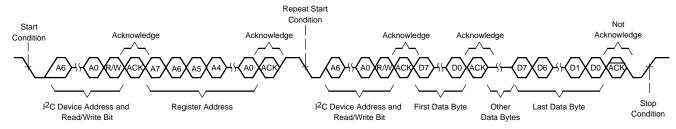


Figure 2-17. Multiple Byte Read

#### 3 Serial Control Interface Register Definitions

Table 3–1 shows the register map for the TAS5026. Default values in this section are in bold.

Table 3–1. I<sup>2</sup>C Register Map

ADDR HEX	DESCRIPTION					
00	General status register					
01	Error status register					
02	System control register 0					
03	System control register 1					
04	Error recovery register					
05	Automute delay					
06	DC-offset control register channel 1					
07	DC-offset control register channel 2					
08	DC-offset control register channel 3					
09	DC-offset control register channel 4					
0A	DC-offset control register channel 5					
0B	DC-offset control register channel 6					
0C	Interchannel delay register channel 1					
0D	Interchannel delay register channel 2					
0E	Interchannel delay register channel 3					
0F	Interchannel delay register channel 4					
10	Interchannel delay register channel 5					
11	Interchannel delay register channel 6					
12	Reserved					
13	Volume control register channel 1					
14	Volume control register channel 2					
15	Volume control register channel 3					
16	Volume control register channel 4					
17	Volume control register channel 5					
18	Volume control register channel 6					
19	Individual channel mute					

The volume table is contained in Appendix A.

Default values are shown in bold in the following tables

#### NOTE:

The performance of a TDAA system is optimized by setting the PWM timing based upon the type of back-end device that is used and, to a lesser extent, the layout. These values are set during initialization using the I<sup>2</sup>C serial interface. The specific timing parameter values for each PWM and back-end configuration is contained in the EVM User Manual, Reference Design User Manual, and design application note for these devices. Please refer to the appropriate EVM User Manual, Reference Design user manual, or design application note for these values.



#### 3.1 General Status Register (x00)

Table 3–2. General Status Register (Read Only)

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	No volume update is in progress.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Volume update is in progress.
-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	Always 0
-	-	1	0	0	1	1	-	Device identification code
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	Any valid signal is inactive (see status register (X03)) (see Note 1).
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	No internal errors (all valid signals are high)

NOTE 1: This bit is reset automatically when all of the valid signals are active.

#### 3.2 Error Status Register (x01)

Table 3-3. Error Status Register

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FS error has occurred
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Control pin change has occurred
-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	LRCLK error
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	MCLK_IN count error
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	DCLK phase error with respect to MCLK_IN
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	MCLK_IN phase error with respect to DCLK
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	PWM timing error
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	No errors—no control pins changed

NOTE 2: Write 00 hex to clear error indications in Error Status Register.

#### 3.3 System Control Register 0 (x02)

Table 3-4. System Control Register 0

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	Normal mode (in slave mode—quad speed detected if MCLK_IN = 128 Fs)
0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Double speed
1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	Quad speed
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Illegal
-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	Use de-emphasis pin controls
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	Use de-emphasis I2C controls
-	-	-	0	0	-	-	•	No de-emphasis
-	-	-	0	1	ı	-	ı	De-emphasis for Fs = 32 kHz
-	-	-	1	0	-	-	-	De-emphasis for Fs = 44.1 kHz
-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	De-emphasis for Fs = 48 kHz
-	-	-	ı	ı	0	0	0	16 bit, MSB first; right justified
-	-	-	ı	ı	0	0	1	20 bit, MSB first; right justified
-	-	-	ı	ı	0	1	0	24 bit, MSB first; right justified
-	-	-	ı	ı	0	1	1	16-bit IIS
-	-	-	-	-	1	0	0	20-bit IIS
-	-	•	•	1	1	0	1	24-bit IIS
-	-	-	-	-	1	1	0	16-bit MSB first
-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	16-bit DSP Frame

#### 3.4 System Control Register 1 (x03)

Table 3-5. System Control Register 1

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UNUSED
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	Valid remains high during auto mute.
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Valid goes low during auto mute.
-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	Valid remains high during mute.
-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	Valid goes low during mute.
-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	Mute
-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	Normal mode
-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	Set error recovery delay at 6 μs
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	Set error recovery delay at 47 μs
-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	Error recovery (forces error recovery initialization sequence)
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	Normal mode
-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	Auto mute disabled
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	Auto mute enabled
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	Normal mode
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	Resets all I <sup>2</sup> C registers to their default conditions

#### 3.5 Error Recovery Register (x04)

Table 3-6. Error Recovery Register

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unused
-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	
-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	Put channel 6 into error recovery mode
-	-	1	0	1	-	-	-	Put channel 5 into error recovery mode
-	-	1	1	0	-	-	-	Put channel 4 into error recovery mode
-	-	1	1	1	0	-	-	Put channel 3 into error recovery mode
-	-	1	1	1	-	0	-	Put channel 2 into error recovery mode
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	Put channel 1 into error recovery mode
-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	Normal operation

#### 3.6 Automute Delay Register (x05)

Table 3-7. Automute Delay Register

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	Unused
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	Set automute delay at 5 ms
-	-	-	-	0	0	0	1	Set automute delay at 10 ms
-	-	-	-	0	0	1	0	Set automute delay at 15 ms
-	-	-	-	0	0	1	1	Set automute delay at 20 ms
-	-	-	-	0	1	0	0	Set automute delay at 25 ms
-	-	1	-	0	1	0	1	Set automute delay at 30 ms
-	-	1	-	0	1	1	0	Set automute delay at 35 ms
-	-	-	-	0	1	1	1	Set automute delay at 40 ms
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	0	Set automute delay at 45 ms
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	Set automute delay at 50 ms

#### 3.7 DC-Offset Control Registers (x06-x0B)

Channels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 are mapped into (x06, x07, x08, x09, x0A, and x0B).

#### Table 3-8. DC-Offset Control Registers

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION		
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Maximum correction for positive dc offset (–1.56% FS)		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	No dc-offset correction		
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Maximum correction for negative dc offset (1.56% FS)		

#### 3.8 Interchannel Delay Registers (x0C-x11)

Channels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 are mapped into (x0C, x0D, x0E, x0F, x10, and x11).

The first channel delay is set at 0. Each subsequent channel has a default value that is 76 DCLKs larger than the preceding channel.

Table 3-9. Six Inter-Channel Delay Registers

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Minimum absolute delay, 0 DCLK cycles, default for channel 1
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	Default for channel 2
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Default for channel 3
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	Default for channel 4
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Default for channel 5
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	Default for channel 6
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Maximum absolute delay, 255 DCLK cycles

#### 3.9 Individual Channel Mute Register (x19)

Table 3-10. Individual Channel Mute Register

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unused
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	No channels are muted
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	Mute channel 1
-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	Mute channel 2
-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	Mute channel 3
-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	Mute channel 4
-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	Mute channel 5
-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	Mute channel 6

#### 4 System Initialization

Reset is used during system initialization to hold the TAS5026 inactive while power (VDD), the master clock (MCLK\_IN), the device control, and the data signals become stable. The recommended initialization sequence is to hold RESET low for 24 MCLK\_IN cycles after VDD has reached 3 V and the other control signals (MUTE, PDN, M\_S, ERR\_RCVRY,,DBSPD, and CS0) are stable.

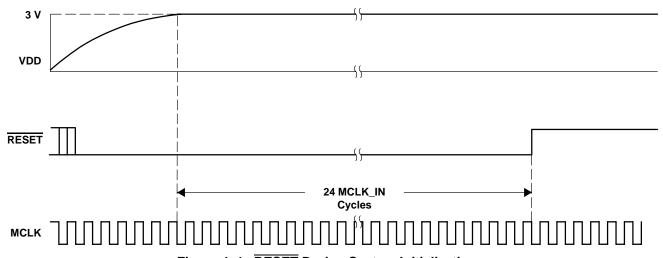


Figure 4–1. RESET During System Initialization

The serial data interface format is then set through the serial data interface control register using the serial control interface.

At this point the TAS5026 is fully operational. However, the operation of the TAS5026 can be tailored as desired to meet specific operating requirements by adjusting the following:

- · Automute delay register
- DC-Offset control registers
- Interchannel delay registers

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#### 5 Specifications

## 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings Over Operating Temperature Ranges (Unless Otherwise Noted)<sup>†</sup>

Digital supply voltage range: DVDD_CORE, DVDD_PWM, DVDD_RCL	–0.3 V to 4.2 V
Analog supply voltage range: AVDD_PLL, ADD_OSC	–0.3 V to 4.2 V
Digital input voltage range, V <sub>1</sub> –0.3 V to	o DVDDX + 0.3 V
Operating free-air temperature	0°C to 85°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	. −65°C to 150°C
ESD	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions (Fs = 48 kHz)

			ı	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage	Digital	DV <sub>DDX</sub> , See Note 1		3	3.3	3.6	V
Committee accommend	Dinital	Operating			60		mA
Supply current	Digital	Power down, See Note 2				25	μΑ
Power dissipation	Divisal	Operating			200		mW
Power dissipation	Digital	Power down				100	μW
Supply voltage	Analog	AV <sub>DDX</sub> , See Note 3		3	3.3	3.6	V
O. mark. a. marak	Analan	Operating			10		mA
Supply current	Analog	Power down, See Note 2				25	μΑ
Dames disable stice	Analon	Operating			35		mW
Power dissipation	Analog	Power down, See Note 2				100	μW

NOTES: 3. DVDD\_CORE, DVDD\_PWM, DVDD\_RCL

## 5.3 Electrical Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted)

## 5.3.1 Static Digital Specifications Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage		2	DVDD1	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage		0	0.8	V
Vон	High-level output voltage	$I_O = -1 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	$I_O = 4 \text{ mA}$		0.4	V
l <sub>lkg</sub>	Input leakage current		-10	10	μΑ

## 5.3.2 Digital Interpolation Filter and PWM Modulator Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted) Fs = 48 kHz

DADAMETED	TEST SOMBITIONS	MAINI	TVD	MAN	LINIT
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pass band		0		20	kHz
Pass band ripple			±0.012		dB
Stop band			24.1		kHz
Stop band attenuation	24.1 kHz to 152.3 kHz	50			dB
Group delay			700		μs
PWM modulation index (gain)			0.93	_	

<sup>4.</sup> If the clocks are turned off.

<sup>5.</sup> AVDD\_PLL, AVDD\_OSC

#### 5.3.3 TAS5026/TAS5100 System Performance Measured at the Speaker Terminals Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted) Fs = 48 kHz; Input = 1 Vrms Sine Wave at 1 kHz

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
SNR (EIAJ)	A-weighted	93		dB
Dynamic range	A-weighted, -60 dB, f = 1 kHz, 20 Hz-20 kHz	95		dB
Signal to (noise + distortion) ratio	0 dB, 1 kHz, 20 Hz-20 kHz	0.08%		
Pad driver power supply rejection ratio	1 kHz			dB
Idle tone rejection				dB
Intermodulation distortion				dB
Frequency response				dB
Crosstalk				dB
Jitter tolerance				ps
PWM modulation index		0.93		

#### 5.4 Switching Characteristics

#### 5.4.1 Command Sequence Timing

#### 5.4.1.1 Reset Timing—RESET

CONTROL SIGNAL PARAMETERS OVER RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)										
PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS MIN TYP MAX U										
tw(RESET)	Pulses duration, RESET active		50			ns				
tp(VALID_LOW)	Propagation delay				1	μs				
tp(VALID_HIGH)	Propagation delay		4		5	ms				
td(VOLUME)	Delay time			42		ms				

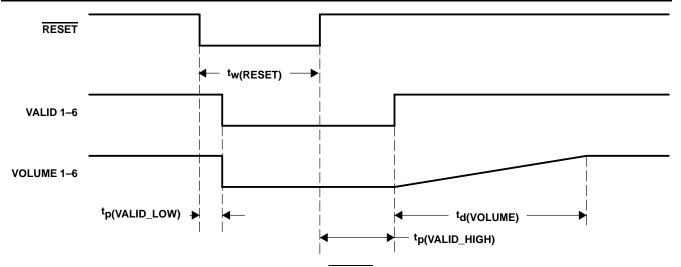


Figure 5–1. RESET Timing

#### 5.4.1.2 Power-Down Timing—PDN

#### 5.4.1.2.1 Long Recovery

CONTROL SIGNAL PARAMETERS OVER RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)									
	PARAMETER	TE	EST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
t <sub>w(PDN)</sub>	Pulse duration, PDN active			50			ns		
td(R PDNR)	Reset high to PDN rising edge			16 MCLKS			ns		
tp(VALID_LOW)						1	μs		
tp(VALID_HIGH)				85		100	ms		
td(VOLUME)					42		ms		

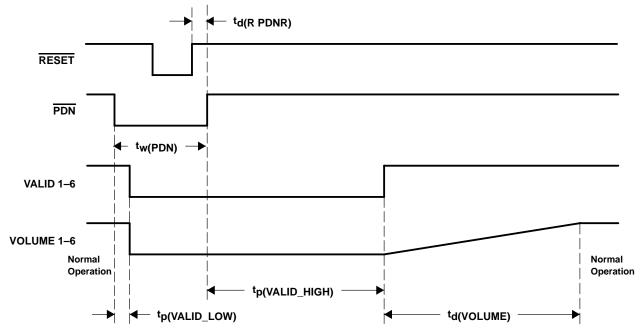


Figure 5–2. Power-Down and Power-Up Timing—RESET Preceding PDN

# 5.4.1.2.2 Short Recovery

CONTROL SIGNAL PARAMETERS OVER RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)							
	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
tw(PDN)	Pulse duration, PDN active			50			ns
td(R PDNR)	PDN high to reset rising edge			16 MCLKS			ns
tp(VALID_LOW)						1	μs
tp(VALID_HIGH)	)			4		5	ms
td(VOLUME)					42		ms

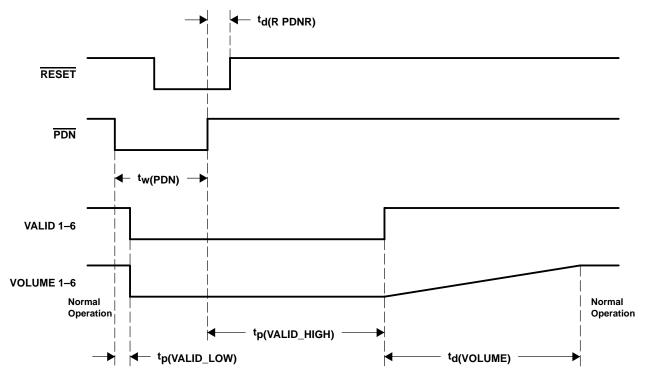


Figure 5–3. Power-Down and Power-Up Timing—RESET Following PDN

# 5.4.1.3 Error Recovery Timing—ERR\_RCVRY

CONTROL SIGNAL PARAMETERS OVER RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)							
	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS MIN TYP MAX UNIT						
tw(ER)	Pulse duration, ERR_RCVRY active		5 MCLKS			ns	
tp(VALID_LOW)	Selectable for minimum or maximum		6		47	μs	
tp(VALID_HIGH)			4		5	ms	

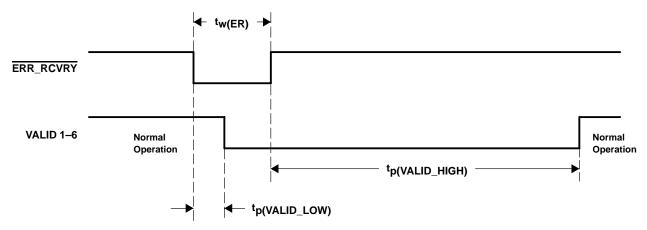


Figure 5-4. Error Recovery Timing

# 5.4.1.4 MUTE Timing—MUTE

CONTROL SIGNAL PARAMETERS OVER RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)							
	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS MIN TYP MAX						UNIT
tw(MUTE)	Pulse duration, PDN active			3 MCLKS			ns
t <sub>d</sub> (VOL)					42		ms

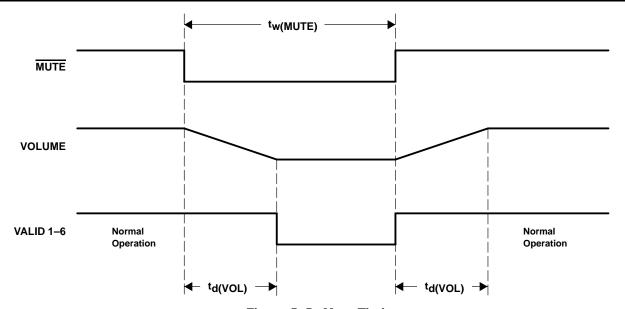


Figure 5-5. Mute Timing

## 5.4.2 Serial Audio Port

# 5.4.2.1 Serial Audio Ports Slave Mode Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted)

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f(SCLK)	Frequency, SCLK			12.288	MHz
t <sub>su(SDIN)</sub>	SDIN setup time before SCLK rising edge	20			ns
th(SDIN)	SDIN hold time before SCLK rising edge	10			ns
f(LRCLK)	LRCLK frequency	32	48	192	kHz
	MCLK_IN duty cycle		50%		
	SCLK duty cycle	50%			
	LRCLK duty cycle	50%			
t <sub>su(LRCLK)</sub>	LRCLK setup time before SCLK rising edge	20			ns
	MCLK High and Low time	20		·	ns

# 5.4.2.2 Serial Audio Ports Master Mode, Load Conditions 50 pF Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted)

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t(MSD)	MCLK_IN to SCLK	0		5	ns
t(MLRD)	MCLK_IN to LRCLK	0		5	ns

# 5.4.2.3 DSP Serial Interface Mode Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted)

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f(SCLK)	SCLK frequency			12.288	MHz
td(FS)	Delay time, SCLK rising to Fs				ns
tw(FSHIGH)	Pulse duration, sync		1/(64xfs)		ns
tsu(SDIN)	SDIN and LRCLK setup time before SCLK falling edge	20			ns
th(SDIN)	SDIN and LRCLK hold time from SCLK falling edge	10			ns
•	SCLK duty cycle		50%		

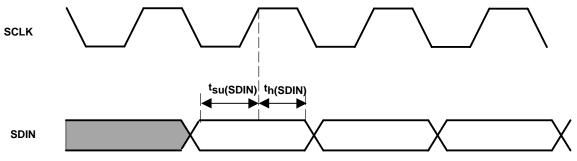
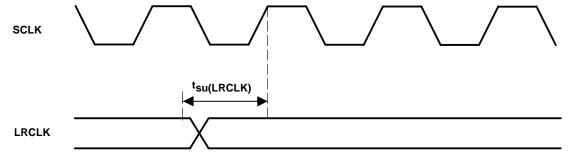


Figure 5-6. Right-Justified, IIS, Left-Justified Serial Protocol Timing



NOTE: Serial data is sampled with the rising edge of SCLK (setup time = 20 ns and hold time = 10 ns).

Figure 5-7. Right, Left, and IIS Serial Mode Timing Requirement

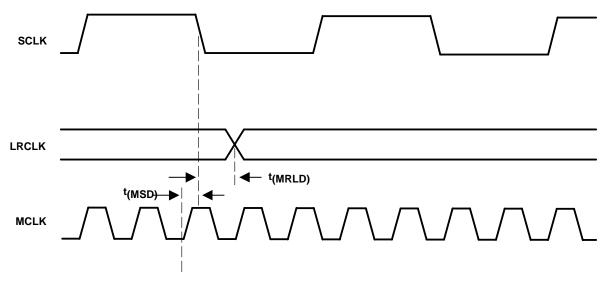


Figure 5-8. Serial Audio Ports Master Mode Timing

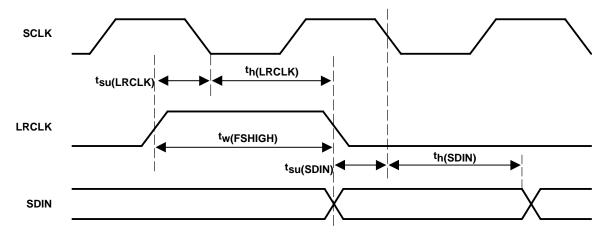


Figure 5-9. DSP Serial Port Timing

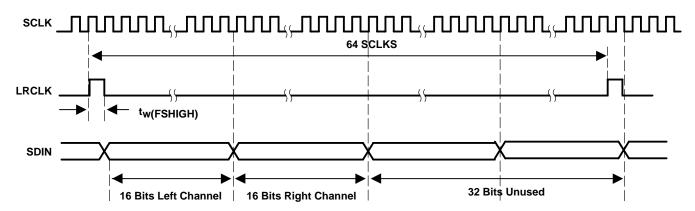


Figure 5-10. DSP Serial Port Expanded Timing

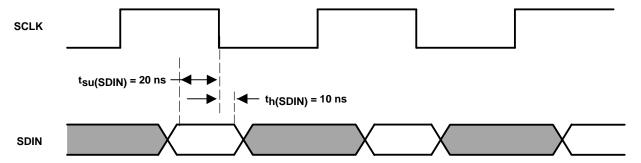


Figure 5-11. DSP Absolute Timing

# 5.4.3 Serial Control Port—I<sup>2</sup>C Operation

# 5.4.3.1 Timing Characteristics for I<sup>2</sup>C Interface Signals Over Recommended Operating Conditions (Unless Otherwise Noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	STANDARD MODE		FAST MODE		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
fSCL	Frequency, SCL		0	100	0	400	kHz
tw(H)	Pulse duration, SCL high		4		0.6		μs
t <sub>w(L)</sub>	Pulse duration, SCL low		4.7		1.3		μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time, SCL and SDA			1000		300	ns
tf	Fall time, SCL and SDA			300		300	ns
t <sub>su1</sub>	Setup time, SDA to SCL		250		100		ns
<sup>t</sup> h1	Hold time, SCL to SDA		0		0		ns
t(buf)	Bus free time between stop and start condition		4.7		1.3		μs
t <sub>su2</sub>	Setup time, SCL to start condition		4.7		0.6		μs
th2	Hold time, start condition to SCL		4		0.6		μs
t <sub>su3</sub>	Setup time, SCL to stop condition		4		0.6		μs
CL	Load capacitance for each bus line			400		400	pF

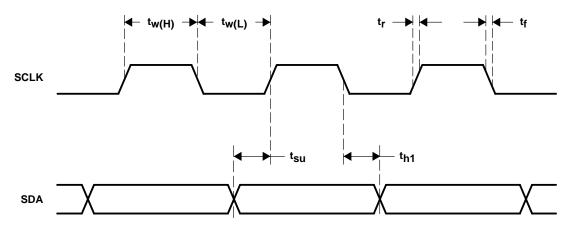


Figure 5-12. SCL and SDA Timing

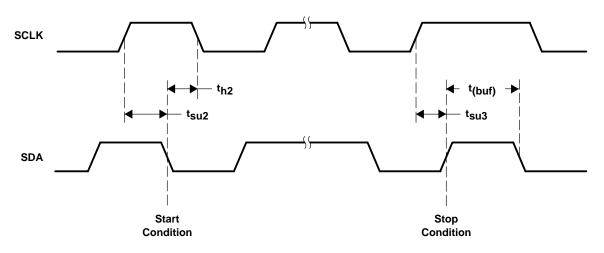


Figure 5-13. Start and Stop Conditions Timing

# 6 Application Information

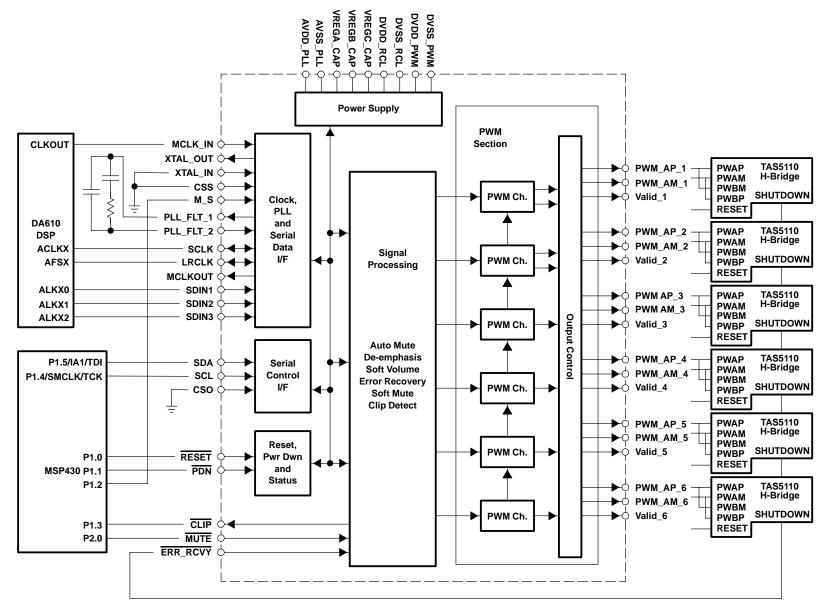


Figure 6–1. Typical TAS5026 Application

# 6.1 Serial Audio Interface Clock Master and Slave Interface Configuration

### 6.1.1 Slave Configuration

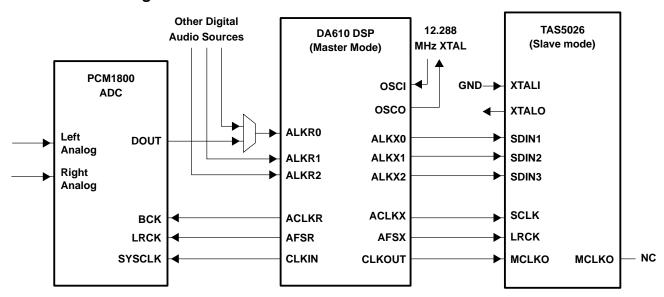


Figure 6-2. TAS5026 Serial Audio Port—Slave Mode Connection Diagram

# 6.1.2 Master Configuration

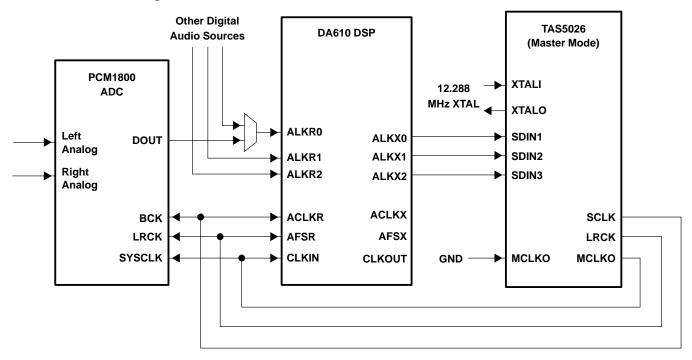
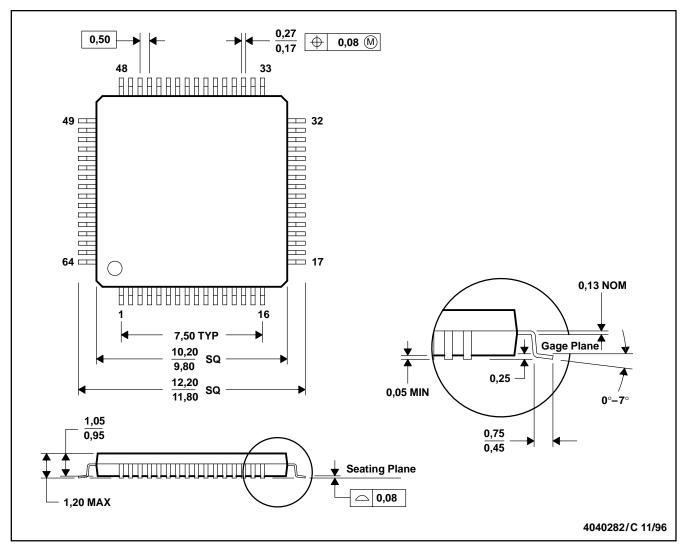


Figure 6-3. TAS5026 Serial Audio Port—Master Mode Connection Diagram

# 7 Mechanical Data

# PAG (S-PQFP-G64) PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Falls within JEDEC MS-026

# Appendix A—Volume Table

,,=,	•	PPCHAIX
VOLUME SETTING	REGISTER VOLUME (BIN)	GAIN dB
	D7 – D0	
249	11111001	24
248	11111000	23.5
247	11110111	23
246	11110110	22.5
245	11110101	22
244	11110100	21.5
243	11110011	21
242	11110010	20.5
241	11110001	20
240	11110000	19.5
239	11101111	19
238	11101110	18.5
237	11101101	18
236	11101100	17.5
235	11101011	170
234	11101010	16.5
233	11101001	16
232	11101000	15.5
231	11100111	15
230	11100110	14.5
229	11100101	14
228	11100100	13.5
227	11100011	13
226	11100010	12.5
225	11100001	12
224	11100000	11.5
223	11011111	11
222	11011110	10.5
221	11011101	10
220	11011100	9.5
219	11011011	9
218	11011010	8.5
217	11011001	8
216	11011000	7.5
215	11010111	7
214	11010110	6.5
213	11010101	6
212	11010100	5.5
211	11010011	5
210	11010010	4.5
209	11010001	4
208	11010000	3.5
207	11001111	3
206	11001110	2.5
	+	+

VOLUME SETTING	REGISTER VOLUME (BIN)	GAIN dB
	D7 – D0	
205	11001101	2
204	11001100	1.5
203	11001011	1
202	11001010	0.5
201	11001001	0
200	11001000	-0.5
199	11000111	-1
198	11000110	-1.5
197	11000101	-2
196	11000100	-2.5
195	11000011	-3
194	11000010	-3.5
193	11000001	-4
192	11000000	-4.5
191	10111111	-5
190	10111110	-5.5
189	10111101	-6
188	10111100	-6.5
187	10111011	-7
186	10111010	-7.5
185	10111001	-8
184	10111000	-8.5
183	10110111	-9
182	10110110	-9.5
181	10110101	-10
180	10110100	-10.5
179	10110011	-11
178	10110010	-11.5
177	10110001	-12
176	10110000	-12.5
175	10101111	-13
174	10101110	-13.5
173	10101101	-14
172	10101100	-14.5
171	10101011	-15
170	10101010	-15.5
169	10101001	-16
168	10101000	-16.5
167	10100111	-17
166	10100110	-17.5
165	10100101	-18
164	10100100	-18.5
163	10100011	-19
162	10100010	-19.5

D7 - D0           161         10100001         -20           160         10100000         -20.5           159         10011111         -21           158         10011110         -21.5           157         10011101         -22           156         1001101         -22.5           155         10011011         -23           154         10011010         -23.5           153         10011001         -24           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26.5           149         10010101         -26.5           147         10010011         -27.5           148         10010001         -27.5           148         10010001         -27.5           144         10010001         -27.5           144         10010001         -28.5           144         10010001         -28.5           144         10010001         -30.5           143         1000110         -30.5           144         1000110	VOLUME SETTING	REGISTER VOLUME (BIN)	GAIN dB
160         10100000         -20.5           159         10011111         -21           158         10011101         -21.5           157         10011101         -22           156         1001101         -23.5           155         1001101         -23.5           153         1001100         -24.5           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         1001010         -26.5           147         1001001         -27.5           146         1001001         -27.5           145         10010001         -28.5           144         10010001         -28.5           143         10010011         -29.5           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29.5           144         10001101         -30.5           144         10001101         -30.5           143         10001101         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5		D7 – D0	
159         10011111         -21           158         10011110         -21.5           157         10011101         -22           156         10011101         -22.5           155         1001101         -23.5           153         10011001         -24.5           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         1001010         -25.5           149         1001010         -26.5           148         1001010         -26.5           147         1001001         -27.5           148         1001001         -27.5           144         1001000         -27.5           145         10010001         -28.5           144         10010001         -28.5           143         1000111         -29.5           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001110         -29.5           144         10001101         -30.5           142         10001100         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5	161	10100001	-20
158         10011110         -21.5           157         10011101         -22           156         10011100         -22.5           155         10011011         -23           154         10011010         -23.5           153         10011001         -24           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         1001010         -25.5           149         1001010         -26.5           148         1001010         -26.5           147         1001001         -27.5           146         1001001         -27.5           145         10010001         -28.5           144         10010000         -28.5           143         1000111         -29           142         10001110         -29.5           141         1000110         -30.5           139         1000101         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           137         1000100         -32.5           138         1000100         -32.5           135         1000011         -32	160	10100000	-20.5
157         10011101         -22           156         10011100         -22.5           155         10011011         -23           154         10011001         -24           153         10011000         -24.5           151         10010101         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         1001000         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         10010001         -27.5           145         10010001         -28           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001001         -28           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001110         -30.5           143         10001101         -30.5           141         10001101         -30.5           142         10001100         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           139         10001001         -32.5           136         10001000         -32.5	159	10011111	-21
156         10011100         -22.5           155         10011011         -23           154         10011010         -23.5           153         10011000         -24.5           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         1001000         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         10010001         -27.5           145         10010001         -28.5           144         10010000         -28.5           143         1001111         -29           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -30           140         10001101         -30.5           141         10001101         -30.5           141         10001101         -30.5           139         10001011         -31.5           139         10001001         -32.5           136         10001000         -32.5           135         1000111         -33	158	10011110	-21.5
155         10011011         -23           154         10011010         -23.5           153         10011001         -24           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         1001010         -26.5           147         1001001         -27.5           146         1001001         -28           144         1001000         -28.5           143         1000111         -29           142         1000110         -29.5           141         1000110         -30.5           139         1000101         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           137         1000100         -32.5           138         1000101         -32.5           135         1000111         -33           136         1000100         -32.5           135         1000111         -33           134         1000101         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           133	157	10011101	-22
154         10011010         -23.5           153         10011001         -24           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         1001010         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         10010010         -27.5           145         10010001         -28           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001101         -30           140         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         10001011         -31           138         10001001         -32.5           136         10001001         -32.5           135         1000111         -33           134         1000100         -32.5           135         1000110         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           133         1000010         -35.5           13	156	10011100	-22.5
153         10011001         -24           152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         10010100         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         1001001         -27.5           145         10010001         -28           144         1001000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001101         -30           140         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           139         1000101         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           135         1000110         -32.5           136         1000100         -32.5           135         1000011         -33           134         1000010         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           133         100001         -34.5           131 </td <td>155</td> <td>10011011</td> <td>-23</td>	155	10011011	-23
152         10011000         -24.5           151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010100         -26.5           148         10010100         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         10010001         -28.5           145         10010001         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001101         -30           140         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           139         1000101         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           135         1000110         -32.5           136         1000100         -32.5           135         1000011         -33           134         1000011         -33.5           133         1000011         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           131         1000011         -34.5           132         1000001         -35.5 <t< td=""><td>154</td><td>10011010</td><td>-23.5</td></t<>	154	10011010	-23.5
151         10010111         -25           150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         10010100         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         10010001         -28           145         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001101         -30           140         10001101         -30           139         1000101         -31           138         1000101         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           135         1000110         -32.5           135         1000111         -33           134         1000100         -32.5           135         1000110         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           133         1000010         -34.5           131         1000001         -35.5           129         1000000         -36.5           129         1000000         -36.5           127         01111101         -38           124 <td>153</td> <td>10011001</td> <td>-24</td>	153	10011001	-24
150         10010110         -25.5           149         10010101         -26           148         10010100         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         10010001         -28.5           145         10010001         -28.5           144         1001000         -28.5           143         1000111         -29           142         10001101         -30           140         10001001         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           137         10001001         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           135         1000110         -32.5           135         1000101         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           133         1000010         -34.5           131         1000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           127         01111111         -37.5           125         01111101         -38.5           123         01111101         -39.5	152	10011000	-24.5
149       10010101       -26         148       10010100       -26.5         147       10010011       -27         146       10010001       -28         145       10010001       -28         144       1001000       -28.5         143       1000111       -29         142       10001101       -30         140       10001100       -30.5         139       10001011       -31         138       10001010       -31.5         137       10001001       -32.5         136       10001000       -32.5         135       10000111       -33         134       10000100       -33.5         133       1000010       -34.5         131       1000010       -34.5         131       1000001       -35.5         129       10000001       -36.5         129       10000001       -36.5         128       10000000       -36.5         129       10000001       -37.5         125       01111101       -38         124       01111001       -38.5         123       01111011       -39	151	10010111	-25
148         10010100         -26.5           147         10010011         -27           146         10010001         -27.5           145         10010000         -28.5           144         1001000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         10001011         -31           138         10001010         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           136         10001000         -32.5           135         10000111         -33           134         10000100         -33.5           133         10000101         -34.5           131         10000101         -34.5           131         10000010         -35.5           129         1000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           128         10000000         -36.5           127         01111111         -37           126         01111101         -38           124         01111010         -38.5	150	10010110	-25.5
147         10010011         -27           146         10010010         -27.5           145         10010001         -28           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         10001011         -31           138         10001010         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           135         1000110         -32.5           135         10000111         -33           134         10000100         -34.5           133         10000101         -34.5           131         10000101         -35.5           129         10000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           127         01111111         -37.5           128         10000000         -36.5           127         01111101         -38           124         0111101         -38           122         0111101         -39.5           121         01111001         -40           <	149	10010101	-26
146         10010010         -27.5           145         10010001         -28           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001100         -29.5           141         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         10001011         -31           138         1000101         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           136         10001000         -32.5           135         10000111         -33           134         10000110         -33.5           133         10000101         -34.5           131         10000101         -34.5           131         10000010         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           129         10000001         -36.5           127         01111111         -37           126         01111101         -38           124         0111100         -38.5           123         0111101         -39.5           121         01111001         -40	148	10010100	-26.5
145         10010001         -28           144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001100         -29.5           141         10001101         -30           140         10001000         -30.5           139         10001011         -31           138         10001010         -31.5           137         10001001         -32           136         10001000         -32.5           135         10000111         -33           134         10000110         -33.5           133         10000101         -34.5           131         10000101         -34.5           131         10000010         -35.5           129         10000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           127         01111111         -37           126         01111101         -38           124         01111101         -38.5           123         01111101         -39.5           121         01111001         -40           120         01111001         -40.5	147	10010011	-27
144         10010000         -28.5           143         10001111         -29           142         10001100         -29.5           141         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         10001011         -31           138         10001010         -31.5           137         10001001         -32           136         10001000         -32.5           135         10000111         -33           134         10000110         -33.5           133         10000101         -34           132         10000100         -34.5           131         10000011         -35           130         10000011         -35.5           129         10000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           127         01111111         -37           126         01111101         -38           124         0111101         -38.5           123         0111101         -39.5           121         01111001         -40           120         01111000         -40.5 <t< td=""><td>146</td><td>10010010</td><td>-27.5</td></t<>	146	10010010	-27.5
143         10001111         -29           142         10001110         -29.5           141         10001101         -30           140         1000101         -30.5           139         1000101         -31.5           138         10001001         -31.5           137         10001001         -32.5           136         10001000         -32.5           135         10000111         -33           134         1000010         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           131         1000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           128         10000000         -36.5           127         0111111         -37           126         01111101         -38           124         0111101         -38.5           123         0111101         -39.5           121         01111001         -40           120         01111000         -40.5           119         01110110         -41.5	145	10010001	-28
142         10001110         -29.5           141         10001101         -30           140         10001100         -30.5           139         10001011         -31           138         10001001         -31.5           137         10001001         -32           136         10001000         -32.5           135         10000111         -33           134         1000010         -33.5           133         1000010         -34.5           131         1000001         -34.5           131         1000001         -35.5           129         10000001         -36.5           128         10000000         -36.5           127         0111111         -37           126         01111101         -38           124         0111100         -38.5           123         0111101         -39           122         0111100         -39.5           121         01111001         -40           120         01111010         -40.5           119         01110110         -41.5	144	10010000	-28.5
141       10001101       -30         140       10001100       -30.5         139       10001011       -31         138       10001010       -31.5         137       10001001       -32         136       10001000       -32.5         135       10000111       -33         134       10000110       -33.5         133       10000101       -34.5         131       10000011       -35.5         130       1000001       -35.5         129       10000001       -36.5         127       01111111       -37         126       01111110       -37.5         125       01111101       -38         124       0111101       -39         122       0111101       -39.5         121       0111100       -40.5         119       0111011       -41         118       01110110       -41.5	143	10001111	-29
140     10001100     -30.5       139     10001011     -31       138     10001001     -31.5       137     10001001     -32       136     10001000     -32.5       135     10000111     -33       134     10000110     -33.5       133     10000101     -34.5       131     10000010     -34.5       130     10000011     -35.5       129     10000001     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111101     -38       123     01111101     -38       124     01111101     -39       122     01111011     -39       122     01111001     -40       120     01111001     -40.5       119     01110110     -41.5	142	10001110	-29.5
139     10001011     -31       138     10001010     -31.5       137     10001001     -32       136     10001000     -32.5       135     10000111     -33       134     10000100     -34.5       133     10000100     -34.5       131     10000010     -35.5       129     10000001     -36.5       129     10000001     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111101     -38       123     01111101     -38       123     0111101     -39       122     0111101     -39.5       121     0111100     -40       120     01111011     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	141	10001101	-30
138     10001010     -31.5       137     10001001     -32       136     10001000     -32.5       135     10000111     -33       134     10000110     -33.5       133     10000101     -34.5       131     10000010     -34.5       130     10000011     -35.5       129     10000001     -36.5       128     10000000     -36.5       127     0111111     -37       126     01111101     -38       124     0111101     -38       123     0111101     -39       122     0111101     -39.5       121     0111100     -40       120     0111101     -40       119     0111011     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	140	10001100	-30.5
137     10001001     -32       136     10001000     -32.5       135     10000111     -33       134     10000110     -33.5       133     10000101     -34       132     10000100     -34.5       131     10000011     -35       130     10000010     -35.5       129     10000001     -36       128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111101     -38       124     01111101     -38       123     01111011     -39       122     0111101     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111011     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	139	10001011	-31
136     10001000     -32.5       135     10000111     -33       134     10000100     -33.5       133     10000100     -34.5       131     10000011     -35       130     10000010     -35.5       129     10000001     -36       128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     0111101     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111011     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	138	10001010	-31.5
135       10000111       -33         134       10000110       -33.5         133       10000101       -34         132       10000100       -34.5         131       10000011       -35         130       10000001       -35.5         129       10000001       -36         128       10000000       -36.5         127       01111111       -37         126       01111110       -37.5         125       01111101       -38         124       01111101       -38.5         123       01111011       -39         122       01111010       -39.5         121       01111001       -40         120       01111001       -40.5         119       01110111       -41.5	137	10001001	-32
134     10000110     -33.5       133     10000101     -34       132     10000100     -34.5       131     10000011     -35.5       139     10000001     -36.5       129     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111011     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	136	10001000	-32.5
133     10000101     -34       132     10000100     -34.5       131     10000011     -35       130     10000010     -35.5       129     10000001     -36       128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111101     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111010     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	135	10000111	-33
132     10000100     -34.5       131     10000011     -35       130     10000010     -35.5       129     10000001     -36       128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111010     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	134	10000110	-33.5
131     10000011     -35       130     10000010     -35.5       129     10000001     -36       128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	133	10000101	-34
130     10000010     -35.5       129     10000001     -36       128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	132	10000100	-34.5
129     10000001     -36       128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	131	10000011	-35
128     10000000     -36.5       127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	130	10000010	-35.5
127     01111111     -37       126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     0111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	129	10000001	-36
126     01111110     -37.5       125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	128	10000000	-36.5
125     01111101     -38       124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	127	01111111	-37
124     01111100     -38.5       123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	126	01111110	-37.5
123     01111011     -39       122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	125	01111101	-38
122     01111010     -39.5       121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	124	01111100	-38.5
121     01111001     -40       120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	123	01111011	-39
120     01111000     -40.5       119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	122	01111010	-39.5
119     01110111     -41       118     01110110     -41.5	121	01111001	-40
118 01110110 -41.5	120	01111000	-40.5
	119	01110111	-41
117 01110101 –42	118	01110110	-41.5
	117	01110101	-42

VOLUME SETTING	REGISTER VOLUME (BIN)	GAIN dB
	D7 – D0	
116	01110100	-42.5
115	01110011	-43
114	01110010	-43.5
113	01110001	-44
112	01110000	-44.5
111	01101111	-45
110	01101110	-45.5
109	01101101	-46
108	01101100	-46.5
107	01101011	-47
106	01101010	-47.5
105	01101001	-48
104	01101000	-48.5
103	01100111	-49
102	01100110	-49.5
101	01100101	-50
100	01100100	-50.5
99	01100011	<b>–</b> 51
98	01100010	-51.5
97	01100001	-52
96	01100000	-52.5
95	01011111	-53
94	01011110	-53.5
93	01011101	-54
92	01011100	-54.5
91	01011011	<del>-</del> 55
90	01011010	<b>-</b> 55.5
89	01011001	<b>–</b> 56
88	01011000	-56.5
87	01010111	<b>-</b> 57
86	01010110	-57.5
85	01010101	-58
84	01010100	-58.5
83	01010011	<b>–</b> 59
82	01010010	-59.5
81	01010001	-60
80	01010000	-60.5
79	01001111	<del>-</del> 61
78	01001110	-61.5
77	01001101	-62
76	01001100	-62.5
75	01001011	-63
74	01001010	-63.5
73	01001001	-64
72	01001000	-64.5



VOLUME SETTING	REGISTER VOLUME (BIN)	GAIN dB
	D7 – D0	
71	01000111	-65
70	01000110	-65.5
69	01000101	-66
68	01000100	-66.5
67	01000011	-67
66	01000010	-67.5
65	01000001	-68
64	01000000	-68.5
63	00111111	-69
62	00111110	-69.5
61	00111101	-70
60	00111100	-70.5
59	00111011	-71
58	00111010	-71.5
57	00111001	-72
56	00111000	-72.5
55	00110111	-73
54	00110110	-73.5
53	00110101	-74
52	00110100	-74.5
51	00110011	<b>-</b> 75
50	00110010	-75.5
49	00110001	-76
48	00110000	-76.6
47	00101111	-77
46	00101110	-77.5
45	00101101	-78
44	00101100	-78.5
43	00101011	-79
42	00101010	-79.6
41	00101001	-80.1
40	00101000	-80.6
39	00100111	-81.1
38	00100110	-81.5
37	00100101	-82.1

VOLUME	REGISTER VOLUME	GAIN dB
SETTING	(BIN)	GAIN UB
	D7 – D0	
36	00100100	-82.6
35	00100011	-83
34	00100010	-83.5
33	00100001	-84
32	00100000	-84.6
31	00011111	-85.1
30	00011110	-85.8
29	00011101	-86.1
28	00011100	-86.8
27	00011011	-87.2
26	00011010	-87.5
25	00011001	-88.4
24	00011000	-88.8
23	00010111	-89.3
22	00010110	-89.8
21	00010101	-90.3
20	00010100	-90.9
19	00010011	-91.5
18	00010010	-92.1
17	00010001	-92.8
16	00010000	-93.6
15	00001111	-94.4
14	00001110	-95.3
13	00001101	-96.3
12	00001100	-97.5
11	00001011	-98.8
10	00001010	-100.4
9	00001001	-102.4
8	00001000	-104.9
7	00000111	-108.4
6	00000110	-114.4
5	00000101	MUTE
4	00000100	MUTE
3	00000011	MUTE
2	0000010	MUTE
1	0000001	MUTE
0	00000000	MUTE