

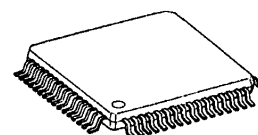
CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller

TMP86PM29AU/AF

The TMP86PM29A is a OTP type MCU which includes 32 Kbyte One-time PROM. It is a pin compatible with a mask ROM product of the TMP86C829A/H29A/M29A. Writing the program to built-in PROM, the TMP86PM29A operates as the same way as the TMP86C829A/H29A/M29A. Also, this product has upper compatibility for TMP86CH21 and TMP86C420/820 and can be used as an one-time PROM for these products. Please refer to detail "Functional differences of product basis". Using the Adapter socket, you can write and verify the data for the TMP86PM29A with a general-purpose PROM programmer same as TC571000D/AD.

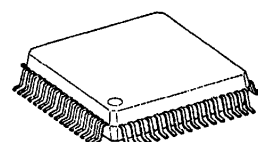
Part No.	OTP	RAM	Package	Adapter Socket
TMP86PM29AU	32 K × 8-bit	1.5 K × 8 bit	P-LQFP64-1010-0.50	BM11162
TMP86PM29AF			P-QFP64-1414-0.80A	BM11163

P-LQFP64-1010-0.50



TMP86PM29AU

P-QFP64-1414-0.80A



TMP86PM29AF

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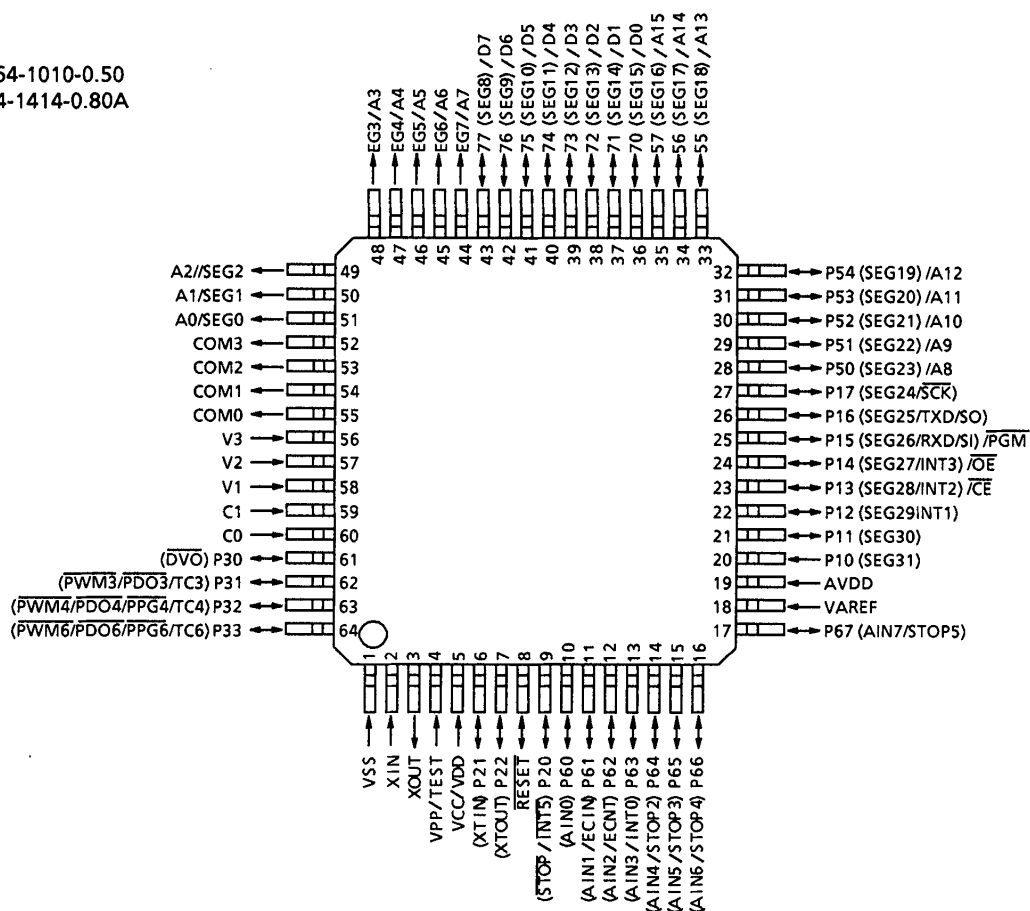
Functional differences on product basis

	TMP86C829A/H29A/M29A	TMP86CH21	TMP86C420/820
Input/Output ports	39 pins		
Package	P-LQFP64-1010-0.50 P-QFP64-1414-0.80A		
Instruction execution time	0.25 μ s (at 16 MHz) 122 μ s (at 32.768 kHz)		
Operating voltage	1.8 to 5.5 V at 4.2 MHz / 32.768 kHz 2.7 to 5.5 V at 8 MHz / 32.768 kHz 4.5 to 5.5 V at 16 MHz / 32.768 kHz		
18-bit timer counter	1 ch (ECIN input is both edge or single edge)		1 ch (ECIN is single edge)
8-bit timer counter	4 ch		2 ch
Time Base Timer	1 ch		
Watchdog Timer	1 ch		
AD converter	10 bit \times 8 ch	8 bit \times 8 ch	
UART	1 ch (Note)		–
SIO			1 ch
LCD driver	32 seg \times 4 com		
Operating Temperature	– 40 to 85°C		

Note : UART and SIO can not use function synchronously because each function pin is shared.

Pin Assignments (Top View)

P-LQFP64-1010-0.50
P-QFP64-1414-0.80A



Pin Function

The TMP86PM29A has MCU mode and PROM mode.

(1) MCU mode

In the MCU mode, the TMP86PM29A is a pin compatible with the TMP86C420/820, TMP86CH21 and TMP86C829A/H29A/M29A (Make sure to fix the TEST pin to low level). However, TMP86C420/820 have not timer/counter 6 input/output and UART input/output.

(2) PROM mode

Pin Name	Input / Output	Functions	Pin Name (MCU mode)
A15 to A8	Input	Input of Memory address for program	P57 to P50
A7 to A0			SEG7 to SEG0
D7 to D0	I/O	Input/Output of Memory data for program	P77 to P70
\overline{CE}	Input	Chip enable	P13
\overline{OE}		Output enable	P14
\overline{PGM}		Program control	P15
VPP	Power supply	+ 12.75 V / 5 V (Power supply of program)	TEST
VCC, AVDD		+ 6.25 V / 5 V	VDD, AVDD
GND, VAREF		0 V	VSS, VAREF
P11, P21	I/O	PROM mode setting pin. Fix to high.	
P10, P22, P20, P61		PROM mode setting pin. Fix to low.	
\overline{RESET}			
P64, P65, P67	Output	Output pin for PROM operation test. Open or release.	
P17, P16, P12	I/O	Open	
P66, P63 to P62, P60			
P33 to P30			
COM3 to COM0			
V3 to V1			
C1, C0			
XIN	Input	Self oscillation with resonator (8 MHz).	
XOUT	Output		

Note: No pin is applied to A16 input.

Operation

This section describes the functions and basic operational blocks of TMP86PM29A.

The TMP86PM29A has PROM in place of the mask ROM which is included in the TMP86C420/820, TMP86CH21 and TMP86C829A/H29A/M29A. The configuration and function are the same as the mask ROM products. For TMP86C420/820 and TMP86CH21, however, some functions have been partially changed or deleted.

In addition, TMP86PM29A operates as the single clock mode when releasing reset.

When using the dual clock mode, oscillate a low-frequency clock by SET. XTEN command at the beginning of program.

1. Operating Mode

The TMP86PM29A has MCU mode and PROM mode.

1.1 MCU Mode

The MCU mode is set by fixing the TEST/VPP pin to the low level. (TEST/VPP pin cannot be used open because it has no built-in pull-down resistor).

1.1.1 Program memory

The TMP86PM29A has a 32 Kbyte built-in one time PROM (addresses 8000 to FFFF_H in the MCU mode, addresses 0000 to 7FFF_H in the PROM mode).

When using TMP86PM29A for evaluation of mask ROM products, the program is written in the program storing area shown in Figure 1-1.

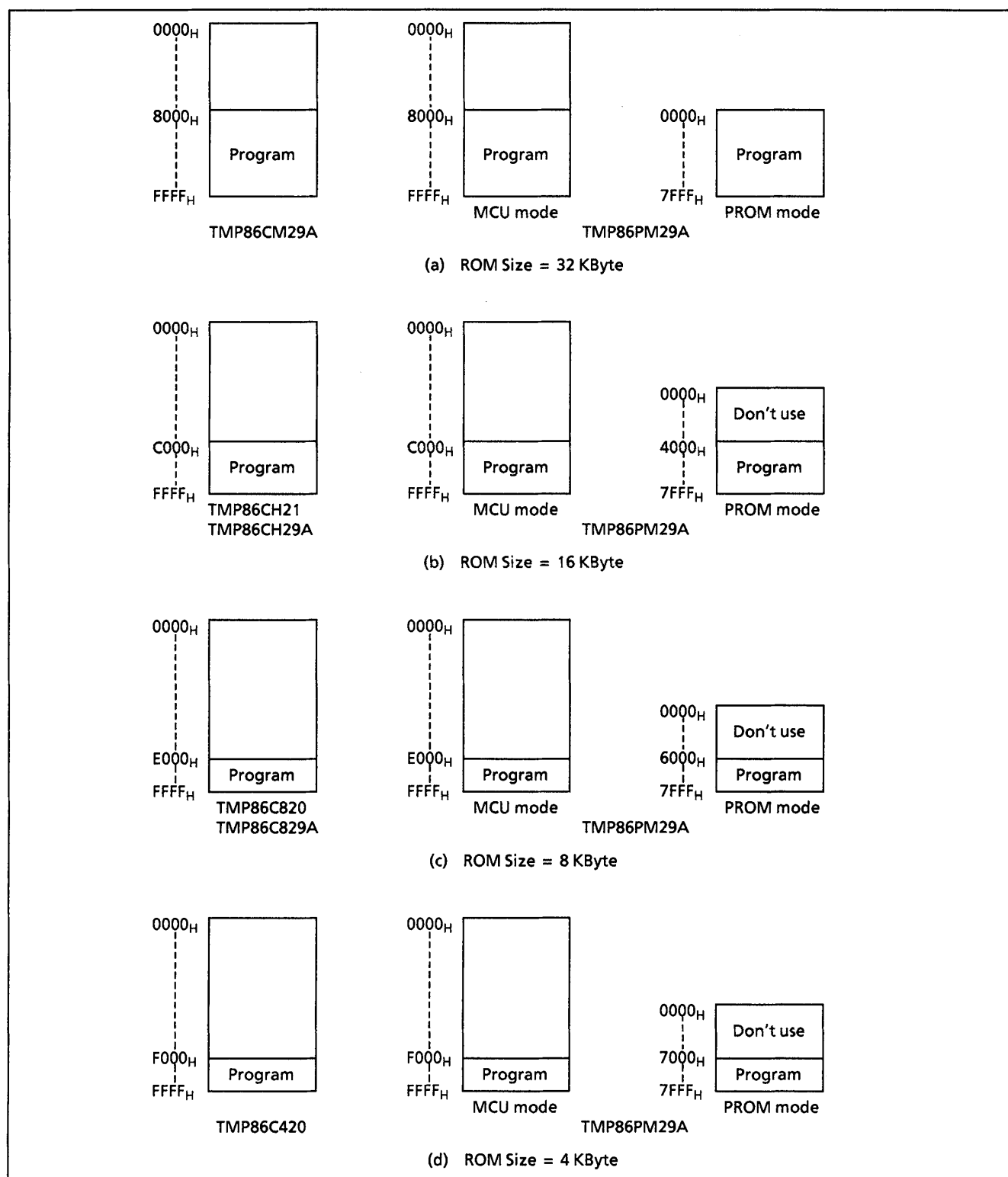


Figure 1-1. Program Memory Area

Note: The area that is not in use should be set data to FFH, or a general-purpose PROM programmer should be set only in the program memory area to access.

1.1.2 Data Memory

TMP86PM29A has a built-in 1.5 Kbyte Data memory (static RAM).

1.1.3 Input/Output circuitry**(1) Control pins**

The control pins of the TMP86PM29A are the same as those of the TMP86C420/820, TMP86CH21 and TMP86C829A/H29A/M29A except that the TEST pin does not have a built-in pull-down resistor.

(2) I/O ports

The I/O circuitries of TMP86PM29A I/O ports are the same as the those of TMP86C420/820, TMP86CH21 and TMP86C829A/H29A/M29A. However, TMP86C420/820 have not timer/counter 6 input/output and UART input/output.

1.2 PROM Mode

The PROM mode is set by setting the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin, the ports P11, P10, P22 to P20, P61 and TEST as shown in Figure 1-2. The programming and verification for the internal PROM is achieved by using a general-purpose PROM programmer with the adapter socket.

Note: The high-speed program mode can be used. The setting is different according to the type of PROM programmer to use, refer to each description of PROM programmer.
The TMP86PM29A does not support the electric signature mode, apply the ROM type of PROM programmer to TC571000D/AD.

Always set the switch of Adapter socket to the N side when using TOSHIBA's Adapter socket.

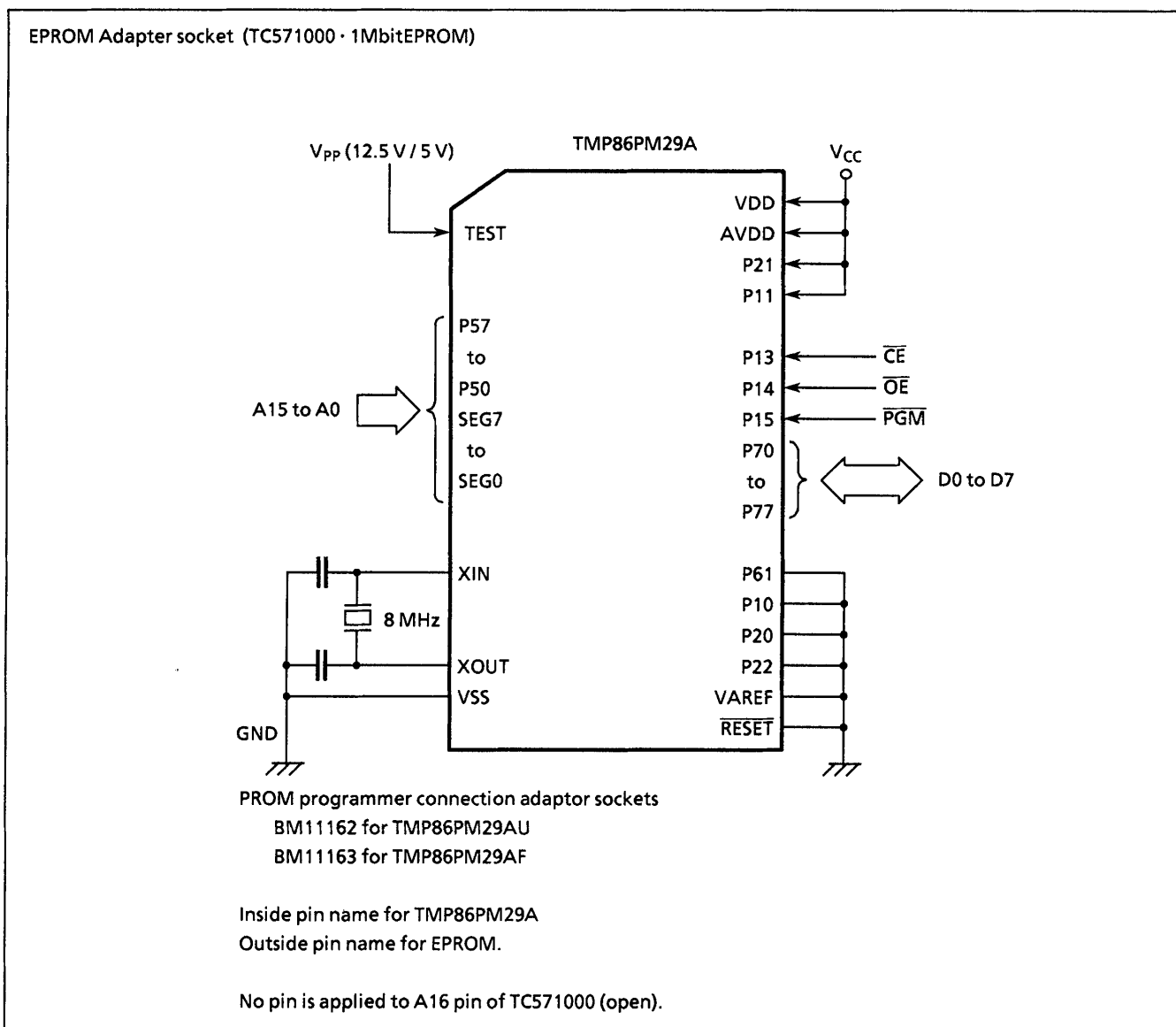


Figure 1-2. PROM Mode Setting

1.2.1 Programming flowchart (High-speed program writing)

The high-speed programming mode is set by applying 12.75 V (programming voltage) to the V_{pp} pin when the V_{CC} is 6.25 V. After the address and data are fixed, the data in the address is written by applying 0.1ms of low level program pulse to \overline{PGM} pin. Then verify if the data is written.

If the programmed data is incorrect, another 0.1 ms pulse is applied to \overline{PGM} pin.

This programming procedure is repeated until correct data is read from the address (maximum of 25 times).

Subsequently, all data are programmed in all addresses.

When all data were written, verify all address under the condition of $V_{CC} = V_{pp} = 5$ V.

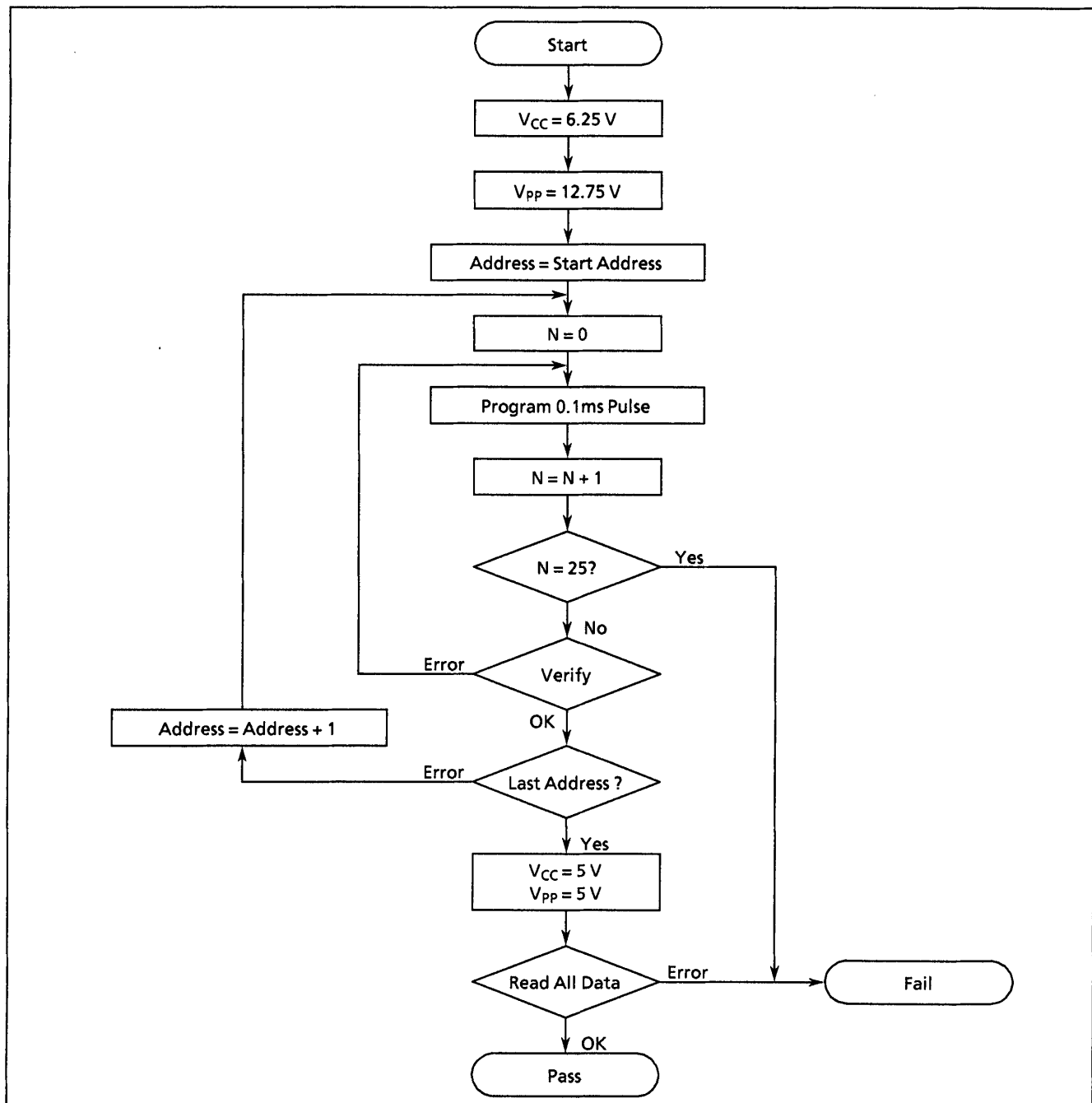


Figure 1-3. Programming Flowchart

1.2.2 Program Writing using a general-purpose PROM programmer

(1) Recommended OTP Adapter

BM11162: for TMP86PM29AU

BM11163: for TMP86PM29AF

(2) Setting of OTP Adapter

Set the switch (SW1) to N side.

(3) Setting of PROM programmer

i) Set PROM type to TC571000D/AD.

VPP: 12.75 V (high-speed program writing)

ii) Data transmission (Note 1)

The PROM of TMP86PM29A is located on different addresses; it depends on operating modes: MCU mode and PROM mode. When you write the data of ROM for mask ROM products, the data should be transferred from the address for MCU mode to that for PROM mode before writing operation is executed. For the applicable program areas of MCU mode and PROM mode are different, refer to Figure 1-1 Program Memory Area.

Example: In the block transfer (copy) mode, executed as below.

ROM capacity of 32 KB: Transferred address 8000_H to FFFF_H to addresses 0000_H to 7FFF_H

ROM capacity of 16 KB: Transferred address C000_H to FFFF_H to addresses 4000_H to 7FFF_H

ROM capacity of 8 KB: Transferred address E000_H to FFFF_H to addresses 6000_H to 7FFF_H

ROM capacity of 4 KB: Transferred address F000_H to FFFF_H to addresses 7000_H to 7FFF_H

iii) Setting of the program address (Note 1)

Start address: 00000_H (When ROM capacity of 16 KB, start address is 4000_H. When ROM capacity of 8 KB, start address is 6000_H.)

End address: 07FFF_H

(4) Writing program

Write and verify according to the above mentioned "Setting of PROM programmer."

Note 1: For the setting method, refer to each description of PROM programmer.

Make sure to set the data of address area that is not in used to FF_H.

Note 2: When setting MCU to the adapter or when setting the adapter to the PROM programmer, set the first pin of the adapter and that of PROM programmer socket matched. If the first pin is conversely set, MCU or adapter or programmer would be damaged.

Note 3: The TMP86PM29A does not support the electric signature mode.

If PROM programmer uses the signature, the device would be damaged because of applying voltage of 12 ± 0.5 V to pin 9 (A9) of the address.

Do not use the signature.

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		– 0.3 to 6.5	V
Program Voltage	V _{PP}	TEST/V _{PP}	– 0.3 to 13.0	
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		– 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	
Output Voltage	V _{OUT1}		– 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	
Output Current (Per 1 pin)	I _{OUT1}	P3, P6 Port	– 1.8	mA
	I _{OUT2}	P1, P2, P5, P6, P7 Port	3.2	
	I _{OUT3}	P3 Port	30	
Output Current (Total)	ΣI _{OUT1}	P1, P2, P5, P6, P7 Port	60	
	ΣI _{OUT2}	P3 Port	80	
Power Dissipation [T _{opr} = 85°C]	PD		350	mW
Soldering Temperature (time)	T _{sld}		260 (10 μ)	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}		– 55 to 125	
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}		– 40 to 85	

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Recommended Operating Condition	(V _{SS} = 0 V, T _{opr} = – 40 to 85°C)
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Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Condition		Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		fc = 16 MHz	NORMAL1, 2 mode	4.5	5.5	V
				IDLE0, 1, 2 mode			
			fc = 8 MHz	NORMAL1, 2 mode	2.7		
				IDLE0, 1, 2 mode			
			fc = 4.2 MHz	NORMAL1, 2 mode	1.8		
				IDLE0, 1, 2 mode			
			fs = 32.768 kHz	SLOW1, 2 mode			
				SLEEP0, 1, 2 mode			
	STOP mode						
Input high Level	V _{IH1}	Except Hysteresis input	V _{DD} ≥ 4.5 V		V _{DD} × 0.70	V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	Hysteresis input			V _{DD} × 0.75		
	V _{IH3}		V _{DD} < 4.5 V	V _{DD} × 0.90			
Input low Level	V _{IL1}	Except Hysteresis input	V _{DD} ≥ 4.5 V		0	V _{DD} × 0.30	V
	V _{IL2}	Hysteresis input				V _{DD} × 0.25	
	V _{IL3}		V _{DD} < 4.5 V	V _{DD} × 0.10			
Clock Frequency	fc	XIN, XOUT	V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V		1.0	4.2	MHz
			V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V			8.0	
			V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V			16.0	
	fs	XTIN, XTOUT			30.0	34.0	kHz

Note: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

DC Characteristics

(V_{SS} = 0 V, T_{opr} = -40 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Hysteresis Voltage	V _{HS}	Hysteresis input		–	0.9	–	V
Input Current	I _{IN1}	TEST	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{IN} = 5.5 V / 0 V	–	–	± 2	μA
	I _{IN2}	Sink Open Drain, Tri-state					
	I _{IN3}	RESET, STOP					
Input Resistance	R _{IN2}	RESET Pull-Up		100	220	450	kΩ
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	Sink Open Drain, Tri-state	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{OUT} = 5.5 V / 0 V	–	–	± 2	μA
Output High Voltage	V _{OH2}	C-MOS, Tri-st Port	V _{DD} = 4.5 V, I _{OH} = –0.7 mA	4.1	–	–	V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	Except XOUT and P3 Port	V _{DD} = 4.5 V, I _{OL} = 1.6 mA	–	–	0.4	V
Output Low Current	I _{OL}	High Current Port (P3 Port)	V _{DD} = 4.5 V, V _{OL} = 1.0 V	–	20	–	mA
Supply Current in NORMAL 1, 2 mode	V _{DD}		V _{DD} = 5.5 V V _{IN} = 5.3 / 0.2 V f _c = 16 MHz f _s = 32.768 kHz	–	7.5	9	mA
Supply Current in IDLE 0, 1, 2 mode				–	5.5	6.5	
Supply Current in SLOW 1 mode			V _{DD} = 3.0 V V _{IN} = 2.8 V / 0.2 V f _s = 32.768 kHz LCD driver is not enable.	–	18	42	μA
Supply Current in SLEEP 1 mode				–	16	25	
Supply Current in SLEEP 0 mode				–	12	20	
Supply Current in STOP mode			V _{DD} = 5.5 V V _{IN} = 5.3 V / 0.2 V	–	0.5	10	

Note 1: Typical values show those at T_{opr} = 25°C, V_{DD} = 5 V

Note 2: Input current (I_{IN1}, I_{IN2}); The current through pull-up or pull-down resistor is not included.

Note 3: I_{DD} does not include I_{REF} current.

Note 4: The supply currents of SLOW 2 and SLEEP 2 modes are equivalent to IDLE 0, 1, 2.

AD Conversion Characteristics

(V_{SS} = 0.0 V, 4.5 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, Topr = –40 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage	V _{AREF}		A _{VDD} – 1.0	–	A _{VDD}	V
Power Supply Voltage of Analog Control Circuit	A _{VDD}		V _{DD}			V
Analog Reference Voltage Range (Note 4)	ΔV _{AREF}		3.5	–	–	V
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS}	–	V _{AREF}	V
Power Supply Current of Analog Reference Voltage	I _{REF}	V _{DD} = A _{VDD} = V _{AREF} = 5.5 V V _{SS} = 0.0 V	–	0.6	1.0	mA
Non linearity Error		V _{DD} = A _{VDD} = 5.0 V, V _{SS} = 0.0 V V _{AREF} = 5.0 V	–	–	± 2	LSB
Zero Point Error			–	–	± 2	
Full Scale Error			–	–	± 2	
Total Error			–	–	± 2	

(V_{SS} = 0.0 V, 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.5 V, Topr = –40 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage	V _{AREF}		A _{VDD} – 1.0	–	A _{VDD}	V
Power Supply Voltage of Analog Control Circuit	A _{VDD}		V _{DD}			V
Analog Reference Voltage Range (Note 4)	ΔV _{AREF}		2.5	–	–	V
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS}	–	V _{AREF}	V
Power Supply Current of Analog Reference Voltage	I _{REF}	V _{DD} = A _{VDD} = V _{AREF} = 4.5 V V _{SS} = 0.0 V	–	0.5	0.8	mA
Non linearity Error		V _{DD} = A _{VDD} = 2.7 V, V _{SS} = 0.0 V V _{AREF} = 2.7 V	–	–	± 2	LSB
Zero Point Error			–	–	± 2	
Full Scale Error			–	–	± 2	
Total Error			–	–	± 2	

(V_{SS} = 0.0 V, 2.0 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V, Topr = –40 to 85°C) Note 5(V_{SS} = 0.0 V, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.0 V, Topr = –10 to 85°C) Note 5

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage	V _{AREF}		A _{VDD} – 0.9	–	A _{VDD}	V
Power Supply Voltage of Analog Control Circuit	A _{VDD}		V _{DD}			V
Analog Reference Voltage Range (Note 4)	ΔV _{AREF}	1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.0 V	1.8	–	–	V
		2.0 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	2.0	–	–	
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS}	–	V _{AREF}	V
Power Supply Current of Analog Reference Voltage	I _{REF}	V _{DD} = A _{VDD} = V _{AREF} = 2.7 V V _{SS} = 0.0 V	–	0.3	0.5	mA
Non linearity Error		V _{DD} = A _{VDD} = 1.8 V, V _{SS} = 0.0 V V _{AREF} = 1.8 V	–	–	± 4	LSB
Zero Point Error			–	–	± 4	
Full Scale Error			–	–	± 4	
Total Error			–	–	± 4	

Note 1: The total error includes all errors except a quantization error, and is defined as a maximum deviation from the ideal conversion line.

Note 2: Conversion time is different in recommended value by power supply voltage.
About conversion time, please refer to "2.10.2 Register Framing".

Note 3: Please use input voltage to AIN input Pin in limit of V_{AREF} – V_{SS}.
When voltage of range outside is input, conversion value becomes unsettled and gives affect to other channel conversion value.

Note 4: Analog Reference Voltage Range: ΔV_{AREF} = V_{AREF} – V_{SS}

Note 5: When AD is used with V_{DD} < 2.7 V, the guaranteed temperature range varies with the operating voltage.

AC Characteristics

(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, T_{opr} = – 40 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Machine Cycle Time	tcy	NORMAL 1, 2 mode	0.25	–	4	μ s
		IDLE 1, 2 mode				
		SLOW 1, 2 mode	117.6	–	133.3	
		SLEEP 1, 2 mode				
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XIN input)	–	31.25	–	ns
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL	fc = 16 MHz				
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XTIN input)	–	15.26	–	μ s
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL	fc = 32.768 kHz				

(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 2.7 to 4.5 V, T_{opr} = – 40 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Machine Cycle Time	tcy	NORMAL 1, 2 mode	0.5	–	4	μ s
		IDLE 1, 2 mode				
		SLOW 1, 2 mode	117.6	–	133.3	
		SLEEP 1, 2 mode				
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XIN input) fc = 8 MHz	–	62.5	–	ns
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL					
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XTIN input) fc = 32.768 kHz	–	15.26	–	μ s
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL					

(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 2.7 V, T_{opr} = – 40 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	
Machine Cycle Time	tcy	NORMAL 1, 2 mode	0.95	–	4	μ S	
		IDLE 1, 2 mode					
		SLOW 1, 2 mode	117.6	–	133.3		
		SLEEP 1, 2 mode					
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XIN input)	–	119.05	–	ns	
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL	fc = 4.2 MHz					
High Level Clock Pulse Width	twcH	For external clock operation (XTIN input)	–	15.26	–	μ S	
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	twcL	fc = 32.768 kHz					

Timer Counter 1 input (ECIN) Characteristics

(V_{SS} = 0 V, T_{opr} = – 40 to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
TC1 input (ECIN input)	t _{TC1}	Frequency measurement mode V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V	Single edge count	–	–	16	MHz
			Both edge count	–	–		
		Frequency measurement mode V _{DD} = 2.7 to 4.5 V	Single edge count	–	–	8	
			Both edge count	–	–		
		Frequency measurement mode V _{DD} = 1.8 to 2.7 V	Single edge count	–	–	4.2	
			Both edge count	–	–		

Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 1

 $(V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}, T_{opr} = -40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C})$

PARAMETER	Oscillator	Oscillation Frequency	Recommended Oscillator	Recommended Constant	
				C ₁	C ₂
High-frequency Oscillation	Ceramic Resonator	16 MHz	MURATA CSA16.00MXZ040	10 pF	10 pF
		8 MHz	MURATA CSA8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF
			CST8.00MTW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)
Low-frequency Oscillation	Crystal Oscillator	32.768 kHz	MURATA CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF
			CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)

Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 2

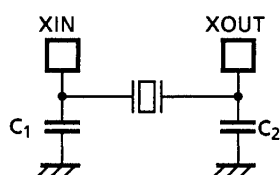
 $(V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}, T_{opr} = -40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C})$

PARAMETER	Oscillator	Oscillation Frequency	Recommended Oscillator	Recommended Constant	
				C ₁	C ₂
High-frequency Oscillation	Ceramic Resonator	8 MHz	MURATA CSA8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF
			CST8.00MTW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)
		4.19 MHz	MURATA CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF
			CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)

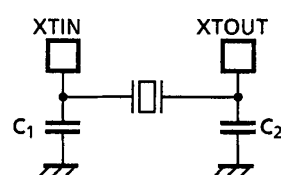
Recommended Oscillating Conditions - 3

 $(V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}, T_{opr} = -40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C})$

PARAMETER	Oscillator	Oscillation Frequency	Recommended Oscillator	Recommended Constant	
				C ₁	C ₂
High-frequency Oscillation	Ceramic Resonator	4.19 MHz	MURATA CSA4.19MG	30 pF	30 pF
			CST4.19MGW	30 pF (built-in)	30 pF (built-in)



(1) High-frequency Oscillation



(2) Low-frequency Oscillation

Note 1: An electrical shield by metal shield plate on the surface of IC package is recommended in order to protect the device from the high electric field stress applied from CRT (Cathodic Ray Tube) for continuous reliable operation.

Note 2: The product numbers and specifications of the resonators by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. are subject to change. For up-to-date information, please refer to the following URL;
<http://www.murata.co.jp/search/index.html>

DC Characteristics, AC Characteristics (PROM Mode) ($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = -40\text{ to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$)

(1) Read operation in PROM mode

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
High level input voltage (TTL)	V_{IH4}		2.2	–	V_{CC}	V
Low level input voltage (TTL)	V_{IL4}		0	–	0.8	V
Power supply	V_{CC}		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Power supply of program	V_{PP}					
Address access time	t_{ACC}	$V_{CC} = 5.0 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$	–	$1.5t_{cyc} + 300$	–	ns

Note: $t_{cyc} = 500\text{ ns}$ at 8 MHz

