

### 8-BIT PIPO SHIFT REGISTER WITH ASYNCHRONOUS CLEAR

The TC74AC299 is an advanced high speed CMOS 8-BIT PIPO SHIFT REGISTER fabricated with silicon gate and double-layer metal wiring C2MOS technology.

It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent Bipolar Schottky TTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

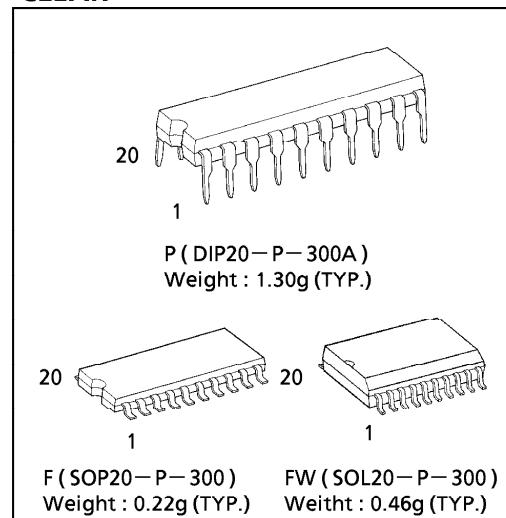
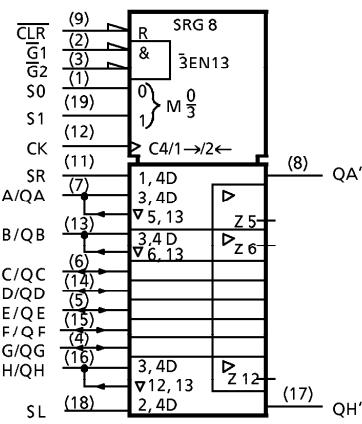
It has a four modes (HOLD, SHIFT LEFT, SHIFT RIGHT and LOAD DATA) controlled by the two selection inputs (S0, S1).

When one or both enable ( $\bar{G}1$ ,  $\bar{G}2$ ) are high, the eight I/O outputs are forced to the high-impedance state; however, sequential operation or clearing of the register is not affected. All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

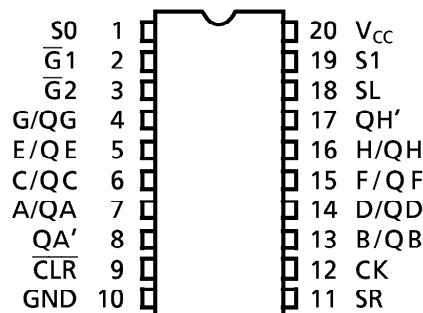
#### FEATURES:

- High Speed..... $f_{MAX} = 150MHz$  (typ.) at  $V_{CC} = 5V$
- Low Power Dissipation..... $I_{CC} = 8\mu A$ (Max.) at  $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$
- High Noise Immunity..... $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\%$   $V_{CC}$  (Min.)
- Symmetrical Output Impedance...  $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 24mA$  (Min.) Capability of driving  $50\Omega$  transmission lines.
- Balanced Propagation Delays..... $t_{PLH} \approx t_{PHL}$
- Wide Operating Voltage Range....  $V_{CC}$  (opr) =  $2V \sim 5.5V$
- Pin and Function Compatible with 74F299

#### IEC LOGIC SYMBOL



#### PIN ASSIGNMENT



(TOP VIEW)

#### APPLICATION NOTES

- 1) Do not apply a signal to any bus terminal when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.
- 2) All floating (high impedance) bus terminals must have their input levels fixed by means of pull up or pull down resistors.

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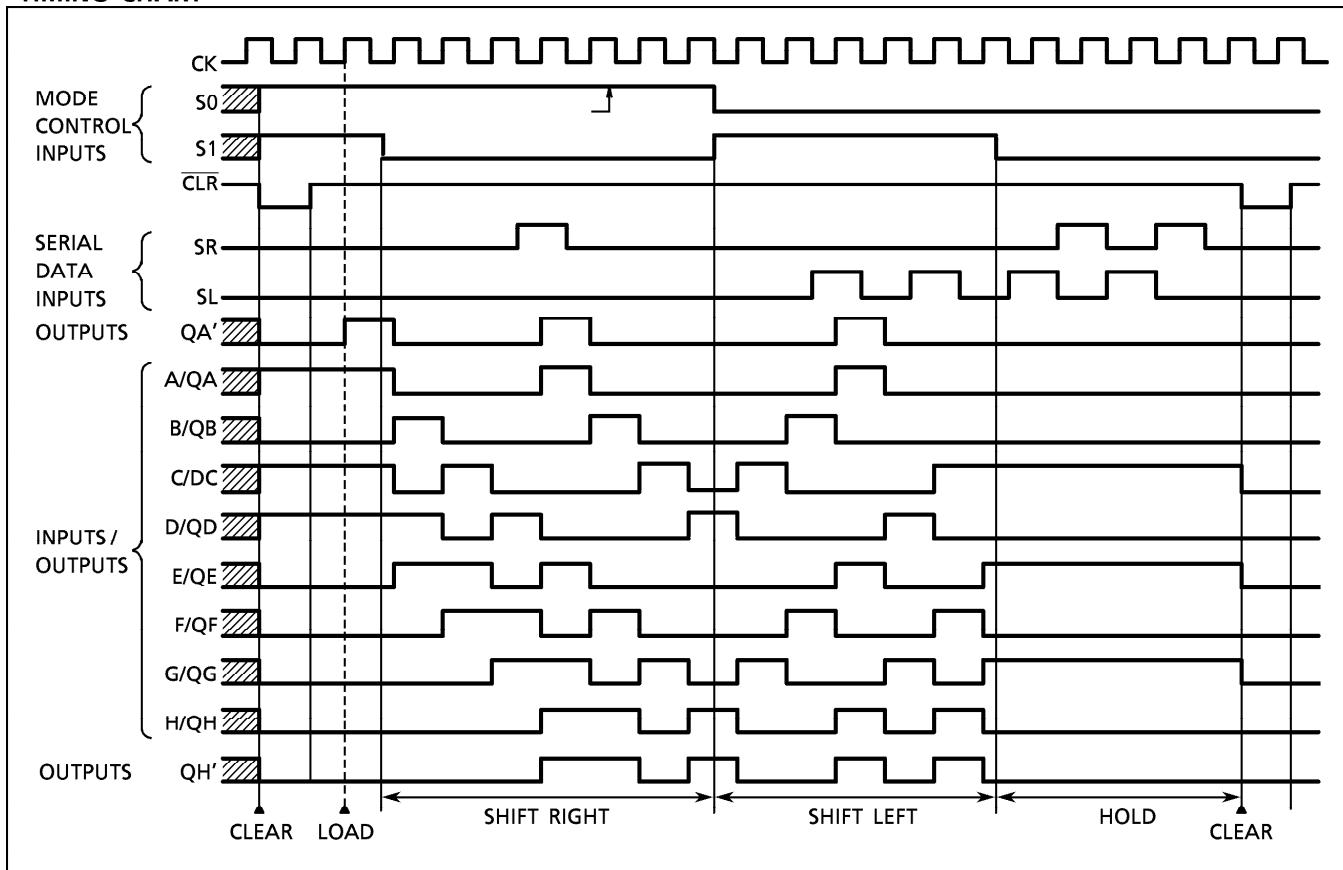
TRUTH TABLE

MODE	INPUTS								INPUTS/ OUTPUTS		OUTPUTS	
	CLR	FUNCTION SELECT		OUTPUT CONTROL		CK	SERIAL					
		S1	S0	$\bar{G}1^*$	$\bar{G}2^*$		SL	SR	A/QA	H/QH	QA'	QH'
CLEAR	L	H	H	X	X	X	X	X	Z	Z	L	L
	L	L	X	L	L	X	X	X	L	L	L	L
	L	X	L	L	L	X	X	X	L	L	L	L
HOLD	H	L	L	L	L	X	X	X	QA0	QH0	QA0	QH0
SHIFT RIGHT	H	L	H	L	L	$\uparrow$	X	H	H	QGn	H	QGn
	H	L	H	L	L	$\uparrow$	X	L	L	QGn	L	QGn
SHIFT LEFT	H	H	L	L	L	$\uparrow$	H	X	QBn	H	QBn	H
	H	H	L	L	L	$\uparrow$	L	X	QBn	L	QBn	L
LOAD	H	H	H	X	X	$\uparrow$	X	X	a	h	a	h

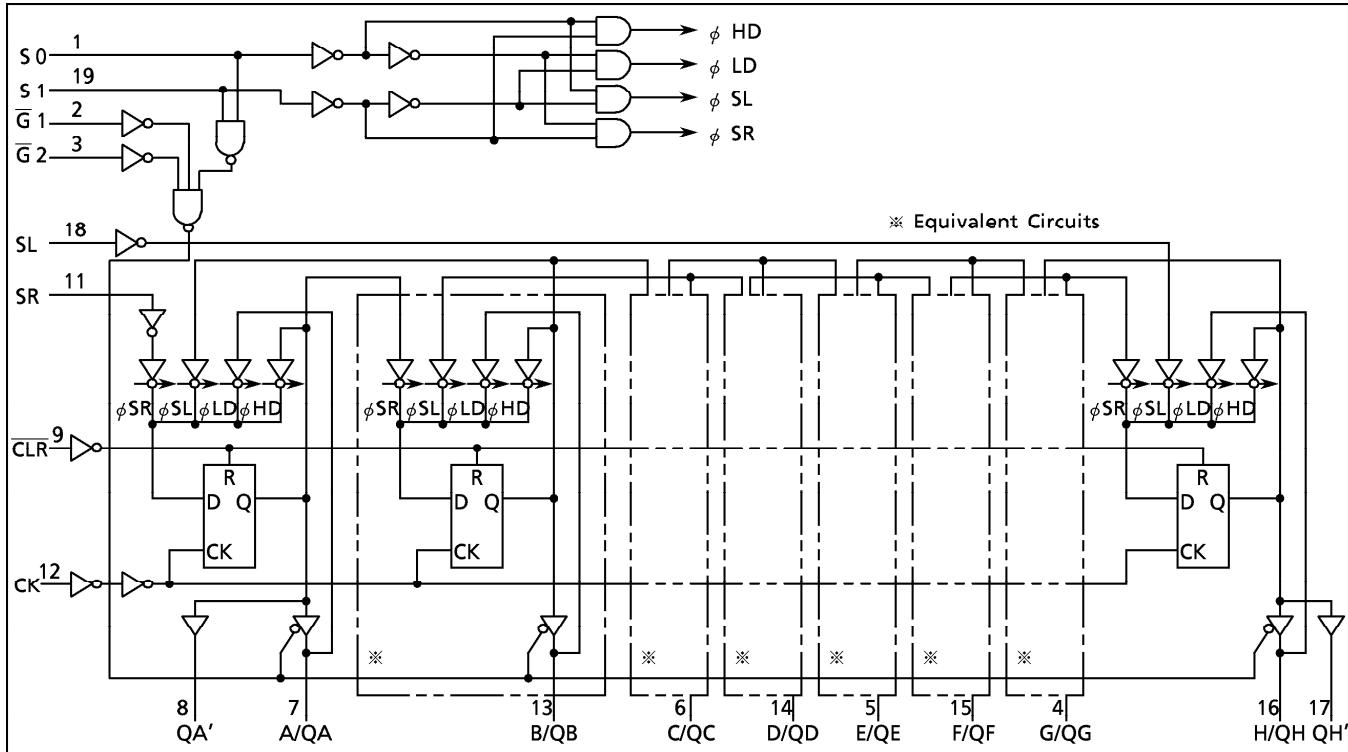
\* When one or both output controls are high, the eight input/output terminals are in the high-impedance state; however sequential or clearing of the register is not affected.

Z : High Impedance  
 Qn0 : The level of Qn before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.  
 Qnn : The level of Qn before the most recent active transition indicated by  $\downarrow$  or  $\uparrow$ .  
 a, h : The level of the steady-state inputs A, H, respectively.  
 X : Don't Care.

TIMING CHART



**SYSTEM DIAGRAM**



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{CC}$	-0.5~7.0	V
DC Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.5~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
DC Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	-0.5~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Input Diode Current	$I_{IK}$	$\pm 20$	mA
Output Diode Current	$I_{OK}$	$\pm 50$	mA
DC Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	$\pm 50$	mA
DC $V_{CC}$ /Ground Current	$I_{CC}$	$\pm 250$	mA
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	500 (DIP)* / 180 (SOP)	mW
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65~150	°C

\*500mW in the range of  $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 65^{\circ}\text{C}$ . From  $T_a = 65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$  a derating factor of  $-10\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$  should be applied up to 300mW.

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	2.0~5.5	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	0~ $V_{CC}$	V
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	0~ $V_{CC}$	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40~85	°C
Input Rise and Fall Time	$dt/dV$	0~ 100 ( $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3\text{V}$ ) 0~ 20 ( $V_{CC} = 5 \pm 0.5\text{V}$ )	ns/V

**DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	$V_{CC}$ (V)	Ta = 25°C			Ta = -40~85°C		UNIT	
				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
High - Level Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$		2.0 3.0 5.5	1.50 2.10 3.85	— — —	— — —	1.50 2.10 3.85	— — —	V	
Low - Level Input Voltage	$V_{IL}$		2.0 3.0 5.5	— — —	— — —	0.50 0.90 1.65	— — —	0.50 0.90 1.65	V	
High - Level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OH} = -50\mu A$	2.0 3.0 4.5	1.9 2.9 4.4	2.0 3.0 4.5	— — —	1.9 2.9 4.4	— — —	
			$I_{OH} = -4mA$ $I_{OH} = -24mA$ $I_{OH} = -75mA^*$	3.0 4.5 5.5	2.58 3.94 —	— — —	— — —	2.48 3.80 3.85	— — —	
			$I_{OL} = 50\mu A$ $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $I_{OL} = 12mA$ $I_{OL} = 24mA$ $I_{OL} = 75mA^*$	2.0 3.0 4.5	— — —	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.1 0.1	— — —	0.1 0.1 0.1	
Low - Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		3.0 4.5 5.5	— — —	— — —	0.36 0.36 —	— — —	0.44 0.44 1.65	
				3.0 4.5 5.5	— — —	— — —	0.36 0.36 —	— — —	0.44 0.44 1.65	
3 - State Output Off - State Current	$I_{OZ}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5	—	—	—	$\pm 0.5$	—	$\pm 5.0$	
Input Leakage Current	$I_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5	—	—	—	$\pm 0.1$	—	$\pm 1.0$	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5	—	—	—	8.0	—	80.0	

\* : This spec indicates the capability of driving 50Ω transmission lines.

One output should be tested at a time for a 10ms maximum duration.

**TIMING RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Input  $t_r = t_f = 3ns$ )**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	$V_{CC}$ (V)	Ta = 25°C		Ta = -40~85°C		UNIT
				LIMIT	LIMIT	LIMIT	LIMIT	
Minimum Pulse Width (CK)	$t_W(L)$ $t_W(H)$		3.3 ± 0.3 5.0 ± 0.5	8.0 5.0	8.0 5.0			ns
Minimum Pulse Width ( $\overline{CLR}$ )	$t_W(L)$		3.3 ± 0.3 5.0 ± 0.5	7.0 5.0	7.0 5.0			
Minimum Set - up Time (SL, SR, A~H)	$t_s$		3.3 ± 0.3 5.0 ± 0.5	6.0 4.0	6.0 4.0			
Minimum Set - up Time (S0, S1)	$t_s$		3.3 ± 0.3 5.0 ± 0.5	11.9 7.0	13.6 7.0			
Minimum Hold Time (SL, SR, A~H)	$t_h$		3.3 ± 0.3 5.0 ± 0.5	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0			
Minimum Hold Time (S0, S1)	$t_h$		3.3 ± 0.3 5.0 ± 0.5	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0			
Minimum Removal Time ( $\overline{CLR}$ )	$t_{rem}$		3.3 ± 0.3 5.0 ± 0.5	5.0 3.0	5.0 3.0			

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500\Omega$ ,  $t_r = t_f = 3\text{ns}$  )**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	Ta = 25°C			Ta = - 40~85°C		UNIT
			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	
Propagation Delay Time ( CK-QA', QH' )	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$		3.3 ± 0.3	—	10.6 6.8	18.4 10.5	1.0 1.0	21.0 12.0
			5.0 ± 0.5	—				
Propagation Delay Time ( CLR-QA', QH' )	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$		3.3 ± 0.3	—	8.1 6.1	14.0 9.2	1.0 1.0	16.0 10.5
			5.0 ± 0.5	—				
Propagation Delay Time ( CK-QA ~ QH )	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$		3.3 ± 0.3	—	10.9 7.3	19.3 10.5	1.0 1.0	22.0 12.0
			5.0 ± 0.5	—				
Propagation Delay Time ( CLR-QA ~ QH )	$t_{pLH}$ $t_{pHL}$		3.3 ± 0.3	—	9.8 6.7	16.7 10.9	1.0 1.0	19.0 12.4
			5.0 ± 0.5	—				
Output Enable Time	$t_{pZL}$ $t_{pZH}$		3.3 ± 0.3	—	9.9 6.6	17.5 9.6	1.0 1.0	20.0 11.0
			5.0 ± 0.5	—				
Output Disable Time	$t_{pLZ}$ $t_{pHZ}$		3.3 ± 0.3	—	8.1 6.4	14.0 9.6	1.0 1.0	16.0 11.0
			5.0 ± 0.5	—				
Maximum Clock Frequency	f <sub>MAX</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3	45 80	90 140	—	45 80	—
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		—	5	10	—	10	pF
Bus Input Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>		—	13	—	—	—	
Power Dissipation Capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub> (1)		—	137	—	—	—	

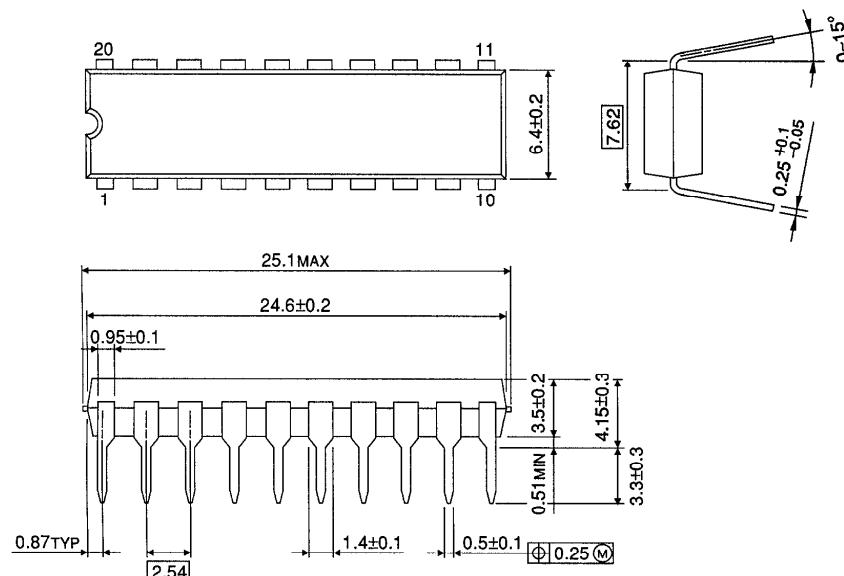
Note (1) C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(\text{opr})} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}$$

DIP 20PIN OUTLINE DRAWING ( DIP20-P-300A )

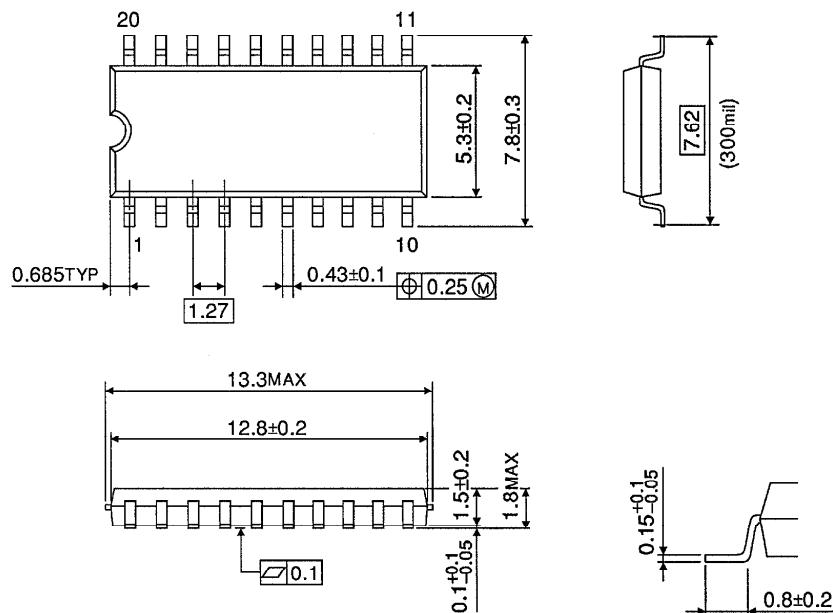
Unit in mm



Weight : 1.30g (TYP.)

SOP 20PIN ( 200mil BODY ) OUTLINE DRAWING ( SOP20-P-300 )

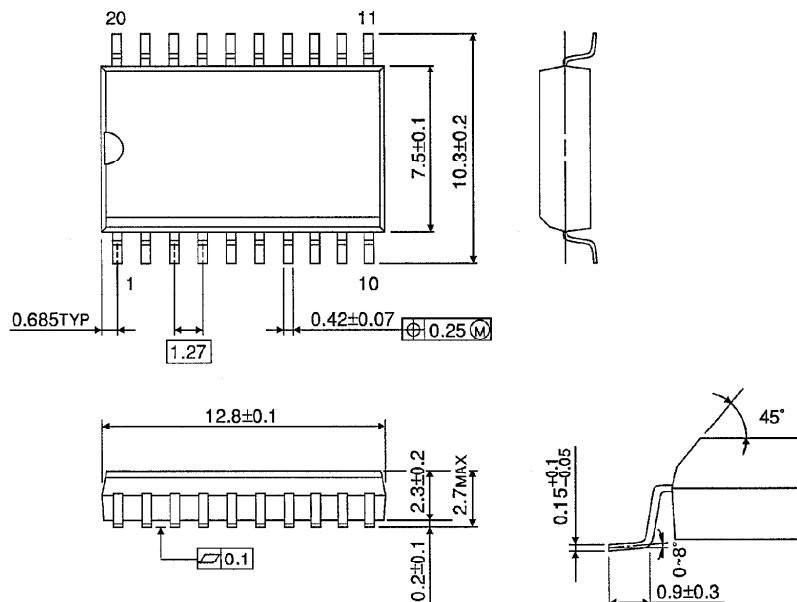
Unit in mm



Weight : 0.22g (TYP.)

SOP 20PIN (300mil BODY) OUTLINE DRAWING (SOL20-P-300)

Unit in mm



Weight: 0.46g (TYP.)