TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC7MA245FK

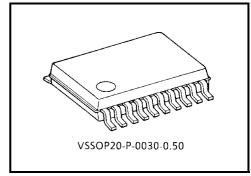
Low-Voltage Octal Bus Transceiver with 3.6 V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC7MA245FK is a high performance CMOS octal bus transceiver. Designed for use in 1.8 , 2.5 or 3.3 V systems, it achieves high speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with over voltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to $3.6\ V\!.$

The direction of data transmission is determined by the level of the DIR inputs. The \overline{OE} inputs can be used to disable the device so that the busses are effectively isolated.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



Weight: 0.03 g (typ.)

Features

- Low voltage operation: VCC = 1.8~3.6 V
- High speed operation:

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t_{pd} = 3.5 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V)} \\ t_{pd} = 4.2 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 2.3 \sim 2.7 \text{ V)} \\ t_{pd} = 8.4 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V)}
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- 3.6 V tolerant inputs and outputs.
- Package: VSSOP (US20)
- Output current:

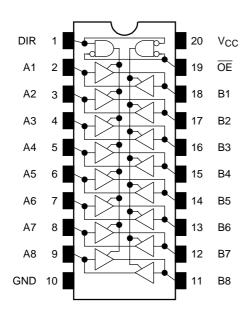
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\begin{split} & I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V)} \\ & I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V)} \\ & I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V)} \end{split}
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- Latch-up performance: ±300 mA
- ESD performance:

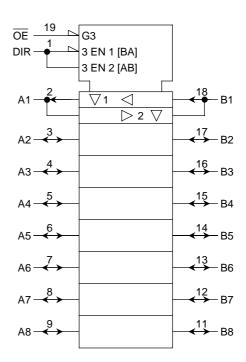
Machine model $> \pm 200 \text{ V}$

- Human body model > ±2000 V
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals. (*1)
- Power down protection is provided on all inputs and outputs. (*2)
- Supports live insertion/withdrawal (*3)
 - *1: Do not apply a signal to any bus terminal when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.
 - *2: All floating (high impedance) bus terminal must have their input level fixed by means of pull up or pull down resistors.
 - *3: To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

Pin Assignment (top view)



IEC Logic Symbol



Truth Table

Inp	uts	Outputs	Function		
ŌĒ	DIR	Odipuis	A-Bus	B-Bus	
L	L	A = B	Output	Input	
L	Н	B = A	Input	Output	
Н	Х	Z	Z		

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

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Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5~4.6	V	
DC input voltage (DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$)	V _{IN}	-0.5~4.6	V	
DC bus I/O voltage	V _{I/O}	-0.5~4.6 (Note1)	V	
Do bus 1/O voltage	V 1/O	-0.5~V _{CC} + 0.5 (Note2)	V	
Input diode current	I _{IK}	-50	mA	
Output diode current	lok	±50 (Note3)	mA	
DC output current	Гоит	±50	mA	
Power dissipation	PD	180	mW	
DC V _{CC} /ground current	I _{CC} /I _{GND}	±100	mA	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-65~150	°C	

Note1: Off-state

Note2: High or low state. $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OUT}}$ absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note3: $V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

Recommended Operating Range

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V	1.8~3.6	V
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	1.2~3.6 (Note4)	V
Input voltage (DIR, OE)	V _{IN}	-0.3~3.6	V
Bus I/O voltage	Vera	0~3.6 (Note5)	V
Bus I/O voltage	V _{I/O}	0~V _{CC} (Note6)	V
		±24 (Note7)	
Output current	I _{OH} /I _{OL}	±18 (Note8)	mA
		±6 (Note9)	·
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-40~85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0~10 (Note10)	ns/V

Note4: Data retention only

Note5: Off-state

Note6: High or low state

Note7: $V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$

Note8: $V_{CC} = 2.3 \sim 2.7 \text{ V}$

Note9: $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

Note10: $V_{IN} = 0.8 \sim 2.0 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$

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Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics (Ta = $-40\sim85^{\circ}$ C, 2.7 V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6 V)

Character	istics	Symbol	Test Condition		V _{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	High level	V _{IH}		_	2.7~3.6	2.0	_	V
input voltage	Low level	V _{IL}		_	2.7~3.6	_	0.8	٧
				$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$	2.7~3.6	V _{CC} - 0.2		
	High level	V _{OH}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.7	2.2	_	
				I _{OH} = -18 mA	3.0	2.4	_	
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2	_	V
			V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	$I_{OL} = 100 \ \mu A$	2.7~3.6	_	0.2	
	Low level	V _{OL}		$I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	_	0.4	
	Low level	VOL		I _{OL} = 18 mA	3.0	_	0.4	
				I _{OL} = 24 mA	3.0	_	0.55	
Input leakage curre	ent	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0~3.6 V		2.7~3.6	_	±5.0	μΑ
2 state output off s	tata current	1	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		2.7~3.6	_	±10.0	μА
3-state output off-state current		l _{OZ}	V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V		2.7~3.0		±10.0	μА
Power off leakage current		I _{OFF}	$V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$		0	_	10.0	μА
Quiescent supply current		loo	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		2.7~3.6	_	20.0	
Quiescerit supply (Juneni	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.7~3.6	_	±20.0	μА
Increase in I _{CC} per	input	Δl _{CC}	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$		2.7~3.6	_	750	

DC Characteristics (Ta = $-40\sim85^{\circ}$ C, 2.3 V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7 V)

Characte	ristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V _{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit		
la must valta ma	High level	V _{IH}		_	2.3~2.7	1.6	_	V		
Input voltage	Low level	V _{IL}		_	2.3~2.7		0.7	V		
				I _{OH} = -100 μA	2.3~2.7	V _{CC} - 0.2	_			
	High level	Voн	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = -6 mA	2.3	2.0	_			
				I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.3	1.8	_	V		
Output voltage	Output voltage			I _{OH} = -18 mA	2.3	1.7	_			
			V_{OL} $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	2.3~2.7	_	0.2			
	Low level	V_{OL}		$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \ or \ V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.3	_	0.4	
				I _{OL} = 18 mA	2.3	_	0.6			
Input leakage curr	ent	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0~3.6 V		2.3~2.7	_	±5.0	μΑ		
2 state output off o			$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		or V _{IL}		110.0	^		
3-state output off-state current		loz	V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V		2.3~2.7		±10.0	μΑ		
Power off leakage	current	I _{OFF}	V _{IN} , V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μΑ		
Quioscont supply	current	loo	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		2.3~2.7	_	20.0	^		
Quiescent supply current		Icc	V _{CC} ≤ (V _{IN} , V _{OUT}) ≤ 3.6 V		2.3~2.7	_	±20.0	μΑ		

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DC Characteristics (Ta = -40~85°C, 1.8 V \leq V_{CC} < 2.3 V)

Characteri	stics	Symbol	Test Condition		V _{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	High level	V _{IH}		_	1.8~2.3	0.7 × V _{CC}	_	V
input voitage	Low level	V _{IL}		_	1.8~2.3		0.2 × V _{CC}	V
	High level	V _{OH}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	I _{OH} = -100 μA	1.8	V _{CC} - 0.2		
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	1.8	1.4	_	V
	Low level	level V _{OL}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 μA	1.8		0.2	
	LOW level			I _{OL} = 6 mA	1.8		0.3	
Input leakage curre	nt	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0~3.6 V		1.8		±5.0	μΑ
3-state output off-st	ate current	loz	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		1.8		±10.0	μА
3-state output off-state current		102	V _{OUT} = 0~3.6 V		1.0		±10.0	μΛ
Power off leakage of	ower off leakage current I_{OFF} $V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0~3.6 \text{ V}$		0	_	10.0	μА		
Quiescent supply c	Quicecent aupply aurrent		$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		1.8	_	20.0	μА
Quioscont supply of	unont	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	_	±20.0	μΛ

AC Characteristics (Ta = -40~85°C, Input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF, $R_L = 500$ Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V 00	Min	Max	Unit
			V _{CC} (V)		0.4	
	t _{pLH}		1.8	1.5	8.4	
Propagation delay time	t _{pHL}	Figure 1, Figure 2	2.5 ± 0.2	8.0	4.2	ns
	φпс		3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.5	
	+		1.8	1.5	9.8	
3-state output enable time	t _{pZL} t _{pZH}	Figure 1, Figure 3	2.5 ± 0.2	8.0	5.6	ns
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.5	
	.	t _{pLZ} Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	7.2	
3-state output disable time			2.5 ± 0.2	8.0	4.0	ns
	t _{pHZ}		3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.6	
	.		1.8		0.5	
Output to output skew	tosLH	(Note11)	2.5 ± 0.2	_	0.5	ns
	t _{osHL}		3.3 ± 0.3	_	0.5	

For $C_L = 50\ pF$, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note11: This parameter is guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{PLHm} - t_{PLHn}|, \ t_{OSHL} = |t_{PHLm} - t_{PHLn}|)$

Dynamic Switching Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, Input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V _{CC} (V)	Тур.	Unit
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	1.8	0.25	
Quiet output maximum dynamic V _{OL}	V _{OLP}	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	2.5	0.6	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	3.3	0.8	
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	1.8	-0.25	
Quiet output minimum dynamic $V_{\mbox{OL}}$	V _{OLV}	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	2.5	-0.6	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	3.3	-0.8	
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	1.8	1.5	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V _{OH}	V _{OHV}	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	2.5	1.9	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (No.	ote12)	3.3	2.2	

Note12: This parameter is guaranteed by design.

Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

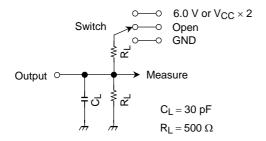
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Test Condition		Тур.	Unit
Characteristics	Cymbol	rest condition		V _{CC} (V)	τyp.	OTIIL
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	_		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	рF
Bus I/O capacitance	C _{I/O}	_		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C _{PD}	$f_{\text{IN}} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ (No	ote13)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	рF

Note13: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/8 (per bit)$

AC Test Circuit



Parameter	Switch		
t _{pLH} , t _{pHL}	Open		
t _{pLZ} , t _{pZL}			
t _{pHZ} , t _{pZH}	GND		

Figure 1

AC Waveform

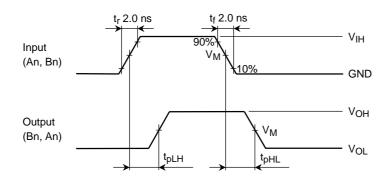


Figure 2 t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}

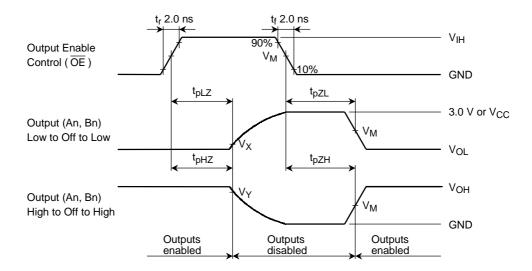
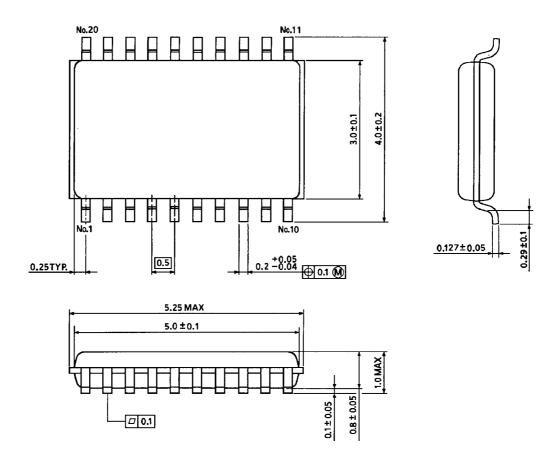


Figure 3 $t_{pLZ}, t_{pHZ}, t_{pZL}, t_{pZH}$

Symbol		V _{CC}	
Symbol	$3.3\pm0.3~\textrm{V}$	$2.5\pm0.2\textrm{V}$	1.8 V
V _{IH}	2.7 V	V _{CC}	V _{CC}
V _M	1.5 V	V _{CC} /2	V _{CC} /2
V _X	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OL} + 0.15 V	V _{OL} + 0.15 V
VY	V _{OH} – 0.3 V	V _{OH} – 0.15 V	V _{OH} – 0.15 V

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Package Dimensions



Weight: 0.03 g (typ.)

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