TOSHIBA CMOS DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

TC74HC221AP, TC74HC221AF, TC74HC221AFN

DUAL MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR

The TC74HC221A is a high speed CMOS MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR fabricated with silicon gate C2MOS technology.

It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

There are two trigger inputs, \overline{A} input (Negative edge), and B input (Positive edge). These inputs are valid for a slow rise/fall time signal (tr=tf=1sec.) as they are schmitt trigger inputs. This device may also be triggered by using \overline{CLR} input (Positive edge).

After triggering, the output stays in a MONOSTABLE state for a time period determined by the external resistor and capacitor (Rx, Cx). A low level at the \overline{CLR} input breaks this state.

Limits for Cx and Rx are:

External capacitor, CxNo limit $\begin{tabular}{ll} External resistor, RxV_{CC} = 2.0V more than $5k\Omega$ \\ V_{CC} $\geq 3.0V more than $1k\Omega$ \\ \end{tabular}$

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

FEATURES:

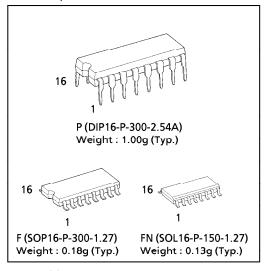
- High Speed······ t_{pd} = 25ns (typ.) at V_{CC} = 5V
- Low Power Dissipation

Standy by State \cdots $I_{CC} = 4\mu A(Max.)$ at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ Active State \cdots $I_{CC} = 700\mu A(Max.)$ at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

- High Noise Immunity $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC}$ (Min.)
- Output Drive Capability 10 LSTTL Loads
- Symmetrical Output Impedance --- | I_{OH} | = I_{OL} = 4mA(Min.)
- Balanced Propagation Delays ····· t_{pLH} ≃ t_{pHL}
- Wide Operating Voltage Range ···· V_{CC} (opr.) = 2V~6V
- Pin and Function Compatible with 74LS221

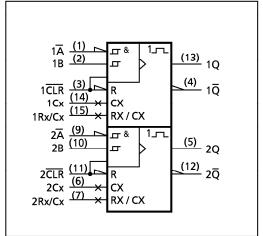
Note: In the case of using only one circuit, \overline{CLR} should be tied to GND, $Rx/Cx \cdot Cx \cdot Q \cdot \overline{Q}$ should be tied to OPEN, the other inputs should be tied to V_{CC} or GND.

(Note) The JEDEC SOP (FN) is not available in Japan.



PIN ASSIGNMENT 1A 16 V_{CC} 1Rx/Cx 1B 2 1CLR 3 1Cx 1Q 4 1Q 13 20 5 12 20 2Cx 2CLR 6 2Rx/Cx 7 2B 10 GND 8 9 $2\overline{A}$ (TOP VIEW)

IEC LOGIC SYMBOL



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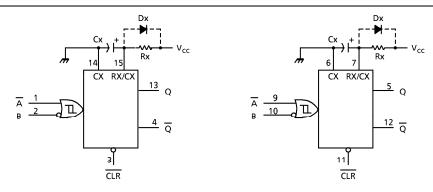
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TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS			OUT	PUTS	FUNCTION		
Ā	В	CLR	Q	Q	FUNCTION		
7_	Н	Н		\Box	OUTPUT ENABLE		
Х	L	Н	L	Н	INHIBIT		
Н	Х	Н	L	Н	INHIBIT		
L	7	Н		4	OUTPUT ENABLE		
L	Н	ſ			OUTPUT ENABLE		
Х	Х	L	L	Н	INHIBIT		

X : Don't Care

BLOCK DIAGRAM



Notes: (1) Cx, Rx, Dx are external Capacitor, Resistor, and Diode, respectively.

(2) External clamping diode, Dx;

The external capacitor is charged to V_{CC} level in the wait state, i.e. when no trigger is applied.

If the supply voltage is turned off, Cx is discharges mainly through the internal (parasitic) diode. If Cx is sufficiently large and $V_{\rm CC}$ drops rapidly, there will be some possibility of damaging the IC through in rush current or latch-up. If the capacitance of the supply voltage filter is large enough and $V_{\rm CC}$ drops slowly, the in rush current is automatically limited and damage to the IC is avoided.

The maximum value of forward current through the parasitic diode is ± 20 mA.

In the case of a large Cx, the limit of fall time of the supply voltage is determined as follows:

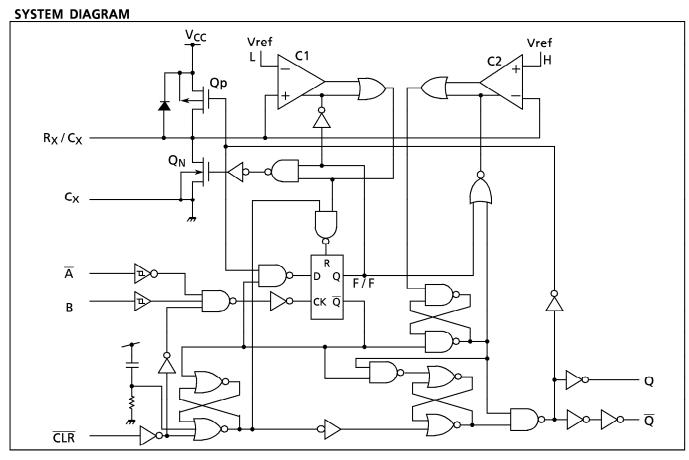
$$t_f \ge (V_{CC} - 0.7) Cx / 20mA$$

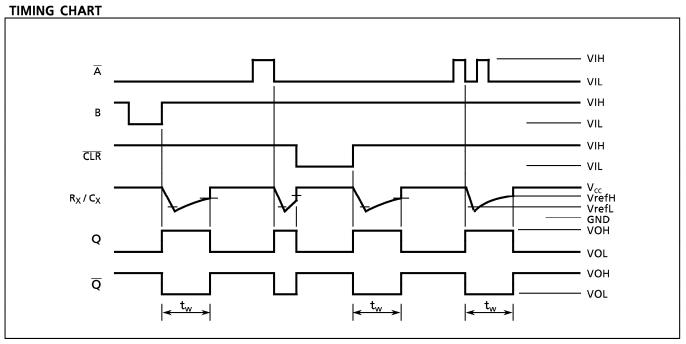
(tf is the time between the supply voltage turn off and the supply voltage reaching 0.4 $V_{\rm CC}$.)

In the even a system does not satisfy the above condition, an external clamping diode (Dx) is needed to protect the IC from rush current.

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FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

(1)Stand-by State

The external capacitor (Cx) is fully charged to V_{CC} in the stand-by state. That means, before triggering, the Q_P and Q_N transistors which are connected to the Rx/Cx node are in the off state. Two comparators that relate to the timing of the output pulse, and two reference voltage supplies turn off. The total supply current is only leakage current.

(2)Trigger operation

Trigger operation is effective in any of the following three cases. First the condition where the \overline{A} input is low, and the B input has a rising signal; second, where the B input is high, and the \overline{A} input has a falling signal; and third, where the \overline{A} input is low and the B input is high, and the \overline{CLR} input has a rising signal.

After a trigger becomes effective, comparators C1 and C2 start operating, and Q_N is turned on. The external capacitor discharges through Q_N . The voltage level at the Rx/Cx node drops. If the Rx/Cx voltage level falls to the internal reference voltage Vref L, the output of C1 becomes low. The flip-flop is then reset and Q_N turns off. At that moment C1 stops but C2 continues operating.

After Q_N turns off, the voltage at the Rx/Cx node starts rising at a rate determined by the time constant of external capacitor Cx and resistor Rx.

Upon the triggering, output Q becomes high, following some delay time of the internal F/F and gates. It stays high even if the voltage of Rx/Cx changes from falling to rising. When Rx/Cx reaches the internal reference voltage Vref H, the output of C2 becomes low, the output Q goes low and C2 stops its operation. That means, after triggering, when the voltage level of the Rx/Cx node reaches Vref H, the IC returns to its MONOSTABLE state.

With large values of Cx and Rx, and ignoring the discharge time of the capacitor and internal delays of the IC, the width of the output pulse, tw (OUT), is as follows:

$$tw(OUT) = 1.0 Cx Rx$$

(3)Reset operation

In normal operation, \overline{CLR} input is held high. If \overline{CLR} is low, a trigger has no effect because the Q output is held low and trigger control F/F is reset. Also, Q_P turns on and Cx is charge rapidly to V_{CC} .

This means if $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ input is set low, the IC goes into a wait state.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

E			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage Range	V _{cc}	− 0.5 ~ 7	V
DC Input Voltage	VIN	$-0.5 \sim V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
DC Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	$-0.5 \sim V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Input Diode Current	I _{IK}	± 20	mA
Output Diode Current	I _{OK}	± 20	mA
DC Output Current	I _{OUT}	± 25	mA
DC V _{CC} / Ground Current	I _{cc}	± 50	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	500 (DIP)* / 180 (SOP)	mW
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	−65~150	°C

*500mW in the range of Ta= $-40^{\circ}\text{C}\sim65^{\circ}\text{C}$. From Ta= 65°C to 85°C a derating factor of $-10\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ shall be applied until 300mW.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	2~6	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	0∼V _{cc}	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	0∼V _{CC}	V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	−40~85	°C
Input Rise and Fall Time (CLR Only)	t _r , t _f	$0 \sim 1000 (V_{CC} = 2.0V)$ $0 \sim 500 (V_{CC} = 4.5V)$ $0 \sim 400 (V_{CC} = 6.0V)$	ns
External Capacitor	Сх	No Limitation *	F
External Resistor	Rx	≥ 5K * (VCC = 2.0V) ≥ 1K * (VCC ≥ 3.0V)	Ω

^{*} The maximum allowable values of Cx and Rx are a function of leakage of capacitor Cx, the leakage of TC74HC221A, and leakage due to board layout and surface resistance.

Susceptibility to externally induced noise signals may occur for Rx>1M $\Omega.$

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION		V _{cc}	T	Ta = 25°C			Ta = -40~85°C		
PARAIVIETER	STIVIBUL			ÿS)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	
High - Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}				1.50 3.15 4.20	111	_ _ _	1.50 3.15 4.20	- - -	V	
Low - Level Input Voltage	VIL			2.0 4.5 6.0			0.50 1.35 1.80	_ 	0.50 1.35 1.80	\ \	
High - Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	$I_{OH} = -20\mu A$	2.0 4.5 6.0	1.9 4.4 5.9	2.0 4.5 6.0	_ _ _	1.9 4.4 5.9		\ \	
(Q, \overline{Q})		VIH OF VIL	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -5.2 \text{ mA}$	4.5 6.0	4.18 5.68	4.31 5.80	_	4.13 5.63	_		
Low - Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 20μΑ	2.0 4.5 6.0	_ _ _	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.1 0.1 0.1	_ _ _	0.1 0.1 0.1	V	
(Q, Q)		VIH OI VIL	$I_{OL} = 4$ mA $I_{OL} = 5.2$ mA	4.5 6.0		0.17 0.18	0.26 0.26		0.33 0.33		
Input Leakage Current	I _{I N}	$V_{1N} = V_0$	cc or GND	6.0	_	_	± 0.1	_	± 1.0		
Rx / Cx Terminal Off - State Current	I _{IN}	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		6.0	_	_	± 0.1	_	± 1.0	μ A	
Quiescent Supply Current	I _{cc}	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		6.0	_	_	4.0	_	40.0		
Active - State * Supply Current	I _{CC}	$V_{1N} = V_{CC}$ or GND Rx/Cx = 0.5 V_{CC}		2.0 4.5 6.0	_ _ _	45 400 0.7	200 500 1.0	_ _ _	260 650 1.3	μΑ μΑ mA	

^{*:}per circuit

TIMING REQUIREMENTS (Input $t_r = t_f = 6ns$)

PARAMETER	CVMDOL	TEST CONDITION		Ta = 25°C		Ta = −40~85°C	UNIT
PARAIVIETER	SYMBOL		$V_{CC}(V)$	TYP.	LIMIT	LIMIT	CIVIT
	+		2.0	_	75	95	
Minimum Pulse Width	$h \left[egin{array}{c} t_{W(L)} \ t_{W(H)} \end{array} ight]$		4.5	_	15	19	
			6.0	_	13	16	
	t _{W(L)}		2.0	_	75	95	ns
Minimum Clear Width			4.5	_	15	19	
			6.0	1	13	16	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($C_L = 15pF$, $V_{CC} = 5V$, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, Input $t_r = t_f = 6ns$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Transition Time	t _{TLH} t _{THL}		_	4	8	
Propagation Delay Time $(\overline{A}, B-Q, \overline{Q})$	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}		_	25	36	ns
Propagation Delay Time (CLR TRIGGER-Q, Q)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}		_	25	41	ns
Propagation Delay Time $(\overline{CLR} - Q, \overline{Q})$	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}		_	16	27	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($C_L = 50pF$, Input $t_r = t_f = 6ns$)

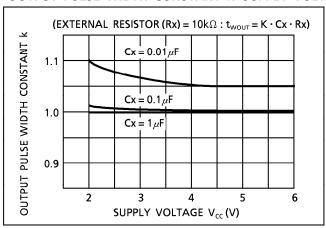
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION			Ta = 25°C		C Ta = -40		UNIT
PARAIVIETER			V _{CC} (V)	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	CIVIII
Output Transition Time	t _{TLH}		2.0 4.5 6.0	1 1 1	30 8 7	75 15 13		95 19 16	
Propagation Delay Time $(\overline{A}, B-Q, \overline{Q})$	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}		2.0 4.5 6.0	_ _ _	102 30 24	210 42 36	_ _ _	265 53 45	ns
Propagation Delay Time $(\overline{CLR} \ TRIGGER - Q, \overline{Q})$	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}		2.0 4.5 6.0	_ 	102 30 24	235 47 40		295 59 50	113
Propagation Delay Time (CLR-Q, Q)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}		2.0 4.5 6.0		67 20 16	160 32 27	_ _ _	200 40 34	
	twout	Cx = 28pF $Rx = 6K\Omega$ ($V_{CC} = 2V$) $Rx = 2K\Omega$ ($V_{CC} = 4.5V,6V$)	2.0 4.5 6.0		700 250 210	2000 400 340	_ _ _	2500 500 425	ns
Output Pulse Width		$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{x} = 0.01\mu\mathbf{F}$ $\mathbf{R}\mathbf{x} = 10\mathbf{K}\Omega$	2.0 4.5 6.0	90 95 95	110 105 105	130 115 115	90 95 95	130 115 115	μs
		$\mathbf{C}\mathbf{x} = 0.1\mu\mathbf{F}$ $\mathbf{R}\mathbf{x} = 10\mathbf{K}\Omega$	2.0 4.5 6.0	0.9 0.9 0.9	1.0 1.0 1.0	1.2 1.1 1.1	0.9 0.9 0.9	1.2 1.1 1.1	ms
Output Pulse Width Error Between Circuits (In same Package)	Δ tw _{OUT}			_	± 1	_	_	_	%
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}				5	10	_	10	"E
Power Dissipation Capacitance					174	_	_		pF

Note (1) C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

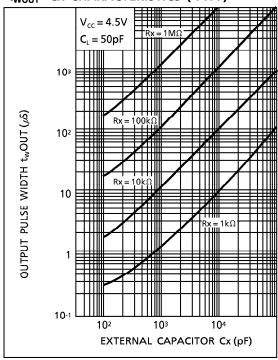
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation: $I_{CC}\left(opr\right)=C_{PD}\cdot V_{CC}\cdot f_{IN}+I_{CC}'\cdot Duty/100+I_{CC}/2\,(per\ circuit)$ (I_{CC}': Active Supply Current)

(Duty: %)



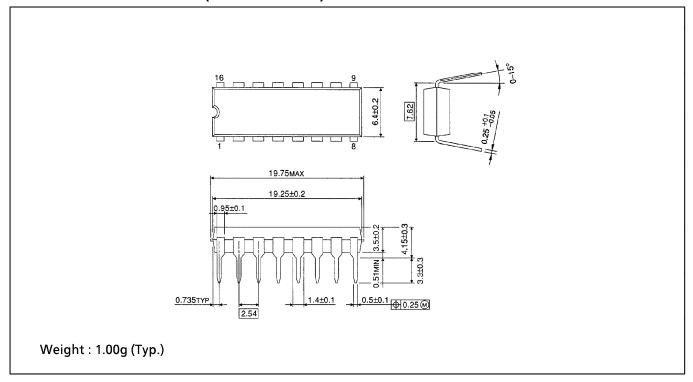


twout - Cx CHARACTERISTICS (TYP.)



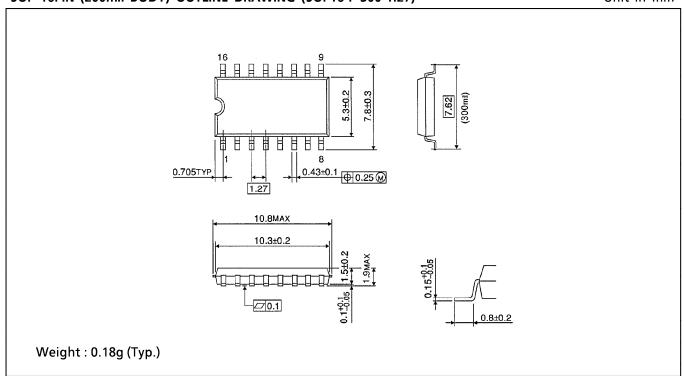
DIP 16PIN OUTLINE DRAWING (DIP16-P-300-2.54A)

Unit in mm



SOP 16PIN (200mil BODY) OUTLINE DRAWING (SOP16-P-300-1.27)

Unit in mm



SOP 16PIN (150mil BODY) OUTLINE DRAWING (SOL16-P-150 -1.27)

Unit in mm

