



**OPTICALLY COUPLED ISOLATOR  
PHOTODARLINGTON OUTPUT**

**APPROVALS**

- UL recognised, File No. E91231

**'X' SPECIFICATION APPROVALS**

- VDE 0884 pending

**DESCRIPTION**

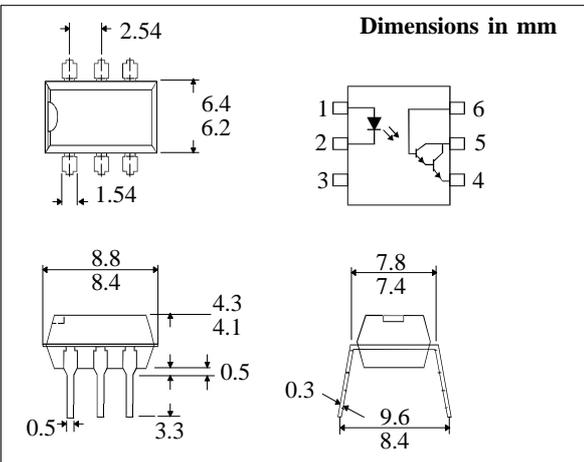
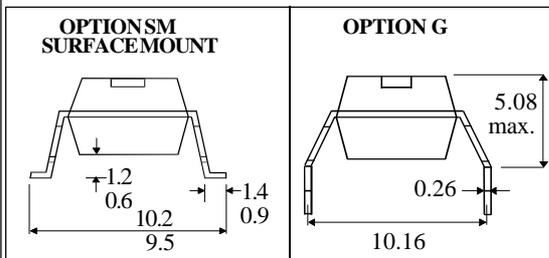
The TIL113 is an optically coupled isolator consisting of an infrared light emitting diode and NPN silicon photodarlington in a space efficient dual in line plastic package.

**FEATURES**

- Options :-  
10mm lead spread - add G after part no.  
Surface mount - add SM after part no.  
Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- High Current Transfer Ratio
- High Isolation Voltage (5.3kV<sub>RMS</sub>, 7.5kV<sub>PK</sub>)
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

**APPLICATIONS**

- Computer terminals
- Industrial systems controllers
- Measuring instruments
- Signal transmission between systems of different potentials and impedances



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS  
(25°C unless otherwise specified)**

Storage Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ -55°C to + 150°C  
 Operating Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ -55°C to + 100°C  
 Lead Soldering Temperature  
 (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs) 260°C

**INPUT DIODE**

Forward Current \_\_\_\_\_ 80mA  
 Reverse Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ 5V  
 Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 105mW

**OUTPUT TRANSISTOR**

Collector-emitter Voltage BV<sub>CEO</sub> \_\_\_\_\_ 30V  
 Collector-base Voltage BV<sub>CBO</sub> \_\_\_\_\_ 30V  
 Emitter-collector Voltage BV<sub>ECO</sub> \_\_\_\_\_ 7V  
 Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 150mW

**POWER DISSIPATION**

Total Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 250mW  
 (derate linearly 3.3mW/°C above 25°C)

**ISOCOM COMPONENTS LTD**  
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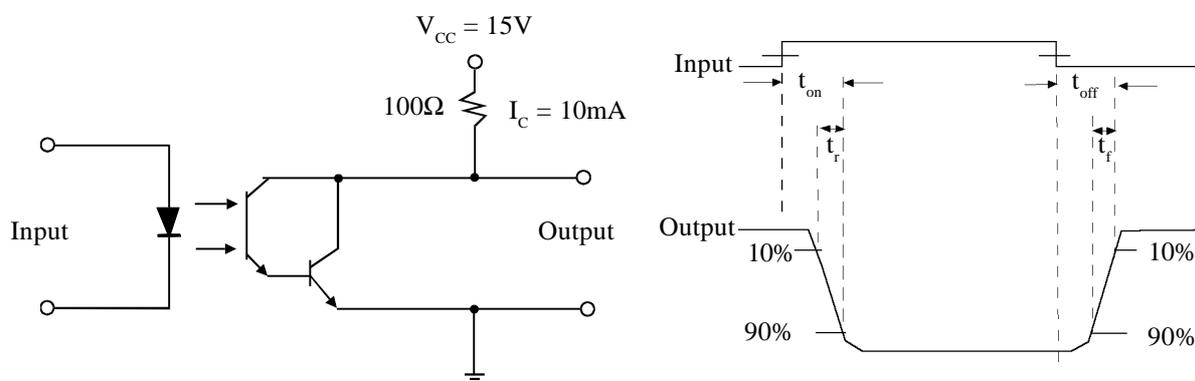
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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

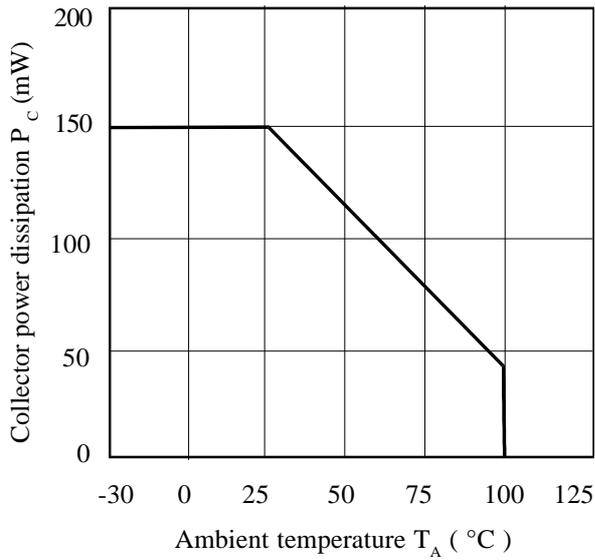
PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ )		1.2	1.5	V	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$
	Reverse Voltage ( $V_R$ )	3			V	$I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$
	Reverse Current ( $I_R$ )			10	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_R = 3\text{V}$
Output	Collector-emitter Breakdown ( $BV_{CEO}$ )	30			V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ (note 2)
	Collector-base Breakdown ( $BV_{CBO}$ )	30			V	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$
	Emitter-collector Breakdown ( $BV_{ECO}$ )	7			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$
	Collector-emitter Dark Current ( $I_{CEO}$ )			100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
Coupled	Collector Output Current ( $I_C$ ) (Note 2)	30			mA	$10\text{mA } I_F, 1\text{V } V_{CE}$
	Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)}$			1.2	V	$50\text{mA } I_F, 50\text{mA } I_C$
	Input to Output Isolation Voltage $V_{ISO}$	5300			$V_{RMS}$ $V_{PK}$	(note 1) (note 1)
	Input-output Isolation Resistance $R_{ISO}$	$5 \times 10^{10}$			$\Omega$	$V_{IO} = 500\text{V}$ (note 1)
	Output Rise Time $t_r$ Output Fall Time $t_f$		60 53	300 250	$\mu\text{s}$ $\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CC} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 10\text{mA},$ $R_L = 100\Omega$ , fig.1

- Note 1 Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.  
 Note 2 Special Selections are available on request. Please consult the factory.

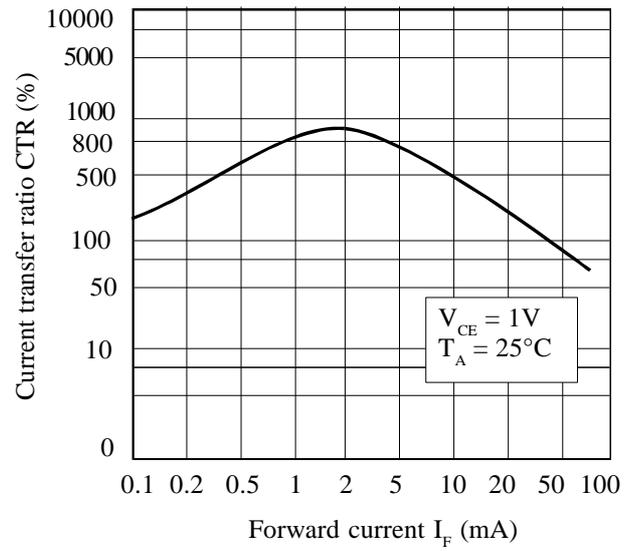
**FIGURE 1**



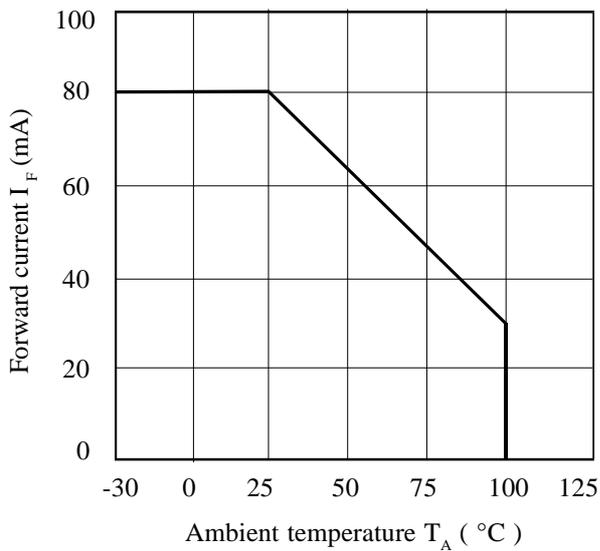
**Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**



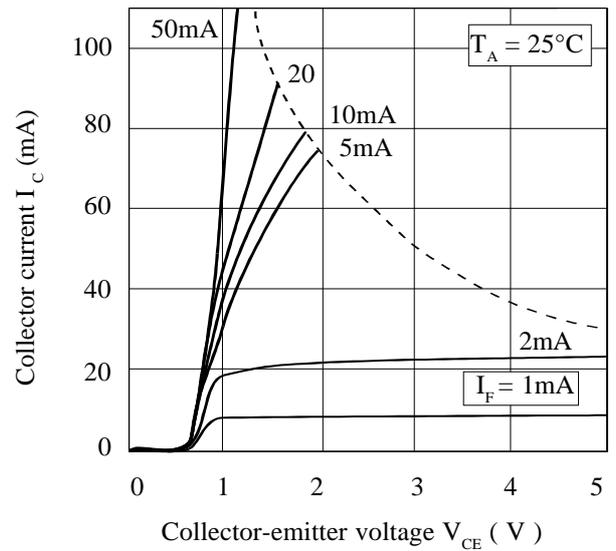
**Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current**



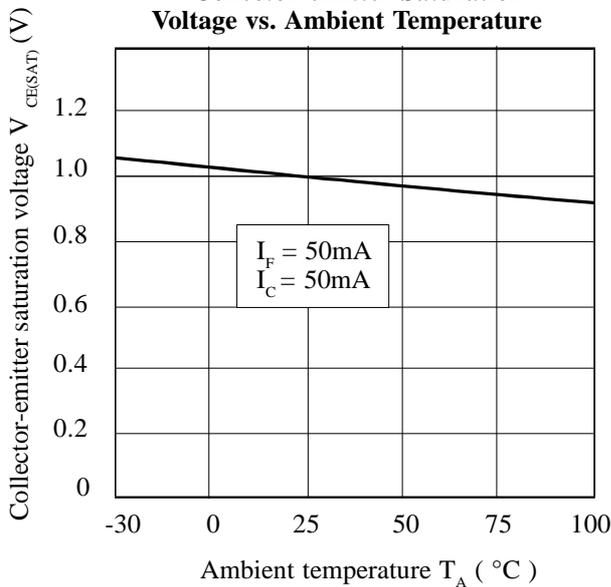
**Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**



**Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**

