**TOSHIBA** TC83230-0024

TOSHIBA CMOS DIGITRAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

# TC83230-0024

# TC83230-0024 : SINGLE-CHIP CMOS LSI FOR CALCULATOR WITH PRINTERS (PRINTER HEADS : PTMFL 63 BY ALPS)

The TC83230-0024 LSI is a single-chip CMOS LSI for use in calculators with printers.

It integrates I/O logic circuits necessary to configure a calculator with 10-digit display, two memory functions and TWO TAX functions, serial printer used to print calculation results, oscillator, and LCD drivers.

#### **FEATURES**

**Operational Features** 

Display

• Print : 11 digits of data.

(Including decimal point.)
1 digit of minus sign, 2 digits

of operational symbol. 1-color printing (Black).

: 10 digits of data. (Including punctuation in each digit.)

1 digit of floating minus sign, memory I, II load, error symbol, grand

total memory load, 3 digits of commas.

Decimal output : Decimal set lock key controls output format. Fixed decimal setting ("0",

"1", "2", "3", "4", "6"), full floating point, and ADD/ADDII mode.

Key-input buffer : 12 words

Operation methods : Algebraic operation

Function : Four arithmetic functions, repeat multiplication and division, mixed

calculation, square root calculation, percentage calculation, percent discount and add-on calculations, memory calculation, add-mode calculation, mark-up/down calculation, total calculation, constant

calculation, tax calculation.

Two-key rollover.

Leading zero suppression

980910EBA

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QFP80-P-1420-0.80A

Weight: 1.52 g (Typ.)

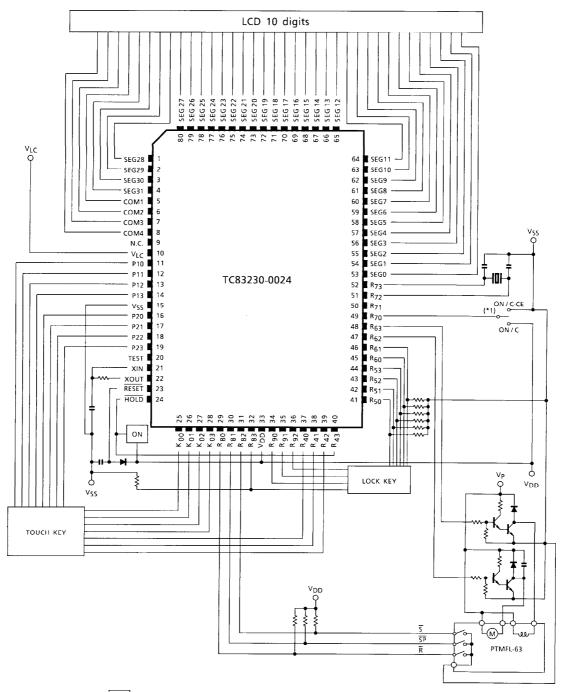
#### Protection

- i) In the overflow condition, all keys except "C", "C/CE", "CE", " $\rightarrow$ " key are inoperative.
- ii) Key chatter protection.

#### Auto-clear at power on

Auto-clear functions by connecting a capacitor to the RESET pin.

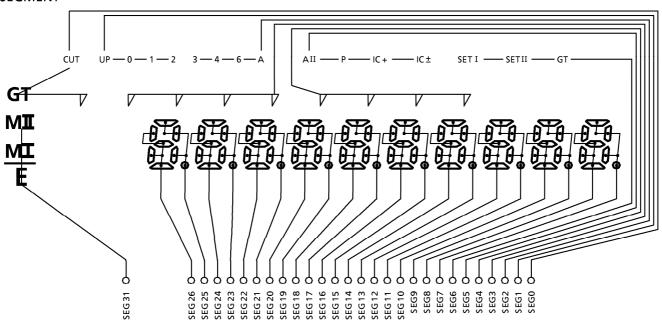
#### SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



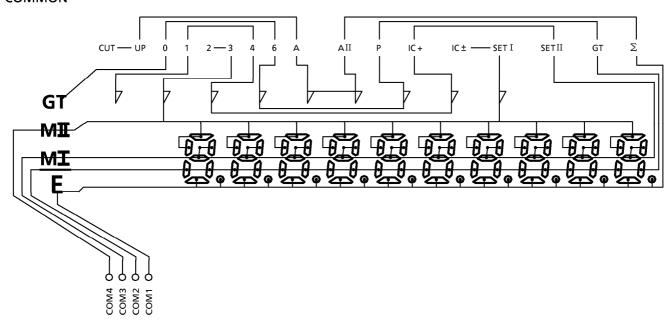
(Note): (\*1) is ON key function selectable switch.

#### **CONNECTION OF LCD**

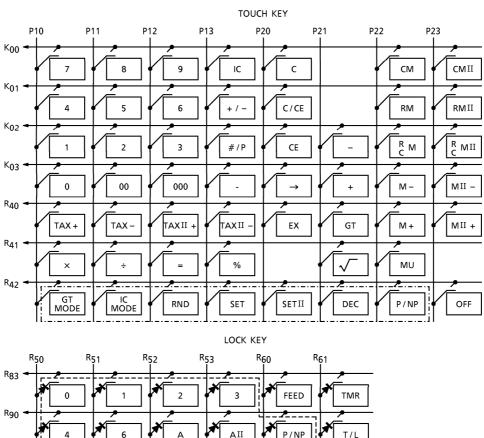
**SEGMENT** 



#### COMMON



#### **KEY CONNECTION**



# R83 O 1 2 3 FEED TMR R90 4 6 A AII P/NP T/L R91 GT UP IC+ IC± SET/ CAL 2TAX SETII / CAL 2M

#### ON KEY CONNECTION



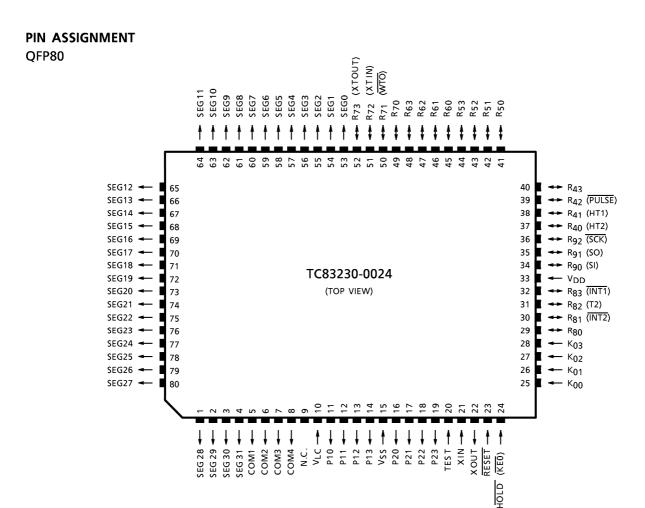
(Note 1) : The T/L key selects either touch key mode or lock key mode.

(Note 2) : When the T/L key is open, lock key mode is used. In lock key mode, the touch

keys within the dotted area cannot be used.

(Note 3) : When the T/L key is connected, touch key mode is used. In touch key mode,

the lock keys within the dotted area cannot be used.



#### **SPECIFICATION OF CALCULATOR**

**OPERATION SPECIFICATIONS** 

1) Operations depending on key types and modes

• Touch key

• Touch key				
KEY NAME	CAL N	MODE	TAX SET MODE (SE	T I / II KEY IS ON)
MODE SWITCH	TOUCH KEY MODE	LOCK KEY MODE	TOUCH KEY MODE	LOCK KEY MODE
С	Operates as clear key	Operates as clear key	Clears input data	Clears input data
CE	Operates as clear entry key	Operates as clear entry key	Clears input data	Clears input data
C/CE	Operates as clear or clear entry key	Operates as clear or clear entry key	Clears input data	Clears input data
Numeral	Numeral Key-inputs numerals	Numeral Key-inputs numerals	Inputs numerals	Inputs numerals
OFF	Operates as off key	_	Unused	Unused
	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points
+, - ×, ÷	Operates as four- function key	Operates as four- function key	Unused	Unused
=	Operates as = key	Operates as = key	Unused	Unused
P/NP	Switches print or non-print	_	Unused	Unused
RND	Switches round-off and round-up	_	Unused	Unused
DEC	Switches decimal points	_	Unused	Unused
%	Operates as % key	Operates as % key	Unused	Unused
MU/D	Operates as mark- up/down key	Operates as mark- up/down key	Unused	Unused
IC	Operates as item count key	Operates as item count key	Unused	Unused
#/P	Operates as non- add-print key for left-justified printing	Operates as non- add-print key for left-justified printing	Unused	Unused
$\rightarrow$	Operates as right- shift key	Operates as right- shift key	Operates as right- shift key	Operates as right- shift key
+ / -	Operates as sign change key	Operates as sign change key	Unused	Unused
M I C, M II C M I R, M II R, M I -, M II -, M I +, M II +	Operates as memory function key	Operates as memory function key	Unused	Unused
-TAXI/II	Operates as – TAX I / II key	Operates as – TAX I / II key	Unused	Unused

KEY NAME	CAL I	MODE	TAX SET MODE (SE	T I / II KEY IS ON)
MODE SWITCH	TOUCH KEY MODE	LOCK KEY MODE	TOUCH KEY MODE	LOCK KEY MODE
+ TAX I / II	Operates as +TAXI/II key	Operates as +TAXI/II key	Unused	Unused
IC MOD	Operates as IC- mode key	_	Unused	Unused
GT MOD	Operates as GT- mode or non-GT mode key	_	Unused	Unused
GT	Operates as GT key	Operates as GT key	Unused	Unused
EXC	Operates as EXC key	Operates as EXC key	Unused	Unused
V	Operates as √ key	Operates as √ key	Unused	Unused

#### • Lock key

KEY NAME	CAL I	MODE	TAX SET MODE (SE	T I / II KEY IS ON)
MODE SWITCH	TOUCH KEY MODE	LOCK KEY MODE	TOUCH KEY MODE	LOCK KEY MODE
0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, A, AII	_	Switches decimal points	Unused	Unused
CUT, UP	_	Switches round-off and round-up	Unused	Unused
IC±, IC+	_	Operates as IC ± / IC + key	Unused	Unused
GT	_	Switches GT-mode or non-GT mode	Unused	Unused
FEED	Operates as paper feed key	Operates as paper feed key	Operates as paper feed key	Operates as paper feed key
P/NP	_	Switches print or non-print	Unused	Unused
(*) T / L	Selects lock key mod	le or touch key mode		
(*) 2TAX	Selects single tax mo	de or double tax mo	de.	
(*) 2M	Selects single memor	y mode or double m	emory mode.	

(\*) : Can switch modes only with the reset key.

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- 2) Explanation of touch keys
  - [0] to [9], [00], [000]
    - Pressing these keys enters numerals.
    - Pressing these keys other than during numeral entry clears the display and displays the entered numeral in the first digit.
    - An entered value which exceeds 10 display digits is invalid.

[·]

- Pressing this key enters a decimal point.
- Pressing this key other than during numeral entry displays "0." and retains the decimal point position. Every time a numeral is entered, the position of the decimal point is shifted.
- If this key is pressed twice or more during numeral entry, the decimal point at the second and subsequent presses is not displayed.

[ + / - ]

- Pressing this key displays the opposite sign.
- Pressing this key following the [+], [−], [x], or [÷] key is invalid.

 $[\rightarrow]$ 

- During numeral entry, pressing this key shifts the entered numeral (s) to the right (The rightmost numeral is deleted). A decimal point on the rightmost numeral is deleted together with the numeral.
- Pressing this key during an entry such as [MR] is valid in the same way as during numeral entry.
- Pressing the key following the [+], [−], [x], or [÷] key is invalid. It is also invalid after the operation is complete.
- Pressing the key when there is a rough estimation error cancels the error, leaving the erroneous value displayed.

[C]

- Pressing this key clears registers of the operation result or during operation. It also cancels operation instructions and errors. Prints "0.\*" and feeds paper one line.
- The key does not clear the memory registers, GT register, or TAX registers. Clears the item counter.

[CE]

- Pressing this key clears the entered numeral value during numeral entry but retains the operation instruction and operand register contents.
- Pressing the key when there is a rough estimation error cancels the error, leaving the erroneous value displayed. In cases other than the above, the key is invalid.

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#### [C/CE]

• This key functions as the [CE] key during numeral entry or rough estimation error. If the key is pressed twice or more, it functions as the [C] key.

• In cases other than the above, the key functions as the [C] key.

[+]

- Pressing this key retains addition as the operation.
- Pressing the key following the operand (The first entered numeral) prints the entered value with the + symbol.
- Pressing the key following the [+], [−], [x], or [÷] key prints only the + symbol, not the numeric value. Switches the operation to addition.
- Pressing the key following the operator (The second entered numeral) prints the entered value with the + symbol, executes the calculation retained at that time, and displays the result. The result value is displayed with a floating point representation regardless of the TAB specification.
- Increments the item counter.

[-]

- Pressing this key retains subtraction as the operation.
- Pressing the key following the operand (The first entered numeral) prints the entered value with the symbol.
- Pressing the key following the [+], [-], [x], or [÷] key prints only the symbol, not the numeric value. Switches the operation to addition.
- Pressing the key following the operator (The second entered numeral) prints the entered value with the symbol, executes the calculation retained at that time, and displays the result. The result value is displayed with a floating point representation regardless of the TAB specification.
- Increments / decrements the item counter.

[x]

- Pressing this key retains multiplication as the operation.
- Pressing the key following the operand (The first entered numeral) prints the entered value with the x symbol.
- Pressing the key following the [+], [-],  $[\times]$ , or  $[\div]$  key prints only the  $\times$  symbol, not the numeric value. Switches the operation to addition.
- Pressing the key following the operator (The second entered numeral) prints the entered value with the x symbol, executes the calculation retained at that time, and displays the result. The result value is displayed with a floating point representation regardless of the TAB specification.

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[ ÷ ]

- Pressing this key retains division as the operation.
- Pressing the key following the operand (The first entered numeral) prints the entered value with the ÷ symbol.
- Pressing the key following the [+], [−], [x], or [÷] key prints only the ÷ symbol, not the numeric value. Switches the operation to addition.
- Pressing the key following the operator (The second entered numeral) prints the entered value with the ÷ symbol, executes the calculation retained at that time, and displays the result. The result value is displayed with a floating point representation regardless of the TAB specification.

[=]

- Unless addition, subtraction, multiplication or division is retained, this key is invalid.
- Pressing the key prints the displayed value with the = symbol.
- After performing the retained operation (Addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division), rounds the calculation result according to the TAB specification, prints the result with the \* symbol, and feeds the paper one line.
- Retains the operand for multiplication; the operator for addition, subtraction, and division, together with constant mode.
- Pressing the key following the [+] or [-] key does not perform the operation but prints the = symbol only, prints the \* symbol with the displayed value, and feeds the paper one line.
- If GT mode is specified, adds the value printed with the \* symbol to the GT register.

[%]

- Unless addition, subtraction, multiplication or division is retained, this key is invalid.
- Prints the displayed value with the % symbol.
- After performing the % operation on the retained operation, rounds the calculation result according to the TAB specification, prints the result with the \* symbol, and feeds the paper one line.
- Retains the operand for multiplication; the operator for addition, subtraction, and division, together with constant mode.
- Pressing the key following the [+] or [-] key does not perform operation. The key is invalid.
- If GT mode is specified, adds the value printed with the \* symbol to the GT register.

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#### [#/P]

- Pressing the key following the numeral key prefixes the numeric value with #, performs left-justification, and prints the result.
- Pressing the key following a key other than a numeral key right-justifies the displayed value, and prints it without a symbol.
- Prints even in non-print mode; retains the displayed data and the operation status.

#### [GT]

- Pressing the key displays/prints the GT register.
- Pressing the key once prints the GT register with the \*♦ symbol.
- Consecutively pressing the key twice rounds the GT register according to the TAB specification, prints the result with the \*\* symbol, feeds the paper one line, and clears the GT register.
- Even if GT mode is not set, the [GT] key is valid.
- The numeric value displayed/printed is processed.

#### [MU]

- Unless addition, subtraction, multiplication or division is retained, this key is invalid.
- Prints the displayed value with the M% symbol.
- After performing the retained operation, rounds the result according to the TAB specification, prints the result with the \* symbol, and feeds the paper one line.
- If multiplication is retained, performs the mark-up operation; constant mode is not set.
- If division is retained, performs the mark-down operation; constant mode is not set.
- If addition or subtraction is retained, performs the change rate operation; constant mode is set.
- Any errors during the above operations are regarded as system errors.

#### [EX]

- Exchanges the retained constant (Typically, the addition, subtraction, multiplication or division constant) with the displayed value, then prints the result with the # symbol.
- Even if the operation (Addition, subtraction, multiplication or division) is not retained, the key is valid.

#### [√]

- After printing the displayed value with the √ symbol, extracts the square root of the displayed value, rounds the result according to the TAB specification, and prints it with the \* symbol.
- For negative calculations, extracts the positive square root, which results in a rough estimation error.
- There is no change in the operand register or retained operation instruction.

[IC]

- Prints/displays the item counter.
- Pressing the key once prints the item counter with the  $\diamondsuit$  symbol.
- Pressing the key consecutively twice prints the item counter with the \* symbol, feeds the paper one line, and clears the item counter.
- The displayed/printed numeric value is processed.
- Even if neither [IC+] or [IC±] is not selected, this key is valid.

[M + ]

- Adds to the memory register and performs a floating point representation on the memory value regardless of the TAB specification.
- If the operation status is not retained, or in constant mode, adds the displayed value to the memory register, and prints the result with the M + symbol. Does not cancel constant mode.
- After performing the retained operation (Addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division), rounds the result according to the TAB specification, and adds the result to the memory register. Prints the result with the M + symbol, then feeds the paper one line. Does not cancel constant mode.
- Pressing the key following the [+] or [-] key does not perform the operation but just prints the = symbol, rounds the displayed value according to the TAB specification, and adds the result to the memory register. Prints the result with the M+ symbol, then feeds the paper one line.

[M-]

- Subtracts the memory register, and performs a floating point representation on the memory value regardless of the TAB specification.
- If the operation status is not retained, or in constant mode, subtracts the displayed value from the memory register, and prints the result with the M symbol. Does not cancel constant mode.
- After performing the retained operation (Addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division), rounds the result according to the TAB specification, and subtracts the result from the memory register. Prints the result with the M – symbol, then feeds the paper one line.
   Does not cancel constant mode.
- Pressing the key following the [+] or [-] key does not perform the operation but just prints the = symbol, rounds the displayed value according to the TAB specification, and subtracts the result from the memory register. Prints the result with the M - symbol, then feeds the paper one line.

#### [MR]

- Prints/displays the memory register.
- Prints the memory register as is with the M\(\triangle\) symbol regardless of the TAB specification.
- The printed/displayed numeric value is processed.

#### [MC]

- Clears the memory register.
- Prints just the M\* symbol. Does not affect operation or numeral entry.

#### [MR / C]

• Pressing the key once functions the same as the [MR] key. Pressing the key consecutively twice, functions the same as the [MC] key.

#### [ + TAX]

- Prints the amount including tax and feeds the paper one line.
- Prints the tax rate with the % symbol.
- If the operation status is not retained, or in constant mode, performs TAX operation on the displayed value and cancels constant mode.
- After performing the retained operation (Addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division), rounds the result according to the TAB specification, and performs the TAX operation on the result. Does not set constant mode.
- Pressing the key following the [+] or [-] key does not perform the operation but just prints the = symbol, rounds the displayed value according to the TAB specification, and performs the TAX operation on the result.
- Regards any errors during tax operation as system errors. Regards any errors during calculation of the amount including tax as rough estimation errors.

#### [ – TAX]

- Prints the amount excluding tax and feeds the paper one line.
- Prints the tax rate with the % symbol.
- If the operation status is not retained, or in constant mode, performs TAX operation on the displayed value and cancels constant mode.
- After performing the retained operation (Addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division), rounds the result according to the TAB specification, and performs the TAX operation on the result. Does not set constant mode.
- Pressing the key following the [+] or [-] key does not perform the operation but just prints the = symbol, rounds the displayed value according to the TAB specification, and performs the TAX operation on the result.
- Regards any errors during tax amount operation as system errors. Regards any errors during calculation of the amount excluding tax as rough estimation errors.

#### [MII +]

• Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second memory register, this key functions the same as the [M+] key.

#### [MII -]

• Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second memory register, this key functions the same as the [M – ] key.

#### [MIIR]

• Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second memory register, this key functions the same as the [MR] key.

#### [MII C]

• Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second memory register, this key functions the same as the [MC] key.

#### [MRII / C]

• Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second memory register, this key functions the same as the [MR/C] key.

#### [+TAXII]

• Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second TAX register, this key functions the same as the [+TAX] key.

#### [-TAXII]

• Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second TAX register, this key functions the same as the [-TAX] key.

#### [DEC]

- Valid only in touch key mode.
- Switches TAB specification. At reset, floating point (F) is set.
- Repeats  $F \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow A \rightarrow A II \rightarrow F \rightarrow 0$ . Displays the specified decimal point and add mode status using flags.

#### [ROUND]

- Valid only in touch key mode.
- Switches raising, truncating, and rounding up/down. At reset, rounding up/down is set.
- Repeats rounding up/down → truncating → raising → rounding up/down → truncating → raising. Displays the status using flags.

#### [NP/P]

- Valid only in touch key mode.
- Switches print mode. At reset, non-print mode is set.
- Repeats non-print → print → non-print. Displays the status using flags.

#### [ICMOD]

- Valid only in touch key mode.
- Switches item counter mode. At reset, no mode specification is set.
- Repeats no-mode  $\rightarrow$  IC +  $\rightarrow$  IC  $\pm$   $\rightarrow$  no-mode. Displays the status using flags.

#### [GTMOD]

- Valid only in touch key mode.
- Switches GT mode. At reset, no mode specification is set.
- Repeats no-mode → GT mode → no-mode. Displays the status using flags.

#### [SET]

- Valid only in touch key mode.
- Switches TAX register (Tax rate) setting mode. At reset, no mode specification is set.
- Repeats operation mode → setting mode → operation mode. During setting mode, the flags indicating status blink.
- If setting mode is maintained for about three minutes and no operation is performed, the mode is automatically canceled.
- Immediately after switching from calculation mode to setting mode, the retained operation status, constant mode, and constant are cleared. Functions the same as pressing the [C] key.
- When switching from calculation mode to setting mode, prints the TAX register with the % symbol, then feeds the paper one line. If no settings are made in setting mode, switching to calculation mode does not print.

#### [SETII]

- Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second memory register, this key functions the same as the [SET] key.
- 3) Explanation of lock keys

$$[0-1-2-3-4-6-A-AII]$$

- Valid only in lock key mode.
- Specifies TAB. If no specification is made, floating point (F) is used.

#### [CUT] [UP]

- Valid only in lock key mode.
- In CUT mode, truncating is performed; in UP mode, raising. If no specification is made, rounding up or down is performed.

#### [NP/P]

- Valid only in lock key mode.
- Switches print modes.
- When switching from non-print to print mode, feeds the paper one line.

#### $[IC +], [IC \pm]$

- Valid only in lock key mode.
- Selects IC + or IC ±.

#### [GT]

- Valid only in lock key mode.
- Specifies GT mode.

#### [SET / CAL]

- Valid only in lock key mode.
- Functions the same as the touch [SET] key. Valid except for a printer error or key buffer error. (At rough estimation error or system error, the error status is automatically canceled.)
- When the key is on, prints/displays the TAX register.
- Turning off after numeral entry retains the displayed data as the new tax rate in the TAX register.

#### [SETII / CAL]

- Valid only in lock key mode.
- Except that pressing the key prints --2-- and uses the second TAX register, this key functions the same as the [SET/CAL] key.

#### [FEED]

- Valid in both lock and touch key modes.
- Feeds the paper one line. Keep the key pressed feeds the paper continuously.
- Valid even in non-print mode.

#### 4) ON, OFF keys

- (1) In touch key mode
  - Pressing the [OFF] key enters HOLD mode.
  - When entered in HOLD mode by the [OFF] key or the auto power off function, pressing the [ON/C or ON/C, CE] key cancels HOLD mode.
  - When HOLD mode is canceled, the memory, TAX, and GT registers are retained. Clears everything else, prints 0.\*, then feeds the paper one line.
- (2) In lock key mode
  - Setting the lock keys to off enters HOLD mode; to on, cancels HOLD mode.
  - When HOLD mode is entered by the auto power off function, turning the lock keys to off, then on, cancels HOLD mode.
  - When HOLD mode is canceled, the memory, TAX, and GT registers are retained. Clears everything else, prints 0.\*, then feeds the paper one line.

#### 5) Optional switch

- The following optional switches are detected immediately after reset only.
- (1) [TMR]
  - When this key is on, the auto power off function operates for about six minutes.
- (2) [T/L]
  - When the key is on, touch key mode is entered; when off, lock key mode.
- (3) [2M]
  - Specifies the number of memory registers.
  - When the key is on, one memory register is selected; when off, two memory registers.
- (4) [2TAX]
  - Specifies the number of TAX registers.
  - When the key is on, a TAX register is selected; when off, two TAX registers.
- (5) [ON/C or ON/C, CE]
  - Specifies the function added to the ON key: [C] or [C/CE].

#### 6) Operations

- (1) Operation method
  - Operates according to formulas.
  - The number of effective digits is 10, same as the display. If an operation result exceeds the number of effective digits, the decimal fraction part is unconditionally truncated.
  - Tabulation (TAB) processing is performed on the operation result after the fraction part is truncated. TAB processing includes rounding up and down, truncating, and raising the value of the digit one below the specified decimal point. For floating points, all values are truncated.
  - When the operation result is 0, the sign must be positive.
  - Intermediate values for addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division are displayed as a floating representation regardless of the TAB specification.

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#### (2) Operation types

- Four operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division Operation using the
  [+], [-], [x], [÷], and [=] keys
- Power, reciprocal operations

```
a [x][=] ..... pressing [=] for n-1 times gives a to the power of n.
a [\div][=] ..... pressing [=] for n+1 times gives a to the power of -n.
```

• Percentage operations

```
a [\times] b [\%] calculates ab / 100.
```

- a [ $\times$ ] [%] calculates  $a^2/100$ .
- a [÷] b [%] calculates 100a/b.
- Add-on operations

```
a [+] b [%] calculates a + ab / 100.
```

Then, c [%] calculates a + ac/100.

Or, a  $[\times]$  b [%] calculates ab / 100, then [+] [=] calculates a + ab / 100.

Percent discount operations

```
a [-] b [%] calculates a - ab / 100.
```

Then, c [%] calculates a - ac/100.

Or, a  $[\times]$  b [%] calculates ab / 100, then [-] [=] calculates a - ab / 100.

Mark-up operations

```
a [\times] b [MU] calculates a / (1 - b / 100).
```

Then, [MU] calculates a/(1 - b/100) - a.

Mark-down operations

```
a [÷] b [MU] calculates a / (1 + b / 100).
```

Then, [MU] calculates a/(1 + b/100) - a.

Change rate operations

```
a [+] b [MU] calculates 100 (a + b)/b
```

a [-] b [MU] calculates 100 (a - b)/b

TAX operations

```
Tax rate: b%
```

```
a [+TAX] calculates ab/100 + a.
```

a [-TAX] calculates a /(1 + b/100)

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#### (3) Constant operations

- When a calculation ends after the [=] and [%] keys are pressed, constant mode is automatically entered.
- In multiplication, the operand is retained as a constant; in addition, subtraction, and division, the operator is retained as the constant.
- The results of addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division are all retained. There is no need to enter numerals again. Pressing the [=] and [%] keys calculates the retained constant using the displayed value.
- Note that the [%] key does not function in constant mode for addition and subtraction.
- Percent discount and add-on operations using the [%] key do not enter constant mode.
- Constant mode is canceled by clearing the operation status or pressing the [+], [−], [x], or [÷] key again.

#### (4) Mixed operations

 After a calculation ends with the [=] and [%] keys, pressing the [+], [−], [x], or [÷] key again without re-entering numerals performs the next calculation using the result of the previous calculation.

#### (5) Add mode operation

- Automatically performs 1/100 on the numeral entered. If the numeral includes the [·] key, the entry is used for the calculation as is.
- To print or display the values in add mode, the value after 1/100 is used.
- When TAB = A, add mode operation is valid for the following:
   The [+], [-], [M+], [M-], [MII +], or [MII -] key after the first numeral entry.
   When TAB = A, and with addition or subtraction retained, add mode operation is valid for the following:
   The [+], [-], [x], [÷], [=], [M+], [M-], [MII +], [MII -], [+TAX], [-TAXII] or [-TAXII] key.
- When TAB = AII, with multiplication or division retained, add mode operation is valid for the following:
   The [+], [-], [x], [÷], [=], [M+], [M-], [MII+], [MII-], [+TAX], [-TAX], [+TAXII] or

#### 7) Others

(1) Low-power specification

[-TAXII] key.

- During standby for key entry, the system operates at low speed; during operation and printing, at high speed. Thus, the CPU supports two clock frequencies.
- (2) [ON/C and ON/C, CE] key specification
  - In touch key mode, the [ON/C and ON/C, CE] key also functions as the [C] or [C/CE] key.
  - To select the function, [C] or [C/CE], use the option switch.

#### **OPERATION EXAMPLE**

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
ACL (POWER ON)				F	5/4	OFF	0FF
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
Standard 4 function							
125		125.					
+	125. +	125.					
345		345.					
=	345. =						
	470. *	470.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
100		100.					
=	100. =	100.					
	445. *	445.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
×	445. ×	445.					
10		10.					
=	10. =						
	4450. *	4450.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
I C	003	3.					
I C	003 *	3.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
999999999		9'999'999'999.					
÷	9999999999 ÷	9'999'999'999.					
3		3.					
=	3. =						
	3333333333 *	3′333′333′333.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
	333333333	+					
999999999		9'999'999'999.					
=	999999999999999999999999999999999999999	+					
	-66666666666666666666666666666666666666	-6'666'666'666.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
+ / -		6'666'666'666.					
+	666666666666666666666666666666666666666						<del>                                     </del>
3		3.					<u> </u>
+ / -		-3.					—
+	3. +	6'666'666'663.					↓
÷	÷	6'666'666'663.					↓
X	<u> </u>						<u> </u>
_	-	6'666'666'663.					

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK KEY		
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
=	=	6'666'666'663.		F	5/4	OFF	OFF
	666666663. *	6'666'666'663.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
345	-	345.					
×	345. ×	345.					
=	345. =						
	119025. *	119'025.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
=	119025. =	119'025.					
	41063625. *	41'063'625.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
10		10.					
÷	10. ÷	10.					
=	10. =						
	1. *	1.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
=	1, =						
	0.1 *	0.1					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
=	0.1 =						
	0.01 *	0.01					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
999999999		9'999'999'999.					
+	9999999999 +	9'999'999'999.					
1		1,					
=	1. =						
	1.000000000 *	1.00000000	E				
	<1 Line Auto Space>		<u> </u>				
C E		1.00000000					
C	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	<u> </u>					
Precentage							
Calculation							
10000		10,000.					
×	10000. ×	10′000.					
12		12.					
%	12. %						
,,	1200. *	1′200.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	1 200.					
25		25.					
%	25. %					<u> </u>	
%	25. %		l	I			

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
	2500. *	2′500.	0114	F	5/4	OFF	OFF
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
9	The state opens.	9.					
=	9. =						
	90000. *	9,000.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	3 000.					
10000	VI Ellio Nato spaces	10'000.					
÷	10000. ÷	10'000.					
20000	10000.	20'000.					
%	20000. %	20 0001					
70	50. *	50.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	30.					
50000		50'000.					
%	50000. %	30 000.					
70	250. *	250.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	2001					
10	CI Ellie Nato Spaces	10.					
=	10. =	101					
	0.0005. *	0.0005					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	0.000					
100	VI Ellio Nato spaces	100.					
+	100. +	100.					
20	2001	20.					
×	20. ×	120.					
5		5.					
%	5. %	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
70	6. *	6.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Percentage Discount	The state of the s						
Calculation							
10000		10'000.					
×	10000. ×	10'000.					
23		23.					
%	23. %						
,,	2300. *	2′300.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
+	2300. +	2′300.					
=	12300. *	12′300.				1	
	<1 Line Auto Space>	1,000					
=	·	12'300.					
%		12′300.					
	n. *	0.					
C / C E	0. *	J 0. 1					

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1		SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
10000		10'000.		F	5/4	OFF	OFF
+	10000. ×	10'000.					
23		23.					
%	23. %						
	12300. *	12'300.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
=	12300. =						
	22300. *	22'300.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
C E		22'300.					
С	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
10000		10'000.					
×	10000. ×	10'000.					
23		23.					
%	23. %						
	2300. *	2′300.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
-	2300. –	2′300.					
=	7700. *	7′700.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
10000		10'000.					
-	10000. –	10'000.					<u> </u>
23		23.					
%	23. %						
	7700. *	7′700.					<u> </u>
	<1 Line Auto Space>						<u> </u>
=	7700. =						<u> </u>
	-2300. *	-2′300.					<u> </u>
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
100		100.					
÷	100. ÷						<del>                                     </del>
5		5.					
%	5. %						
	2000. *	2'000					<u> </u>
	<1 Line Auto Space>						<u> </u>
+	2000. +						<u> </u>
=	=					-	
	2000. *	2'000					<u> </u>
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
9999999999		9'999'999'999.					<u> </u>
+	9999999999 +						<u> </u>
10		10.					

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
%	10. %			F	5/4	OFF	OFF
	10.9999999 *	10.99999999	E				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
C E	,	10.99999999					
999999999		9'999'999'999.					
×	9999999999 ×	9'999'999'999.					
1000		1'000.					
%	1000. %						
	9.99999999 *	9.99999999	E				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
C E	·	9.99999999					
+	9.99999999 +	9.99999999					
=							
	1.00000000 *	1.00000000					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
Memory	The state of the s						
Calculation							
12.35		12.35		0			
M +	12.35 M+	12.35	м	_			
12.350		12.350	м				
M +	12.350 M+	12.350	м				
M R	24.7 M♦	24.7	М				
34		34.	м				
M C	M *	34.					
5		345.					
×	345. ×	345.					
6	6. =	2.01					
M +	2070. M+	2070.	м				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
10	The same same special	10.	м	2			
+	10. +	10.	M				
234		234.	м				
M -	234. =	2011					
	244.00 M -	244.00	М				
	<1 Line Auto Space>	200	M				
M R	1826. M♦	1826.	M				
11.123456	2020. WI	11.123456	M				
÷	11.123456 ÷	11.123456	M				
10	111120400 -	10.	M				
M +	10. =	10.				<u> </u>	1
141 +	1.11 M+	1 11	М		-		1
	1.11 M+	1.11	ואו		İ.		

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
	<1 Line Auto Space>		9111	2	5/4	OFF	OFF
999999999	,	9'999'999'999.	м				
M +	999999999 . M +						
	1.000000182 *	1.00000182	МЕ				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
C E		1.00000182	м				
С	0. *	0.	м	4			
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
M R	1827.11 M◇	1827.11	м				
МС	M *	1827.11					
Gross Profit Margin				3			
Calculation							
250		250.					
×	250. ×	250.					
25		25.					
MU	25. M%						
	333.333 *	333.333					
	<1 Line Auto Space>			F			
MU	83.33333 *	83.33333					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
999999999		9'999'999'999.					
×	9999999999. ×	9'999'999'999.					
1							
Mυ	1. M%	1.					
	0. *	0.	E				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
C E		0.	Е				
С	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
120		120.					
÷	120. ÷	120.					
20		25.					
мυ	20. M%						
	100. *	100.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
Мυ	20. *	20.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						<u> </u>
9999999999		9'999'999'999.					
÷	9999999999 ×	9'999'999'999.					
1		1.					
+ / -		-1,					

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
Mυ	-1. M%			F	5/4	OFF	OFF
	0. *	0.	E				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
С	0. *	0.					<del> </del>
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
Delta Percentage	The first operation			4			
Calculation							
100		100.					
	100	100.					<del> </del>
25	1001	25.					
MU	25. M%	20.					
IVIO	300.0000 *	300.0000.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	333.3300.					
125	CI Ellic Auto Spaces	125.					
MU	125. M%	120.					
IWIO	400.0000 *	400.0000.					<u> </u>
	<1 Line Auto Space>	400.0000.					
100	XI Line Auto Space/	100.					
	100. +	100.					
+ 25	100. +	25.		-			+
MU	25. M%	25.					<del> </del>
IWIO	500.0000 *	500.0000.					<del> </del>
125	300.0000	125.					
M U	125. M%	123.					
IWIO	600.0000 *	600.0000					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	000.0000					
MU	600.0000 M%						
IWIO	2500.0000 *	2′500.0000					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	2 330.0000		<del>                                     </del>			
	2500.0000 -	2′500.0000		<del>                                     </del>			
M U	2000.0000 -	2′500.0000		<del>                                     </del>			
C	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	0.					
999999999		9'999'999'999.					
-	999999999999999999999999999999999999999	9'999'999'999.					
0.1	30000000.	0.1					
MU	0.1 M%	, <u>.</u>					
1410							
	0. *	0.	E				
C E	•	0.					
C	0. *	0.	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>			
	<1 Line Auto Space>	· · · · · ·	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	/I Fille varo Shares	l .		L		l	

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
Comment Print				F	5/4	OFF	OFF
1234		1'234.					
# / P	#1234.	1'234.					
# / P	1234.	1'234.					
0009876543		9'876'543.					
# / P	#9876543	9'876'543.					
99.09.30		99.0930					
# / P	#99.09.30	99.0930					
# / P	99.0930	99.0930		2		ON	
+		99.0930					
2		2.					
+		101.093					
=		101.09					
# / P	101.09						
	<1 Line Auto Space>					OFF	
1234		1'234.		F			
$\rightarrow$		123.					
+ / -		-123.					
+ / -		123.					
+ / -		-123.					
5		-1235.					1
# / P	#-1235	-1235.					1
C E		0.					<del>                                     </del>
Root Caluculation							<del>                                     </del>
2.2		2.2					<u> </u>
→		2.					
√	2. √						
•	1.414213562 *	1.414213562					
×	1.414213562 ×	11111213332					
10	1111123002 X						
=	10, =						
	1.414213562 *	14.14213562					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	11,11,210002					
→	12 Ellio Noto Opace/	14.14213562					
# / P	14.14213562	14.14213562					
# / F	14.14213302	14.14213562					
C	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	0.					
Adding Calculation	12 Fille varo obaces						
123		123.					$\vdash$
	123. +						<del>                                     </del>
+	123. +	123.		_			$\vdash$
256	0.50	256.		A			$\vdash$
X	2.56 +	125.56					

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
3		3.		A	5/4	OFF	OFF
×	3. ×	376.68					
=	376.68 =						
	141887.82 *	141'887.82					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
123		123.		ΑII	СИТ		
+	123. +	123.					
256		256.					
×	256. ×	379.					
3		3.					
х	0.03 ×	11.37					
=	11.37 =						
	129.27 *	129.27					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
543		543.		Α	5/4		
M +	5.43 M+	5.43	М				
6		6.	М				
M +	0.06 M+	0.06	М				
5.		5.	М				
M +	5. M+	5.	М				
M R	10.49 M◇	10.49	М				
999		999.	М	ΑII			
-	999. –	999.	М				
1234		1'234.	М				
×	1234. +	-235.	М				
111		111.	М				
×	1.11 ×	-260.85	М				
2		2.	М				
M –	0.02 =						
	-5.22 M -	-5.22	М				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
M R	15.71 M♦	15.71	М				
МС	M *						
GT Calculation				F			
100		100.					
+	100. +	100.					
25		25.					
=	25. =						
	125. * +	125.	G				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
С	0. *	0.	G				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
G T	125. *♦	125.	G				

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY	DISPLAY			LOCK KEY			
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT		
100				F	5/4	OFF	OFF		
×	100. ×	100.	G						
5		5.	G						
%	5. %								
	5. * +	5.	G						
	<1 Line Auto Space>								
G T	130. *♦	130.	G						
G T	130. * *	130.							
	<1 Line Auto Space>								
3333333333	,	3′333′333′333.							
+	3333333333 +								
666666666		6'666'666'666.							
=	666666666666666666666666666666666666666								
	9999999999 * +	9'999'999'999.	G						
	<1 Line Auto Space>		_						
3		3.	G				<u> </u>		
=	3. =								
	666666669. * +								
	1.66666666 *	1.66666666	GE						
	<1 Line Auto Space>	1.0000000	u.						
C E	CT Elife Nate opaces	1.66666666	G						
C	0. *	0.	G						
	<1 Line Auto Space>								
G T	999999999999999. *♦	9'999'999'999.	G						
G T	9999999999 * *	9'999'999'999.	ŭ .						
	<1 Line Auto Space>	0 000 000					<u> </u>		
MemoryII	CT Elife Nate opaces								
Calculation									
123.456		123.456							
M II +	2	120.400					1		
1¥1 ±± T	125.456 M+	123.456	MII			<del>                                     </del>			
100.001	120.700 WIT	100.001	MII						
M II +	2	100.001					1		
IVI II T	100.001 M+	100.001	MII						
M II R	2	100.001	1411			<del>                                     </del>			
IAI TT L	223.456 M♦	223.456	MII						
M II C	2	220.400	14177						
INITIC	M *	223.456				<del> </del>			
999999999	IVI "	9'999'999'999.				-	1		
	00000000	9'999'999'999.					<del>                                     </del>		
X 1	9999999999 ×					<del>                                     </del>			
1	4	1.				<del>                                     </del>			
MII +	1. =			<u> </u>					

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK KEY			
	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT	
	2		<u> </u>	F	5/4	OFF	OFF	
	999999999 . M +	9'999'999'999	MII					
3		3.	MII					
	2							
MII +	3. M+							
	1.000000000. *	1.000000000	MIIE					
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
С	0. *	0.	MII					
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
MIIR	2							
	9999999999 . M◇	9'999'999'999.	MII					
666666666		6'666'666'666.	MII					
MII –	2							
	6666666666. M –	6'666'666'666.	MII					
MII –	2							
	6666666666. M –	6'666'666'666.	MII					
MIIR	2							
	-333333333. M◇	-3'333'333'333.	MII					
M II C	2							
	M *	-3'333'333'333.						
Tax Caluculation								
SET	0. %	0.						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
3		3.						
CAL	3. %	3.						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
1560		1560.						
+ T A X	1560.							
	3. %							
	46.8 ♦							
	1606.8 *	1'606.8						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
1560		1560.						
– T A X	1560.							
	3. %							
	45.436894 ♦							
	1514.563106 *	1'514.563106						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
SET	3. %	3.						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
5		5.						
CAL	5. %	5.						

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK KEY			
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT	
	<1 Line Auto Space>			F	5/4	OFF	OFF	
900000000		9 000'000'000.						
+ T A X	9000000000.							
	5. %							
	450000000. ♦							
	9450000000. *	9'450'000'000.						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
100		100.						
×	100. ×	100.						
2		2.						
+ T A X	2. =							
	200. ♦							
	5. %							
	10. ♦							
	210. *	210.						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
100		100.						
+	100. +	100.						
200		200.						
+ T A X	200. =							
	300. ♦							
	5. %							
	15. ♦							
	315. *	315.						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
999999999		9'999'999'999.						
+ T A X	9999999999.							
	5. %							
	499999999.5 🔷							
	1.049999999 *	1.049999999	E					
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
С	0. *	0.						
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
900000000		9'000'000'000.						
+	9000000000. +	9'000'000'000.						
100000000		1'000'000'000.						
+ T A X	1000000000. =							
	0. *	0.	E					
	<1 Line Auto Space>							
C E		0.						
С	0. *	0.						

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
	<1 Line Auto Space>		0111	F	5/4	OFF	OFF
900000000		9'000'000'000.					
+	900000000 +	9'000'000'000.					
+ T A X	=						
	5. %						
	450000000. ♦						
	9450000000. *	9'450'000'000.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	0 100 000 0001					
С	0. *						
-	<1 Line Auto Space>						-
Tax CalculationII	The difference operation						-
SETII	2						
52111	0. %	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	0.					
3	12 Ellio Varo obaces	3.					
CAL	2	0.					
CAL	3. %	3.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>	3.					
1560	CI Line Auto Space/	1560.					
+ T A X II	2	1300.					
+ 1 A X II	1560.						
	3. %						
	46.8 ♦						
		1/606.0					
	2000.0	1'606.8					
4500	<1 Line Auto Space>	4500					
1560	_	1560.					
– T A X II	2						
	1560.					-	-
	3. %						
	45.436894 ♦	4,54, 500465					
	1514.563106 *	1'514.563106					
AF-11	<1 Line Auto Space>						
SETII	2	_					
	3. %	3.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
6	_	5.				-	
CAL	2					1	
	6. %	5.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
9000000000		9'000'000'000.					
+ T A X II	2						
	9000000000.					1	
	6. %						

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
	540000000. ♦		J	F	5/4	OFF	OFF
	9540000000. *	9′540′000′000.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
100		100.					
×	100. ×	100.					
2		2.					
+ T A X II	2						
	2. =						
	200. ♦						
	6. %						
	12. ♦						
	212. *	212.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
100		100.					
+	100. +	100.					
200		200.					
+ T A X II	2						
	200. =						
	300. ♦						
	6. %						
	18. ♦						
	318. *	318.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
999999999		9'999'999'999.					
+ T A X II	2						
	9999999999.						
	6. %						
	499999999.5 ♦						
	1.049999999 *	1.049999999	E				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
С	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
9000000000		9'000'000'000.					
+	9000000000 +	9'000'000'000.					
1000000000		1'000'000'000.					
+ T A X II	2						
	1000000000. =						
	0. *	0.	E				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
С	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						

KEY	PRINT	DISPLAY			LOCK	KEY	
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	SYM	TAB	RND	NP	GT
Off/On				F	5/4	OFF	OFF
123		123.					
M +	123. M+	123.	М				
456		456.					
MII +	2						
	456. M+	456.	MMII				
100		100.	MMII				
+	100. +	100.	MMII				
25		25.	MMII				
=	25. =						
	125. * +	125.	GMMII				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
E X	25. #	25.	GMMII				
E X	125. #	125.	GMMII				
OFF							
O N	0. *	0.	GMMII				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
M R	123. M◇	123.	GMMII				
MIIR	2						
	456. M◇	456.	GMMII				
G T	125. *♦	125.	GMMII				
G T	125. * *	125.	MMII				
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
M II C	2						
	M *	125.	М				
МС	M *	125.					
SET	5. %	5.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
CAL		5.					
SETII	2						
	6. %	6.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						
CAL		6.					
С	0. *	0.					
	<1 Line Auto Space>						

## **MAXIMUM RATINGS** $(V_{SS} = 0 V)$

SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
$V_{DD}$	-0.3~6	V
V <sub>L</sub> C	-0.3~V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
VIN	-0.3~V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
Vout	-0.3~V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
IOUT	3.2	mA
PD	600	mW
T <sub>sld</sub>	260 (10 s)	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55~125	°C
T <sub>opr</sub>	0~40	°C
	V <sub>DD</sub> V <sub>LC</sub> V <sub>IN</sub> VOUT IOUT P <sub>D</sub> T <sub>sld</sub> T <sub>stg</sub>	$\begin{array}{c cccc} V_{DD} & -0.3{\sim}6 \\ V_{LC} & -0.3{\sim}V_{DD} + 0.3 \\ V_{IN} & -0.3{\sim}V_{DD} + 0.3 \\ V_{OUT} & -0.3{\sim}V_{DD} + 0.3 \\ I_{OUT} & 3.2 \\ P_{D} & 600 \\ T_{sld} & 260 \ (10 \ s) \\ T_{stg} & -55{\sim}125 \\ \end{array}$

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS ( $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	_	<del></del>	0	_	40	°C
			NORMAL	4.5			
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	_	SLOW	4.5	_	5.5	
		_	HOLD	2.0			
High-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH1</sub>			$V_{DD}$		V <sub>DD</sub>	
(Non-Schmitt Circuit)	VIH1		$V_{DD} \ge 4.5 V$	× 0.7			
High-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH2</sub>	_	VDD = 4.3 V	$V_{DD}$		V <sub>DD</sub>	
(Schmitt Circuit)	VIH2			× 0.75		לטטי	
High-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH3</sub>	_	V <sub>DD</sub> < 4.5 V	$V_{DD}$		V <sub>DD</sub>	V
mgn zever mpar vortage	*1П3		100 1 ms 1	× 0.9		100	
Low-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL1</sub>			0	_	$V_{DD}$	
(Non-Schmitt Circuit)	VIL I	]	$V_{DD} \ge 4.5 V$			× 0.3	
Low-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL2</sub>		VDD = 4.3 V	0		$V_{DD}$	
(Schmitt Circuit)	VILZ					× 0.25	
Low-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL3</sub>	l	V <sub>DD</sub> < 4.5 V	0		$V_{DD}$	
Low Level impat voitage	VIL3		VDD			× 0.1	

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	TERMINAL	TERMINAL CONDITION		TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Hysteresis Voltage (Schmitt Circuit)	V <sub>HS</sub>		Hysteresis input	_	_	0.7	ı	V
Input Current	l <sub>IN1</sub>	l	KO port, TEST, RESET, HOLD	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V			± 2	
Input Current	l <sub>IN2</sub>		Open drain R port, P port	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5/0 V		_	<u> </u>	μΑ
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN1</sub>		KO port TEST with input resistor	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 / 0 V	30	70	150	kΩ
	R <sub>IN2</sub>		RESET, HOLD	VIN = 3.370 V	100	220	450	1
Output Leakage	lLO1		Sink open drain R port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $V_{OUT} = 5.5 V$	_	_	2	
Current	I <sub>LO2</sub>		Source open drain R port, P port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $V_{OUT} = -1.5 V$	_	_	- 2	μΑ
High-Level Output Voltage	Voн	_	Source open drain R port, P port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $I_{OH} = -1.6 \text{ mA}$	2.4	_	_	V
Low-Level Output Voltage	VOL	_	Sink open drain R port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $I_{OL} = 1.6 mA$	_	_	0.4	V
Pull-Down Resistance	ROUT	_	R port, P port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $V_{IN} = 5.5 V$	30	70	150	kΩ
Output Resistance	R <sub>OS</sub> R <sub>OC</sub>		SEG COM	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V	_	_	35	kΩ
	V <sub>O2/3</sub>			V <sub>DD</sub> - V <sub>LC</sub>	3.8	4.0	4.2	
Output Voltage	V <sub>O1/2</sub>	_	SEG / COM	= 3 V	3.3	3.5	3.7	V
	V <sub>O1/3</sub>				2.8	3.0	3.2	
Supply Current (Normal)	lDD	_	_	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ , $V_{LC} = V_{SS}$ $f_{C} = 4 MHz$	_	3	6	mA
Supply Current (Hold)	IDDH	_	_	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$	_	0.5	10	μΑ

(Note 1) : Typ. values are guaranteed at  $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5 V$ .

(Note 2): I<sub>IN1</sub>: excepts a current through a internal Pull up/down Resistor.

(Note 3) : ROS, ROC : Shows On-Resistor at level switching.

(Note 4) :  $V_{O2/3}$  : Shows 2/3 Level Output Voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD

drive.

(Note 5) :  $V_{O1/2}$  : Shows 1/2 Level Output Voltage at which 1/2 duty or static LCD

drive.

(Note 6) :  $V_{O1/3}$  : Shows 1/3 Level Output Voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD

drive.

(Note 7) :  $I_{DD}$ ,  $I_{DDH}$  : Current consumption at  $V_{IN} = 5.3 \text{ V}/0.2 \text{ V}$ 

should be under that KO port is open and R port Voltage Level is

valid.

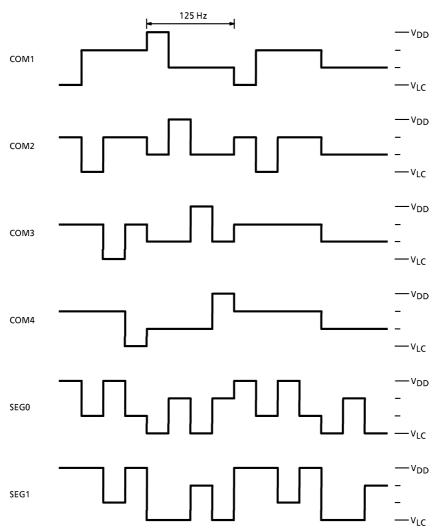
# **OSCILLATION CIRCUIT** ( $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \sim 5.5 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

RECOMMENDED CIRCUIT	CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
	$V_{DD}$ = 5.0 V C = 100 pF R = 1 k $\Omega$ ± 2%	2.4	4.0	5.6	MHz

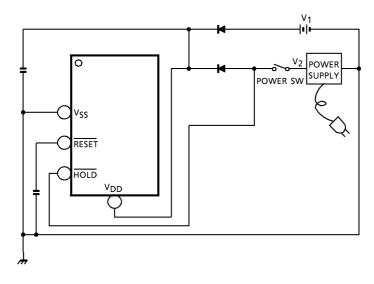
## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 4.5 \sim 6.0 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Instruction Cycle Time	tov		NORMAL	1.9	_	20	μs ns
	tcY	_	SLOW	235	_	267	$\mu$ s
High-Level Clock Pulse Width	<sup>t</sup> WCH	_	External clock operation	80			25
Low-Level Clock Pulse Width	<sup>t</sup> WCL	_	External clock operation	00	_	_	113
Shift Data Hold Time	<sup>t</sup> SDH		_	0.5tcy - 300	l	ı	ns
High Speed Timer/Counter Input Frequency	f <sub>HT</sub>	_	_	_	-	f <sub>C</sub>	MHz

#### **WAVEFORMS FOR DISPLAY**







(Note) :  $V_1 = +3 V$  : battery supply  $V_2 = +5 V$  : DC supply

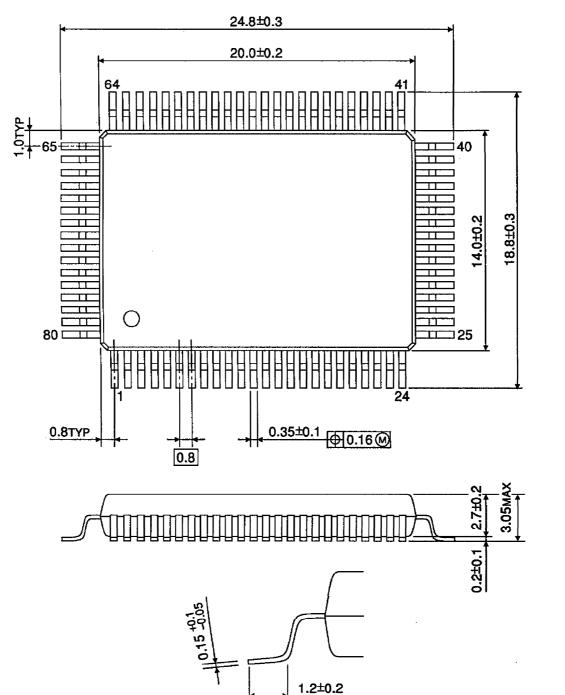
 $\left( \frac{\overline{\mathsf{HOLD}}}{\overline{\mathsf{RESET}}} \text{ pin is pulled down in the LSI, but normally pulled up to <math>V_{DD}$ .

- ① Setting POWER SW to ON,  $V_2$  is supplied to  $V_{DD}$  pin, and also to  $\overline{HOLD}$  pin. Then calculator operates normally.
- $\@$  Setting POWER SW from ON to OFF, V<sub>1</sub> is supplied to V<sub>DD</sub> pin and V<sub>SS</sub> is supplied to  $\@$ HOLD pin. Under this connection, TAX RATE is held.

(Note): V<sub>1</sub> (battery) should be supplied to the circuit after V<sub>2</sub> (DC) supply, because of prevention from exhaustion of battery and abnormal operation.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**





Weight: 1.52 g (Typ.)