0.5W High Power Laser Diode

Description

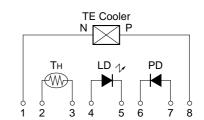
The SLD322XT is a high power, gain-guided laser diode produced by MOCVD method*1. Compared to the SLD300 Series, this laser diode has a high brightness output with a doubled optical density which can be achived by QW-SCH structure*2.

Fine adjustment of the oscillation wavelength is possible by controllingthe temperature using the built-in TE cooler (Peltier element).

- *1 MOCVD: Metal Organic Chemical Vapor Deposition
- *2 QW-SCH: Quantum Well Separate Confinement Heterostructure

M-273

Equivalent Circuit



Features

- High power
 - Recommended optical power output: Po = 0.5W
- Low operating current: lop = 0.75A (Po = 0.5W)
- Flat package with built-in photodiode, TE cooler, and thermistor

Applications

- Solid state laser excitation
- Medical use
- · Material processes
- Measurement

Structure

AlGaAs quantum well structure laser diode

Operating Lifetime

MTTF 10,000H (effective value) at Po = 0.5W, Tth = 25°C

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Tth = 25°C)

 Optical power output 	Pomax		0.55	W
Reverse voltage	V_R	LD	2	V
_		PD	15	V
 Operating temperature (Tth) 	Topr	•	-10 to +30	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +85	°C

Warranty

This warranty period shall be 90 days after receipt of the product or 1,000 hours operation time whichever is shorter.

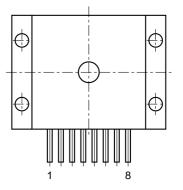
Sony Quality Assurance Department shall analyze any product that fails during said warranty period, and if the analysis results show that the product failed due to material or manufacturing defects on the part of Sony, the product shall be replaced free of charge.

Laser diodes naturally have differing lifetimes which follow a Weibull distribution.

Special warranties are also available.

Pin Configuration (Top View)

No.	Function
1	TE cooler (negative)
2	Thermistor lead 1
3	Thermistor lead 2
4	Laser diode (anode)
5	Laser diode (cathode)
6	Photodiode (cathode)
7	Photodiode (anode)
8	TE cooler (positive)



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Electrical and Optical Characteristics

(Tth: Thermistor temperature, Tth = 25°C)

Item		Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Threshold current		Ith			0.18	0.3	Α
Operating current		lop	Po = 0.5W		0.75	1.2	Α
Operating voltage		Vop	Po = 0.5W		2.1	3.0	V
Wavelength*		λр	Po = 0.5W	790		840	nm
Monitor current		Imon	Po = 0.5W VR = 10V	0.15	0.8	3.0	mA
Dediction and	Perpendicular	θΤ	Do 0.5W	20	30	40	degree
Radiation angle	Po = 0.50	Po = 0.5W	4	9	17	degree	
Positional accuracy	Position	ΔΧ, ΔΥ	Po = 0.5W			±100	μm
	Angle	Δφ⊥				±3	degree
Differential efficiency		ηο	Po = 0.5W	0.5	0.9		W/A
Thermistor resistance)	Rth	Tth = 25°C		10		kΩ

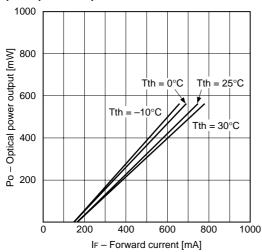
* Wavelength Selection Classification

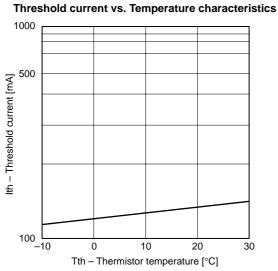
Туре	Wavelength (nm)
SLD322XT-1	795 ± 5
SLD322XT-2	810 ± 10
SLD322XT-3	830 ± 10

Туре	Wavelength (nm)
SLD322XT-21	798 ± 3
SLD322XT-24	807 ± 3
SLD322XT-25	810 ± 3

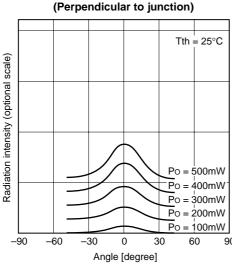
Example of Representative Characteristics

Optical power output vs. Forward current characteristics

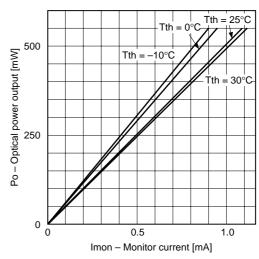




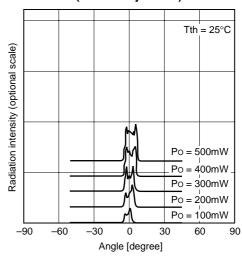
Power dependence of far field pattern (Perpendicular to junction)



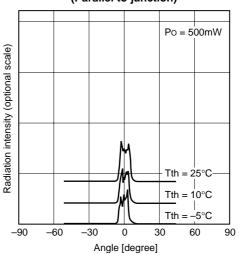
Optical power output vs. Monitor current characteristics



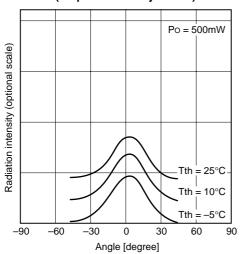
Power dependence of far field pattern (Parallel to junction)



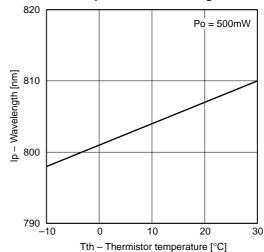
Temperature dependence of far field pattern (Parallel to junction)



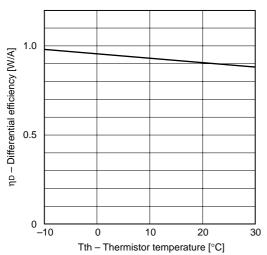
Temperature dependence of far field pattern (Perpendicular to junction)



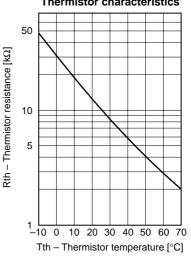
Dependence of wavelength



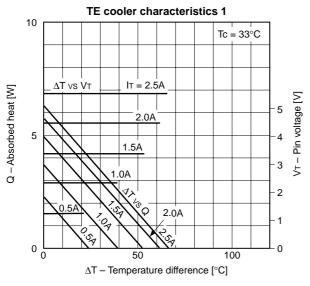
Differential efficiency vs. Temperature characteristics



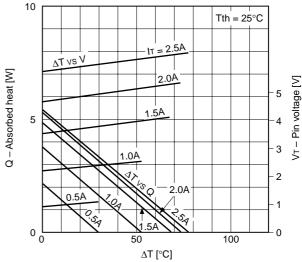
Thermistor characteristics



TE cooler characteristics



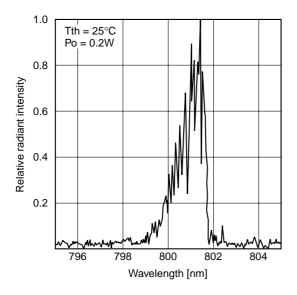
TE cooler characteristics 2

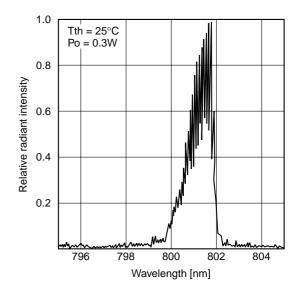


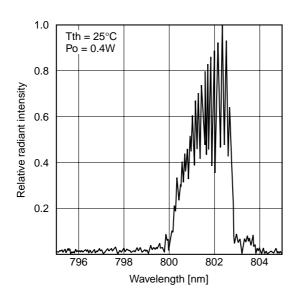
 ΔT : Tc – Tth

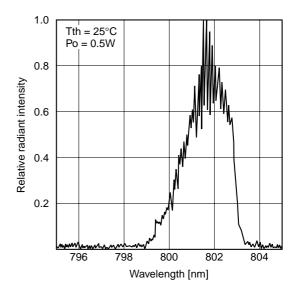
Tth: Thermistor temperature
Tc: Case temperature

Power dependence of spectrum

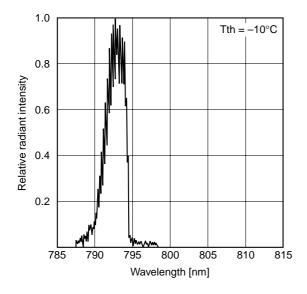


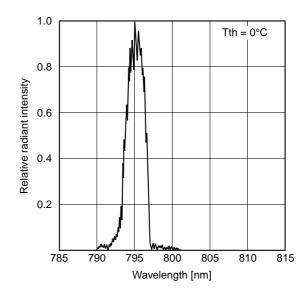


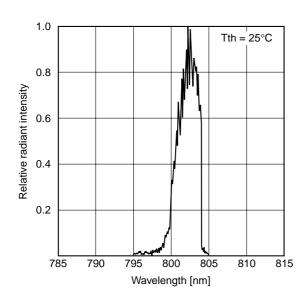


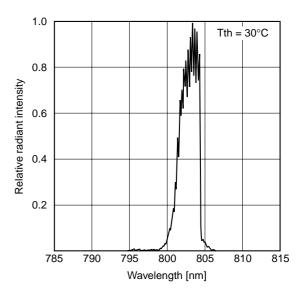


Temperature dependence of spectrum (Po = 0.5W)







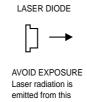


Notes on Operation

Care should be taken for the following points when using this product.

(1) This product corresponds to a Class 4 product under IEC60825-1 and JIS standard C6802 "Laser Product Emission Safety Standards".





aperture.



(2) Eye protection against laser beams

Take care not to allow laser beams to enter your eyes under any circumstances.

For observing laser beams, ALWAYS use safety goggles that block laser beams. Usage of IR scopes, IR cameras and fluorescent plates is also recommended for monitoring laser beams safely.

(3) Gallium Arsenide

This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs). This is not a problem for normal use, but GaAs vapors may be potentially hazardous to the human body. Therefore, never crush, heat to the maximum storage temperature or higher, or place the product in your mouth.

In addition, the following disposal methods are recommended when disposing of this product.

- 1. Engaging the services of a contractor certified in the collection, transport and intermediate treatment of items containing arsenic.
- 2. Managing the product through to final disposal as specially managed industrial waste which is handled separately from general industrial waste and household waste.

(4) Prevention of surge current and electrostatic discharge

Laser diodes are most sensitive to electrostatic discharge among semiconductors. When a large current is passed through the laser diode for even an extremely short time, the strong light emitted from the laser diode promotes deterioration and then destruction of the laser diode. Therefore, note that surge current should not flow to the laser diode driving circuit from switches and others. Also, if the laser diode is handled carelessly, it may be destroyed instantly because electrostatic discharge is easily applied by a human body. Therefore, be extremely careful about overcurrent and electrostatic discharge.

(5) Use for special applications

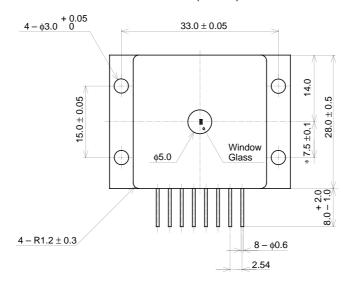
This product is not designed or manufactured for use in equipment used under circumstances where failure may pose a risk to life and limb, or result in significant material damage, etc.

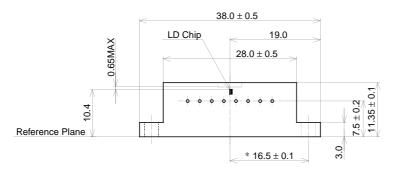
Consult your Sony sales representative when investigating use for medical, vehicle, nuclear power control or other special applications. Also, use the power supply that was designed not to exceed the optical power output specified at the absolute maximum ratings.

Package Outline

Unit: mm

M-273 (LO-10)





*Distance between pilot hole and emittng area

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

SONY CODE	M-273(LO-10)
EIAJ CODE	
JEDEC CODE	

PACKAGE MASS	43g