

Product Bulletin



High-resolution applications including optical data storage, image recording, spectral analysis, printing, point-to-point free-space communications and frequency doubling all require diffraction-limited sources. Faster writing, wider dynamic range and better signal-to-noise ratio may be achieved with JDS Uniphase's high-reliability SDL-5400 series single-mode laser diodes.

Available in power levels up to 200 mW kinkfree, this advanced laser diode combines a quantum well structure and a real-refractive index-guided single-mode waveguide to provide high power, low astigmatism, narrow spectral width and a single spatial mode Gaussian far field. SDL-5400 series laser diodes are among the most reliable high-power laser diodes available in the industry today.

The SDL-5400 series laser diodes operate in single longitudinal mode under some conditions. Like in all Fabry-Perot index-guided laser diodes, spectral broadening, mode hopping, and longitudinal mode instability may occur due to small changes in drive current, diode junction temperature, or optical feedback.

SDL-5400 Series 50 to 200 mW, 810/830/852 nm Single-mode Laser Diodes

The unique diode structure features high reliability with long operating life and very low early failure rate. Very high brightness (20 MW/cm² steradian) is provided by the SDL-5430.

Useful packaging options include open heatsink, SOT or TO-3 packages, internal photodiode, thermoelectric cooler and wavelength selection.

Key Features

- Up to 200 mW continuous wave (CW) output power
- Wavelengths available:
 - $-810 \pm 4 \text{ nm or } \pm 10 \text{ nm}$
 - $830 \pm 10 \text{ nm or } \pm 20 \text{ nm}$
 - $-852 \pm 4 \text{ nm or } \pm 10 \text{ nm}$
- Diffraction-limited beam
- ullet TEM $_{00}$ single transverse mode

Applications

- Image recording
- Printing
- Spectral analysis
- Optical data storage
- Point-to-point communications

Available Configurations

SDL-5400 Series SDL-5410 Series SDL-5400-C SDL-5410-C SDL-5401-G1 SDL-5411-G1 SDL-5402-H1 SDL-5412-H1

Electro-optical Performance

		SDL-5400 Series			SDL-5410 Series			
Laser Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CW output power, kink-free	Po	_	-	50	_	-	100	mW
Center wavelength	λ_{c}	_	(note ⁷)	_		(note ⁷)	_	
Spectral width ¹	Δλ	_	3	5	_	3	5	nm
Slope efficiency	$\eta_D = P_o/(I_{op} - I_{th})$	0.75	0.85	_	0.75	0.85	-	mW/mA
Conversion efficiency	$\eta = P_o/(I_{op}V_{op})$		30	_	=	30	_	%
Emitting dimensions	WxH		3 x 1	_	=	3 x 1	_	μm
FWHM beam divergence								
Parallel to junction	$\theta_{//}$	_	9	-	_	9	-	degrees
Perpendicular to junction	$ heta_{\perp}$	-	30	-	_	30	-	degrees
Threshold current	I _{th}		35	45		35	45	mA
Operating current	I _{op}		95	105	=	160	170	mA
Operating voltage	Vop		(note ⁶)	_		(note ⁶)	_	
Series resistance	Rs	_	4.0	6.0		4.0	6.0	Ω
Thermal resistance	Rth	_	60	_	_	60	_	°C/W
Recommended case temperature	Tc	-20	_	30	-20	-	30	°C
Absolute Maximum Ratings								
Reverse voltage	V_{rl}	_	-	3	_	-	3	V
Case operating temperature	Top	-20	-	50	-20	-	50	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-40	-	80	-40	_	80	°C
Lead soldering temperature	Tis		-	250		_	250	°C (5 sec.)
Monitor Photodiode ²								
Sensitivity	-	0.1	-	20	0.1	-	20	μA/mW
Capacitance	-	_	6	_	_	6	_	pF
Breakdown voltage	V_{bd}		25	_		25	_	V
Operating voltage	Vop	_	10	_	_	10	_	V
Thermoelectric Cooler 2,3								
Drive current	I _{TE}	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	A
Drive voltage	V_{TE}	_	4.0	_	_	4.0	_	V
Thermal resistance	R _{th}		15	_	=	15	-	°C/W
Thermistor resistance	R _{therm}		10		_	10	-	kΩ

- Emission bandwidth for 90% integrated power.
 Not available on C package.
 Not available on G1 package.
 Typical values at 25 °C and 0.6 NA collection optics.
 Features common to all SDL-5400 series laser diodes include:
 - a. Duty factor of 100%.
 - b. Temperature coefficient of wavelength is approximately 0.3 nm/°C.
 - c. Temperature coefficient of threshold current can be modeled as: $I_{\rm HH2} = I_{\rm IH1} \exp{[(T_2 - T_1)/T_0]}$ where T_0 is a device constant of about 110 °K. d. Temperature coefficient of operating current is approximately 0.5 to
- 0.7% per °C. 6. Forward voltage is typically: $V_f = 1.5 \ V + I_{op} \ x \ R_s$.

- 7. Wavelength ranges for the SDL-5400 and 5410 series: 810 ± 4 nm or ± 10 nm 830 ± 10 nm or ± 20 nm
 - 852 ±4 nm or ±10 nm
- 8. Astigmatism is less than 5 μ m.
- 9. **SDL-54<u>X X</u>** (C, G1 or H1 package)
 - − 0 − No options
 - 1 Monitor photodiode
 - 2 Monitor photodiode, TE cooler
 - $0-50\;mW\;CW$
 - $1-100\;mW\;CW$

Available Configurations

SDL-5420 Series SDL-5430 Series SDL-5420-C SDL-5430-C SDL-5421-G1 SDL-5431-G1 SDL-5422-H1 SDL-5432-H1

Electro-optical Performance

Laser Characteristics	Symbol	SDL-5420 Series			SDL-5430 Series			
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CW output power, kink-free	Po	-	-	150	_	-	200	mW
Center wavelength	$\lambda_{\rm c}$	_	(note ⁷)	_	_	(note ⁷)	_	
Spectral width ¹	Δλ	_	3	5	_	3	5	nm
Slope efficiency	$\eta_D = P_o/(I_{op} - I_{th})$	0.75	0.85	_	0.75	0.85	_	mW/mA
Conversion efficiency	$\eta = P_o/(I_{op}V_{op})$	_	30	-	_	30	_	%
Emitting dimensions	WxH	_	3 x 1	-	_	3 x 1	_	μm
FWHM beam divergence								
Parallel to junction	$\theta_{//}$	_	9	-	-	9	_	degrees
Perpendicular to junction	$ heta_{\perp}$	-	30	-	-	30	_	degrees
Threshold current	I _{th}	_	35	45		40	50	mA
Operating current	I _{op}		210	230	_	270	300	mA
Operating voltage	Vop	_	(note ⁶)	-	_	(note ⁶)	_	
Series resistance	Rs		4.0	6.0		4.0	6.0	Ω
Thermal resistance	R _{th}		60	-	_	60	-	°C/W
Recommended case temperature	Tc	-20	-	30	-20	-	30	°C
Absolute Maximum Ratings								
Reverse voltage	V _{rl}		-	3		-	3	V
Case operating temperature	Top	-20	-	50	-20	-	50	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{stg}	-40	-	80	-40	-	80	°C
Lead soldering temperature	Tis		-	250	_	-	250	°C (5 sec.)
Monitor Photodiode ²								
Sensitivity	_	0.1	-	20	0.1	-	20	μA/mW
Capacitance	_	_	6	_		6	_	pF
Breakdown voltage	$V_{\rm bd}$	_	25	_		25	_	V
Operating voltage	Vop	_	10	_		10	_	V
Thermoelectric Cooler 2,3								
Drive current	I _{TE}	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	A
Drive voltage	V _{TE}		4.0	-		4.0	_	V
Thermal resistance	R _{th}	_	15	-	_	15	_	°C/W
Thermistor resistance	R _{therm}	_	10	-	_	10	_	kΩ

- Emission bandwidth for 90% integrated power.
 Not available on C package.
 Not available on G1 package.
 Typical values at 25 °C and 0.6 NA collection optics.
 Features common to all SDL-5400 series laser diodes include:
 - a. Duty factor of 100%.
 - b. Temperature coefficient of wavelength is approximately 0.3 nm/°C.
 - c. Temperature coefficient of threshold current can be modeled as:
 - $I_{TH2} = I_{TH1}$ exp $[(T_2 T_1)/T_0]$ where T_0 is a device constant of about 110 °K. d. Temperature coefficient of operating current is approximately 0.5 to
- 0.7% per °C.

 6. Forward voltage is typically: V_f = 1.5 V + I_{op} x R_s.

7. Wavelength ranges: SDL-5420 810 ± 4 nm or ± 10 nm

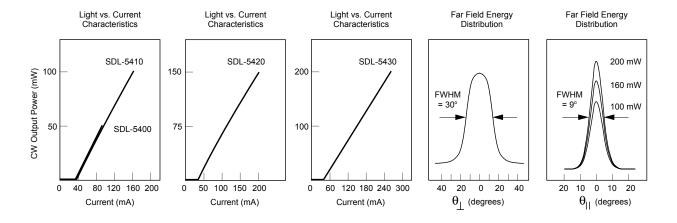
830 ±10 nm

852 ±4 nm or ±10 nm

SDL-5430 830 ±10 nm

- 8. Astigmatism is less than 5 μm. 9. SDL-54××× (C, G1 or H1 package)
 - - 0 No options
 - 1 Monitor photodiode
 - 2 Monitor photodiode, TE cooler
 - $2-150\;mW\;CW$
 - $3-200\ mW\ CW$

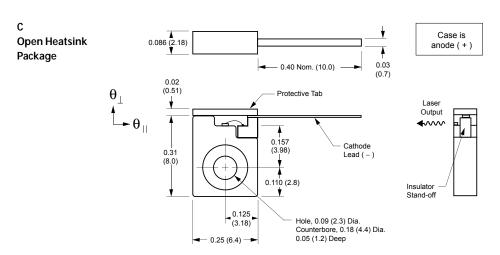
Typical Optical Characteristics

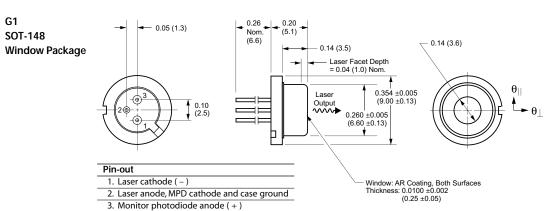


Package Dimensions (inches [mm])

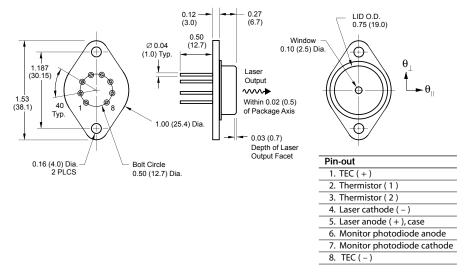
Standard Tolerances

inches: $x.xx = \pm 0.02$ mm: $x.x = \pm 0.5$ $x.xxx = \pm 0.010$ $x.xx = \pm 0.25$









User Safety

Safety and Operating Considerations

The laser light emitted from this laser diode is invisible and may be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the laser diode or into the collimated beam along its optical axis when the device is in operation.

CAUTION: THE USE OF OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS WITH THIS PRODUCT WILL INCREASE EYE HAZARD.

Operating the laser diode outside of its maximum ratings may cause device failure or a safety hazard. Power supplies used with the component must be employed such that the maximum peak optical power cannot be exceeded. CW laser diodes may be damaged by excessive drive current or switching transients. When using power supplies, the laser diode should be connected with the main power on and the output voltage at zero. The current should be increased slowly while monitoring the laser diode output power and the drive current.

Device degradation accelerates with increased temperature, and therefore careful attention to minimize the case temperature is advised. For example, life expectancy will decrease by a factor of four if the case is operated at 50 $^{\circ}$ C rather than 30 $^{\circ}$ C.

A proper heatsink for the laser diode on a thermal radiator will greatly enhance laser life. Firmly mount the laser on a radiator with a thermal impedance of less than 2 °C/W for increased reliability.

ESD PROTECTION – Electrostatic discharge is the primary cause of unexpected laser diode failure. Take

extreme precaution to prevent ESD. Use wrist straps, grounded work surfaces and rigorous antistatic techniques when handling laser diodes.

This product is export controlled under COCOM. The ECCN is A005; Harmonized Commodity is 8541.40.6050.

21 CFR 1040.10 Compliance

Because of the small size of these devices, each of the labels shown is attached to the individual shipping container. They are illustrated here to comply with 21 CFR 1040.10 as applicable under the Radiation Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968.

Serial Number Identification Label



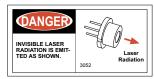
Output Power Danger Label



Package Aperture Labels







G1 Package Diodes



H1 Package Diodes

Ordering Information

For more information on this or other products and their availability, please contact your local JDS Uniphase account manager or JDS Uniphase directly at 800-871-8537 in North America and 1-800-8735-5378 worldwide or via e-mail at jdsu.sales@jdsu.com.



North America toll-free: 800-871-8537 Worldwide toll-free: 1-800-8735-5378 www.jdsu.com