

S21MD4V

Built-in Zero-cross Circuit, High Noise Resistance Type Phototriac Coupler

- ✿ Lead forming type of **S21MD4V** is also available. (**S21MD4W**)
- ✿✿ TÜV (DIN-VDE0884) approved type is also available as an option.

■ Features

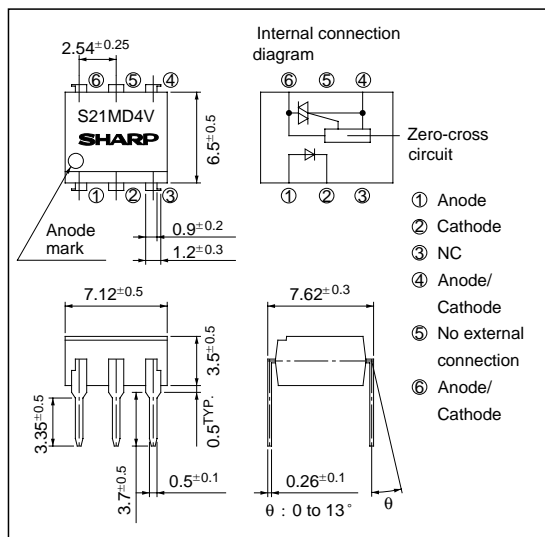
1. Built-in zero-cross circuit
 2. High critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage (dV/dt : MIN. 100V/μs)
 3. High repetitive peak OFF-state voltage (V_{DRM} : MIN. 600V)
 4. Isolation voltage between input and output
V_{iso} : 5 000Vrms
 5. UL recognized, file No. E64380 (**S21MD4V**/ **S21MD4W**)
- ✿ **S21MD4V** is for 200V line

■ Applications

1. For triggering medium/high power triac

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I _F	50	mA
	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V
Output	RMS ON-state current	I _T	100	mA _{rms}
	*1 Peak one cycle surge current	I _{surge}	1.2	A
	Repetitive peak OFF-state voltage	V _{DRM}	600	V
	*2 Isolation voltage	V _{iso}	5 000	V _{rms}
Operating temperature		T _{opr}	- 30 to + 100	°C
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	- 55 to + 125	°C
*3 Soldering temperature		T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 Sine wave

*2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute, f = 60HZ

*3 For 10 seconds

Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	VF	IF = 20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse current	IR	VR = 3V	-	-	10 ⁻⁵	A
Output	Repetitive peak OFF-state current	IDRM	VDRM = Rated	-	-	10 ⁻⁶	A
	ON-state voltage	VT	IT = 100mA	-	1.7	2.5	V
	Holding current	IH	VD = 6V	0.1	1	3.5	mA
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage	dV/dt	VDRM = 1/√2 Rated	100	-	-	V/μs
	Zero-cross voltage	VOX	Resistance load, IF = 15mA	-	-	35	V
Transfer character istics	Minimum trigger current	IFT	VD = 6V, RL = 100Ω	-	-	15	mA
	Isolation resistance	RISO	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 ¹⁰	10 ¹¹	-	Ω
	Turn-on time	ton	VD = 6V, RL = 100Ω, IF = 20mA	-	20	50	μs

Fig. 1 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

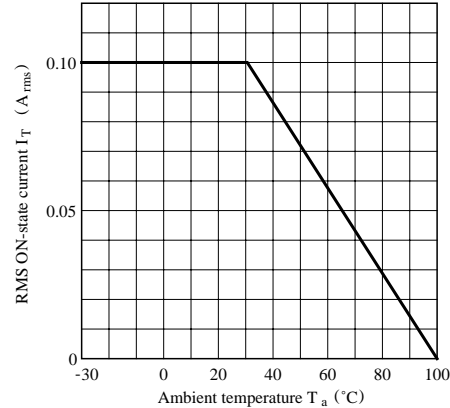


Fig. 2 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

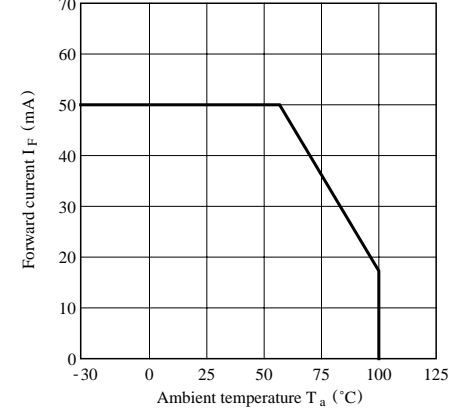


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

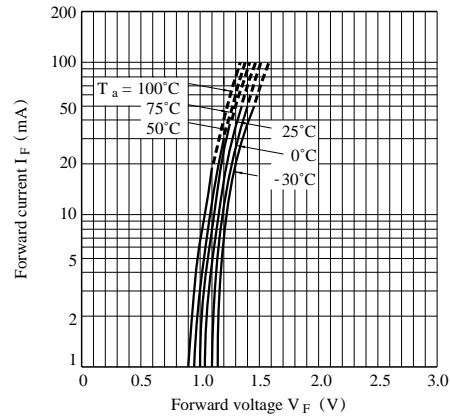


Fig. 4 Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature

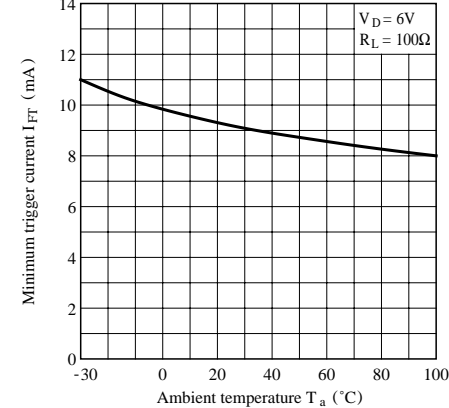


Fig. 5 Relative Repetitive Peak OFF-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

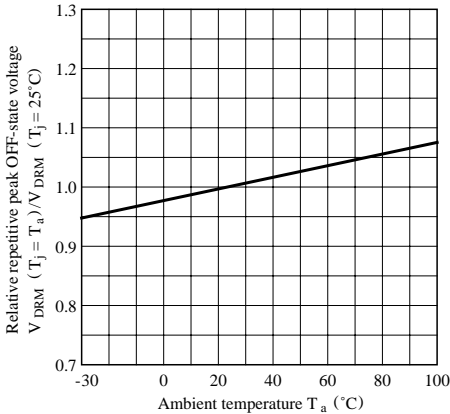


Fig. 6 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

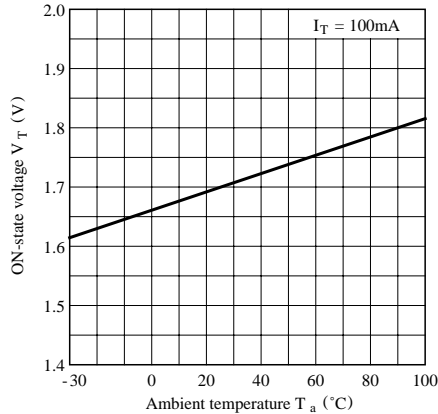


Fig. 7 Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature

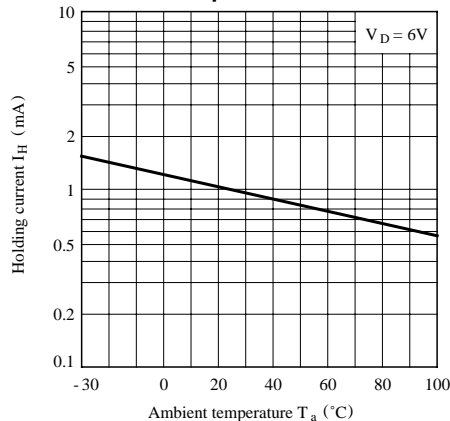


Fig. 8 Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. OFF-state Voltage

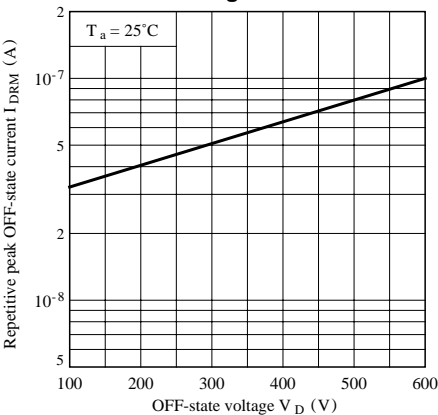


Fig. 9 Repetitive Peak OFF-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature

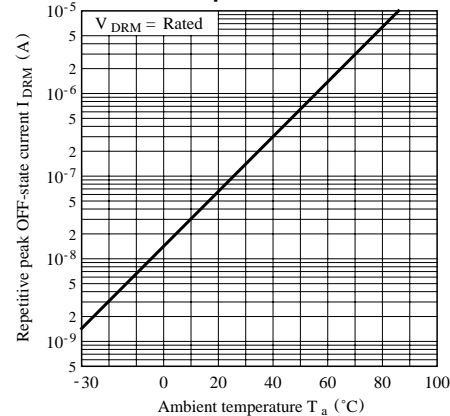


Fig.10 Zero-cross Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

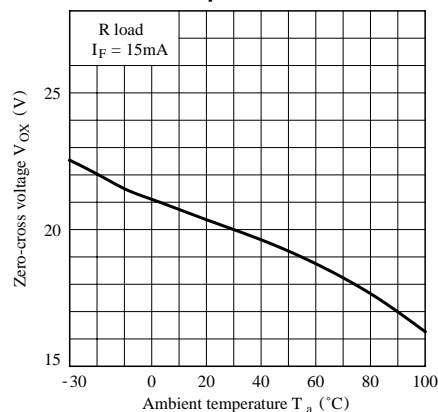
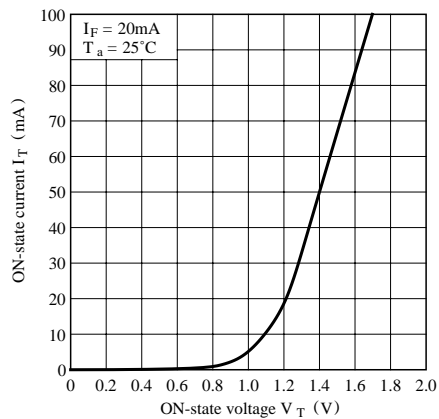
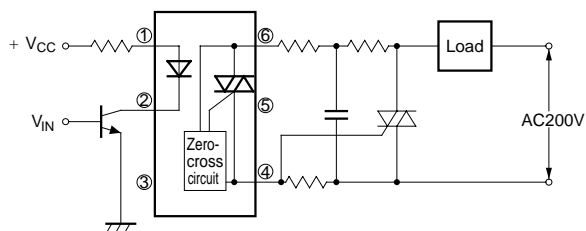


Fig.11 ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage



Basic Operation Circuit

Medium/High Power Triac Drive Circuit



Note) Please use on condition of the triac for power triggers.

- Please refer to the chapter “Precautions for Use” (Page 78 to 93).

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