

FEATURES

- Surface Mountable
- Industry Standard SOIC-8 Footprint
- Compatible with Infrared Vapor Phase Reflow and Wave Soldering Processes
- Isolation Voltage, 3000 V_{RMS}
- Very High Common Mode Transient Immunity: 15000 V/μs at V_{CM}=1500 V Guaranteed (SFH6343)
- High Speed: 1.0 Mb/s
- TTL Compatible
- Guaranteed AC and DC Performance Over Temperature: 0°C to 70°C
- Open Collector Output
- Pin Compatible with HP Optocouplers
SFH6315T—HCPL0500
SFH6316T—HCPL0501
SFH6343T—HCPL0453
-  VDE 0884 Available with Option 1

APPLICATIONS

- Line Receivers
- Logic Ground Isolation
- Analog Signal Ground Isolation
- Replace Pulse Transformers

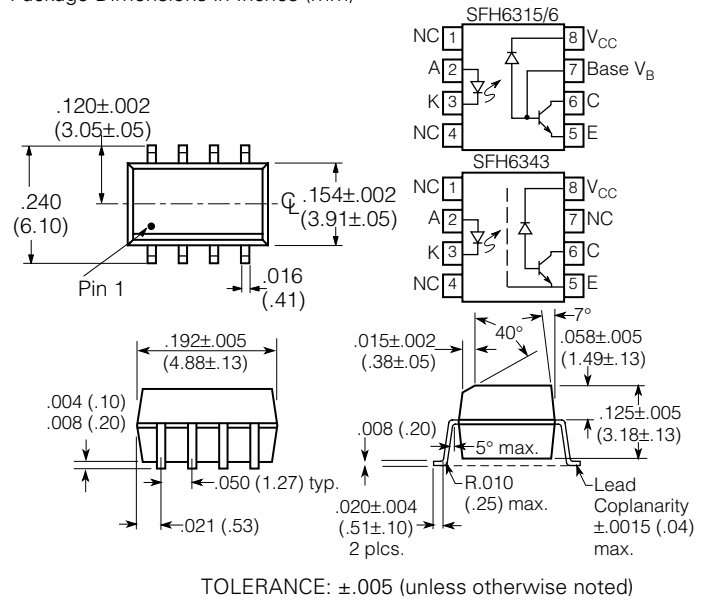
DESCRIPTION

The SFH6315T/16T/43T, high speed optocouplers, each consists of a GaAlAs infrared emitting diode, optically coupled with an integrated photodetector and a high speed transistor. The photodetector is junction isolated from the transistor to reduce miller capacitance effects. The open collector output function allows circuit designers to adjust the load conditions when interfacing with different logic systems such as TTL, CMOS, etc.

Because the SFH6343T has a Faraday shield on the detector chip, it can also reject and minimize high input to output common mode transient voltages. There is no base connection, further reducing the potential electrical noise entering the package.

The SFH6315T/16T/43T are packaged in industry standard SOIC-8 packages and are suitable for surface mounting.

Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Emitter (GaAlAs)

Reverse Voltage.....	3.0 V
DC Forward Current.....	25 mA
Surge Forward Current ($t_p \leq 1.0 \mu s$, 300 pulses/s).....	1.0 A
Total Power Dissipation ($T_A \leq 70^\circ C$)	45 mW

Detector (Si Photodiode + Transistor)

Supply Voltage.....	-0.5 to 30 V
Output Voltage.....	-0.5V to 25 V
Output Current.....	8.0 mA
Total Power Dissipation ($T_A \leq 70^\circ C$)	100 mW

Package

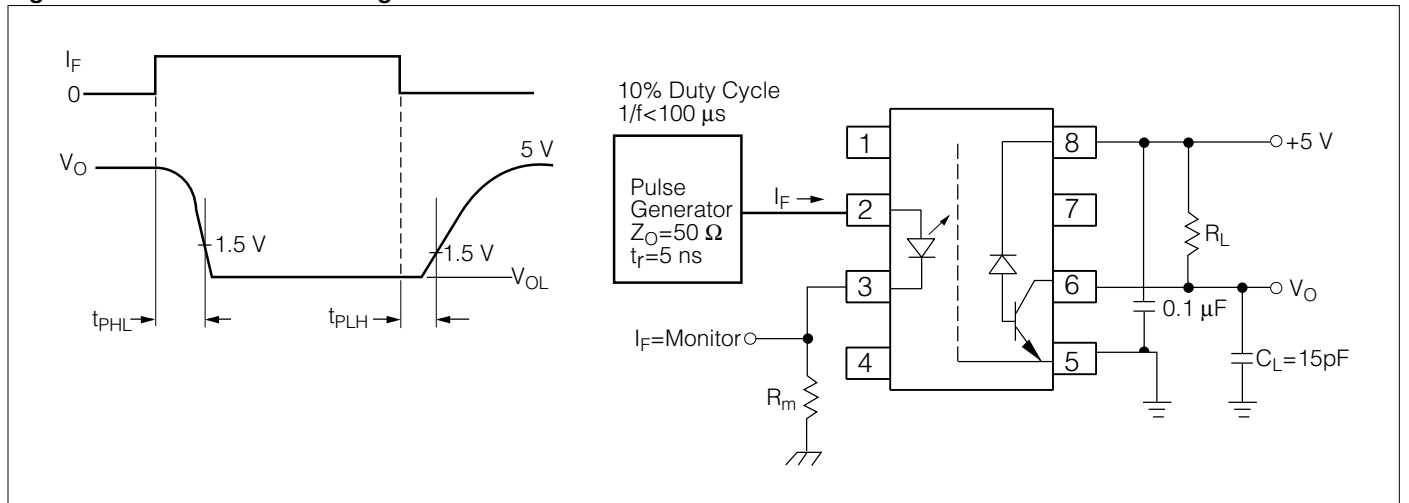
Isolation Test Voltage	
between emitter and detector.....	3000 V _{RMS}
(refer to climate DIN 40046, part 2, Nov. 74)	
Pollution Degree (DIN VDE 0110).....	2
Creepage.....	≥4.0 mm
Clearance.....	≥4.0 mm
Comparative Tracking Index	
per DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303, part 1	175
Isolation Resistance	
V _{IO} =500 V, T _A =25°C, R _{ISOL} (Note 2)	≥10 ¹² Ω
V _{IO} =500 V, T _A =100°C, R _{ISOL} (Note 2)	≥10 ¹¹ Ω
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +150°C
Ambient Temperature Range.....	-55°C to +100°C
Junction Temperature	100°C
Soldering Temperature (t=10 s max.)	
Dip soldering: distance to seating plane ≥1.5 mm	260°C

Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended temperature ($T_A=0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 70°C) unless otherwise specified. See note 6. *All typical values at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Units	Test Conditions			Note
Input Forward Voltage	V_F	—	—	1.6	1.8 1.9	V	$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_F=16\text{ mA}$		—
Input Reverse Current	I_R	—	—	0.5	10	μA	$V_R=3.0\text{ V}$			—
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	—	—	75	—	pF	$f=1.0\text{ MHz}$, $V_F=0\text{ V}$			—
Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage	$\frac{\Delta V_F}{\Delta T_A}$	—	—	-1.7	—	mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_F=16\text{ mA}$			—
Logic Low Supply Current	I_{CCL}	—	—	200	—	μA	$I_F=16\text{ mA}$, $V_O=\text{Open}$, $V_{\text{CC}}=15\text{ V}$			—
Logic High Supply Current	I_{CCH}	—	— —	0.001	1.0 2.0	μA	$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_F=0\text{ mA}$, $V_O=\text{Open}$, $V_{\text{CC}}=15\text{ V}$		—
Logic Low Output Voltage	V_{OL}	SFH6315T	—	0.15	0.4	V	$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_O=1.1\text{ mA}$	$I_F=16\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{CC}}=4.5\text{ V}$	—
			—		0.5			$I_O=0.8\text{ mA}$		—
		SFH6316T SFH6343T	—	0.15	0.4	V	$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_O=3.0\text{ mA}$		
			—		0.5			$I_O=2.4\text{ mA}$		
Logic High Output Current	I_{OH}	—	—	0.003	0.5	μA	$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_O=V_{\text{CC}}=5.5\text{ V}$	$I_F=0\text{ mA}$	—
			—	0.01	1.0		$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_O=V_{\text{CC}}=15\text{ V}$		—
			—	—	50		$T_A=0-70^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_O=V_{\text{CC}}=15\text{ V}$		
Capacitance (Input-Output)	$C_{\text{I-O}}$	—	—	0.4	—	pF	$f=1.0\text{ MHz}$			6
Current Transfer Ratio	CTR	SFH6315T	7.0	16	50	%	$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_O=0.4\text{ V}$	$I_F=16\text{ mA}$, $V_{\text{CC}}=4.5\text{ V}$	1, 6
			5.0	17	—			$V_O=0.5\text{ V}$		
		SFH6316T SFH6343T	19	35	50	%	$T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_O=0.4\text{ V}$		
			15	36	—			$V_O=0.5\text{ V}$		

Figure 1. Test circuit for switching times



Switching Specifications

Over recommended temperature ($T_A=0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 70°C), $V_{CC}=5.0\text{ V}$, $I_F=16\text{ mA}$ unless otherwise specified. *All typical values, $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Units	Test Conditions		Fig.	Note
Propagation Delay Time to Logic Low at Output	t_{PHL}	SFH6315T	—	0.5	1.5	μs	$T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{\text{L}}=4.1\text{ k}\Omega$	1	4, 5
					2.0					
		SFH6316T SFH6343T	—	0.25	0.8		$T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{\text{L}}=1.9\text{ k}\Omega$		
					1.0					
Propagation Delay Time to Logic High at Output	t_{PLH}	SFH6315T	—	0.5	1.5	μs	$T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{\text{L}}=4.1\text{ k}\Omega$	1	4, 5
					2.0					
		SFH6316T SFH6343T	—	0.5	0.8		$T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{\text{L}}=1.9\text{ k}\Omega$		
					1.0					
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High Level Output	ICM_{H}	SFH6315T	—	1.0	—	$\text{kV}/\mu\text{s}$	$R_{\text{L}}=4.1\text{ k}\Omega$	$I_{\text{F}}=0\text{ mA}$ $T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{\text{CM}}=10\text{ V}_{\text{P-P}}$	2	3, 4, 5
		SFH6316T	—	1.0	—		$R_{\text{L}}=1.9\text{ k}\Omega$			
		SFH6343T	15	30	—		$R_{\text{L}}=1.9\text{ k}\Omega$	$I_{\text{F}}=0\text{ mA}$ $T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{\text{CM}}=1500\text{ V}_{\text{P-P}}$		
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low Level Output	ICM_{L}	SFH6315T	—	1.0	—	$\text{kV}/\mu\text{s}$	$R_{\text{L}}=4.1\text{ k}\Omega$	$I_{\text{F}}=16\text{ mA}$ $T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{\text{CM}}=10\text{ V}_{\text{P-P}}$	2	3, 4, 5
		SFH6316T	—	1.0	—		$R_{\text{L}}=1.9\text{ k}\Omega$			
		SFH6343T	15	30	—		$R_{\text{L}}=1.9\text{ k}\Omega$	$I_{\text{F}}=16\text{ mA}$ $T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{\text{CM}}=1500\text{ V}_{\text{P-P}}$		

Notes

- Current transfer ratio in percent equals the ratio of output collector current (I_O) to the forward LED input current (I_F) times 100.
- Device considered a two-terminal device: pins 1, 2, 3, and 4 shorted together and pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 shorted together.
- Common mode transient immunity in a Logic High level is the maximum tolerable (positive) dV_{CM}/dt on the leading edge of the common mode pulse (V_{CM}) to assure that the output will remain in a Logic High state (i.e., $V_O > 2.0\text{ V}$). Common mode transient immunity in a Logic Low level is the maximum tolerable (negative) dV_{CM}/dt on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse signal (V_{CM}) to assure that the output will remain in a Logic Low state, i.e., $V_O < 0.8\text{ V}$.
- The $1.9\text{ k}\Omega$ load represents 1 TTL unit load of 1.6 mA and the $5.6\text{ k}\Omega$ pull-up resistor.
- The $4.1\text{ k}\Omega$ load represents 1 LSTTL unit load of 0.36 mA and the $6.1\text{ k}\Omega$ pull-up resistor.
- A $0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ bypass capacitor connected between pins 5 and 8 is recommended.

Figure 2. Test circuit for transient immunity and typical waveforms

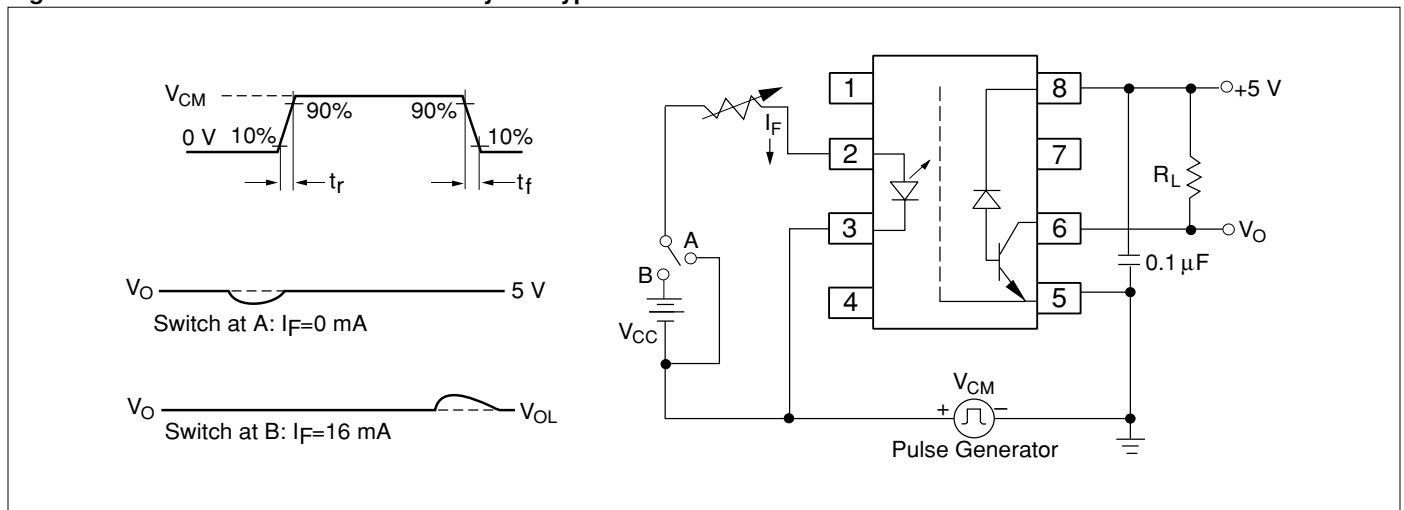


Figure 3. LED forward current vs. forward voltage

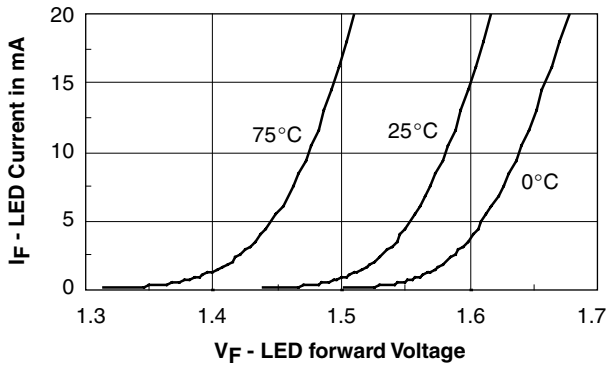


Figure 4. Permissible forward LED current vs. temperature

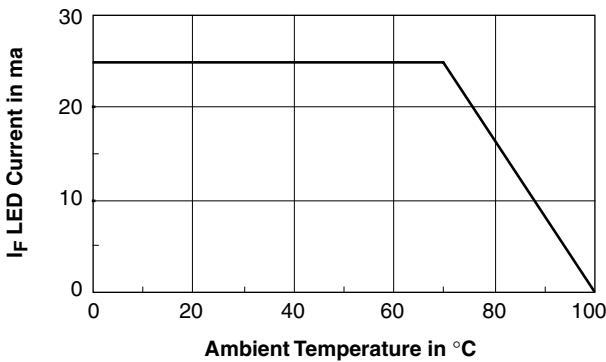


Figure 5. Permissible power dissipation vs. temperature

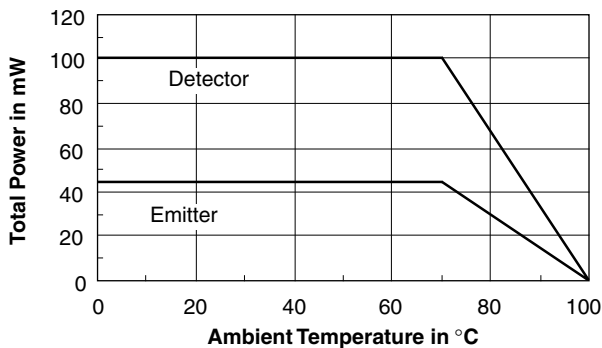


Figure 6. Output Current vs. Output Voltage

($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=5.0\text{ V}$)

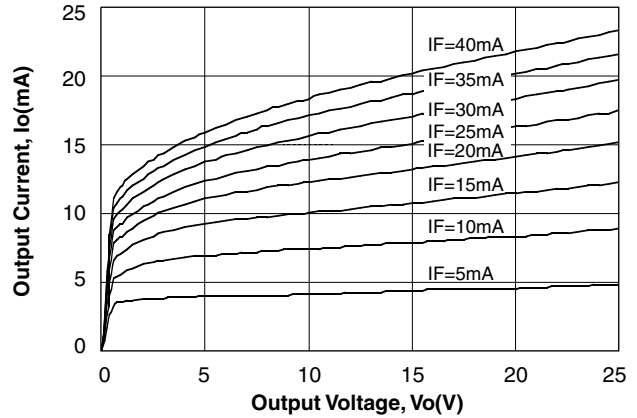


Figure 7. Output Current vs. Temperature

@ $V_O=0.4\text{ V}$, $V_{CC}=5.0$

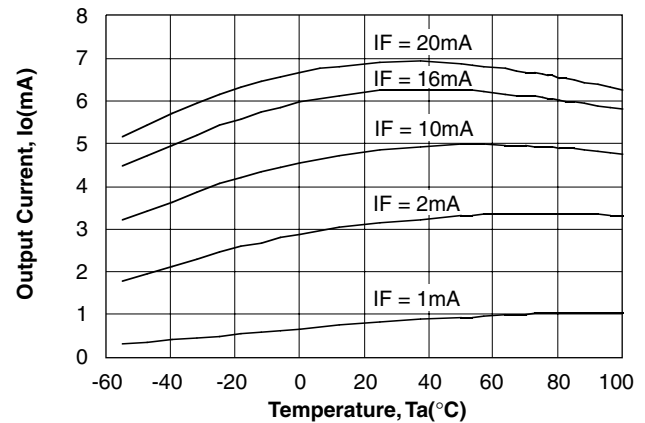


Figure 8. Propagation Delay vs. Temperature-SFH6316T and SFH6343T @ $V_{CC}=5.0\text{ V}$, $I_F=16\text{ mA}$, $R_L=1.9\text{ k}\Omega$

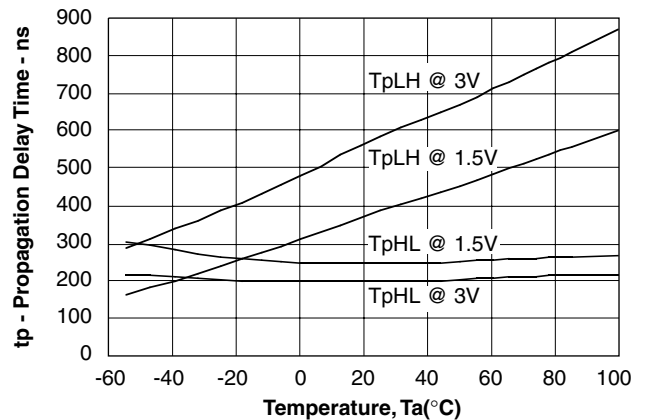


Figure 9. Propagation Delay vs. Temperature-SFH6315T
 @ $V_{CC}=5.0\text{ V}$, $I_F=16\text{ mA}$, $R_L=4.1\text{ k}\Omega$

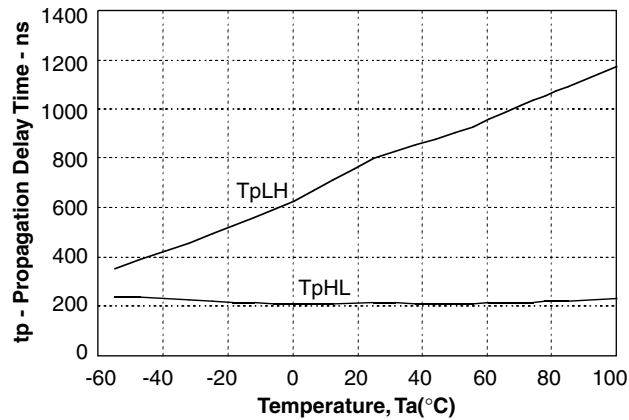


Figure 10. Logic High Output Current vs. Temperature

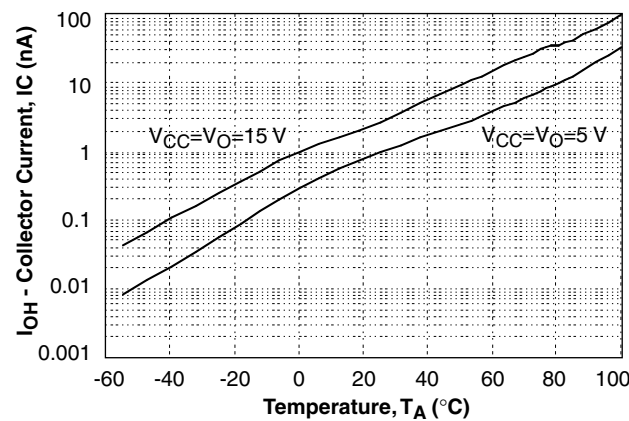


Figure 11. Small Signal Current Transfer Ratio vs. Quiescent Input Current
 ($V_{CC}=5.0\text{ V}$, $R_L=100\text{ }\Omega$)

