

# AlGaAs laser diodes

## RLD-78PP-B / RLD-78NP-D



The RLD-78PP-B and RLD-78NP-D are the world's first mass-produced laser diodes those are manufactured by molecular beam epitaxy. The characteristics of these laser diodes are suitable for laser beam printers.

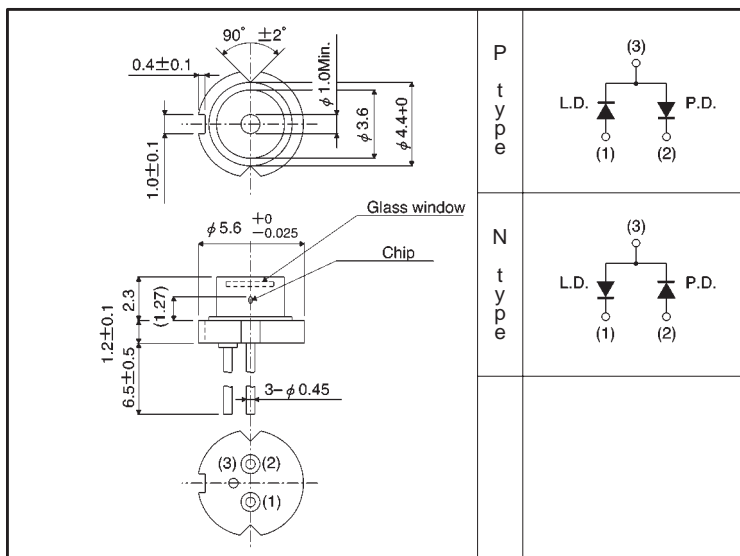
### ●Applications

Laser beam printers

### ●Features

- 1) One-third dispersion compared with conventional laser diodes.
- 2) High-precision, compact package.
- 3) Low droop.
- 4) Can be driven by single power supply.

### ●External dimensions (Units: mm)



### ●Absolute maximum ratings (Tc = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Limits	Unit
Output		Po	5	mW
Reverse voltage	Laser	V <sub>R</sub>	2	V
	PIN photodiode	V <sub>R</sub> (PIN)	30	V
Operating temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	-10 ~ +60	°C
Storage temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C

●Electrical and optical characteristics (Tc = 25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Threshold current	I <sub>th</sub>	15	25	45	mA	—
Operating current	I <sub>op</sub>	25	45	65	mA	P <sub>o</sub> =3mW
Operating voltage	V <sub>op</sub>	—	1.9	2.3	V	P <sub>o</sub> =3mW
Differential efficiency	η	0.1	0.2	0.3	mW/mA	$\frac{2\text{mW}}{I(3\text{mW})-I(1\text{mW})}$
Monitor current	I <sub>m</sub>	0.3	0.55	0.9	mA	P <sub>o</sub> =3mW
Parallel divergence angle	θ <sub>∥</sub> *	8	11	15	deg	P <sub>o</sub> =3mW
Perpendicular divergence angle	θ <sub>⊥</sub> *	25	30	38	deg	
Parallel deviation angle	Δφ <sub>∥</sub>	—	—	±2	deg	
Perpendicular deviation angle	Δφ <sub>⊥</sub>	—	—	±3	deg	
Emission point accuracy	$\begin{matrix} \Delta X \\ \Delta Y \\ \Delta Z \end{matrix}$	—	—	±80	μm	—
Peak emission wavelength	λ	770	785	795	nm	P <sub>o</sub> =3mW
Droop	ΔP	—	5	10	%	P <sub>o</sub> =3mW

\* θ<sub>∥</sub> and θ<sub>⊥</sub> are defined as the angle within which the intensity is 50% of the peak value.

●Electrical and optical characteristic curves

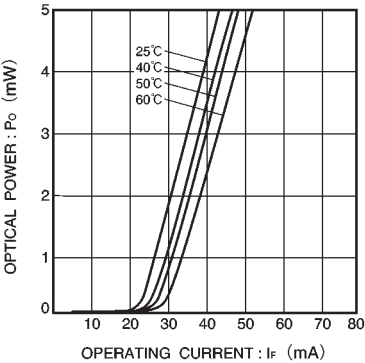


Fig. 1 Optical output vs. operating current

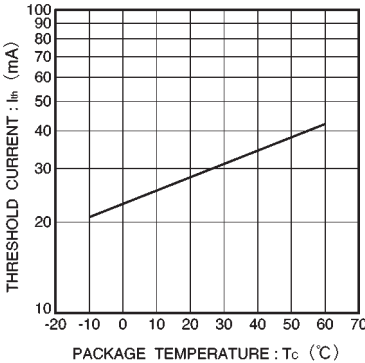


Fig. 2 Dependence of threshold current on temperature

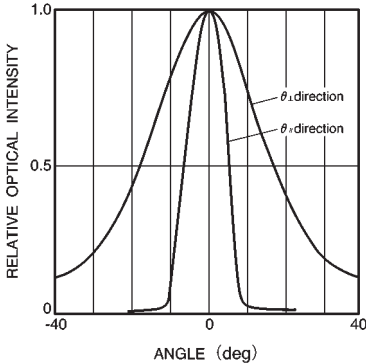


Fig. 3 Far field pattern

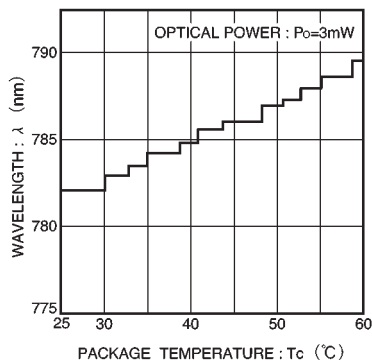


Fig. 4 Dependence of wavelength on temperature

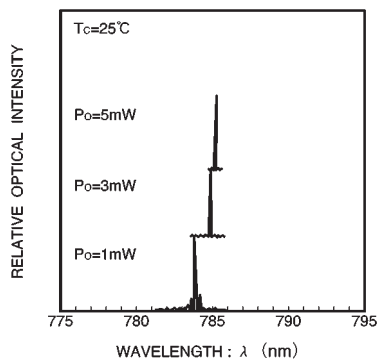


Fig. 5 Dependence of emission spectrum on optical output

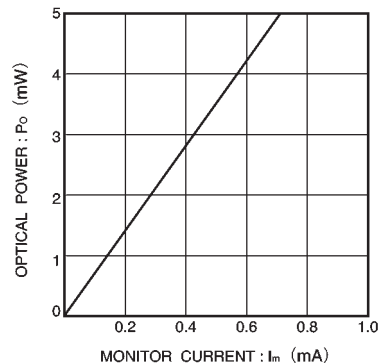


Fig. 6 Monitor current vs. optical output

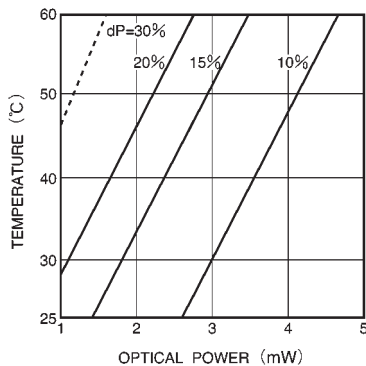


Fig. 7 Temperature vs. output guidelines for various droop percentages

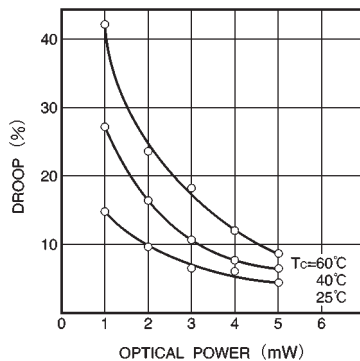


Fig. 8 Dependence of droop on output and temperature



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