

■ OUTLINE

The R1141Q Series are voltage regulator ICs with high output voltage accuracy, low supply current, low ON-resistance, and high ripple rejection by CMOS process. Each of these voltage regulator ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, resistors for setting Output Voltage, a current limit circuit, and a chip enable circuit.

Output Current Limit circuit is embedded in the R1141Q Series to prevent the break down of the IC caused by excess current. Chip enable circuit realizes standby mode and makes consumption current extremely small.

These ICs perform with low dropout voltage and a chip enable function. The line transient response and load transient response of the R1141Q Series are excellent, thus these ICs are very suitable for the power supply for hand-held communication equipment.

The output voltage of these ICs is internally fixed with high accuracy. Since the package for these ICs is SC-82AB (Super Mini-mold) package, high density mounting of the ICs on boards is possible.

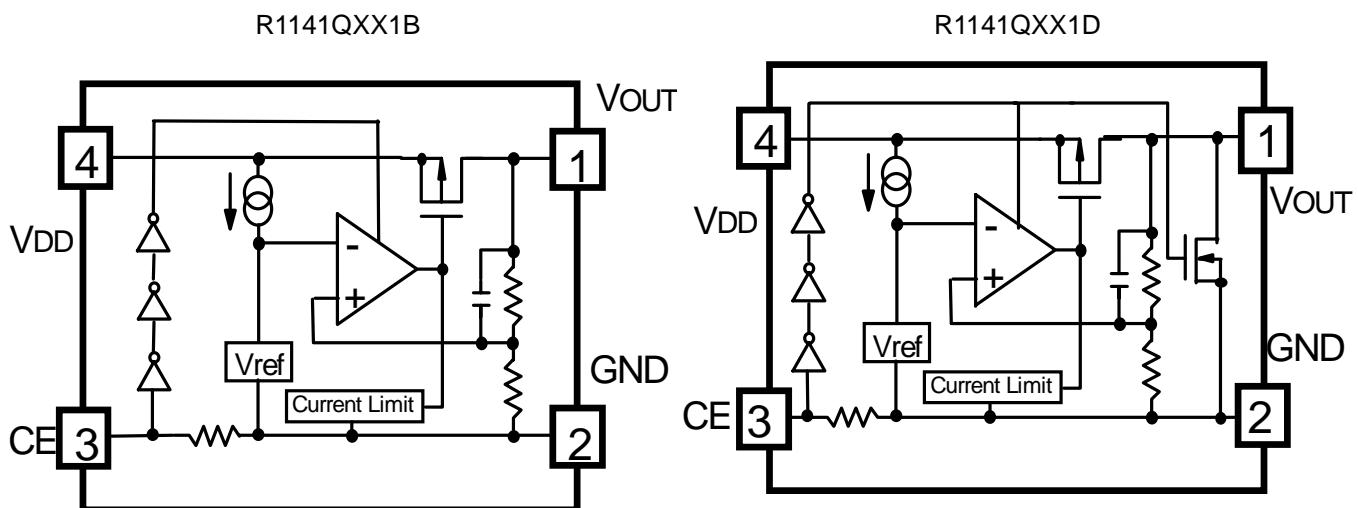
■ FEATURES

- Ultra-Low Supply Current..... TYP. 90 μ A
- Standby Mode TYP. 0.1 μ A
- Low Dropout Voltage TYP. 0.15V($I_{OUT}=100mA$ Output Voltage=3.0V Type)
- High Ripple Rejection TYP. 75dB($V_{OUT}\leq 2.4V$), 70dB($V_{OUT}\geq 2.5V$) ($f=1kHz$)
- Low Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Output Voltage TYP. $\pm 100ppm/^{\circ}C$
- Excellent Line Regulation TYP. 0.05%/V
- High Output Voltage Accuracy..... $\pm 1.5\%$ or $\pm 30mV$ ($V_{OUT}\leq 2.0V$)
- Excellent Dynamic Response
- Small Package SC-82AB(Super Mini-mold)
- Output Voltage..... Stepwise setting with a step of 0.1V in the range of 1.5V to 4.0V is possible
- Built-in chip enable circuit (B/D: active high)
- Built-in fold-back protection circuit TYP. 40mA (Current at short mode)
- Ceramic capacitor can be used for Output pin..... Recommended value is 2.2 μ F or more.

■ APPLICATIONS

- Power source for cellular phones such as GSM, CDMA and various kinds of PCS.
- Power source for electrical appliances such as cameras, VCRs, camcorders, and hand-held communication equipment.
- Power source for battery-powered equipment.
- Very stable Voltage Reference

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ SELECTION GUIDE

The output voltage, mask option, and the taping type for the ICs can be selected at the user's request. The selection can be made with designating the part number as shown below;

R1141QXX1X-XX ←Part Number

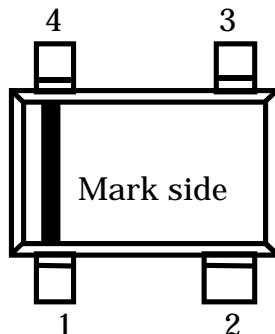
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a b c d

Code	Contents
a	Designation of Package Type : Q:SC82-AB (Super Mini-mold)
b	Setting Output Voltage (V _{out}) : Stepwise setting with a step of 0.1V in the range of 1.5V to 4.0V is possible.
c	Designation of Mask Option : B: Without auto discharge function at OFF state. D: With auto discharge function at OFF state.
d	Designation of Taping Type : Ex. TR, TL (refer to Taping Specifications; TR type is the standard direction.)

■ PIN CONFIGURATION

SC-82AB



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V _{OUT}	Output pin
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin
4	V _{DD}	Input Pin

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	6.5	V
Input Voltage(CE Pin)	V _{CE}	-0.3 ~ V _{IN} +0.3	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3 ~ V _{IN} +0.3	V
Output Current	I _{OUT}	140	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	150	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opt}	-40 ~ 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-55 ~ 125	°C

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

● R1141QXX1B/R1141QXX1D

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V 1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 30mA (Note 1)	V _{OUT} ×0.985 (-30mV)		V _{OUT} ×1.015 (+30mV)	V
I _{OUT}	Output Current	V _{IN} - V _{OUT} = 1.0V	120			mA
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT}	Load Regulation	V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V 1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 120mA		12	40	mV
V _{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	Refer to the ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE				
I _{SS}	Supply Current	V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V		90	160	μA
I _{standby}	Supply Current (Standby)	V _{IN} = V _{CE} = Set V _{OUT} +1V		0.1	1.0	μA
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN}	Line Regulation	Set V _{OUT} +0.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6V I _{OUT} = 30mA (In case that V _{OUT} ≤1.6V, 2.2V≤V _{IN} ≤6V)		0.05	0.10	%/V
R _R	Ripple Rejection	f = 1kHz, Ripple 0.5Vp-p V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, I _{OUT} = 30mA (In case that V _{OUT} ≤1.7V, V _{IN} - V _{OUT} = 1.2V)		75 (70) (Note 2)		dB
V _{IN}	Input Voltage		2.2		6.0	V
ΔV _{OUT} /ΔT	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I _{OUT} = 30mA -40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm /°C
I _{lim}	Short Current Limit	V _{OUT} = 0V		40		mA
R _{PU}	CE Pull-up Resistance		0.7	2.0	8.0	MΩ
V _{CEH}	CE Input Voltage "H"		1.5		V _{IN}	V
V _{CEL}	CE Input Voltage "L"		0.0		0.3	V
e _n	Output Noise	BW=10Hz to 100kHz		30		μVrms
R _{LOW}	Low Output Nch Tr. ON Resistance (of D version)	V _{CCE} =0V		60		Ω

Note 1: ±30mV Tolerance at V_{OUT}≤2.0V

Note 2: 70dB at V_{OUT}≥2.5V

● ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Topt = 25°C

Output Voltage V _{OUT} (V)	Dropout Voltage		
	V _{DIF} (V)		
	Condition	TYP.	MAX.
V _{OUT} = 1.5	I _{OUT} = 120mA	0.36	0.70
V _{OUT} = 1.6		0.32	0.60
V _{OUT} = 1.7		0.30	0.50
1.8 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 2.0		0.28	0.40
2.1 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 2.7		0.24	0.35
2.8 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 4.0		0.18	0.28

■ TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

Phase Compensation

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, be sure to use a $2.2\mu\text{F}$ or more capacitor C_{OUT} with good frequency characteristics and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance). (Note: When the additional ceramic capacitors are connected to the Output Pin with Output capacitor for phase compensation, the operation might be unstable. Because of this, test these ICs with as same external components as ones to be used on the PCB.)

PCB Layout

Make VDD and GND line sufficient. When the impedance of these is high, it would be a cause of picking up the noise or unstable operation. Connect a capacitor with as much as $1.0\mu\text{F}$ capacitor between VDD and GND pin as close as possible. Set external components, especially output capacitor as close as possible to the ICs and make wiring shortest.

■ TEST CIRCUITS

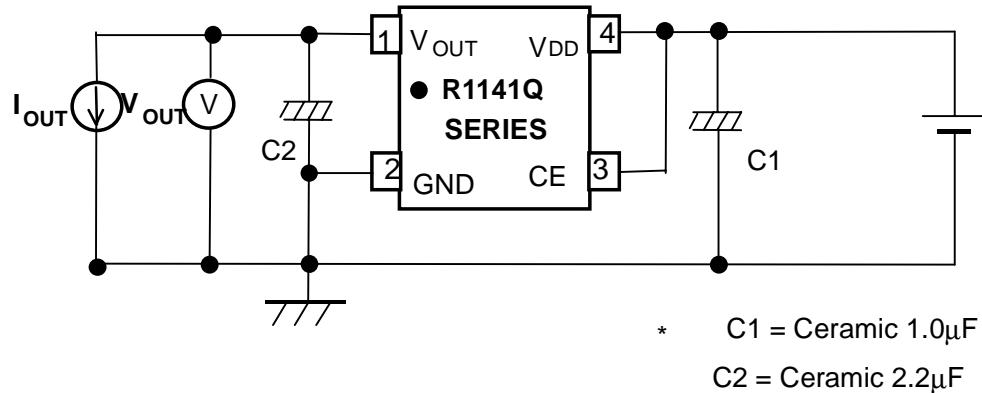


Fig.1 Standard test Circuit

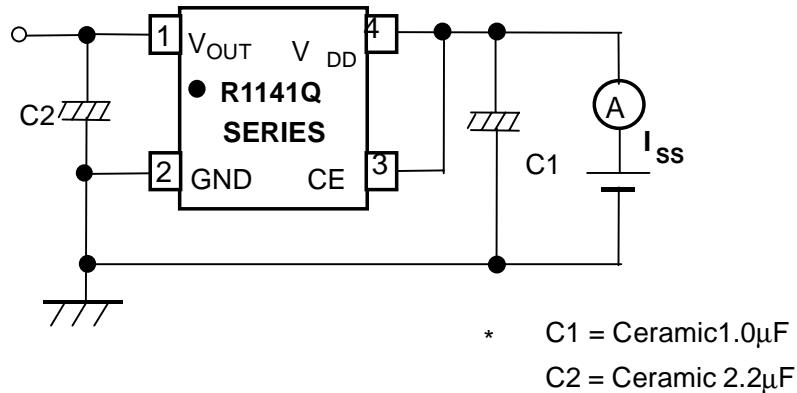


Fig.2 Supply Current Test Circuit

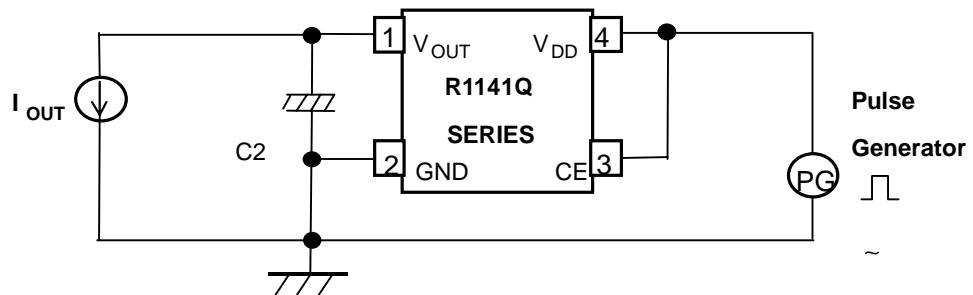


Fig.3 Ripple Rejection, Line Transient Response Test Circuit

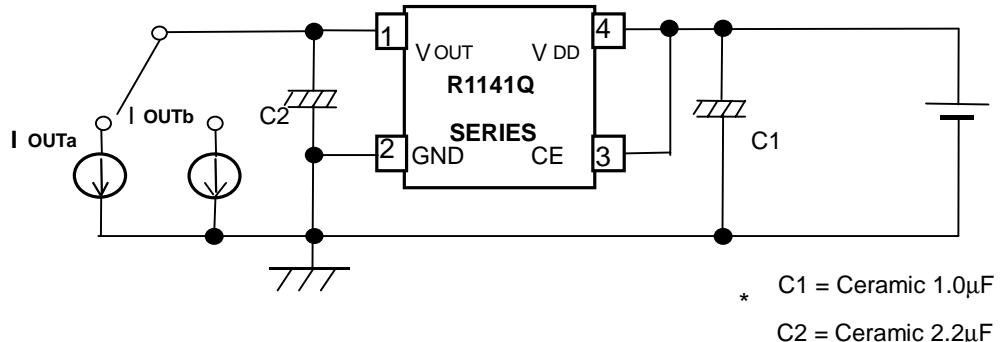
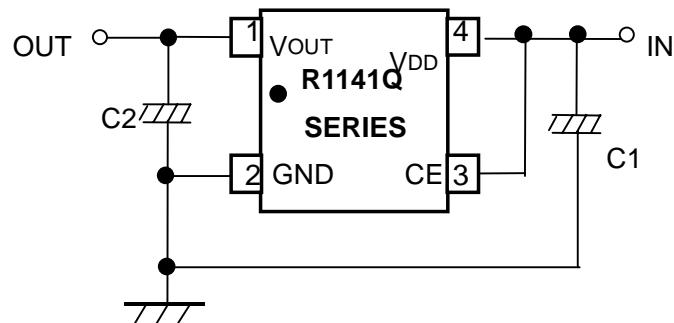


Fig.4 Load Transient Response Test Circuit

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION



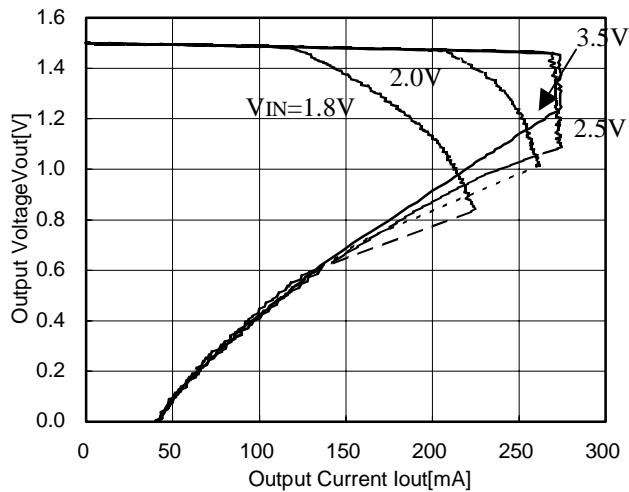
(External Components)

Output Capacitor; Ceramic Type C1=1μF C2=2.2μF

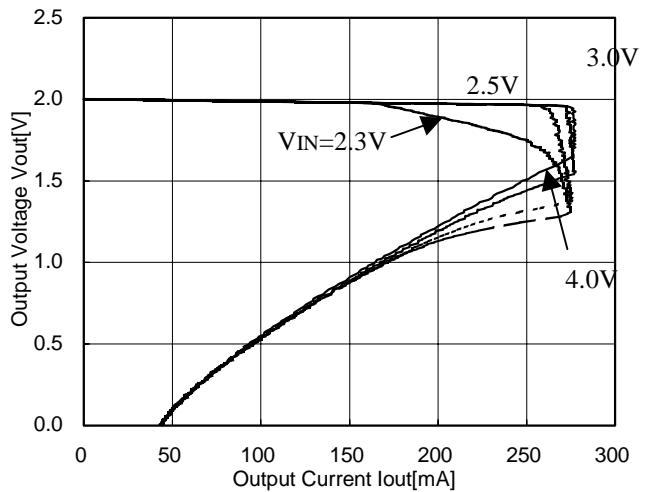
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- 1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

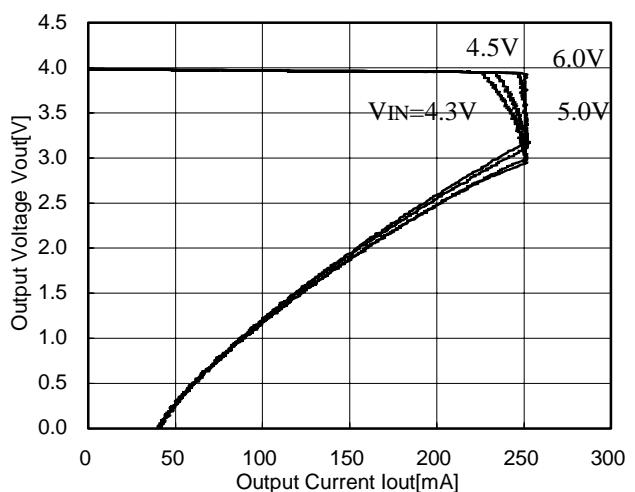
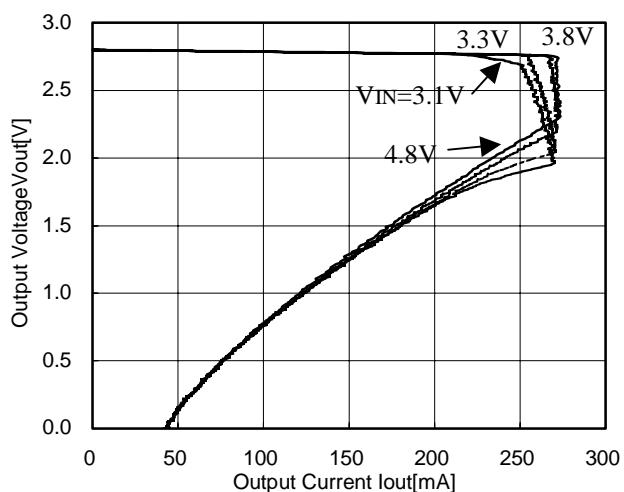
R1141Q151X



R1141Q201X

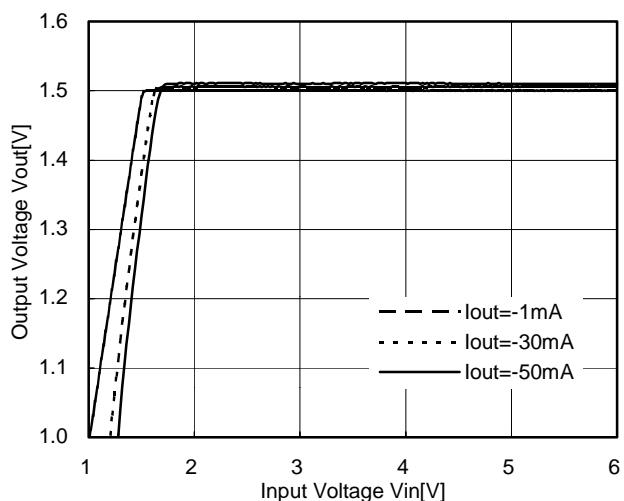


R1141Q281X

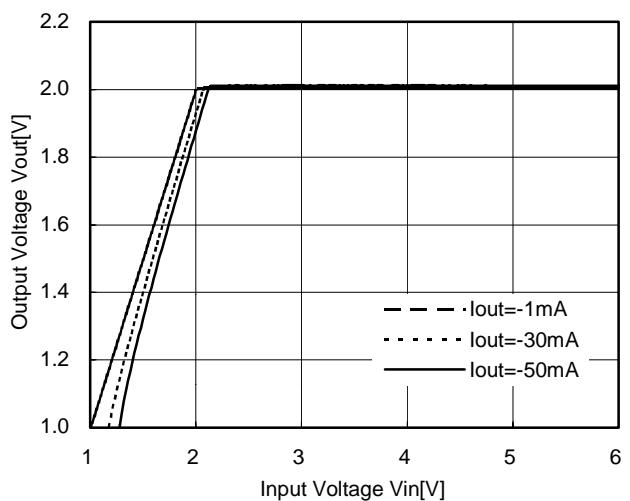


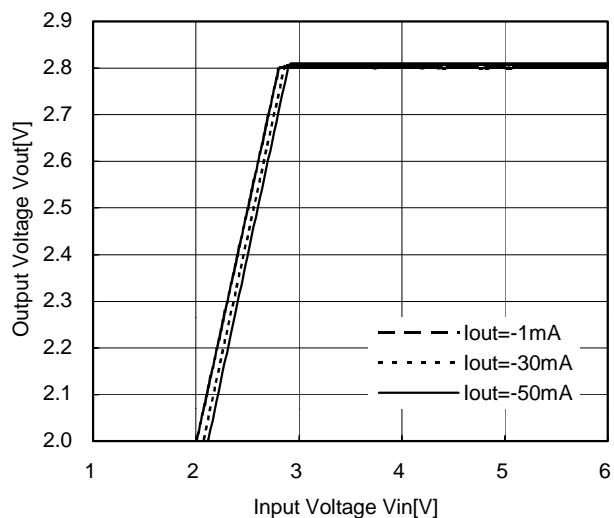
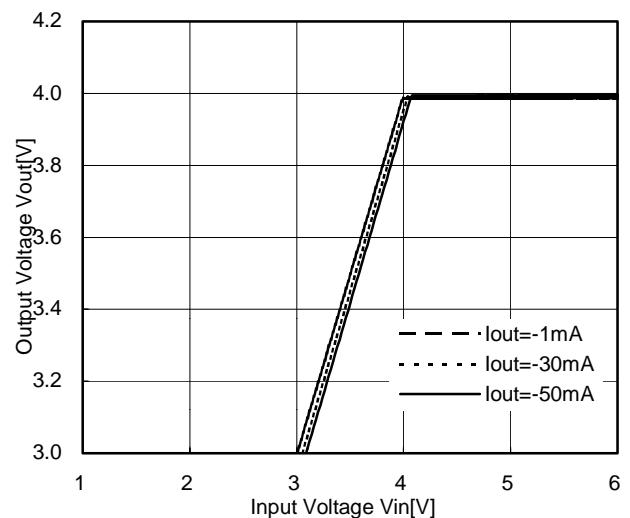
- 2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

R1141Q151X

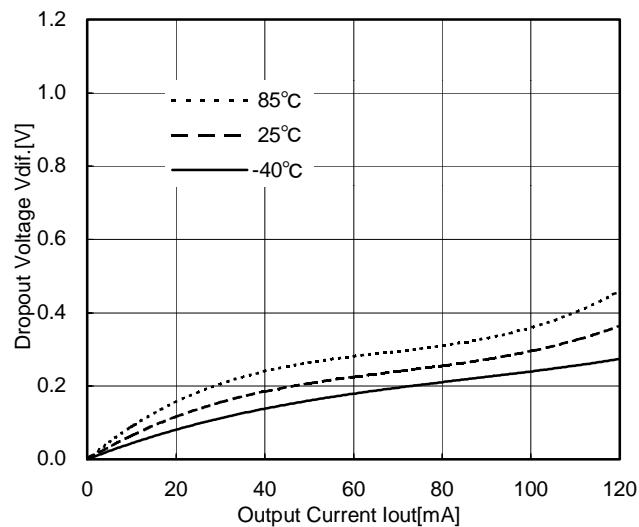
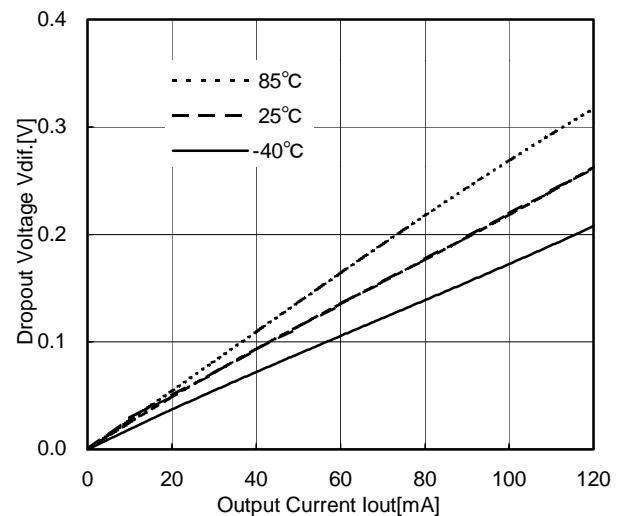
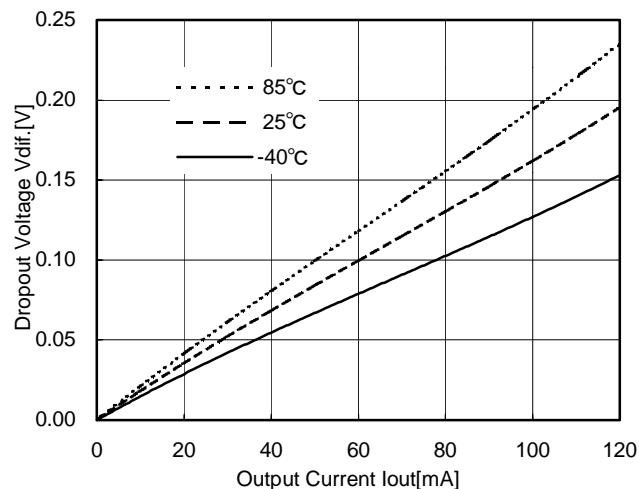
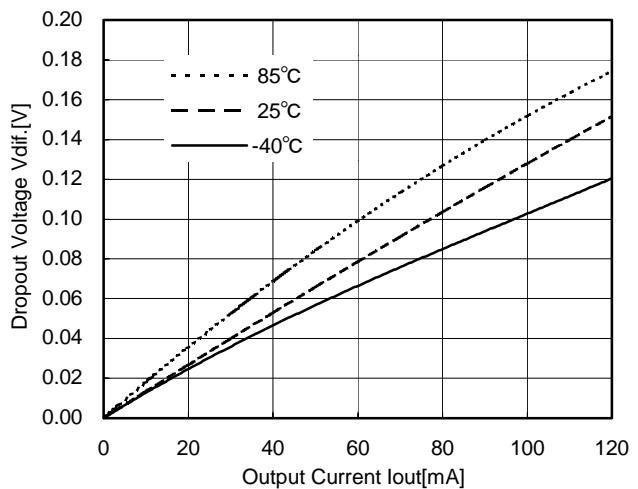


R1141Q201X



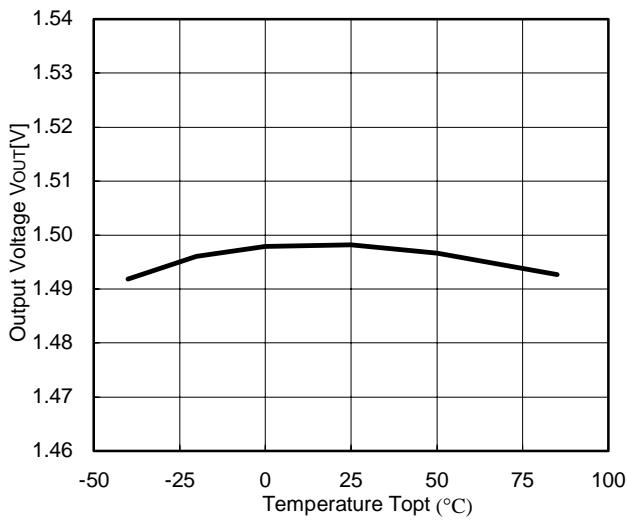
R1141Q281X**R1141Q401X**

3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

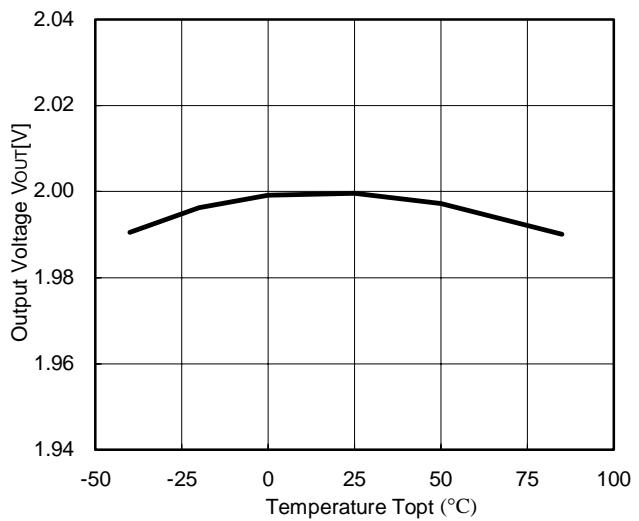
R1141Q151X**R1141Q201X****R1141Q281X****R1141Q401X**

4) Output Voltage vs. Temperature

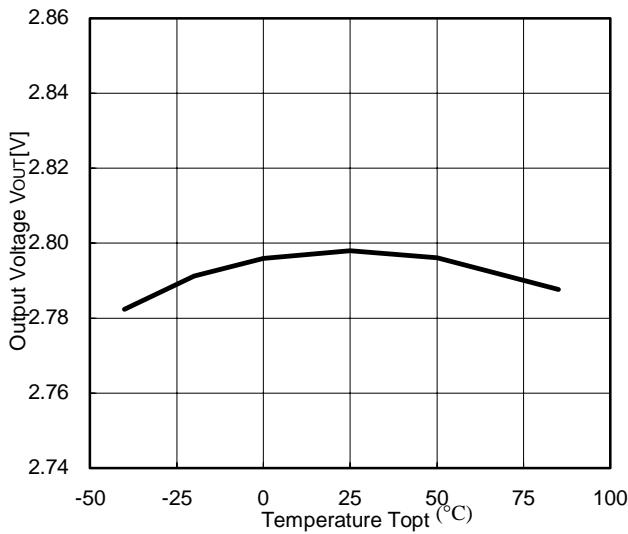
R1141Q151X
V_{IN}=2.5V, I_{OUT}=30mA



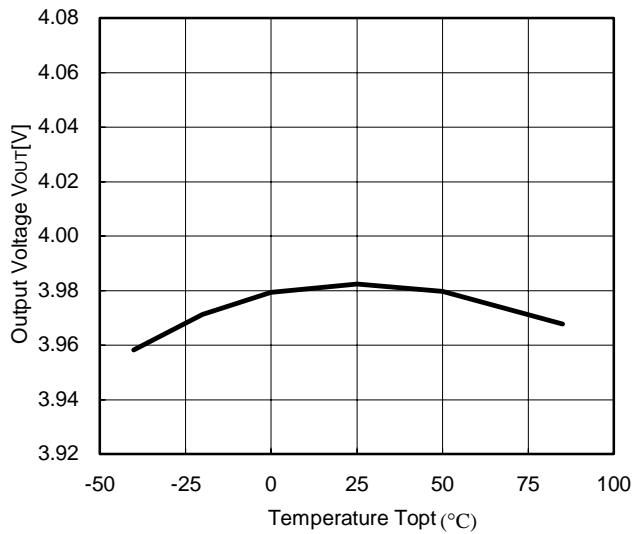
R1141Q201X
V_{IN}=3.0V, I_{OUT}=30mA



R1141Q281X
V_{IN}=3.8V, I_{OUT}=30mA

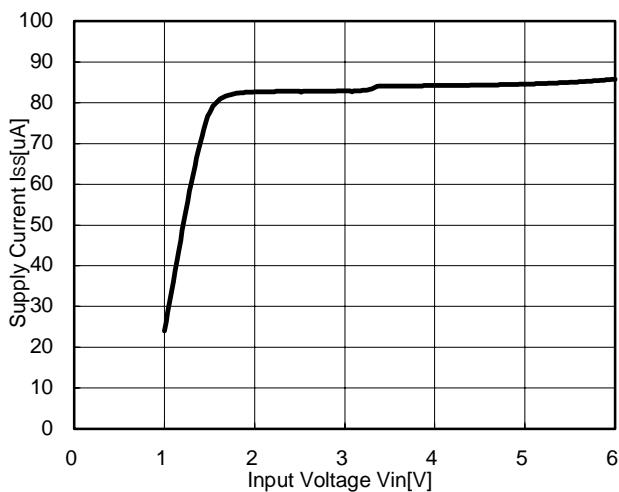


R1141Q401X
V_{IN}=5.0V, I_{OUT}=30mA

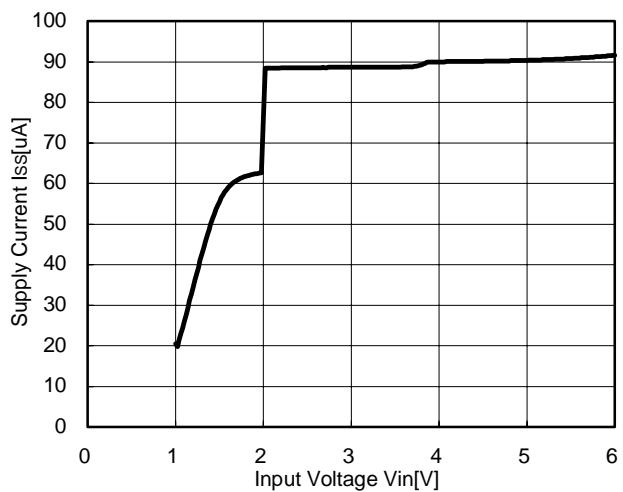


5) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage (Topt=25°C)

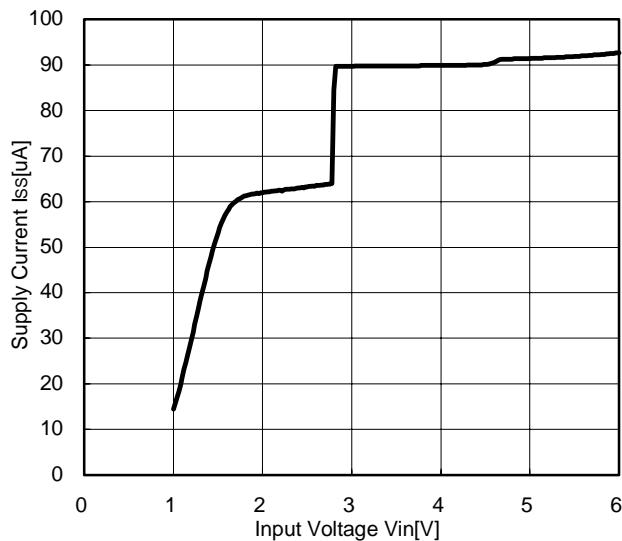
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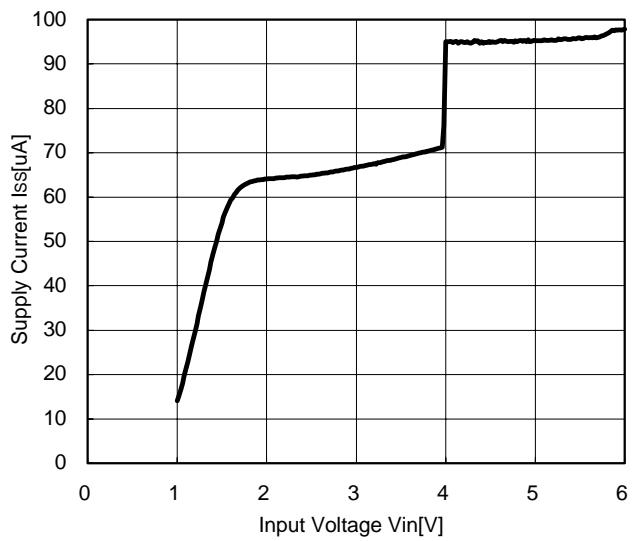
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R1141Q281X

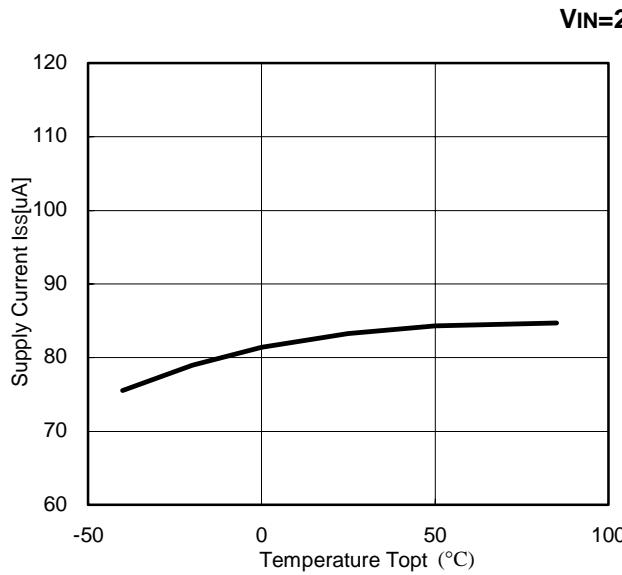


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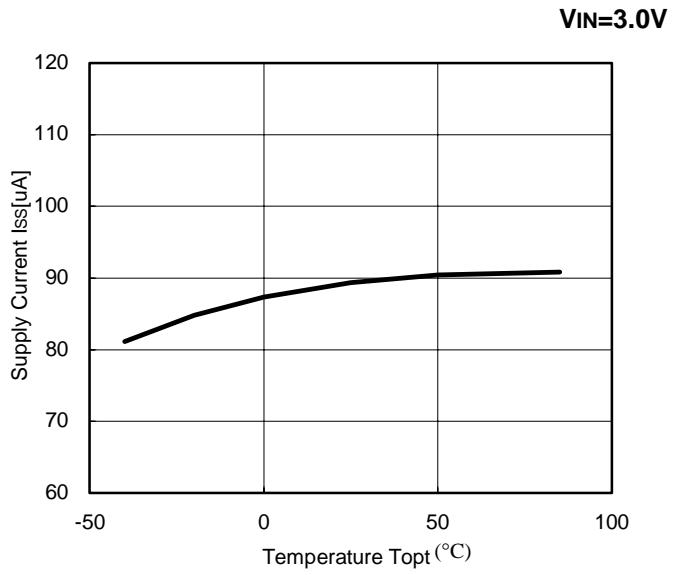


6) Supply Current vs. Temperature

R1141Q151X

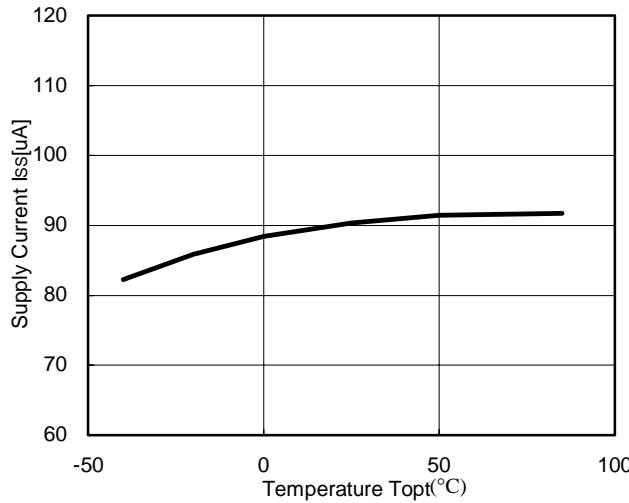


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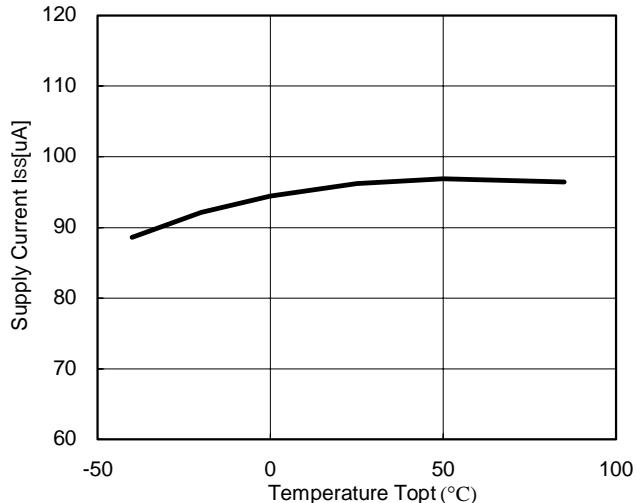
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$V_{IN}=3.8V$

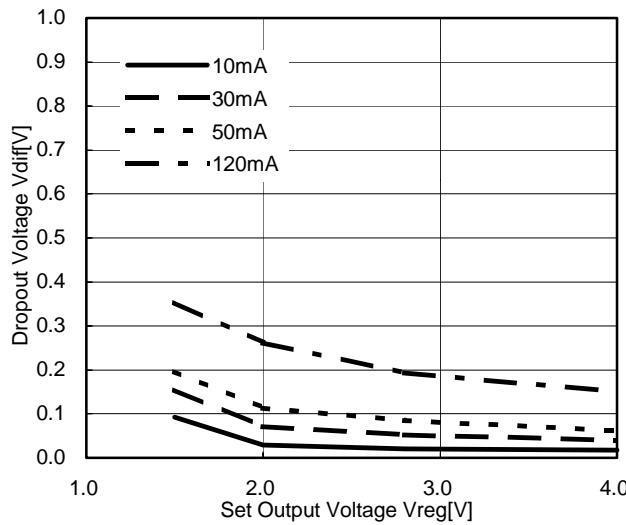


R1141Q401X

$V_{IN}=5.0V$

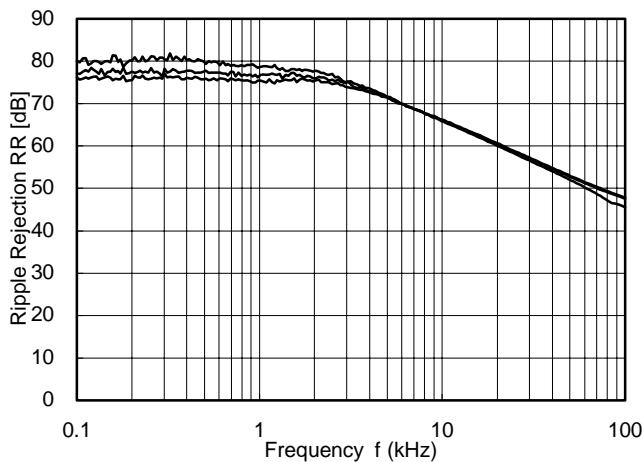


7) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage

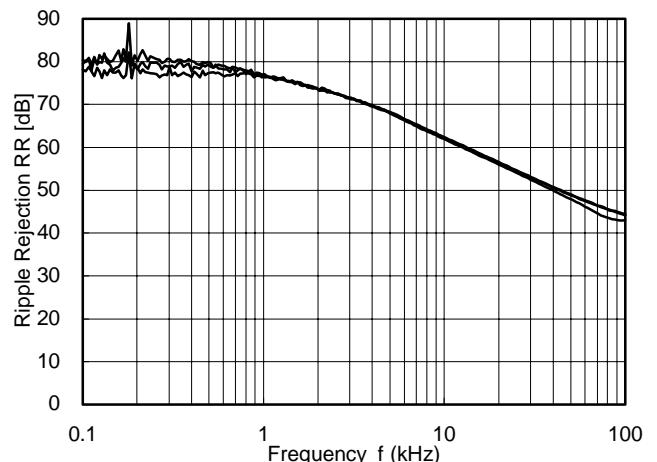


8) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

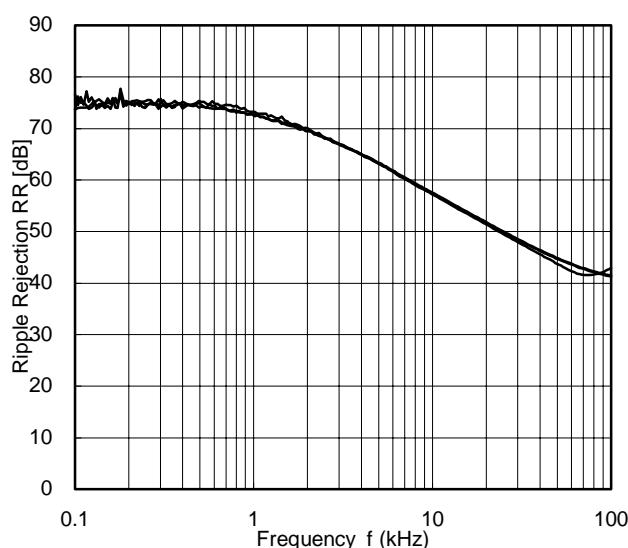
R1141Q151X
 $V_{IN}=2.5V+0.5Vp-p$, $C_{IN} = \text{none}$, $C_{OUT} = \text{Ceramic } 2.2\mu F$



R1141Q281X
 $V_{IN}=3.8V+0.5Vp-p$, $C_{IN} = \text{none}$, $C_{OUT} = \text{Ceramic } 2.2\mu F$



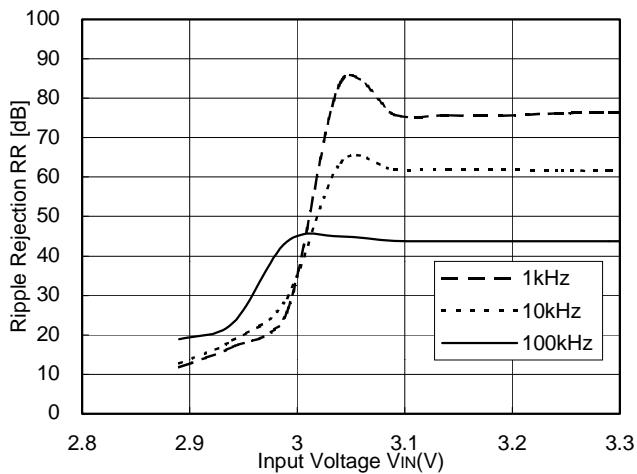
R1141Q401X
 $V_{IN}=5.0V+0.5Vp-p$, $C_{IN} = \text{none}$, $C_{OUT} = \text{Ceramic } 2.2\mu F$



9) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Bias

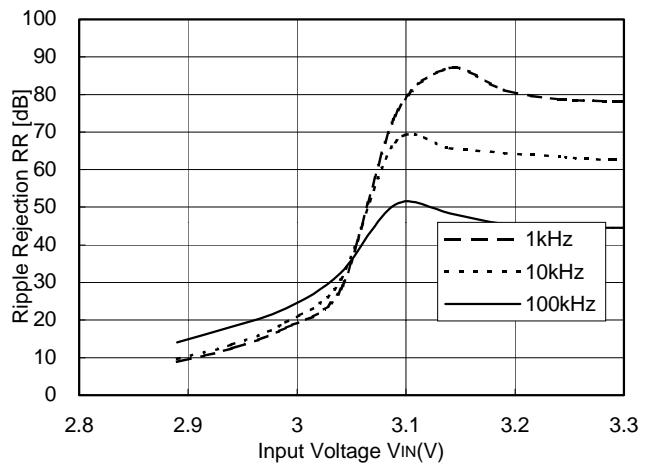
R1141Q281X

I_{OUT}=1mA, C_{IN} = none, C_{OUT} = Ceramic 2.2μF



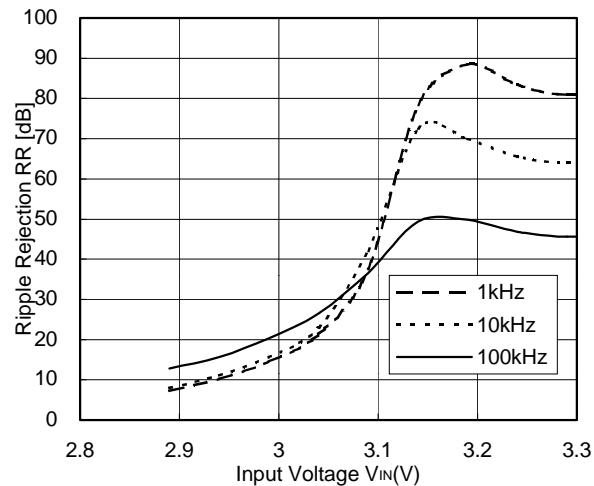
R1141Q281X

I_{OUT}=30mA, C_{IN} = none, C_{OUT} = Ceramic 2.2μF



R1141Q281X

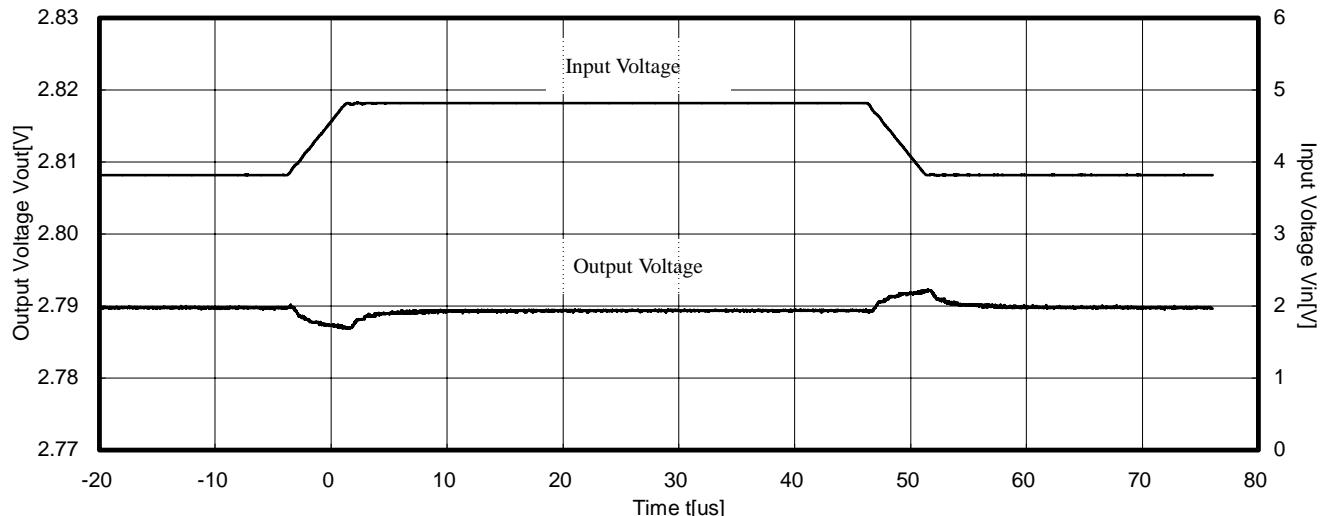
I_{OUT}=50mA, C_{IN} = none, C_{OUT} = Ceramic 2.2μF



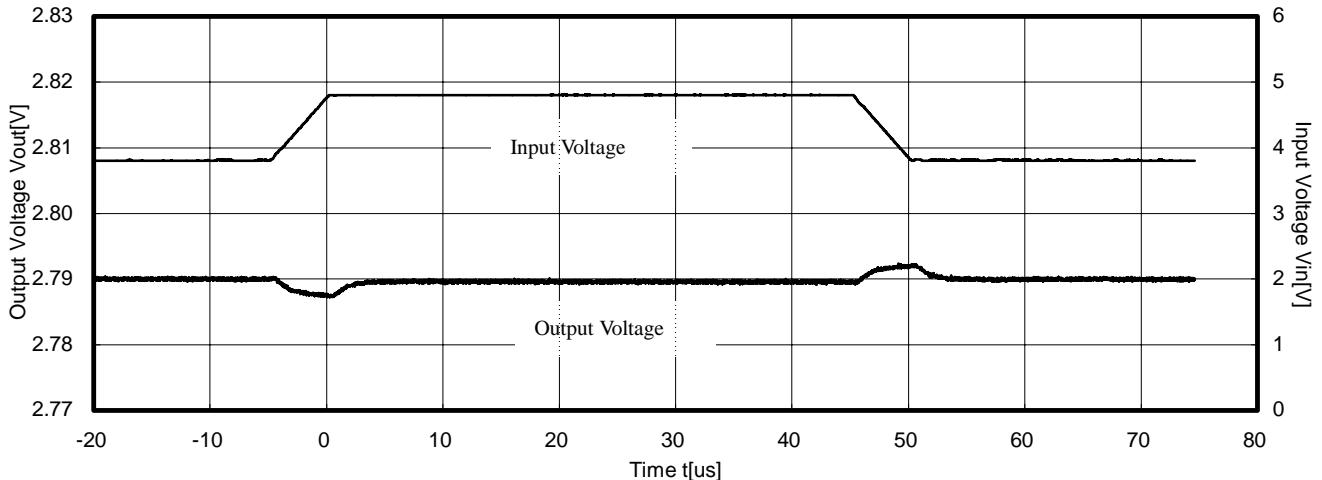
10) Input Transient Response

R1141Q281X

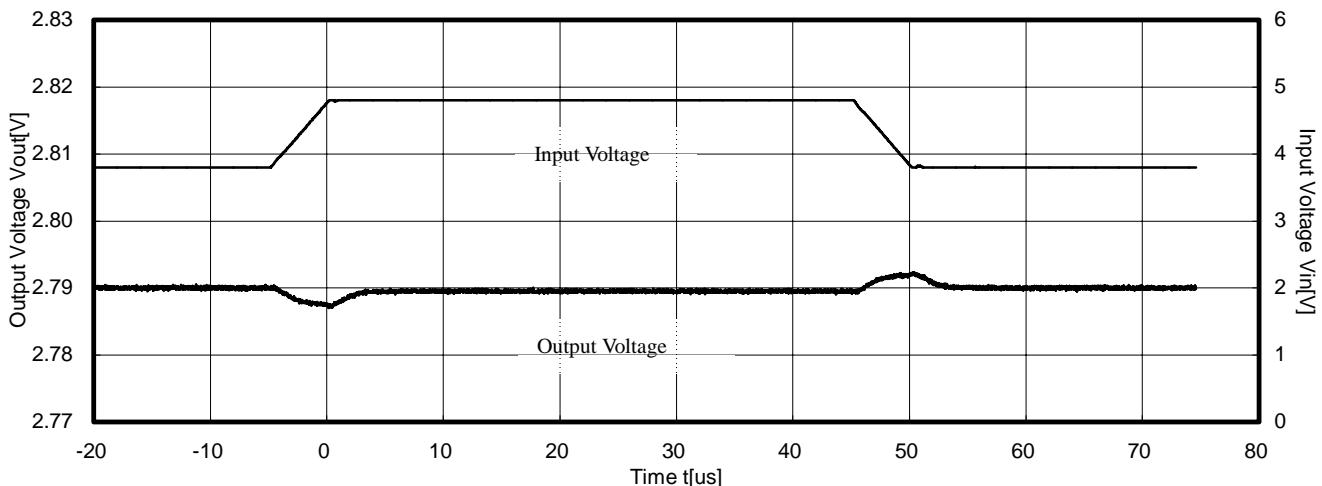
V_{IN}=3.8V to 4.8V, I_{OUT}=30mA, C_{OUT} = Ceramic 1.0μF, Tr=Tf=5.0μs



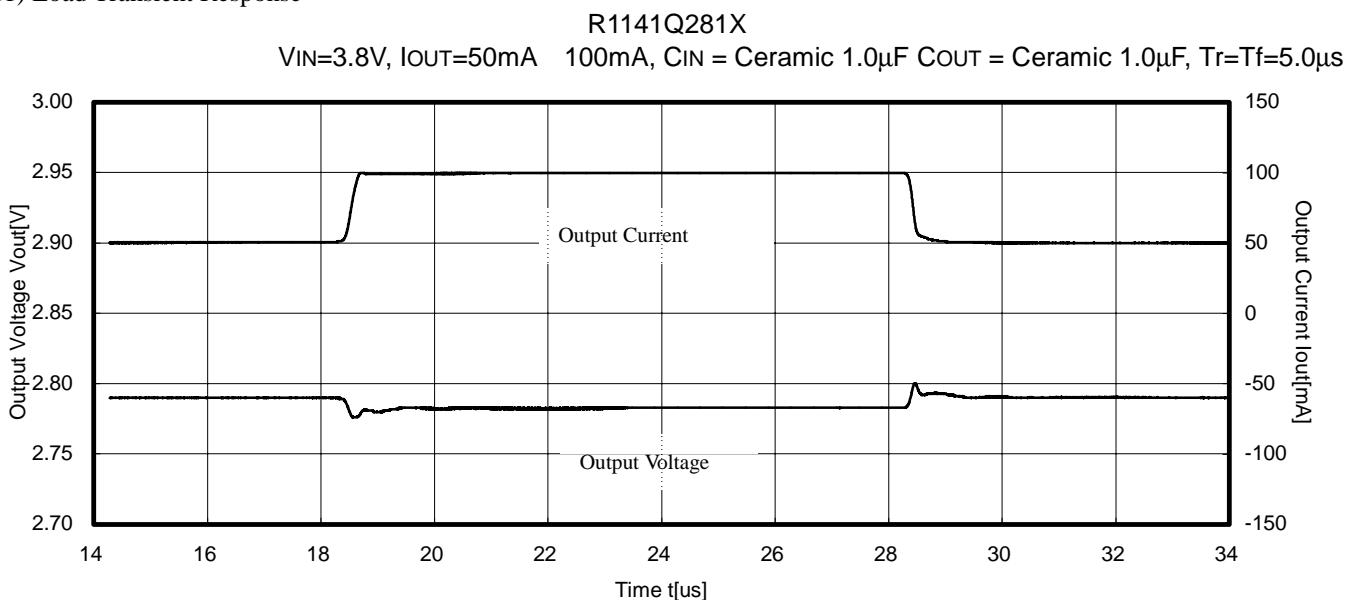
R1141Q281X
 $V_{IN}=3.8V$ to $4.8V$, $I_{OUT}=30mA$, C_{OUT} = Ceramic $2.2\mu F$, $T_r=T_f=5.0\mu s$



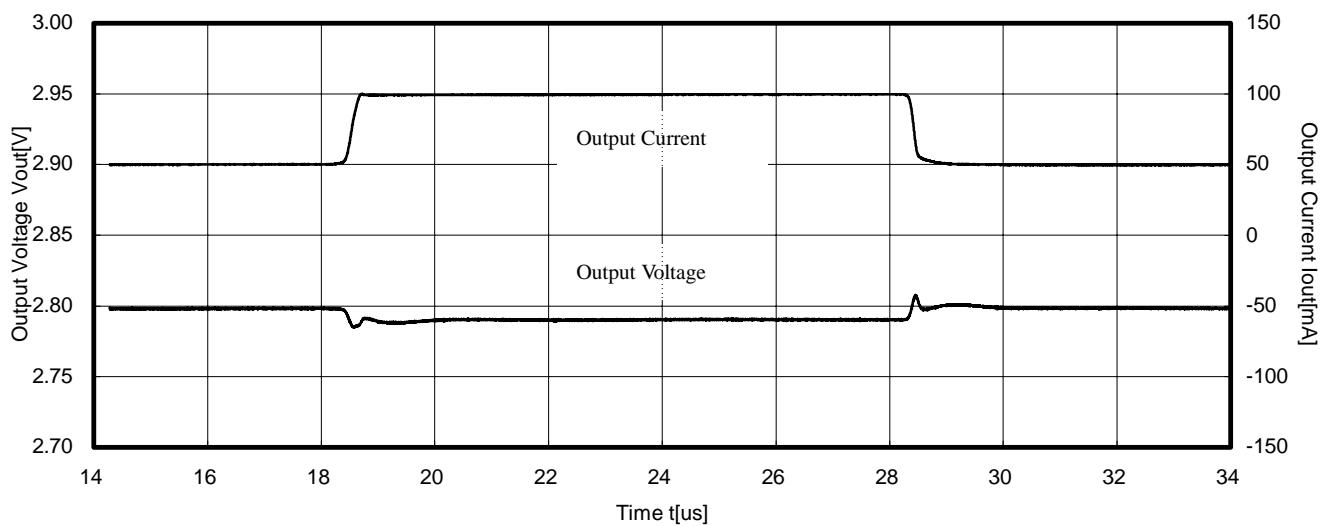
R1141Q281X
 $V_{IN}=3.8V$ to $4.8V$, $I_{OUT}=30mA$, C_{OUT} = Ceramic $4.7\mu F$, $T_r=T_f=5.0\mu s$



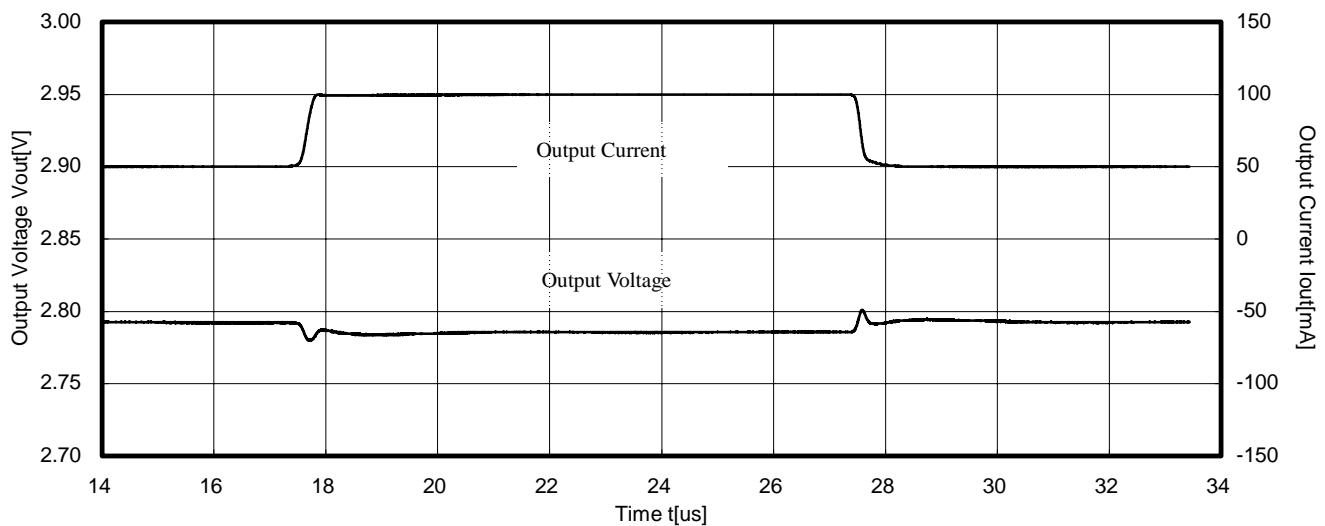
11) Load Transient Response



R1141Q281X
VIN=3.8V, I_{OUT}=50mA→100mA, C_{IN} = Ceramic 1.0μF C_{OUT} = Ceramic 2.2μF, Tr=Tf=5.0μs



R1141Q281X
VIN=3.8V, I_{OUT}=50mA→100mA, C_{IN} = Ceramic 1.0μF C_{OUT} = Ceramic 4.7μF, Tr=Tf=5.0μs



■ TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, be sure to use a capacitor COUT with good frequency characteristics and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) of which is in the range described as follows:

The relations between I_{OUT} (Output Current) and ESR of Output Capacitor are shown below. The conditions when the white noise level is under 40μV(Avg.) are marked as the hatched area in the graph.

<Test conditions>

- (1) V_{IN}=V_{SET}+1V
- (2) Frequency band: 10Hz to 30MHz
- (3) Temperature: 25°C

