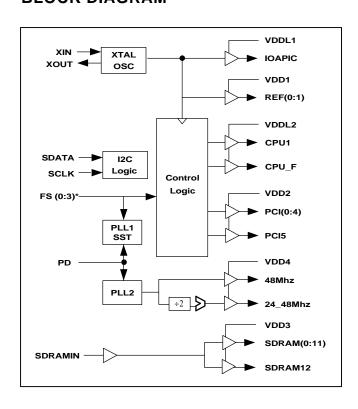


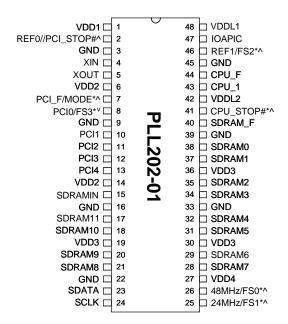
FEATURES

- Generates all clock frequencies for PentiumIII systems with INTEL 440BX or VIA Apollo Pro133 or Promedia chip sets, requiring multiple CPU clocks and high speed SDRAM buffers.
- Support 2 CPU clocks, 6PCI and 13 high-speed SDRAM buffers for 3-DIMM applications.
- One 24MHz clock and one 48MHz clock.
- One 2.5V IOAPIC clock.
- Two14.318MHz reference clocks.
- Power management control to stop CPU, PCI, SDRAM and IOAPIC clocks.
- Support 2-wire I2C serial bus interface with builtin Vendor ID, Device ID and Revision ID.
- Single byte micro-step linear Frequency Programming via I2C with Glitch free smooth switching.
- Spread Spectrum ±0.25% center.
- 50% duty cycle with low jitter.
- Available in 300 mil 48 pin SSOP.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION



Note: ^: Pull up, #: Active Low

*: Bi-directional latched at power-up

I/O MODE CONFIGURATION

MODE (Pin 7)	PIN 2
1 (OUTPUT)	REF0
0 (INPUT)	PCI_STOP

POWER GROUP

- VDD1: REF, XIN, XOUT, PLL CORE
- VDD2: PCI_F, PCI(0:4)
- VDD3: SDRAM_F, SDRAM(0:11)
- VDD4: 48MHz, 24MHz, SDATA, SCLK
- VDDL1: IOAPIC VDDL2: CPU F, CPU1

KEY SPECIFICATIONS

- CPU Cycle to Cycle jitter: 250ps.
- PCI Cycle to Cycle jitter: 250ps.
- SDRAM to SDRAM skew: 500ps.
- PCI to PCI skew: 500ps.
- CPU to CPU skew 250ps
- CPU to PCI skew: 1 ~ 4ns, typical 2ns
- SDRAMIN to SDRAM skew: 3 ~ 4ns, typical 3.5ns.



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Name	Number	Туре	Description
VDD1	1	Р	Power supply for REF0, REF1, and crystal oscillator.
VDD2	6,14	Р	Power supply for PCI_F, PCI(0:4).
VDD3	19,30,36	Р	Power supply for SDRAM(0:11), SDRAM_F.
VDD4	27	Р	Power supply for 24MHz and 48MHz.
VDDL1	48	Р	Power supply for IOAPIC (2.5V).
VDDL2	42	Р	Power supply for CPU_F and CPU1 (2.5V).
GND	3,9,16,22, 33,39,45	Р	Ground.
XIN	4	I	14.318MHz crystal input to be connected to one end of the crystal.
XOUT	5	0	14.318MHz crystal output.
PCI0/F3* REF1/F2* 24MHz/F1* 48MHz/F0*	8,46,25,26	В	At power up, these pins are input pins and will determine the CPU clock frequency. After input sampling, these pins will generate output clocks. FS0, FS1 and FS2 have internal pull up (high by default) while FS3 has internal pull down (low by default).
PCI_F, PCI(0:4)	7,8,10,11,12, 13	0	PCI clocks with frequencies defined by Frequency Table. These pins except PCI_F will be LOW when PCI_STOP is LOW.
CPU_F, CPU1	44,43	0	CPU clocks with frequencies defined by Frequency Table. These pins are LOW when CPU_STOP is LOW except CPU_F.
SDRAM (0:11), SDRAM_F	38,37,35,34,32, 31,29,28,21,20, 18,17,40	0	Buffer output from SDRAMIN pin. These pins are LOW when CPU_STOP is LOW except SDRAM_F is free running output.
SDATA	23	В	Control data in out for a said intenfere and
SCLK	24	I	Serial data input for serial interface port.
REF0//PCI_STOP	2	В	Multiplexed pin controlled by MODE signal. PCI_STOP will stop PCI clock except PCI_F when LOW.
CPU_STOP	41	I	CPU_STOP input will stop CPU1, IOAPIC and SDRAM(0:11) when LOW.
PCI_F/MODE	7	В	At power-on, MODE function will be activated. When MODE is Low, Pin 2 is input for PCI_STOP. When high, Pin2 is output for REF0. After input data latched, this pin will generate free running PCI bus clock.
48MHz	26	В	48MHz output for USB after input data latched during power-on.
24MHz	25	В	24MHz output for SUPER I/O after input data latched during power-on.
REF1/FS2	46	В	Buffered reference clock output after input data latched during power-on.
SDRAMIN	15	I	Buffer input pin: The signal provided to this input pin is buffered to 13 SDRAM outputs.
IOAPIC	47	0	2.5V Buffered reference clock. This pin will be LOW when CPU_STOP is low.



POWER MANAGEMENT

CPU_STOP	PCI_SOTP	CPU1	PCI	PCI_F,CPU_F,SDRAM_F	SDRAM	IOAPIC	XTAL,VCO
1	1	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running	Running
0	1	Low	Running	Running	Low	Low	Running
1	0	Running	Low	Running	Running	Running	Running

FREQUENCY (MHz) SELECTION TABLE

I2C Byte0	FS3	FS2	FS1	FS0	СРИ	PCI
Bit2	F33	F32	гот	F30	CFU	POI
	0	0	0	0	80	40.0
	0	0	0	1	75	37.5
	0	0	1	0	83.3	41.7
	0	0	1	1	66.8	33.4
	0	1	0	0	103	34.3
	0	1	0	1	112	37.3
	0	1	1	0	68	34.0
0	0	1	1	1	100.2	33.4
(default)	1	0	0	0	120	40.0
	1	0	0	1	115	38.3
	1	0	1	0	110	36.3
	1	0	1	1	105	35.0
	1	1	0	0	140	35.0
	1	1	0	1	150	37.5
	1	1	1	0	124	31.0
	1	1	1	1	133.3	33.3
	0	0	0	0	135	33.8
	0	0	0	1	130	32.5
	0	0	1	0	126	31.5
	0	0	1	1	118	39.3
	0	1	0	0	116	38.4
	0	1	0	1	95	31.7
	0	1	1	0	90	30.0
1	0	1	1	1	85	28.3
ı	1	0	0	0	166	41.5
	1	0	0	1	160	40.0
-	1	0	1	0	155	38.8
	1	0	1	1	148	37.0
	1	1	0	0	146	36.5
	1	1	0	1	144	36.0
	1	1	1	0	142	35.5
	1	1	1	1	138	34.5



12C BUS CONFIGURATION SETTING

Address Assignment	A6	A5	A4	А3	A2	A1	Α0	R/W	
Address Assignment	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	_	
Slave Receiver/Transmitter	Provide	s both s	lave write	and readb	ack function	onality			
Data Transfer Rate	Standa	rd mode	at 100kbit	:s/s					
Serial Bits Reading	Byte 0 Byte 1	Bits 7, Bits 7,	vill be read 6, 5, 4, 3, 6, 5, 4, 3, 6, 5, 4, 3	2, 1, 0 2, 1, 0	y the clock	k driver in	the followi	ng order	
Data Protocol	This serial protocol is designed to allow both blocks write and read from the controller. The bytes must be accessed in sequential order from lowest to highest byte. Each byte transferred must be followed by 1 acknowledge bit. A byte transferred without acknowledged bit will terminate the transfer. The write or read block both begins with the master sending a slave address and a write condition (0xD2) or a read condition (0xD3). Following the acknowledge of this address byte, in Write Mode: the Command Byte and Byte Count Byte must be sent by the master but ignored by the slave, in Read Mode: the Byte Count Byte will be read by the master then all other Data Byte. Byte Count Byte default at power-up is = (0x09).					te			

12C CONTROL REGISTERS

1. BYTE 0: Functional and Frequency Select Clock Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	8	0	FS3 (see Frequency selection Table)
Bit 6	46	0	FS2 (see Frequency selection Table)
Bit 5	25	0	FS1 (see Frequency selection Table)
Bit 4	26	0	FS0 (see Frequency selection Table)
Bit 3	-	0	Frequency selection control bit 1=Via I2C, 0=Via External jumper
Bit 2	-	0	I2C Selection (see Frequency selection Table)
Bit 1	-	0	0=Normal 1=Spread Spectrum enable, ±0.25% Center Spread
Bit 0	-	0	0=Normal 1=Tristate Mode for all outputs



2. BYTE 1: CPU Clock Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	46	Х	Inverted Power on latched FS2 value (Read only)
Bit 6	-	1	Reserved
Bit 5	-	1	Reserved
Bit 4	-	1	Reserved
Bit 3	40	1	SDRAM_F (Active/Inactive)
Bit 2	-	1	Reserved
Bit 1	43	1	CPU1 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	44	1	CPU_F (Active/Inactive)

3. BYTE 2: PCI Clock Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	1	Reserved
Bit 6	7	1	PCI_F (Active/Inactive)
Bit 5	-	1	Reserved
Bit 4	13	1	PCI4 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 3	12	1	PCI3 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 2	11	1	PCI2 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 1	10	1	PCI1 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	8	1	PCI0 (Active/Inactive)

4. BYTE 3: SDRAM Clock Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	1	Reserved
Bit 6	26	Х	Inverted Power on latched FS0 value (Read only)
Bit 5	26	1	48MHz
Bit 4	25	1	24MHz
Bit 3	-	1	Reserved
Bit 2	21,20,18,17	1	SDRAM (8:11) (Active/Inactive)
Bit 1	32,31,29,28	1	SDRAM (4:7) (Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	38,37,35,34	1	SDRAM (0:3) (Active/Inactive)



5. BYTE 4: Control Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	1	Reserved
Bit 6	-	1	Reserved
Bit 5	-	1	Reserved
Bit 4	-	1	Reserved
Bit 3	25	Х	Inverted Power on latched FS1 value (Read only)
Bit 2	-	1	Reserved
Bit 1	8	Х	Inverted Power on latched FS3 value (Read only)
Bit 0	-	1	Reserved

6. BYTE 5: Peripheral Clock Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	1	Reserved
Bit 6	-	1	Reserved
Bit 5	-	1	Reserved
Bit 4	47	1	IOAPIC (Active/Inactive)
Bit 3	-	1	Reserved
Bit 2	-	1	Reserved
Bit 1	46	1	REF1 (Active/Inactive)
Bit 0	2	1	REF0 (Active/Inactive)

7. BYTE 6: Revision ID and Vendor ID Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	0	Revision ID Bit 3*
Bit 6	-	0	Revision ID Bit 2*
Bit 5	-	0	Revision ID Bit 1*
Bit 4	-	0	Revision ID Bit 0*
Bit 3	-	0	Vendor ID Bit 3*
Bit 2	-	0	Vendor ID Bit 2*
Bit 1	-	1	Vendor ID Bit 1*
Bit 0	-	1	Vendor ID Bit 0*

Note: *: Default value at power-up



8. BYTE 7: Linear Programming (M) Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	0	Linear programming sign bit ($0 \text{ is } + , 1 \text{ is } -)$
Bit 6	-	0	Linear programming magnitude bit 6 (MSB)
Bit 5	-	0	Linear programming magnitude bit 5
Bit 4	-	0	Linear programming magnitude bit 4
Bit 3	-	0	Linear programming magnitude bit 3
Bit 2	-	0	Linear programming magnitude bit 2
Bit 1	-	0	Linear programming magnitude bit 1
Bit 0	-	0	Linear programming magnitude bit 0 (LSB)

9. BYTE 8: Device ID Register (1=Enable, 0=Disable)

Bit	Pin#	Default	Description
Bit 7	-	0	Reserved
Bit 6	-	0	Device ID Bit 6*
Bit 5	-	0	Device ID Bit 5*
Bit 4	-	0	Device ID Bit 4*
Bit 3	-	0	Device ID Bit 3*
Bit 2	-	0	Device ID Bit 2*
Bit 1	-	0	Device ID Bit 1*
Bit 0	-	0	Device ID Bit 0*

Note: *: Default value at power-up



PROGRAMMING OF CPU FREQUENCY

To simplify traditional loop counter setting, the PLL202-01 device incorporates SMART-BYTE technology with a single byte programming via I2C to better optimize clock jitter and spread spectrum performance. Detail of PLL202-01's dual mode frequency programming method is described below:

1. ROM-table Frequency Programming:

The pre-defined 32 frequencies found in Frequency table can be accessed either through 5 external jumpers or by setting internal I2C register in BYTE0.

2. Micro-step Linear Frequency Programming:

CPU Frequency can be programmed via I2C in fine and linear positive or negative stepping around selected CPU frequency in Frequency table. The highest step is either +127 or -127. Other bus frequencies will be changed proportionally with the rate that CPU frequency change. The formula is as follow:

$$F_{CPU} = F_{CPU.ROM-Table} \pm \alpha (=0.22)* M$$

Where:

- 1. M is magnitude factor defined in I2C Byte 7.bit(0:6)
- 2. \pm (sign bit) of M is defined in I2C Byte7.bit 7
- 3. α is a constant $\alpha = 0.22$

FREQUENCY PROGRAMMING EXAMPLE:

1. Procedures to program target CPU frequency to 139.0 Mhz:

- A. Locate the closest CPU frequency from Frequency-ROM table: 135
- B. $\alpha = 0.22$
- C. Solve M (Linear Magnitude factor) in integer:

$$M = (F_{CPU} - F_{CPU-ROMTABLE}) / \alpha$$

= (139 - 135) / 0.22
= 18

D. Program I2C register:

$$F_{CPU}$$
 = 135 + (0.22) * 18 = 138.96 (% of frequency increased = 2.9 %) F_{PCI} = 33.8 * (1+2.9%) = 34.8



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	V _{SS} -0.5	7	V
Input Voltage, dc	VI	V _{SS} -0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Output Voltage, dc	Vo	V _{SS} -0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-65	150	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	TA	0	70	°C
Junction Temperature	TJ		115	°C
ESD Voltage			2	KV

Exposure of the device under conditions beyond the limits specified by Maximum Ratings for extended periods may cause permanent damage to the device and affect product reliability. These conditions represent a stress rating only, and functional operations of the device at these or any other conditions above the operational limits noted in this specification is not implied.

2. AC/DC Electrical Specifications

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
Input High Voltage	ViH	All Inputs except XIN	2		V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	All inputs except XIN	V _{SS} -0.3		0.8	V	
Input High Current	Іін	V _{IN} = V _{DD}			5	uA	
Input Low Current	l _{IL1}	VIN = 0V; Inputs with no pull-up resistors	-5			uA	
Input Low Current	I _{IL2}	VIN = 0V; Inputs with pull-up resistors	/; Inputs with		uA		
Pull-up resistor	R _{Pu}	Pin 2,7,25,26,41,46		240		Kohm	
Pull-down resistor	R _{Pd}	Pin 8	240			KUIIII	
Input frequency	Fı	V _{DD} = 3.3V	12	14.318	16	Mhz	
	Cin	Logic Inputs			5	PF	
Input Capacitance	CINX	XIN & XOUT pins	27	36	45	PF	



2. Output Buffer Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise stated, all power supplies = $3.3V\pm5\%$, and ambient temperature range T_A = $0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	OUTPUTS	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Output Rise time	Tor	CPU_F, CPU1	Measured @ 0.4V ~ 2.0V, C _L =10-20pf, 2.5V±5%	1		4	
		REF, 48MHz, 24MHz	Measured @ 0.4V ~ 2.4V, C _L =10-20pf	1		4	\//==
		SDRAM, SDRAM_F, PCI_F,PCI	Measured @ $0.4V \sim 2.4V$, $C_L=10-30pf$	1		4	V/ns
		IOAPIC	Measured @ $0.4V \sim 2.0V$, $C_L=10-30pf$, $2.5V\pm5\%$			4	
		CPU_F, CPU1	Measured @ $2.0 \sim 0.4V$, $C_L=10-20 pf$, $2.5 V\pm 5\%$	1		4	V/ns
		REF, 48MHz, 24MHz	Measured @ $2.4V \sim 0.4V$, $C_L=10-20pf$	1		4	
Output Fall time	Tof	SDRAM, SDRAM_F, PCI_F, PCI	Measured @ 2.4V \sim 0.4V, $C_L=10-30pf$	1		4	
		IOAPIC	Measured @ $2.0V \sim 0.4V$, $C_L=10-30pf$, $2.5V\pm5\%$	'			
Duty Cycle	DT	CPU_F,CPU1,SDRAM, PCI_F,PCI, 48MHz, 24MHz	Measured @ 1.5V C _L =20pf	45	50	55	%
, ,		IOAPIC,REF	Measured @ 1.5V, C _L =20~30pf	40		60	
	Tskew	CPU to CPU	Measured @ 1.5V, equal loads			250	ps
		SDRAM to SDRAM				250	
Clock Skew		PCI to PCI				500	
CIOCK SKEW		CPU to SDRAM				250	
		SDRAMIN to SDRAM		3		5	ns
		CPU to PCI		1		4	113
Output Impedance	Z ₀	CPU_F,CPU1	V _{DD} =3.3V(2.5V)±5%		30		
		REF0,48MHz,24MHz, PCI_F,PCI	V _{DD} =3.3V±5%		25		Ohm
		SDRAM,SDRAM_F, REF1	0.3V±3/δ		20		Jillii
		IOAPIC	V _{DD} =3.3V(2.5V)±5%		20		



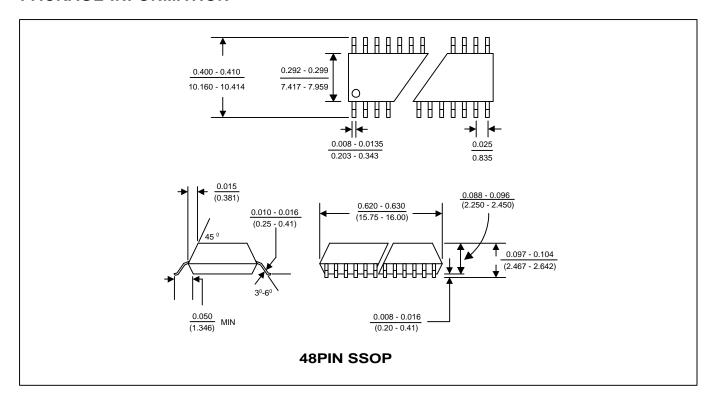
2. Output Buffer Electrical Specifications, continued

Unless otherwise stated, all power supplies = $3.3V\pm5\%$, and ambient temperature range T_A = $0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

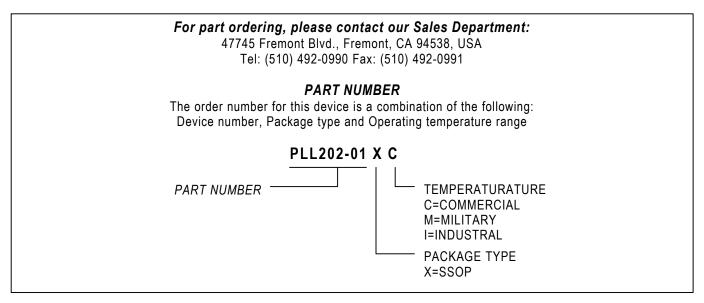
PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	OUTPUTS	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Output High Current	Гон	SDRAM,SDRAM_F	- V _{OH} = 1.5V	70	90	120	- mA
		PCI_F,PCI		70	90	120	
		REF		40	50	65	
Output High Current		48MHz,24MHz		40	50	65	
		CPU_F,CPU1	V _{OH} = 1.25V	45	60	80	
		IOAPIC	$(V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%)$	60	80	105	
		SDRAM,SDRAM_F	V _{OL} = 1.5V	70	90	120	- mA
		PCI_F,PCI		70	90	120	
Outrot I am Ourrant	Іог	REF		40	50	65	
Output Low Current		48MHz,24MHz		40	50	65	
		CPU_F,CPU1	V _{OH} = 1.25V (V _{DD} = 2.5V±5%)	45	60	80	
		IOAPIC		60	80	105	
	Jsigma	CPU	- Measured @ 1.25V			150	ps
1711		IOAPIC				500	
Jitter, One Sigma		PCI	Measured @ 1.5V			150	
		REF,48MHz,24MHz				500	
	J _{Abs}	CPU	Measured @ 1.25V	-0.25		0.25	ns
Jitter, Absolute		IOAPIC		-1		1	
		PCI	- Measured @ 1.5V	-0.5		0.5	
		REF,48MHz,24MHz		-1		1	
P(1 / 1 / 1)) J _{cyc-cyc}	CPU	Measured @ 1.25V			250	
Jitter (cycle to cycle)		PCI	Measured @ 1.5V			500	ps



PACKAGE INFORMATION



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