

PQ7DV5

Variable Output Type, High Output Current(5A)Type Low Power-loss Voltage Regulators

Features

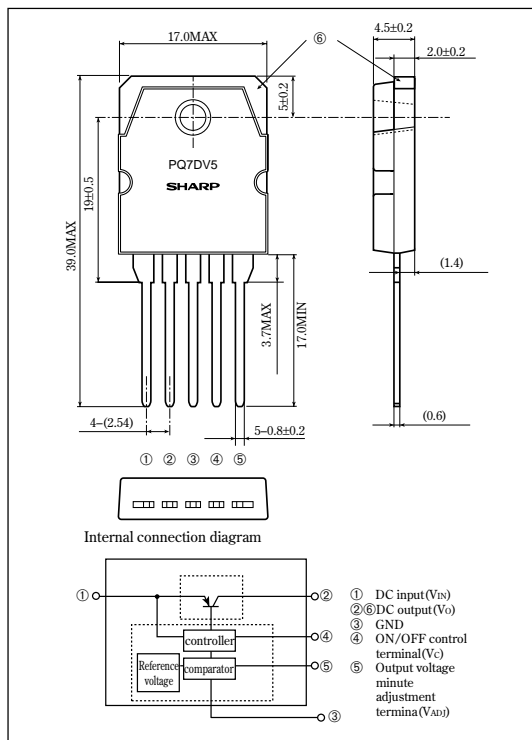
- TO-3P package
- Low power-loss (Dropout voltage: MAX. 0.5V at $I_o=5A$)
- Variable output type (1.5V to 7V)
- Minimum input voltage: 3.0V
- High output current type (5A)
- Reference voltage precision: $\pm 2.0\%$
- Built-in ON/OFF control function
- Built-in overcurrent protection, overheat protection function

Applications

- Power supplies for various electronic equipment such as personal computers

Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



Absolute Maximum Ratings

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
*1 Input voltage	V_{IN}	10	V
*1 ON/OFF control terminal voltage	V_C	10	V
*1 Output adjustment terminal voltage	V_{ADJ}	5	V
Output current	I_O	5.0	A
Power dissipation (No heat sink)	P_{D1}	2.2	W
Power dissipation (With infinite heat sink)	P_{D2}	60	W
*2 Junction temperature	T_j	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +80	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	T_{sol}	260 (For 10s)	$^\circ\text{C}$

*1 All are open except GND and applicable terminals.

*2 Overheat protection may operate at $125 \leq T_j \leq 50^\circ\text{C}$.

•Please refer to the chapter " Handling Precautions ".

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Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, conditions shall be VIN=5V, IO=2.5A, VO=3V[R1=2kΩ|Ta=25°C])

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	NIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage	VIN	—	3	—	10	V
Output voltage	VO	—	1.5	—	7	V
Reference voltage	Vref	—	1.225	1.25	1.275	V
Load regulation	RegL	IO=5mA to 5.0A	—	0.5	2.0	%
Line regulation	RegI	VIN=4 to 10V	—	0.5	2.5	%
Temperature coefficient of reference voltage	TcVO	Tj=0 to 125°C	—	±0.01	—	%/°C
Ripple rejection	RR	Refer to Fig. 2	45	55	—	dB
Dropout voltage	VI-O	VIN=3V, IO=5A	—	—	0.5	V
*3 ON-state voltage for control	VC(ON)	—	2.0	—	—	V
ON-state current for control	IC(ON)	VC=2.7V	—	—	20	μA
OFF-state voltage for control	VC(OFF)	—	—	—	0.8	V
OFF-state current for control	IC(OFF)	VC=0.4V	—	—	-0.4	mA
Quiescent current	Iq	Io=0A	—	—	17	mA

*3 In case of opening control terminal ④, output voltage turns on.

Fig. 1 Test Circuit

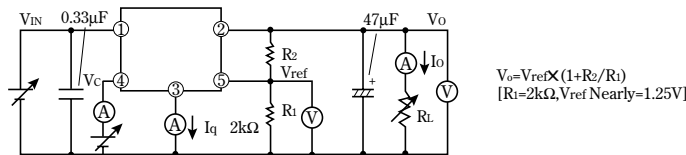


Fig. 2 Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection

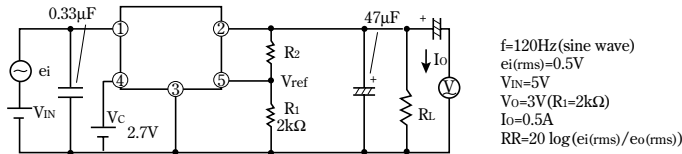
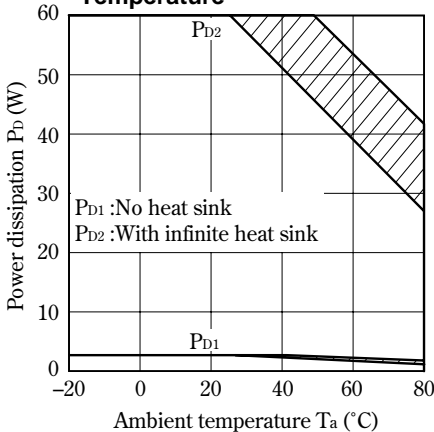


Fig. 3 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Note) Oblique line portion : Overheat protection may operate in this area.

Fig. 4 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics(Typical Value)

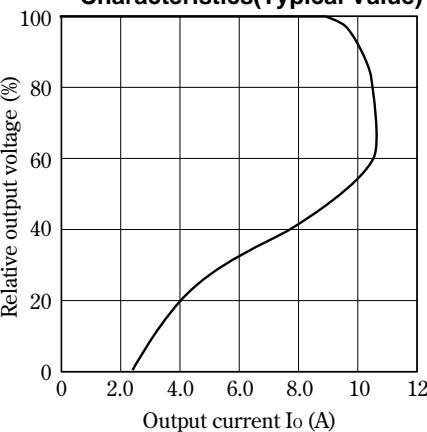


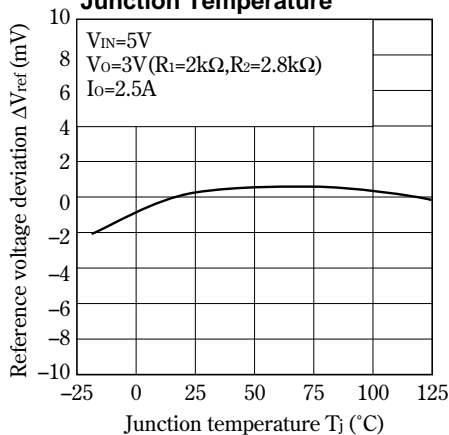
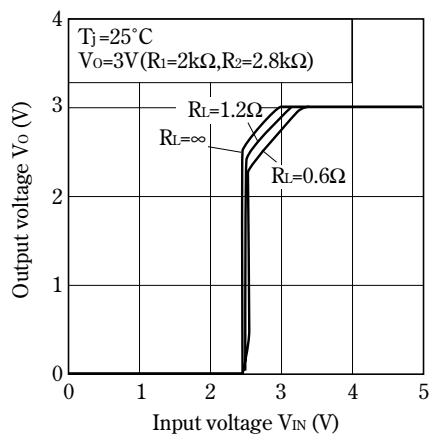
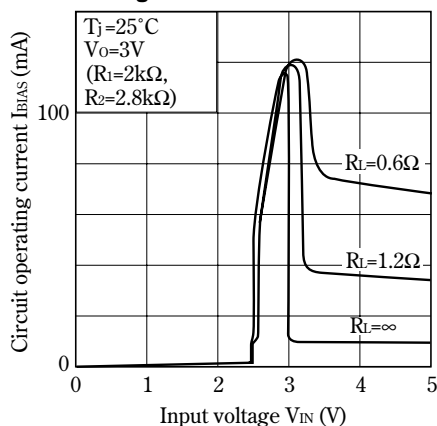
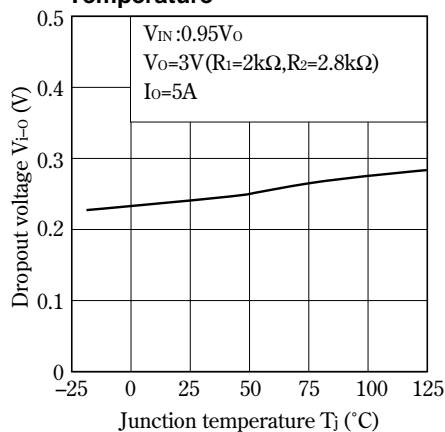
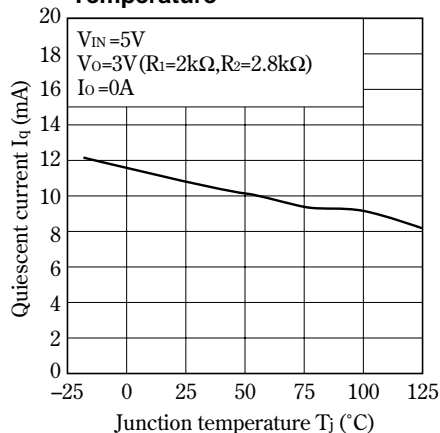
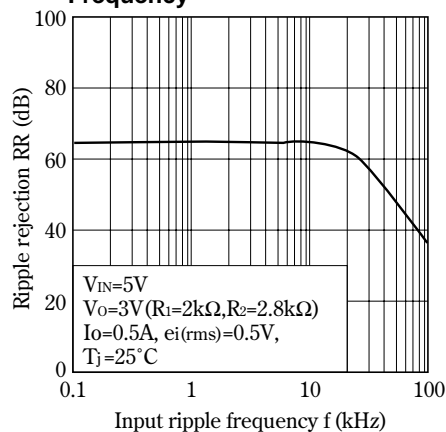
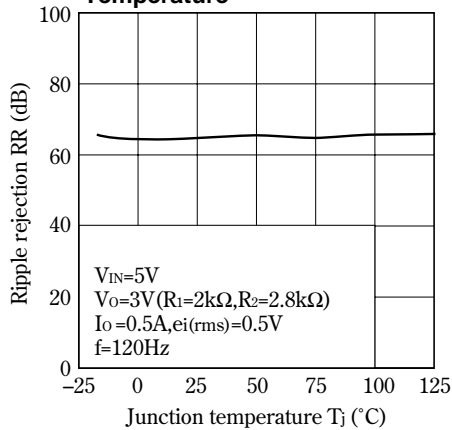
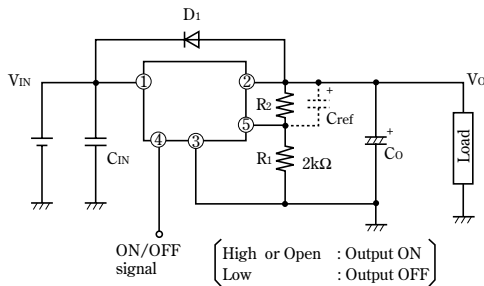
Fig. 5 Reference Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature**Fig. 6 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage****Fig. 7 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage****Fig. 8 Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature****Fig. 9 Quiescent Current vs. Junction Temperature****Fig.10 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency**

Fig.11 Ripple Rejection vs. Junction Temperature

Standard Connection



D_1 : This device is necessary to protect the element from damage when reverse voltage may be applied to the regulator in case of input short-circuiting.

C_{ref} : This device is necessary when it is required to enhance the ripple rejection or to delay the output start-up time*. Otherwise, it is not necessary.

(Care must be taken since C_{ref} may raise the gain, facilitating oscillation.)

*The output start-up time proportional to $C_{ref} \times R_2$.

C_{IN} , C_O : Be sure to mount the devices C_{IN} and C_O as close to the device terminal as possible so as to prevent oscillation.

The standard specification of $C_{IN}=0.33\mu$, $C_O=47\mu$, respectively. However, adjust them as necessary after checking.

R_1 , R_2 : These devices are necessary to set the output voltage. The output voltage V_O is given by the following formula:

$$V_O = V_{ref} \times (1 + R_2/R_1)$$

(V_{ref} is 1.25V TYP)

The standard value of R_1 is 2Ω . But value up to $10k\Omega$.

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