

# PC703V

## High Collector-emitter Voltage Type Photocoupler

\* Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (PC703VI/PC703VP)

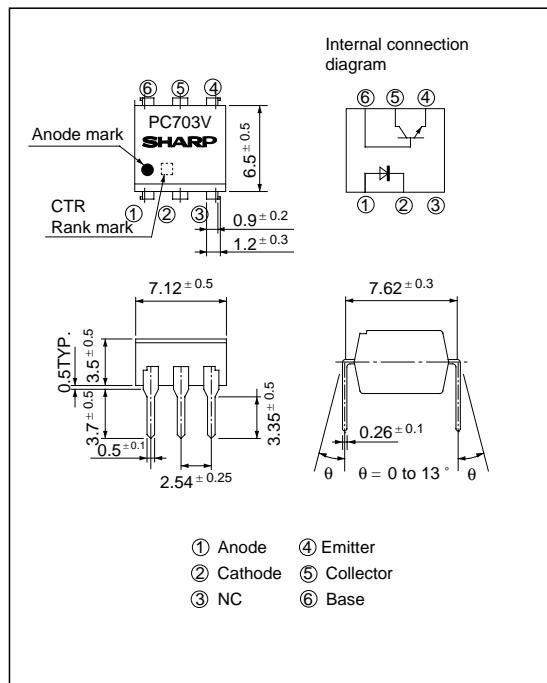
\*\* TÜV (VDE0884) approved type is also available as an option.

### ■ Features

1. High collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{CEO}$  : 70V)
2. High isolation voltage between input and output  
( $V_{iso}$  : 5 000V<sub>rms</sub>)
3. TTL compatible output
4. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380,

### ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



### ■ Applications

1. Telephone sets, telephone exchangers
2. System appliances, measuring instruments
3. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50	mA
	*1Peak forward current	I <sub>FM</sub>	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	70	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V <sub>ECO</sub>	6	V
	Collector-base voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	70	V
	Emitter-base voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	6	V
	Collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P <sub>C</sub>	160	mW
Total power dissipation		P <sub>tot</sub>	200	mW
*2Isolation voltage		V <sub>iso</sub>	5 000	V <sub>rms</sub>
Operating temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	- 30 to + 100	°C
Storage temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to + 125	°C
*3Soldering temperature		T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C

\*1 Pulse width<=100μs, Duty ratio : 0.001

\*2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute

\*3 For 10 seconds

## ■ Electro-optical Characteristics

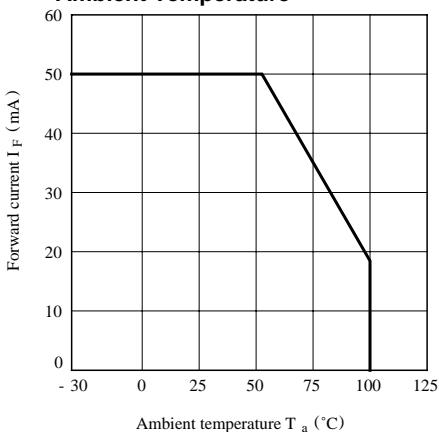
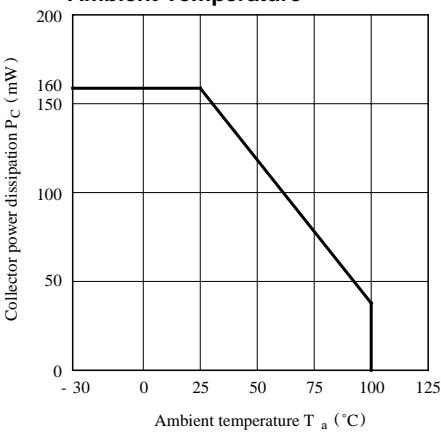
(Ta = 25°C)

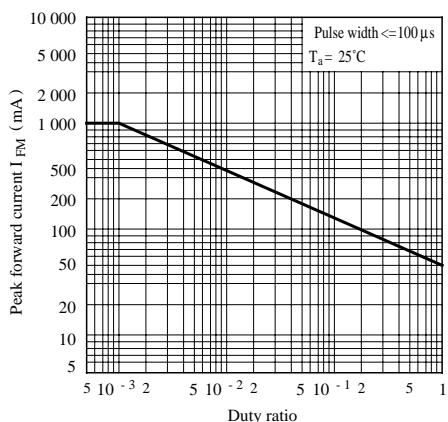
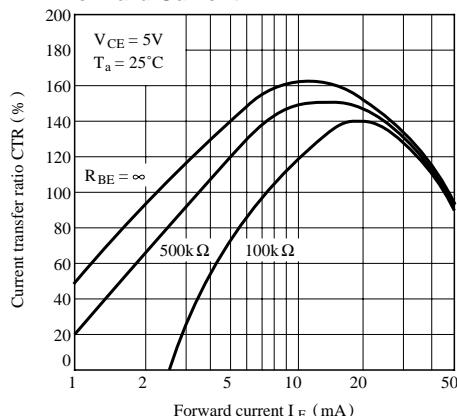
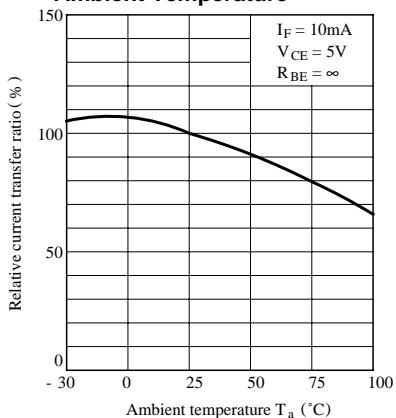
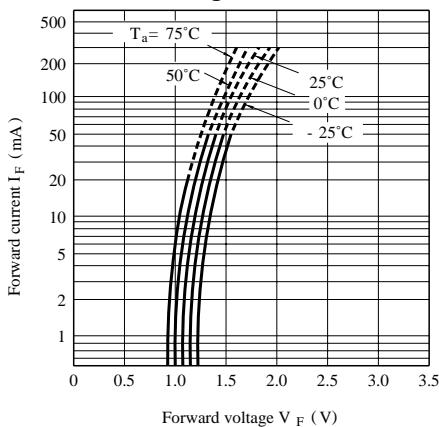
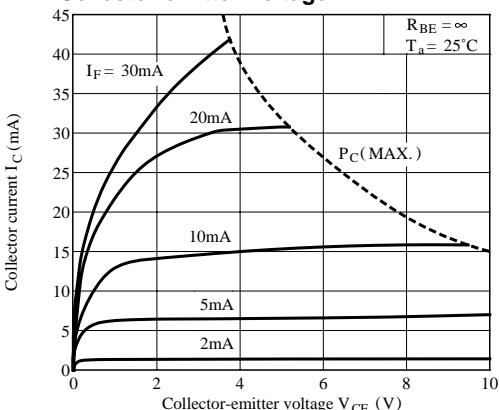
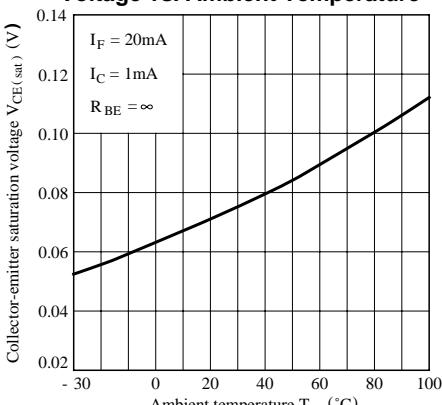
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V	
	Peak forward voltage	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> = 0.5A	-	-	3.0	V	
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 4V	-	-	10	μA	
	Terminal capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	V = 0, f = 1kHz	-	30	250	pF	
Output	Collector dark current	I <sub>CEO</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 20V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0	-	-	10 <sup>-7</sup>	A	
Transfer characteristics	* <sup>4</sup> Current transfer ratio	CTR	I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V	40	-	320	%	
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA	-	0.1	0.2	V	
	Isolation resistance	R <sub>ISO</sub>	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>11</sup>	-	Ω	
	Floating capacitance	C <sub>f</sub>	V = 0, f = 1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF	
	Cut-off frequency	f <sub>C</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2mA R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω, -3dB	-	80	-	kHz	
	Response time	Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2mA	-	4	15	μs
		Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω	-	3	15	μs

\*4 Classification table of current transfer ratio is shown below.

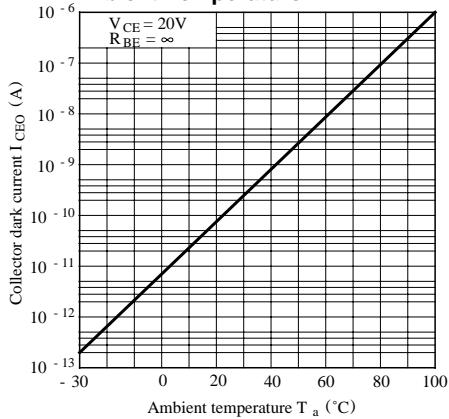
Model No.	Rank mark	CTR (%)
PC703V1	A	40 to 80
PC703V2	B	63 to 125
PC703V3	C	100 to 200
PC703V4	D	160 to 320
PC703V5	A or B	40 to 125
PC703V6	B or C	63 to 200
PC703V7	C or D	100 to 320
PC703V	A, B, C or D	40 to 320

Measurement conditions

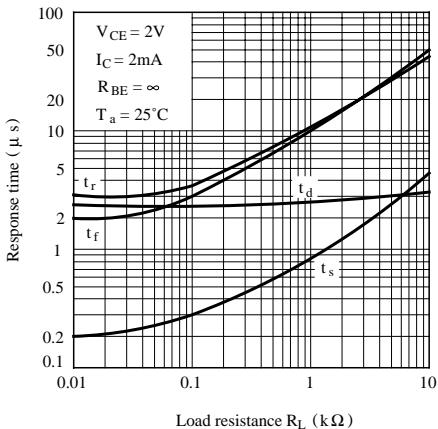
I<sub>F</sub> = 10mAV<sub>CE</sub> = 5VT<sub>a</sub> = 25°C**Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature****Fig.12 Collector Power Dissipation VS. Ambient Temperature**

**Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio****Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current****Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature****Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage****Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage****Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**

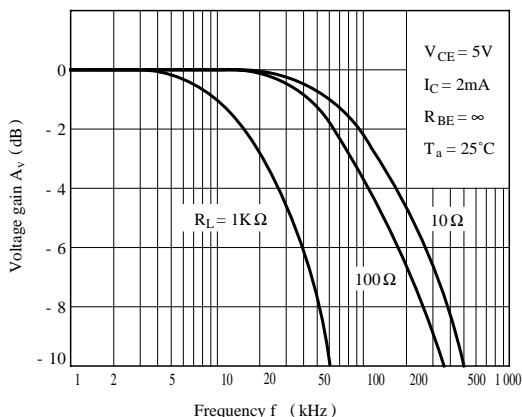
**Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs.  
Ambient Temperature**



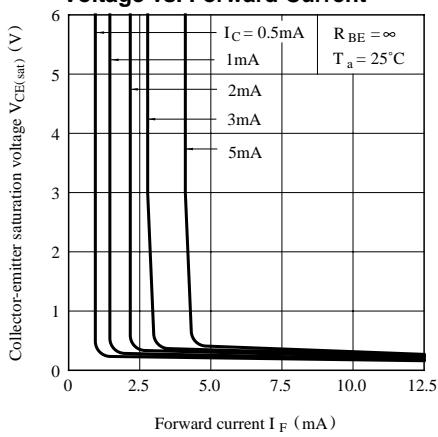
**Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance**



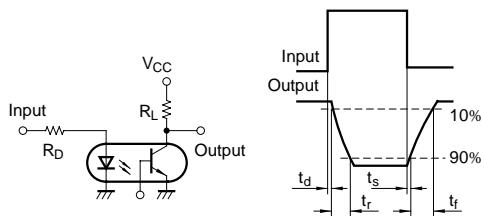
**Fig.11 Frequency Response**



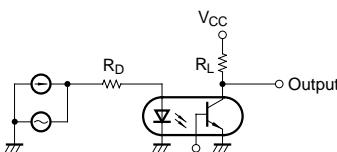
**Fig.12 Collector-emitter Saturation  
Voltage vs. Forward Current**



**Test Circuit for Response Time**



**Test Circuit for Frequency Response**



●Please refer to the chapter  
“Precautions for Use”.