



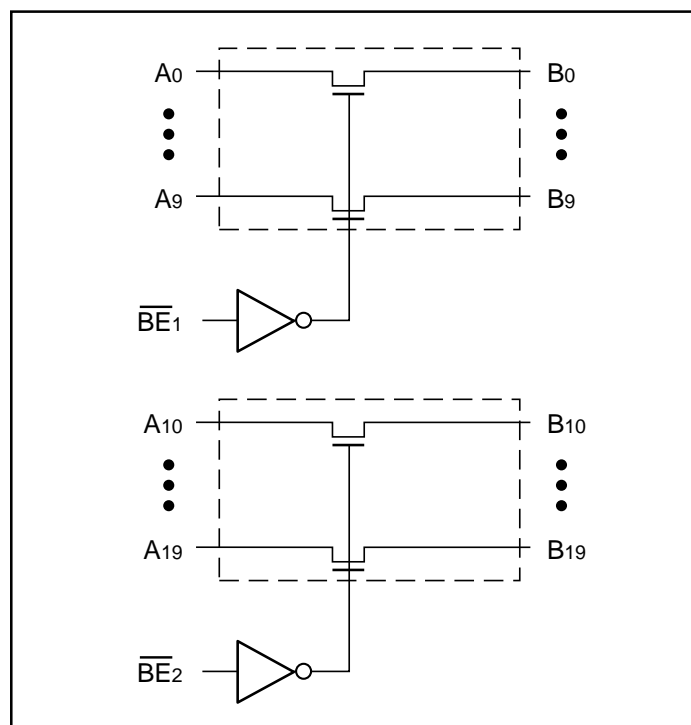
PI3B16861 PI3B162861 (25Ω)

3.3V, Hot Insertion, 20-Bit, 2-Port BusSwitch

Product Features

- Near-zero propagation delay
- 5Ω or 25Ω switches connect inputs to outputs
- Fast Switching Speed - 5ns (max.)
- Direct bus connection when switches are ON
- Permits Hot Insertion
- 32X384 function with flow through pinout make board layout easier
- Vcc Operating Range: 3.0V to 3.6V
- Industrial operating temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- Packages available:
 - 48-pin 240-mil wide plastic TSSOP (A)
 - 48-pin 300-mil wide plastic SSOP (V)
 - 48-pin 150-mil wide plastic BQSOP (B)

Logic Block Diagram



Truth Table⁽¹⁾

Function	\overline{BE}_x	A19-A0
Disconnect	H	Hi-Z
Connect	L	B19-B0

Note:

1. H = High Voltage Level
L = Low Voltage Level
Hi-Z = High Impedance

Product Description

Pericom Semiconductor's PI3B series of Bus Switch circuits are produced in the Company's advanced 0.35 micron CMOS technology, achieving industry leading speed.

The PI3B16861 is configured as a 3.3 volt, hot insertion, 20-bit, 2-port bus switch designed with a low ON resistance (5Ω) allowing inputs to be connected directly to outputs. The bus switch creates no additional propagational delay or additional ground bounce noise. The switch is turned ON by the Bus Enable (\overline{BE}_x) input signal.

The PI3B162861 device has a built-in 25-ohm series resistor to reduce noise resulting from reflections, thus eliminating the need for an external terminating resistor.

Product Pin Configuration

NC	1	○	48	VCC
A0	2		47	\overline{BE}_1
A1	3		46	B0
A2	4		45	B1
A3	5		44	B2
A4	6		43	B3
A5	7		42	B4
A6	8		41	B5
A7	9		40	B6
A8	10		39	B7
A9	11		38	B8
GND	12		37	B9
NC	13		36	VCC
A10	14		35	\overline{BE}_2
A11	15		34	B10
A12	16		33	B11
A13	17		32	B12
A14	18		31	B13
A15	19		30	B14
A16	20		29	B15
A17	21		28	B16
A18	22		27	B17
A19	23		26	B18
GND	24		25	B19

Product Pin Description

Pin Name	Description
\overline{BE}_x	Bus Enable Inputs (Active LOW)
A19-A0	Bus A
B19-B0	Bus B

Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied	–0°C to +85°C
Supply Voltage Range	–0.5V to +4.6V
DC Input Voltage	–0.5V to +4.6V
DC Output Current	120 mA
Power Dissipation	0.5W

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

DC Electrical Characteristics (Over the Operating Range, $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$ to 3.6V)

Parameters	Description	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾		Min.	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Logic HIGH Level		2.0	—	—	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Logic LOW Level		–0.5	—	0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max.}, V_{IN} = V_{CC}$		—	—	± 1	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max.}, V_{IN} = \text{GND}$		—	—	± 1	μA
I_{OZH}	High Impedance Output Current	$0 \leq A, B \leq V_{CC}$		—	—	± 1	μA
V_{IK}	Clamp Diode Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min.}, I_{IN} = -18\text{mA}$		—	–0.7	–1.2	V
R_{ON}	Switch On Resistance ⁽³⁾	$V_{CC} = \text{Min.}, V_{IN} = 0.0\text{V},$ $I_{ON} = 48\text{mA}$	16861	—	5	8	Ω
			162861	20	28	40	
		$V_{CC} = \text{Min.}, V_{IN} = 2.4\text{V},$ $I_{ON} = 15\text{mA}$	16861	—	10	15	Ω
			162861	20	35	48	

Capacitance ($T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$)

Parameters ⁽⁴⁾	Description	Test Conditions	Typ	Units
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$	3.0	pF
C_{OFF}	A/B Capacitance, Switch Off	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$	8.5	pF
C_{ON}	A/B Capacitance, Switch On	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$	17.0	pF

Notes:

- For Max. or Min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ambient and maximum loading.
- Measured by the voltage drop between A and B pin at indicated current through the switch. ON resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages on the two (A,B) pins.
- This parameter is determined by device characterization but is not production tested.

Switching Characteristics over Operating Range

Parameters	Description	Conditions ⁽¹⁾		PI3B16861/PI3B162861		Units
				Com.		
				Min.	Max.	
tPLH	Propagation Delay ^(2,3)	CL = 50pF	16861	—	0.25	ns
tPHL	Ax to Bx, Bx to Ax	RL = 500Ω	162861	—	1.25	
tpZH	Bus Enable Time	CL = 50pF, RL = 500Ω, R = 500Ω		1	4.5	
tpZL	BE to Ax or Bx					
tpHZ	Bus Disable Time			1	5	
tplZ	BE to Ax or Bx					

Notes:

1. See test circuit and waveforms.
2. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested on Propagation Delays.
3. The bus switch contributes no propagational delay other than the RC delay of the ON resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.25ns for 50pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagational delay to the system. Propagational delay of the bus switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interaction with the load on the driven side.

Power Supply Characteristics

Parameters	Description	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾		Min.	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units
ICC	Quiescent Power Supply Current	VCC = Max.	VIN = GND or VCC			10	μA
ΔICC	Supply Current per Input @ TTL HIGH	VCC = Max.	VIN = 3.0V ⁽³⁾			750	μA
ICCD	Supply Current per Input per MHz ⁽⁴⁾	VCC = Max. A and B Pins Open BE = GND Control Input Toggling 50% Duty Cycle				0.25	mA/ MHz

Notes:

1. For Max. or Min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device.
2. Typical values are at VCC = 3.3V, +25°C ambient.
3. Per TTL driven input (control inputs only); A and B pins do not contribute to ICC.
4. This current applies to the control inputs only and represent the current required to switch internal capacitance at the specified frequency. The A and B inputs generate no significant AC or DC currents as they transition. This parameter is not tested, but is guaranteed by design.