

PC923X

OPIC Photocoupler

High Speed OPIC Photocoupler for MOS-FET/IGBT Drive

Features

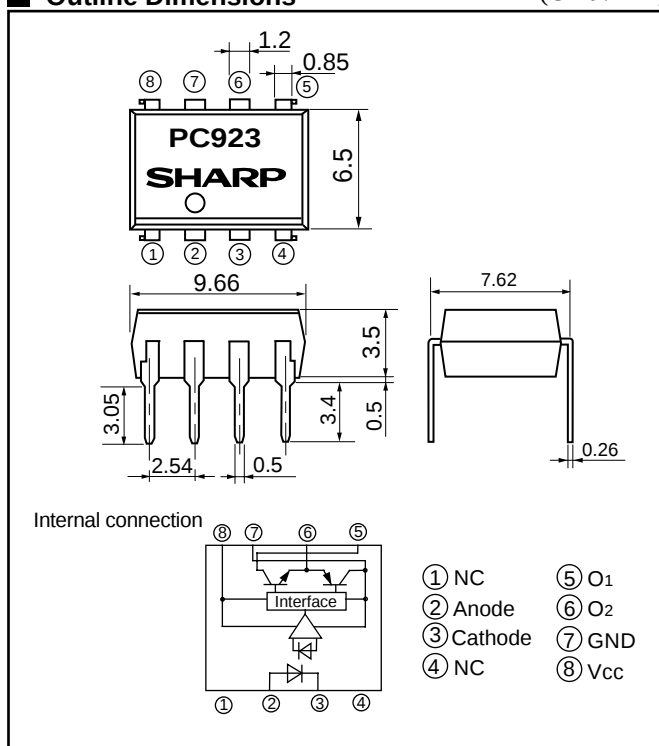
- (1) Built-in direct drive circuit for MOS-FET/IGBT drive
(I_{O1P} , I_{O2P} : 0.4 A)
- (2) High speed response
(t_{PHL} , t_{PLH} : MAX. 0.5 μ s)
- (3) Wide operating supply voltage range
(V_{CC} : 15 to 30 V, T_a : -10 to 60 °C)
- (4) High noise reduction type
(CMH =MIN. -1 500 V/ μ s)
(CML =MIN. 1 500 V/ μ s)
- (5) High isolation voltage ($V_{iso(rms)}$: 5 kV)

Applications

- (1) Inverter controlled air conditioners

Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



* "OPIC" (Optical IC) is a trademark of the SHARP Corporation.
An OPIC consists of a light-detecting element and signal-processing circuit integrated onto a single chip.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Unless specified, $T_a = T_{opr}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	20 mA
	*1 Reverse voltage	V_R	6 V
	Supply voltage	V_{CC}	35 V
Output	O ₁ Output current	I_{O1}	0.1 A
	*2 O ₁ Peak output current	I_{O1P}	0.4 A
	O ₂ Output current	I_{O2}	0.1 A
	*2 O ₂ Peak output current	I_{O2P}	0.4 A
	O ₁ Output voltage	V_{O1}	35 V
	Power dissipation	P_O	500 mW
	Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	550 mW
*3	Isolation voltage	$V_{iso(rms)}$	5.0 kV
	Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to +80 °C
	Storage temperature	T_{sg}	-55 to +125 °C
*4	Soldering temperature	T_{sol}	260 °C

*1 $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

*2 Pulse width $\leq 0.15 \mu\text{s}$, duty ratio = 0.01

*3 40 to 60%RH, AC for 1 minute, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

*4 For 10s

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■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Unless specified, Ta=T_{opr})

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage	V _{F1}	T _a = 25 °C, I _F =10 mA	—	1.6	1.75	V	
		V _{F2}	T _a = 25 °C, I _F = 0.2 mA	1.2	1.5	—	V	
	Reverse current	I _R	T _a = 25 °C, V _R = 5 V	—	—	10	μA	
	Terminal capacitance	C _t	T _a =25 °C, V= 0, f= 1 kHz	—	30	250	pF	
Output	Operation temperature supply voltage	V _{CC}	T _a = -10 to 60 °C	15	—	30	V	
			—	15	—	24	V	
	O ₁ low level output voltage	V _{O1L}	V _{CC1} =12 V, V _{CC2} = -12 V, I _{O1} = 0.1 A, I _F = 5 mA	—	0.2	0.4	V	
	O ₂ high level output voltage	V _{O2H}	V _{CC} =V _{O1} = 24 V, I _{O2} = -0.1 A, I _F = 5 mA	18	21	—	V	
	O ₂ low level output voltage	V _{O2L}	V _{CC} = 24 V, I _{O2} = 0.1 A, I _F = 0	—	1.2	2.0	V	
	O ₁ leak current	I _{O1L}	T _a = 25 °C, V _{CC} =V _{O1} = 35 V, I _F =0 mA	—	—	500	μA	
	O ₂ leak current	I _{O2L}	T _a = 25 °C, V _{CC} =V _{O2} = 35 V, I _F =5 mA	—	—	500	μA	
	High level supply current	I _{CCH}	T _a =25 °C, V _{CC} = 24 V, I _F = 5 mA	—	6	10	mA	
			V _{CC} = 24 V, I _F = 5 mA	—	—	14	mA	
	Low level supply current	I _{CCL}	T _a =25 °C, V _{CC} = 24 V, I _F = 0 mA	—	8	13	mA	
			V _{CC} = 24 V, I _F = 0 mA	—	—	17	mA	
Transfer characteristics	"Low→High" thresh hold input current *5	I _{FLH}	T _a =25°C, V _{CC} = 24 V	0.3	1.5	3.0	mA	
			V _{CC} = 24 V	0.2	—	5.0	mA	
	Isolation resistance	R _{ISO}	T _a = 25 °C, DC= 500 V 40 to 60 %RH	5 x 10 ¹⁰	1 x 10 ¹¹	—	Ω	
	Response time	"Low→High"transfer time	t _{PLH}	T _a = 25 °C, V _{CC} = 24 V, I _F = 5 mA, R _G = 47 Ω, C _G = 3000 pF	—	0.3	0.5	μs
		"High→Low"transfer time	t _{PHL}		—	0.3	0.5	
		Rise time	t _r		—	0.2	0.5	
		Fall time	t _f		—	0.2	0.5	
	Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "Output:High level"		CM _H	T _a =25 °C, V _{CM} =600 V _(peak) , I _F =5 mA V _{CC} = 24 V, ΔV _{O2H} = 2.0 V	-1 500	—	—	V/μs
	Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "Output: Low level"		CM _L	T _a =25 °C, V _{CM} =600 V _(peak) , I _F = 0 mA V _{CC} = 24 V, ΔV _{O2L} = 2.0 V	1 500	—	—	V/μs

*5 I_{FLH} is forward current when output O₂ become "Low" to "High"

*6 When measuring output and transfer characteristics, connect a by-pass capacitor(0.01μF or more) between V_{CC} and GND near the device.

■ Truth Table

Input	O ₂ output	Tr. 1	Tr. 2
ON	High level	ON	OFF
OFF	Low level	OFF	ON

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