# INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# DATA SHEET

# **PCK111**

Low voltage 1:10 differential ECL/PECL/HSTL clock driver

Product data
Supersedes data of 2001 Sep 07
File under Integrated Circuits — ICL03





# Low voltage 1:10 differential PECL clock driver

**PCK111** 

#### **FEATURES**

- 85 ps part-to-part skew typical
- 20 ps output-to-output skew typical
- Differential design
- V<sub>BB</sub> output
- Low voltage V<sub>EE</sub> range of −2.25 V to −3.8 V for ECL
- Low voltage V<sub>CC</sub> range of +2.375 V to +3.8 V for PECL
- 75 kΩ input pull-down resistors
- ECL/PECL outputs
- Form, fit, and function compatible with MC100EP111

#### DESCRIPTION

The PCK111 is a low skew 1-to-10 differential driver, designed with clock distribution in mind. It accepts two clock sources into an input multiplexer. The PECL input signals can be either differential or single-ended if the  $\rm V_{BB}$  output is used. The selected signal is fanned out to 10 identical differential outputs.

The PCK111 is specifically designed, modeled and produced with low skew as the key goal. Optimal design and layout serve to minimize gate-to-gate skew within a device, and empirical modeling is used to determine process control limits that ensure consistent  $t_{\text{PD}}$  distributions from lot to lot. The net result is a dependable, guaranteed low skew device.

To ensure that the tight skew specification is met, it is necessary that both sides of the differential output are terminated into 50  $\Omega$ , even if only one side is being used. In most applications, all ten differential pairs will be used, and therefore terminated. In the case where fewer than ten pairs are used, it is necessary to terminate at least the output pairs on the same package side as the pair(s) being used on that side, in order to maintain minimum skew. Failure to do this will result in small degradations of propagation delay (on the order of 10–20 ps) of the output(s) being used, which, while not being catastrophic to most designs, will mean a loss of skew margin.

The PCK111 can be used for high performance clock distribution in +3.3 V or +2.5 V systems. Designers can take advantage of the PCK111's performance to distribute low skew clocks across the backplane or the board. In a PECL environment, series or Thevenin line terminations are typically used as they require no additional power supplies.

The PCK111 may be driven single-endedly utilizing the  $V_{BB}$  bias output with the  $\overline{\text{CLK0}}$  input. If a single-ended signal is to be used, the  $V_{BB}$  pin should be connected to the  $\overline{\text{CLK0}}$  input and bypassed to ground via a 0.01  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor. The  $V_{BB}$  output can only source/sink 0.2 mA, therefore, it should be used as a switching reference for the PCK111 only. Part-to-part skew specifications are not guaranteed when driving the PCK111 single-endedly.

#### **PINNING**

# Pin configuration

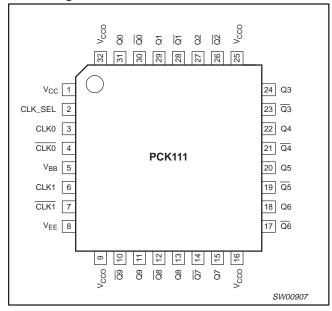


Figure 1. Pin configuration

### Pin description

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
V <sub>CC</sub>	1	Supply voltage
CLK_SEL	2	Active CMOS clock select input
CLK0, CLK0	3, 4	Differential ECL/PECL/HSTL input pair
$V_{BB}$	5	Reference voltage output
CLK1, CLK1	6, 7	Differential ECL/PECL/HSTL input pair
V <sub>EE</sub>	8	Ground
V <sub>CCO</sub>	9, 16, 25, 32	Output drive power supply voltage
Q0-Q9	31, 29, 27, 24, 22, 20, 18, 15, 13, 11	Differential PECL outputs
<u>Q0-Q9</u>	30, 28, 26, 23, 21, 19, 17, 14, 12, 10	Differential PECL outputs

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Type number	Package			Temperature
Type number	Name	Description	Version	range
PCK111BD	LQFP32	plastic low profile quad flat package; 32 leads; body $7 \times 7 \times 1.4$ mm	SOT358-1	–40 to +85 °C

# Low voltage 1:10 differential PECL clock driver

**PCK111** 

# **LOGIC SYMBOL**

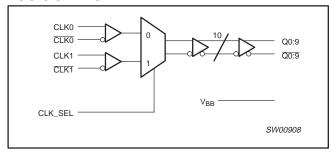


Figure 2. Logic symbol

# **FUNCTION TABLE**

CLK_SEL	Active input
0	CLK0, CLK0
1	CLK1, CLK1

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	LIMITS	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	-0.5 to +4.6	V
ESDHBM	Electrostatic discharge (Human Body Model; 1.5 kΩ, 100 pF)	>1.75	kV
ESDMM	Electrostatic discharge (Machine Model; 0 kΩ, 200 pF)	>200	V
ESDCDM	Electrostatic discharge (Charge Device Model)	>1000	V

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	2.25	3.8	V
V <sub>IR</sub>	Receiver input voltage	V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating ambient temperature range in free air	-40	+85	°C

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### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC}$  = 0 V,  $V_{EE}$  = -2.25 to -3.80 V

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	-40 °C MIN	–40 °C MAX	25 °C MIN	25 °C MAX	85 °C MIN	85 °C MAX	UNIT
I <sub>EE</sub>	Internal supply current	Absolute value of current	45	85	60	95	65	105	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Output and internal supply current	All outputs terminated 50 $\Omega$ to $V_{CC} = -2.0 \text{ V}$	270	360	290	380	300	380	mA
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input current	Includes pullup/pulldown resistors	_	150	_	150	_	150	μΑ
$V_{BB}$	Internal bias voltage		-1.38	-1.23	-1.38	-1.23	-1.38	-1.23	V
V	Input HIGH voltage	Single ended	-1.165	-0.880	-1.165	-0.880	-1.165	-0.880	V
VIH	V <sub>IH</sub> Input HIGH voltage	CLK_SEL	0.2V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	0.2V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	0.2V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
\/	Input LOW voltage	Single ended	-1.810	-1.475	-1.810	-1.475	-1.810	-1.475	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage	CLK_SEL	V <sub>EE</sub>	0.8V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	0.8V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	0.8V <sub>EE</sub>	V
V <sub>PP</sub>	Input amplitude	Difference of input = V <sub>IH</sub> – V <sub>IL</sub> (Note 1)	0.5	1.3	0.5	1.3	0.5	1.3	V
$V_{CMR}$	Common mode voltage	Cross point of input = average (V <sub>IH</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> )	V <sub>EE</sub> + 1.0	-0.3	V <sub>EE</sub> + 1.0	-0.3	V <sub>EE</sub> + 1.0	-0.3	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	$I_{OH} = -30 \text{ mA}$	-1.3	-0.95	-	-	-1.2	0.90	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	$I_{OL} = -5 \text{ mA}$	-1.85	-1.4		_	-1.90	-1.5	V
$V_{OUTpp}$	Differential output swing		350	_		_	500		MV

NOTE:

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = 2.25$  to 3.80 V,  $V_{EE} = 0$  V

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	-40 °C MIN	–40 °C MAX	25 °C MIN	25 °C MAX	85 °C MIN	85 °C MAX	UNIT
I <sub>EE</sub>	Internal supply current	Absolute value of current	45	85	60	95	65	105	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Output and internal supply current	All outputs terminated 50 $\Omega$ to $V_{CC} = -2.0 \text{ V}$	270	360	290	380	300	380	mA
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input current	Includes pullup/pulldown resistors	_	150	_	150	_	150	μА
V <sub>BB</sub>	Internal bias voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> -1.38	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.23	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.38	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.23	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.38	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.23	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage	Single ended	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.165	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.880	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.165	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.880	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.165	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.880	V
		CLK_SEL	0.8V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	0.8V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	0.8V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW voltage	Single ended	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.810	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.475	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.810	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.475	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.810	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.475	V
		CLK_SEL	V <sub>EE</sub>	0.2V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	0.2V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	0.2V <sub>CC</sub>	V
$V_{PP}$	Input amplitude	Difference of input = V <sub>IH</sub> - V <sub>IL</sub> (Note 1)	0.5	1.3	0.5	1.3	0.5	1.3	V
V <sub>CMR</sub>	Common mode voltage	Cross point of input = average (V <sub>IH</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> )	1.0	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.3	1.0	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.3	1.0	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.3	V
V <sub>IHCMR</sub>	Input HIGH voltage (HSTL)		1.2	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.2	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.2	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>x</sub>	Input crossover voltage (HSTL)	Cross point of input = average (V <sub>IH</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> )	0.68	0.9	0.68	0.9	0.68	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -30 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.30	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.95	_	_	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.20	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.90	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = -5 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.85	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.40	_	_	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.90	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.50	V
$V_{OUTpp}$	Differential output swing		350				500		MV

NOTE:

<sup>1.</sup> V<sub>PP</sub> minimum and maximum required to maintain AC specifications. Actual device function will tolerate minimum V<sub>PP</sub> of 100 mV.

<sup>1.</sup>  $V_{PP}$  minimum and maximum required to maintain AC specifications. Actual device function will tolerate minimum  $V_{PP}$  of 100 mV.

# Low voltage 1:10 differential PECL clock driver

**PCK111** 

# **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.25 to 3.80 V,  $V_{EE}$  = 0 V, or  $V_{CC}$  = 0 V,  $V_{EE}$  = -2.25 to -3.80 V

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	–40 °C MIN	–40 °C MAX	25 °C MIN	25 °C MAX	85 °C MIN	85 °C MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PD</sub>	Differential propagation delay	Nominal (single input condition) $V_{PP} = 0.650 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CMR} = V_{CC} - 0.800 \text{ V}$ (Note 1)	350	500	380	530	450	590	ps
t <sub>skew</sub>	Part-to-part skew	Note 1	_	110	_	110	_	110	ps
t <sub>skew</sub>	Output-to-output same part skew	Note 1	_	50	_	50	_	50	ps
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum output frequency	Functional to 1.5 GHz; Timing specifications apply to 1.0 GHZ	_	1500	_	1500	_	1500	MHz
t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	Output rise/fall time at 20% to 80%	All outputs terminated 50 $\Omega$ to V <sub>CC</sub> $-$ 2.0 V	100	300	100	300	100	300	ps

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# NOTE:

<sup>1.</sup> For operation with 2.5 V supply, the output termination is 50  $\Omega$  to V<sub>EE</sub>. For operation with 3.3 V supply, the output termination is 50  $\Omega$  to V<sub>CC</sub> – 2 V.

Low voltage 1:10 differential PECL clock driver

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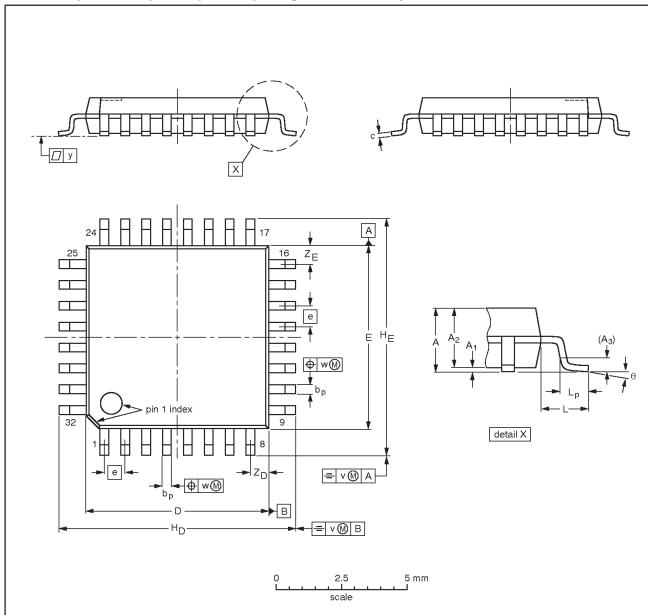
**NOTES** 

Low voltage 1:10 differential PECL clock driver

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LQFP32: plastic low profile quad flat package; 32 leads; body 7 x 7 x 1.4 mm

SOT358-1



### **DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	bp	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	е	H <sub>D</sub>	HE	L	Lp	٧	w	у	Z <sub>D</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Z <sub>E</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.60	0.20 0.05	1.45 1.35	0.25	0.4 0.3	0.18 0.12	7.1 6.9	7.1 6.9	0.8	9.15 8.85	9.15 8.85	1.0	0.75 0.45	0.2	0.25	0.1	0.9 0.5	0.9 0.5	7° 0°

#### Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER		EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	IEC JEDEC EIAJ				1920E DATE	
SOT358 -1	136E03	MS-026				<del>99-12-27</del> 00-01-19	

2002 Feb 15 7

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Data sheet status <sup>[1]</sup>	Product status <sup>[2]</sup>	Definitions
Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development.  Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
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<sup>[1]</sup> Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

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