



**NOMINAL SIZE =** 1.37 in x 0.62 in  
(34,8 mm x 15,75 mm)

### Features

- Up to 12-A Output Current
- 12-V Input Voltage
- Wide-Output Voltage Adjust (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
- Efficiencies up to 94 %
- 200 W/in<sup>3</sup> Power Density
- On/Off Inhibit
- Output Voltage Sense
- Auto-Track™ Sequencing
- Margin Up/Down Controls
- Under-Voltage Lockout
- Output Over-Current Protection (Non-Latching, Auto-Reset)
- Surface Mountable
- Operating Temp: -40 to +85 °C
- DSP Compatible Output Voltages
- IPC Lead Free 2

### Description

The PTH12010 series of non-isolated power modules are small in size but big on performance and flexibility. Their high output current, compact footprint, and industry-leading features offers system designers a versatile module for powering complex multi-processor digital systems.

The series employs double-sided surface mount construction and provides high-performance step-down power conversion for up to 12 A of output current. The output voltage of the PTH12010W can be set to any value over the range, 1.2 V to 5.5 V, using a single resistor.

This series includes Auto-Track™. Auto-Track simplifies the task of supply

voltage sequencing in a power system by enabling modules to track each other, or any external voltage, during power up and power down.

Other operating features include an on/off inhibit, output voltage adjust (trim), and margin up/down controls. To ensure tight load regulation, an output voltage sense is also provided. A non-latching over-current trip serves as load fault protection.

Target applications include complex multi-voltage, multi-processor systems that incorporate the industry's high-speed DSPs, micro-processors and bus drivers.

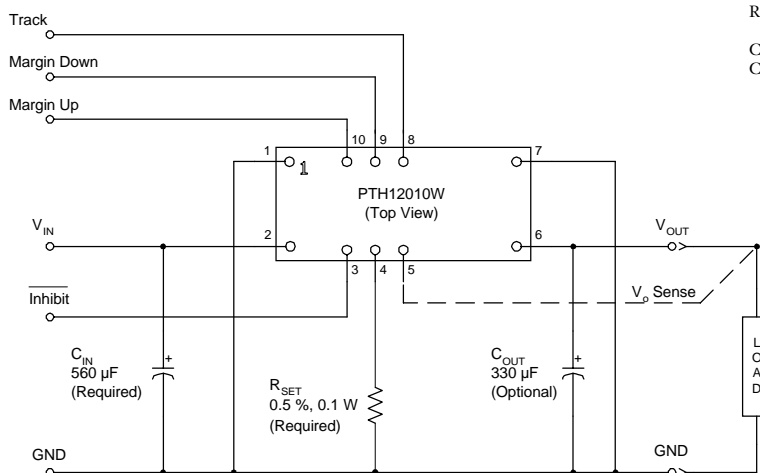
### Pin Configuration

Pin	Function
1	GND
2	V <sub>in</sub>
3	Inhibit *
4	V <sub>o</sub> Adjust
5	V <sub>o</sub> Sense
6	V <sub>out</sub>
7	GND
8	Track
9	Margin Down *
10	Margin Up *

\* Denotes negative logic:  
Open = Normal operation  
Ground = Function active

**Auto-Track™  
Sequencing**

### Standard Application



R<sub>SET</sub> = Resistor to set the desired output voltage (see spec. table for values).  
C<sub>in</sub> = Required 560 µF electrolytic capacitor  
C<sub>out</sub> = Optional 330 µF electrolytic capacitor

### Ordering Information

#### Output Voltage (PTH12010□xx)

Code	Voltage
W	1.2 V – 5.5 V (Adjust)

#### Package Options (PTH12010x□□) <sup>(1)</sup>

Code	Description	Pkg Ref. <sup>(2)</sup>
AH	Horiz. T/H	(EUH)
AS	SMD, Standard <sup>(3)</sup>	(EUJ)

**Notes:** (1) Add "T" to end of part number for tape and reel on SMD packages only.  
(2) Reference the applicable package reference drawing for the dimensions and PC board layout  
(3) "Standard" option specifies 63/37, Sn/Pb pin solder material.

### Pin Descriptions

**GND:** This is the common ground connection for the  $V_{in}$  and  $V_{out}$  power connections. It is also the 0 VDC reference for the control inputs.

**Vin:** The positive input voltage power node to the module, which is referenced to common  $GND$ .

**Inhibit:** The Inhibit pin is an open-collector/drain negative logic input that is referenced to  $GND$ . Applying a low-level ground signal to this input disables the module's output and turns off the output voltage. When the *Inhibit* control is active, the input current drawn by the regulator is significantly reduced. If the *Inhibit* pin is left open-circuit, the module will produce an output whenever a valid input source is applied.

**Vo Adjust:** A 0.5 %, 0.1 W resistor must be connected between this pin and the  $GND$  pin to set the output voltage to the desired value. The set point range for the output voltage is from 1.2 V to 5.5 V. The resistor required for a given output voltage may be calculated from the following formula. If left open circuit, the module output will default to its lowest output voltage value. For further information on the adjustment and/or trimming of the output voltage, consult the related application note.

$$R_{set} = 10 \text{ k} \cdot \frac{0.8 \text{ V}}{V_{out} - 1.2 \text{ V}} - 1.82 \text{ k}$$

The specification table gives the preferred resistor values for a number of standard output voltages.

**Vout:** The regulated positive power output with respect to the  $GND$  node.

**Track:** This is an analog control input that allows the output voltage to follow another voltage during power-up and power-down sequences. The pin is active from 0 V up to the nominal set-point voltage. Within this range the module's output will follow the voltage at the *Track* pin on a volt-for-volt basis. When the control voltage is raised above this range, the module regulates at its nominal output voltage. If unused, this input maybe left unconnected. For further information consult the related application note.

**Margin Down:** When this input is asserted to  $GND$ , the output voltage is decreased by 5% from the nominal. The input requires an open-collector (open-drain) interface. It is not TTL compatible. A lower percent change can be accommodated with a series resistor. For further information, consult the related application note.

**Margin Up:** When this input is asserted to  $GND$ , the output voltage is increased by 5%. The input requires an open-collector (open-drain) interface. It is not TTL compatible. The percent change can be reduced with a series resistor. For further information, consult the related application note.

### Environmental & Absolute Maximum Ratings (Voltages are with respect to GND)

Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Track Input Voltage	$V_{track}$		-0.2	—	$V_{in}$	V
Operating Temperature Range	$T_a$	Over $V_{in}$ Range	-40	—	85	°C
Solder Reflow Temperature	$T_{reflow}$	Surface temperature of module body or pins			215 <sup>(1)</sup>	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_s$	—	-40	—	125	°C
Mechanical Shock		Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3 1 msec, ½ Sine, mounted	—	TBD	—	G's
Mechanical Vibration		Mil-STD-883D, Method 2007.2 20-2000 Hz	—	TBD	—	G's
Weight	—		—	5	—	grams
Flammability	—	Meets UL 94V-O				

**Notes:** (1) During reflow of SMD package version do not elevate peak temperature of the module, pins or internal components above the stated maximum. For further guidance refer to the application note, "Reflow Soldering Requirements for Plug-in Power Surface Mount Products."

### Specifications (Unless otherwise stated, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{in} = 12\text{ V}$ , $V_{out} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $C_{in} = 560\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , $C_{out} = 0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , and $I_o = I_o(\text{max})$ )

Characteristics	Symbols	Conditions	PTH12010W			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	
Output Current	$I_o$	60 °C, 200 LFM airflow 25 °C, natural convection	0 0	— —	12 <sup>(1)</sup> 12 <sup>(1)</sup>	A
Input Voltage Range	$V_{in}$	Over $I_o$ range	10.8	—	13.2	V
Set-Point Voltage Tolerance	$V_o \text{ tol}$		—	—	±2	% $V_o$
Temperature Variation	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{temp}$	-40 °C < $T_a$ < +85 °C	—	±0.5	—	% $V_o$
Line Regulation	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{line}$	Over $V_{in}$ range	—	±10	—	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{load}$	Over $I_o$ range	—	±12	—	mV
Total Output Variation	$\Delta \text{Reg}_{tot}$	Includes set-point, line, load, -40 °C ≤ $T_a$ ≤ +85 °C	—	—	±3	% $V_o$
Efficiency	$\eta$	$I_o = 8\text{ A}$  RSET = 280 Ω $V_o = 5.0\text{ V}$ RSET = 2.0 kΩ $V_o = 3.3\text{ V}$ RSET = 4.32 kΩ $V_o = 2.5\text{ V}$ RSET = 8.06 kΩ $V_o = 2.0\text{ V}$ RSET = 11.5 kΩ $V_o = 1.8\text{ V}$ RSET = 24.3 kΩ $V_o = 1.5\text{ V}$ RSET = open cct $V_o = 1.2\text{ V}$	— — — — — — — —	94 93 91 90 89 88 86	— — — — — — —	%
$V_o$ Ripple (pk-pk)	$V_r$	20 MHz bandwidth  $V_o \leq 2.5\text{ V}$ $V_o > 2.5\text{ V}$	— —	25 1	— —	mVpp % $V_o$
Over-Current Threshold	$I_o \text{ trip}$	Reset, followed by auto-recovery	—	20	—	A
Transient Response	$t_{tr}$ $\Delta V_{tr}$	1 A/μs load step, 50 to 100 % $I_o(\text{max})$ , $C_{out} = 330\text{ }\mu\text{F}$  Recovery Time $V_o$ over/undershoot	— —	70 100	— —	μSec mV
Margin Up/Down Adjust	$V_o \text{ adj}$		—	±5	—	%
Margin Input Current (pins 9/10)	$I_{IL \text{ margin}}$	Pin to GND	—	-8 <sup>(2)</sup>	—	μA
Track Input Current (pin 8)	$I_{IL \text{ track}}$	Pin to GND	—	—	-0.13 <sup>(2)</sup>	mA
Track Slew Rate Capability	$dV_{track}/dt$	$ V_{track} - V_o  \leq 50\text{ mV}$ and $V_{track} < V_o(\text{nom})$	5	—	—	V/ms
Under-Voltage Lockout	UVLO	$V_{in}$ increasing $V_{in}$ decreasing	— 8.8	9.5 9	10.4 —	V
Inhibit Control (pin3) Input High Voltage Input Low Voltage Input Low Current	$V_{IH}$ $V_{IL}$ $I_{IL \text{ inhibit}}$	Referenced to GND  Pin to GND	$V_{in} - 0.5$ -0.2	— —	Open <sup>(3)</sup> 0.5	V mA
Input Standby Current	$I_{in \text{ inh}}$	Inhibit (pin 3) to GND, Track (pin 8) open	—	10	—	mA
Switching Frequency	$f_s$	Over $V_{in}$ and $I_o$ ranges	300	350	400	kHz
External Input Capacitance	$C_{in}$		560 <sup>(4)</sup>	—	—	μF
External Output Capacitance	$C_{out}$		0	330 <sup>(5)</sup>	TBD	μF
Reliability	MTBF	Per Bellcore TR-332 50 % stress, $T_a = 40^\circ\text{C}$ , ground benign	TBD	—	—	10 <sup>6</sup> Hrs

**Notes:** (1) See SOA curves or consult factory for appropriate derating.

(2) This is a typical value. For the adjustment limits of a specific model, consult the related application note on output voltage adjustment.

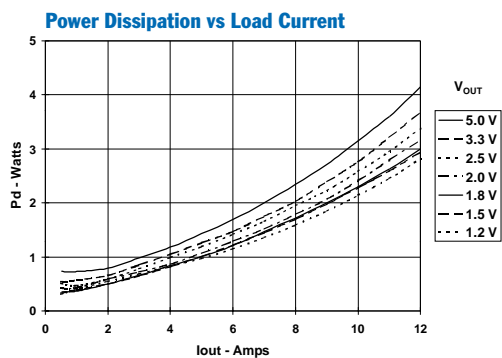
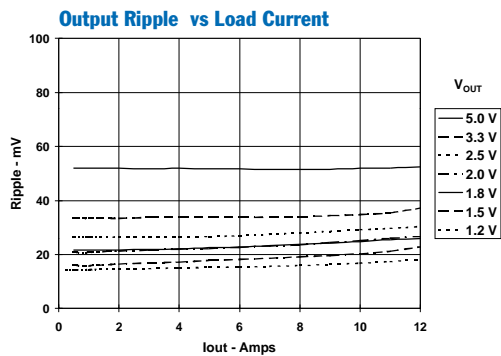
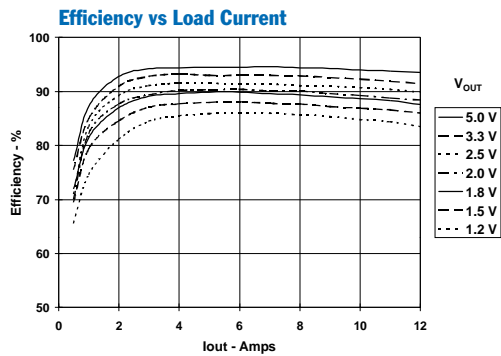
(3) A small low-leakage (<100 nA) MOSFET is recommended to control this pin. The open-circuit voltage is less than 1 Vdc.

(4) This control pin has an internal pull-up to the input voltage  $V_{in}$ . If it is left open-circuit the module will operate when input power is applied. A small low-leakage (<100 nA) MOSFET is recommended for control. For further information, consult the related application note.

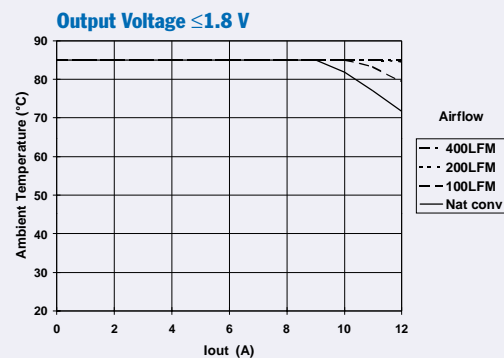
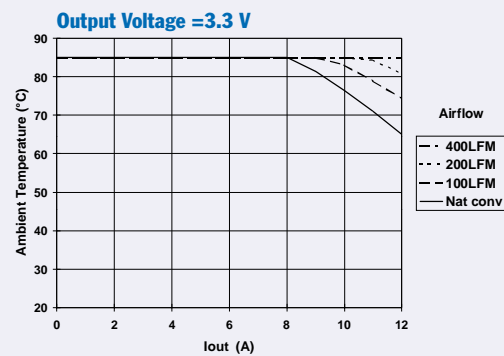
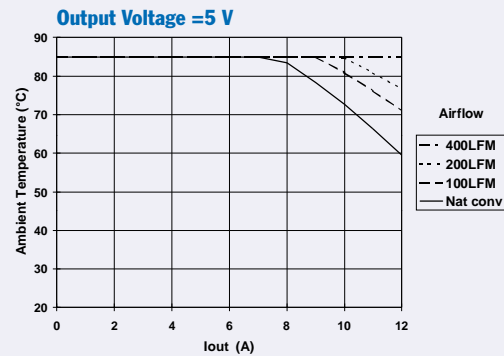
(5) A 560 μF electrolytic input capacitor are required for proper operation. The electrolytic capacitor must be rated for a minimum of 800 mA rms of ripple current. For further information, consult the related application note regarding capacitor selection.

(6) An external output capacitor is not required for basic operation. Adding 330 μF of distributed capacitance at the load will improve the transient response.

Characteristic Data;  $V_{in} = 12\text{ V}$  (See Note A)



Safe Operating Area;  $V_{in} = 12\text{ V}$  (See Note B)



ADVANCE INFORMATION

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**Note A:** Characteristic data has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the Converter.

**Note B:** SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below the manufacturer's maximum operating temperatures. Derating limits apply to modules soldered directly to a 4 in. × 4 in. double-sided PCB with 1 oz. copper.

## Capacitor Recommendations for the PTH12010 Series of Plug-in Power Modules

### Input Capacitor

The recommended input capacitance is determined by 800 mA rms minimum ripple current rating and 560  $\mu$ F minimum capacitance.

Ripple current and <100 m $\Omega$  equivalent series resistance (ESR) values are the major considerations, along with temperature, when designing with different types of capacitors. Tantalum capacitors have a recommended minimum voltage rating of  $2 \times$  (max. DC voltage + AC ripple). This is necessary to insure reliability for input voltage bus applications. Tantalum capacitors are not recommended on the input bus.

### Output Capacitors (Optional)

The recommended ESR of the output capacitor is less than or equal to 150 m $\Omega$ . Electrolytic capacitors have marginal ripple performance at frequencies greater than 400 kHz but excellent low frequency transient response. Above the ripple frequency, ceramic capacitors are necessary to improve the transient response and reduce any high frequency noise components apparent during higher current excursions. Preferred low-ESR capacitor part numbers are identified in Table 2-1.

### Tantalum Capacitors

Tantalum type capacitors can be used for the output but only the AVX TPS, Sprague 593D/594/595 or Kemet T495/T510 series. These capacitors are recommended over many other tantalum types due to their higher rated surge, power dissipation, and ripple current capability. As a caution the TAJ series by AVX is not recommended. This series has considerably higher ESR, reduced power dissipation, and lower ripple current capability. The TAJ series is also less reliable than the AVX TPS series when determining power dissipation capability. Tantalum or Oscon® types are recommended for applications where ambient temperatures fall below 0°C.

### Ceramic Capacitors

Electrolytic capacitors can be substituted with ceramic types on the output bus with the minimum capacitance for reduced ripple and improved transient response.

### Capacitor Table

Table 2-1 identifies the characteristics of capacitors from a number of vendors with acceptable ESR and ripple current (rms) ratings. The number of capacitors required at both the input and output buses is identified for each capacitor type.

*This is not an extensive capacitor list. Capacitors from other vendors are available with comparable specifications. Those listed are for guidance. The RMS ripple current rating and ESR (at 100 kHz) are critical parameters necessary to insure both optimum regulator performance and long-term reliability.*

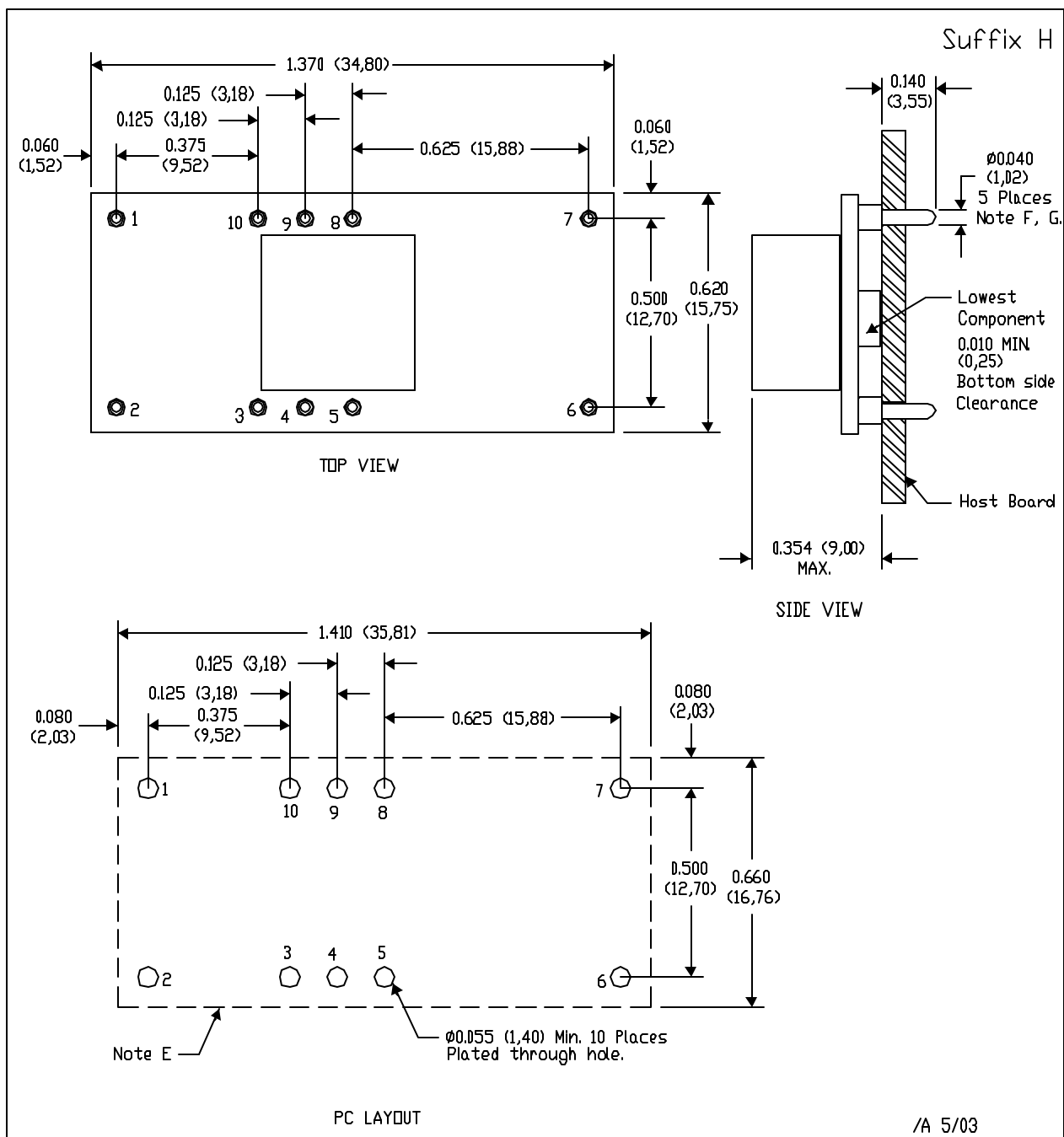
**Table 2-1: Input/Output Capacitors**

Capacitor Vendor/ Series	Capacitor Characteristics					Quantity		Vendor Part Number
	Working Voltage	Value ( $\mu$ F)	(ESR) Equivalent Series Resistance	105°C Maximum Ripple Current(Irms)	Physical Size(mm)	Input Bus	Optional Output Bus	
Panasonic FC (Radial) FK (Surface Mtg)	25 V	330	0.090 $\Omega$	755 mA	10×12.5	2	1	EEUFC1E331
	25 V	560	0.065 $\Omega$	1205 mA	12.5×15	1	1	EEUFC1E561S
	25 V	1000	0.060 $\Omega$	1100mA	12.5×13.5	1	1	EEVFK1E102Q
	35 V	680	0.060 $\Omega$	1100 mA	12.5×13.5	1	1	EEVFK1V681Q
United Chemi-Con LXZ Series FX	25 V	330	0.090 $\Omega$	760 mA	10×12.5	2	1	LXZ25VB331M10X12LL
	16 V	330	0.018 $\Omega$	4500 mA	10×10.5	2	1	16FX330M
	16 V	680	0.068 $\Omega$	1050 mA	10×16	1	1	LXZ16VB681M10X16LL
Nichicon PM Series	25 V	560	0.060 $\Omega$	1060 mA	12.5×15	1	1	UPM1E561MHH6
	25 V	680	0.055 $\Omega$	1270 mA	16×15	1	1	UPM1E681MHH6
	35 V	560	0.048 $\Omega$	1360 mA	16×15	1	1	UPM1V561MHH6
Os-con: SP SVP (Surface Mtg)	16 V	270	0.018 $\Omega$	>3500 mA	10×10.5	2	1	16SP270M
	16 V	330	0.016 $\Omega$	4700 mA	11×12	2	1	16SVP330M
AVX Tantalum TPS (Surface Mtg)	10 V	330	0.10 $\Omega$	>2500 mA	7.3L	N/R (1)	1	TPSE337M010R0100 ( $V_{dc}$ <5.1V)
	10 V	330	0.06 $\Omega$	>3000 mA	×5.7W ×4.1H	N/R (1)	1	TPSV337M010R0060 ( $V_{dc}$ <5.1V)
Kemet Tantalum T520/T495 Series (Surface Mtg)	10 V	330	0.04 $\Omega$	1600 mA	4.3W ×7.3L ×4.0H	N/R (1)	1	520X337M010AS ( $V_{dc}$ <5.1V)
	10 V	220	0.07 $\Omega$	>2000 mA		N/R (1)	1	T495X227M0100AS ( $V_{dc}$ <5.1V)
Sprague Tantalum 594D Series (Surface Mtg)	10 V	330	0.045 $\Omega$	2360 mA	7.2L ×6W ×4.1H	N/R (1)	1	594D337X0010R2T ( $V_{dc}$ <5.1V)

(1) N/R –Not recommended. The voltage rating does not meet the minimum operating limits.

EUH (R-PDSS-T10)

DOUBLE SIDED MODULE

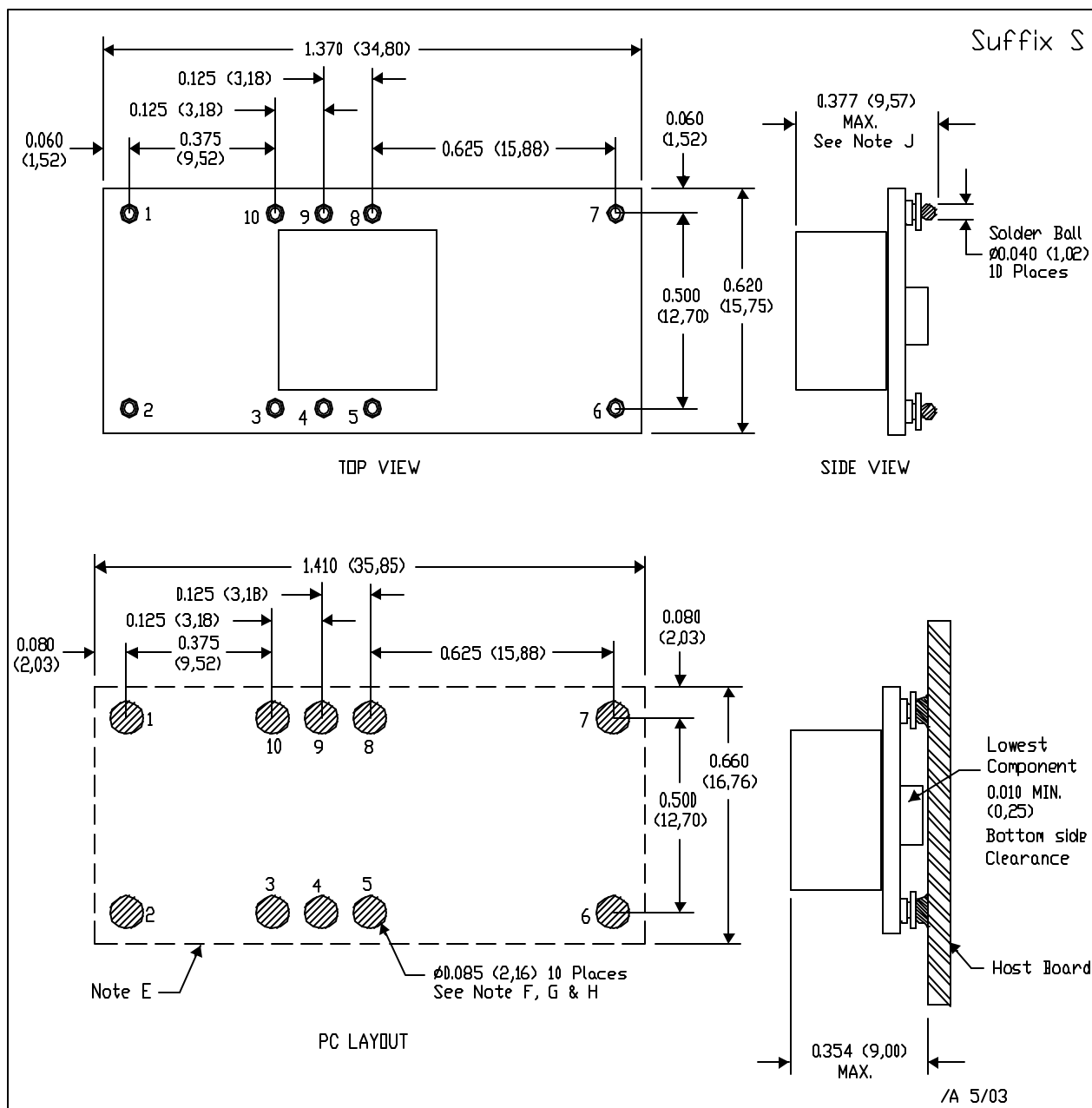


- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (mm).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - 2 place decimals are  $\pm 0.030$  ( $\pm 0,76$ mm).
  - 3 place decimals are  $\pm 0.010$  ( $\pm 0,25$ mm).
  - Recommended keep out area for user components.

- Pins are  $0.040''$  (1,02) diameter with  $0.070''$  (1,78) diameter standoff shoulder.
- All pins: Material - Copper Alloy  
Finish - Tin (100%) over Nickel plate

EUJ (R-PDSS-B10)

DOUBLE SIDED MODULE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (mm).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - 2 place decimals are  $\pm 0.030$  ( $\pm 0,76$ mm).
  - 3 place decimals are  $\pm 0.010$  ( $\pm 0,25$ mm).
  - Recommended keep out area for user components.
  - Power pin connection should utilize two or more vias to the interior power plane of 0.025 (0,63) I.D. per input, ground and output pin (or the electrical equivalent).

- Paste screen opening: 0.080 (2,03) to 0.085 (2,16).  
Paste screen thickness: 0.006 (0,15).
- Pad type: Solder mask defined.
- All pins: Material - Copper Alloy  
Finish - Tin (100%) over Nickel plate  
Solder Ball - See product data sheet.
- Dimension prior to reflow solder.

SCALE  
2.5X

SIZE

REV

SHEET  
2  
3

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