SLTS038A

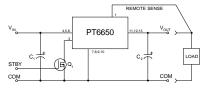
(Revised 6/30/2000)

- Single Device: 5A Output
- Input Voltage Range: 9V to 28V
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- 80% Efficiency
- Remote Sense Capability
- Standby Function

The PT6650 series is line of 24V bus Integrated Switching Regulators (ISRs). Designed for general purpose industrial applications requiring as much as 5A of output current, the PT6650 is packaged in a 14-Pin SIP (Single In-line Package) and is available in a surface-mount configuration.

Only two external capacitors are required for proper operation. Please note that this product does not include short circuit protection.

Standard Application



- C₁ = Required 560µF electrolytic (1, 2) C_2 = Required 330 μ F electrolytic (1)
- Q1= NFET-or Open Collector Gate

Pin-Out Information Remote Sense Do Not Connect STBY*- Standby

 V_{in} $\overline{V}_{\underline{in}}$ GND 8 GND GND 10 GND $\overline{V_{\text{out}}}$ 11 Vout 12

Vout

V_{out} Adjust

13

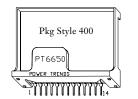
14

Ordering Information PT6651 = +3.3 VoltsPT6652 = +2.5 VoltsPT6653 = +5.0 Volts

PT6654 = +9.0 VoltsPT6655 = +15.0 Volts= +12.0 VoltsPT6656

PT Series Suffix (PT1234X)

Case/Pin Configuration	Heat Spreader	Heat Spreader with Side Tabs
Vertical Through-Hole	P	R
Horizontal Through-Ho	ole D	G
Horizontal Surface Mou	nt E	В



Note: Back surface of product is conducting metal

Specifications

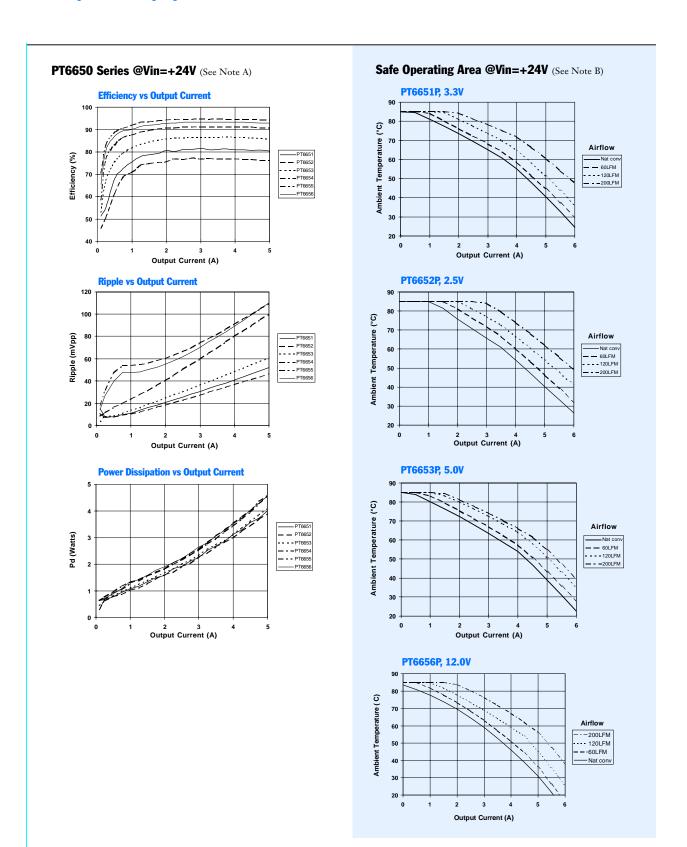
Characteristics				F	PT6650 SERI	ES	
(T _a = 25°C unless noted)	Symbols	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Current	I_{o}	$T_a = 60$ °C, 200 LFM, pkg I $T_a = 25$ °C, natural convecti		0.1 (3) 0.1 (3)	=	5.0 (4) 5.0 (4)	A
Input Voltage Range	V_{in}	$0.1\mathrm{A} \leq \mathrm{I_o} \leq 5.0\mathrm{A}$	$V_o \le +6V$ $V_o > +6V$	+9V Vo+3	=	+28V +28V	V
Output Voltage Tolerance	$\Delta { m V}_{ m o}$	Over V_{in} range $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$		Vo-0.1	_	Vo+0.1	V
Output Voltage Adjust Range	$ m V_{oadj}$	Pin 14 to $ m V_o$ or ground	$V_{o} = +3.3V V_{o} = +2.5V V_{o} = +5.0V V_{o} = +9.0V V_{o} = +12V V_{o} = +15V$	2.2 1.8 3.0 6.0 9.0 10.0	_ _ _ _	4.7 4.3 6.5 10.2 13.6 17.0	V
Line Regulation	Reg _{line}	$+9V \le V_{in} \le +28V$, $I_o = 5.0A$		_	±0.5	±1.0	$%V_{o}$
Load Regulation	Reg _{load}	$V_{in} = +24V, 0.1 \le I_0 \le 5.0A$		_	±0.5	±1.0	$%V_{o}$
Vo Ripple/Noise	V_n	$V_{in} = +24V, I_o = 5.0A$	$V_o \le +6V$ $V_o > +6V$	_	50 1.0	_	mVpp %Vo
Transient Response with $C_2 = 330 \mu F$	$egin{array}{c} t_{ m tr} \ V_{ m os} \end{array}$	I _o step between 2.5A and 5. V _o over/undershoot	0A	=	100 100	=	μSec mV
Efficiency	η	$V_{\rm in}$ = +24V, $I_{\rm o}$ = 0.5x $I_{\rm o \; max}$	$V_o = +3.3V$ $V_o = +2.5V$ $V_o = +5.0V$	_	81 76 85	=	%
		$V_{\rm in}$ = +24V, $I_{\rm o}$ = $I_{\rm o max}$	$V_o = +3.3V$ $V_o = +2.5V$ $V_o = +5.0V$	=	80 75 84	Ξ	%
Switching Frequency	$f_{ m o}$	$9V \le V_{in} \le 28V$ Over I_o range		500	550	600	kHz
Absolute Maximum Operating Temperature Range	T_a	Over V _{in} range		-40	_	+85 (4)	°C
Storage Temperature	T_s	_		-40	_	+125	°C
Mechanical Shock	_	Per Mil-STD-883D, Metho	d 2002.3	_	500	_	G's
Mechanical Vibration	_	Per Mil-STD-883D, Metho 20-2000 Hz, soldered in a PO		_	7.5	_	G's
Weight	_	_		_	14	_	grams

Notes: (1) The PT6650 Series requires a 330µF electrolytic capacitor at the output, and a 560µF at the input for proper operation in all applications.

- (2) The input capacitor must be have a low ESR, and be rated for 1.4Arms of ripple current.
 (3) ISR will operate down to no load with reduced specifications.
 (4) See SOA curves, or contact the factory for the appropriate derating.



5 Amp 24V Input Integrated Switching Regulator



Note A: All data listed in the above graphs has been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the ISR.

Note B: SOA curves represent the conditions at which internal components are at or below manufacturer's maximum operating temperatures.

PT6650 Series

Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT6650 5Amp 24V Bus Converter Series

The output voltage of the Power Trends PT6650 Series ISRs may be adjusted higher or lower than the factory trimmed pre-set voltage with the addition of a single external resistor. Table 1 accordingly gives the allowable adjustment range for each model in the series as $V_{\rm a}$ (min) and $V_{\rm a}$ (max).

Adjust Up: An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor R2, between pin 14 (V_o adjust) and pins 7-10 (GND).

Adjust Down: Add a resistor (R1), between pin 14 (V_o adjust) and pins 11-13 (V_{out}).

Refer to Figure 1 and Table 2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor, either (R1) or R2 as appropriate.

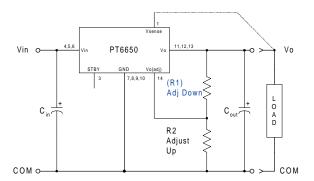
Notes:

- 1. Use only a single 1% resistor in either the (R1) or R2 location. Place the resistor as close to the ISR as possible.
- Never connect capacitors from V_o adjust to either GND, V_{out}, or the Remote Sense pin. Any capacitance added to the V_{out} adjust pin will affect the stability of the ISR.
- If the Remote Sense feature is being used, connecting the resistor (R1) between pin 14 (V_o adjust) and pin 1 (Remote Sense) can benefit load regulation.
- Adjustments to the output voltage may place additional limits on the input voltage for the part. The revised limits must comply with the following requirements.

$$V_{in}$$
 (min) = $(V_{out} + 3)V$ or $9V$,
whichever is higher.
 V_{in} (max) = $(10 \times V_{out})V$ or $28V$,
whichever is less.

5. For output voltages above 12.5Vdc, the maximum output current must be limited to 4Adc.

Figure 1



The values of (R1) [adjust down], and R2 [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulae.

$$R2 \hspace{1.5cm} = \hspace{.5cm} \frac{R_{o} \, (V_{o} - 1.25)}{V_{a} - V_{o}} \hspace{.5cm} - \hspace{.5cm} R_{s} \hspace{1.5cm} k \Omega \label{eq:R2}$$

Where: V_{o} = Original output voltage V_{a} = Adjusted output voltage

 R_{o} = The resistance value in Table 1

R_e = The series resistance from Table 1

Table 1

PT6650 ADJUS	STMENT AND FOR	MULA PARAMETERS					
Series Pt #	PT6652	PT6651	PT6653	PT6654	PT6656	PT6655	
V _O (nom)	2.5V	3.3V	5.0V	9.0V	12.0V	15.0V	
V _a (min)	1.8V	2.2V	3.0V	6.0V	9.0V	10.0V	
V _a (max)	4.3V	4.7V	6.5V	10.2V	13.6V	17.0V	
R ₀ (kΩ)	4.99	4.22	2.49	2.0	2.0	2.0	
R _s (kΩ)	2.49	4.99	4.99	12.7	12.7	12.7	

Application Notes continued

PT6650 Series

orico Dt #	STMENT RESISTO PT6652		PT6653	Series Pt #	PT6654	DTCCEC	PT6655
eries Pt # Surrent	5Adc	PT6651 5Adc	5Adc	Series Pt # Current	5Adc	PT6656 5Adc	4Adc
o (nom)	2.5Vdc	3.3Vdc	5.0Vdc	V _o (nom)	9.0Vdc	12.0Vdc	15.0Vdc
a (req'd)	210740	0.0140	0.0140	V _a (req'd)	0.01d0	1210140	1010140
1.8	(1.4)kΩ			6.0	(6.9)kΩ		
1.9	(2.9)kΩ			6.2	$(9.2)k\Omega$		
2.0	(5.0) k Ω			6.4	$(7.2)k\Omega$ (11.9)k Ω		
2.1	(8.1) k Ω			6.6	$(14.0)k\Omega$		
2.2	$(3.1)k\Omega$ (13.3)k Ω	(1.0)kΩ		6.8	(14.0) k Ω		
2.3	(23.7) k Ω	(2.3)kΩ		7.0	(23.0)kΩ		
2.4	(54.9)kΩ	(3.9)kΩ		7.2	(28.3)kΩ		
2.5	(51.7)1.22	(5.8)kΩ		7.4	(35.0)kΩ		
2.6	59.9kΩ	(8.4)kΩ		7.6	(43.5)kΩ		
2.7	28.7kΩ	(11.7)kΩ		7.8	(55.0)kΩ		
2.8	18.3kΩ	(16.5) k Ω		8.0	(71.0)kΩ		
2.9	13.1kΩ	(23.6)kΩ		8.2	(71.0)kΩ		
3.0	10.0kΩ	(35.4)kΩ	(1.6)kΩ	8.4	(95.0)kΩ		
3.1	7.9kΩ	(59.0)kΩ	(2.3)kΩ	8.6	(215.0)kΩ		
3.2	6.4kΩ	(130.0)kΩ	(3.1)kΩ	8.8	(455.0)kΩ		
3.3	5.3kΩ	(150.0)832	$(4.0)k\Omega$	9.0	(155.0)822	(31.7)kΩ	
3.4	4.4kΩ	81.5kΩ	(5.1)kΩ	9.2	64.8kΩ	(36.1)kΩ	
3.5	3.8kΩ	38.3kΩ	$(6.2)k\Omega$	9.4	26.1kΩ	(41.2)kΩ	
3.6	3.2kΩ	23.8kΩ	(7.6)kΩ	9.6	13.1kΩ	(47.1)kΩ	
3.7	2.7kΩ	16.6kΩ	(9.1)kΩ	9.8	6.7kΩ	(54.1)kΩ	
3.8	2.3kΩ	12.3kΩ	(10.9)kΩ	10.0	2.8kΩ	(62.6)kΩ	(25.8)kΩ
3.9	2.0kΩ	9.4kΩ	(13.0)kΩ	10.2	0.2kΩ	(72.8)kΩ	(28.3)kΩ
4.0	1.7kΩ	7.4kΩ	(15.6)kΩ	10.4	0.2.1.2	(85.7)kΩ	(31.1)kΩ
4.1	1.4kΩ	5.8kΩ	(18.7)kΩ	10.6		(102.0)kΩ	(34.1)kΩ
4.2	1.2kΩ	4.6kΩ	(22.6)kΩ	10.8		(124.0)kΩ	(37.3)kΩ
4.3	1.0kΩ	3.7kΩ	(27.6)kΩ	11.0		(155.0)kΩ	(40.9)kΩ
4.4	110112	2.9kΩ	(34.2)kΩ	11.2		(201.0)kΩ	(44.9)kΩ
4.5		2.2kΩ	(43.6)kΩ	11.4		(278.0)kΩ	(49.3)kΩ
4.6		1.7kΩ	(57.6)kΩ	11.6		(432.0)kΩ	(54.3)kΩ
4.7		1.2kΩ	(80.9)kΩ	11.8		(895.0)kΩ	(59.8)kΩ
4.8			(128.0)kΩ	12.0		(,	(66.1)kΩ
4.9			(268.0)kΩ	12.2		94.8kΩ	(73.3)kΩ
5.0				12.4		41.1kΩ	(81.6)kΩ
5.1			88.4kΩ	12.6		23.1kΩ	(91.3)kΩ
5.2			41.7kΩ	12.8		14.2kΩ	(103.0)kΩ
5.3			26.1kΩ	13.0		8.8kΩ	(117.0)kΩ
5.4			18.4kΩ	13.2		5.2kΩ	(133.0)kΩ
5.5			13.7kΩ	13.4		2.7kΩ	(154.0)kΩ
5.6			10.6kΩ	13.6		$0.7 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	(181.0)kΩ
5.7			8.4kΩ	13.8			(217.0)kΩ
5.8			$6.7 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	14.0			(268.0)kΩ
5.9			5.4kΩ	14.2			(343.0)kΩ
6.0			$4.4\mathrm{k}\Omega$	14.5			(570.0)kΩ
6.1			3.5kΩ	15.0			
6.2			2.8kΩ	15.5			42.3kΩ
6.3			2.2kΩ	16.0			14.8kΩ
6.4			1.7kΩ	16.5			5.6kΩ
6.5			1.2kΩ	17.0			1.1kΩ

R1 = (Blue) R2 = Black



PT6650 Series

Using the Standby Function on the PT6650 Series of 24V Bus Converters

For applications requiring output voltage On/Off control, the 14-pin PT6650 ISR series incorporates a standby function. This feature may be used for power-up/shutdown sequencing, and wherever there is a requirement for the output status of the module to be controlled by external circuitry.

The standby function is provided by the $STBY^*$ control, pin 3. If pin 3 is left open-circuit the regulator operates normally, providing a regulated output whenever a valid supply voltage is applied to $V_{\rm in}$ (pins 4, 5, & 6) with respect to GND (pins 7-10). Connecting pin 3 to ground 2 will disable the regulator output and reduce the input current to less than $30 {\rm mA}^4$. Grounding the standby control will also hold-off the regulator output during the period that input power is applied.

The standby input is ideally controlled with an opencollector (or open-drain) discrete transistor (See Figure 1). It can also be driven directly from a dedicated TTL³ compatible gate. Table 1 provides details of the threshold requirements.

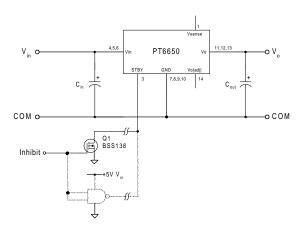
Table 1 Inhibit Control Thresholds (2,3)

Parameter	Min	Max
Enable (VIH)	1V	5V
Disable (VIL)	-0.1V	0.3V

Notes:

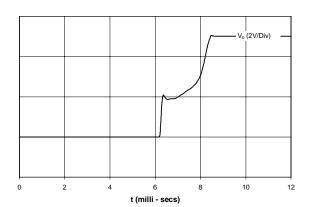
- The Standby/Inhibit control logic is similar for all Power Trends' modules, but the flexibility and threshold tolerances will be different. For specific information on this function for other regulator models, consult the applicable application note.
- 2. The Standby input on the PT6650 regulator series may be controlled using either an open-collector (or open-drain) discrete transistor, or a device with a totem-pole output. A pull-up resistor is not necessary. The control input has an open-circuit voltage of about 1.5Vdc. To disable the regulator output, the control pin must be "pulled" to less than 0.3Vdc with a low-level 0.25mA max. sink to ground.
- 3. The Standby input on the PT6650 series is also compatible with TTL logic. A standard TTL logic gate will meet the $0.3 \mathrm{V} \, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ (max) requirement (Table 1) at $0.25 \mathrm{mA}$ sink current. <u>Do not</u> drive the Standby control input above 5 Vdc.
- 4. When the regulator output is disabled the current drawn from the input source is reduced to approximately 15mA (30mA maximum).
- 5. The turn-off time of Q_1 , or rise time of the standby input is not critical on the PT6650 series. Turning Q_1 off over periods up to 100ms will not damage the regulator. However, a slow turn-off time will increase both the initial delay and rate-of-rise of the output voltage.

Figure 1



Turn-On Time: Turning Q_1 off in Figure 1, removes the low-voltage signal at pin 3 and enables the output. The PT6650 series of regulators will provide a fully regulated output voltage within 12ms. The actual turn-on time may vary with load and the total amount of output capacitance. Figure 2 shows the typical output voltage waveform of a PT6653 (5.0V) following the prompt turn-off of Q_1 at time t =0 secs. The waveform was measured with a 24V input voltage, and 5A resistive load.

Figure 2



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