

STEREO AUDIO CODEC WITH USB INTERFACE, SINGLE-ENDED ANALOG INPUT/OUTPUT AND S/PDIF

FEATURES

- PCM2901: Without S/PDIF
- PCM2903: With S/PDIF
- On-Chip USB Interface:
 - With Full-Speed Transceivers
 - Fully Compliant With USB 1.1 Specification
 - Certified by USB-IF
 - Partially Programmable Descriptors⁽¹⁾
 - USB Adaptive Mode for Playback
 - USB Asynchronous Mode for Record
 - Self Powered
- 16-Bit Delta Sigma ADC and DAC
- Sampling Rate:
 - DAC: 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
 - ADC: 8, 11.025, 16, 22.05, 32, 44.1, 48 kHz
- On-Chip Clock Generator:
 - With Single 12-MHz Clock Source
- Single Power Supply: 3.3 V TYP
- Stereo ADC Analog Performance at

 $V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$:

- THD+N = 0.01%
- SNR = 89 dB
- Dynamic Range = 89 dB
- Decimation Digital Filter
- Passband Ripple = ± 0.05 dB
- Stopband Attenuation = -65 dB
- Single-Ended Voltage Input
- Antialiasing Filter Included
- Digital LCF Included
- Stereo DAC Analog Performance at
 V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCX} = V_{DD} = 3.3 V:
 - THD+N = 0.005%
 - SNR = 96 dB

- Dynamic Range = 93 dB
- Oversampling Digital Filter
- Passband Ripple = ±0.1 dB
- Stopband Attenuation = -43 dB
- Single-Ended Voltage Output
- Analog LPF Included
- Multifunctions:
 - HID Volume ± Control and Mute Control
 - Suspend Flag
- Package: 28-Pin SSOP, Lead-Free Product

APPLICATIONS

- USB Audio Speaker
- USB Headset
- USB Monitor
- USB Audio Interface Box

DESCRIPTION

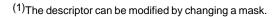
The PCM2901/2903 is Texas Instruments single-chip USB stereo audio codec with USB 1.1 compliant full-speed protocol controller and S/PDIF (only PCM2903). The USB protocol controller works with no software code, but the USB descriptors can be modified in some areas (ex. vendor ID/product ID). The PCM2901/2903 employs a USB data tracking system named sampling period adaptive controlled tracking (SpAct), which is Tl's audio clock recovery architecture. The on-chip analog PLLs with the SpAct enables independent playback and record sampling rates with low clock jitters.

Clocked by SpAct

Input signal is reclocked with the patented sampling period adaptive controlled tracking system for maximum quality.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.









This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PACKAGING ORDERING INFORMATION

	PCM2901						
PRODUCT	RODUCT PACKAGE-LEAD PACK		SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER ⁽¹⁾	TRANSPORT MEDIA	
DOMOGO 4 E	0000 00	0000	0500 1- 0500	DOMOGRAE	PCM2901E	Rails	
PCM2901E	SSOP-28	28DB	–25°C to 85°C	PCM2901E	PCM2901E/2K	Tape and reel	

⁽¹⁾ Models with a slash (/) are available only in tape and reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K indicates 2000 devices per reel). Ordering 2000 pieces of PCM2901E/2K gets a single 2000 piece tape and reel.

	PCM2903						
PRODUCT	PACKAGE-LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER(2)	TRANSPORT MEDIA	
DOMOGOSE	CCOD 00	2000	0500 +- 0500	DCMAGGGE	PCM2903E	Rails	
PCM2903E	550P-28	SSOP-28 28DB -25°C to 85°C PCM290		PCM2903E	PCM2903E/2K	Tape and reel	

⁽²⁾ Models with a slash (/) are available only in tape and reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K indicates 2000 devices per reel). Ordering 2000 pieces of PCM2903E/2K gets a single 2000 piece tape and reel.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted(1)

		PCM2901/PCM2903	UNIT
Supply voltage, VCCC	C, VCCP1, VCCP2, VCCX, VDD	4.0	V
Supply voltage differen	nces, V _{CCC} , V _{CCP1} , V _{CCP2} , V _{CCX} , V _{DD}	±0.1	V
Ground voltage differe	ences, AGNDC, AGNDP, AGNDX, DGND, DGNDU	±0.1	V
B: :: 1:	SEL0, SEL1, DIN	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Digital input voltage	D+, D-, HID0, HID1, HID2, XTI, XTO, DOUT, SSPND	-0.3 to (V _{DD} + 0.3)	V
Analog input voltage V _{IN} L, V _{IN} R, V _{COM} , V _{OUT} R, V _{OUT} L -0.3 to (V _{CCC} + 0.3)		V	
Input current (any pins except supplies) ±10		±10	mA
Ambient temperature under bias -40 to 125		°C	
Storage temperature,	T_{stg}	-55 to 150	°C
Junction temperature T _J		150	°C
Lead temperature (soldering) 260		260	°C, 5 s
Package temperature (IR reflow, peak) 260			

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, V_{CCP} , V_{CCP} , V_{CCP} , V_{CCP} , V_{CCP} , $V_{CDD} = 3.3$ V, $f_S = 44.1$ kHz, $f_{IN} = 1$ kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

	PARAMET	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
Digita	Input/Output			•				
	Host interface		Apply USB Revision 1.1, full speed					
	Audio data format		USB isochronous data format					
Input I	_ogic							
		D+, D-		2		V_{DD}		
.,	Herb Level Construction	XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2		0.7V DD		V_{DD}	\/D0	
VIH	High-level input voltage	SEL0, SEL1		2		5.25	VDC	
		DIN, PCM2903		0.7V DD		5.25		
		D+, D-		V_{DD}		0.8		
.,	Landard Sandards	XTI, HID0, HID1, and HID2				0.3V DD	\/D0	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	SEL0, SEL1		İ		0.8	VDC	
		DIN, PCM2903				0.3V DD		
	I _{IH} High-level input current	D+, D-, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	V _{IN} = 3.3 V	1		±10)) μΑ	
lн		HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		50	80		
		DIN, PCM2903	V _{IN} = 3.3 V		65	100		
		D+, D-, XTI, SEL0, SEL1	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10		
IĮL	Low-level input current	HID0, HID1, and HID2	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10		
	·	DIN, PCM2903	V _{IN} = 0 V			±10	,	
Outpu	t Logic	•						
		D+, D-		2.8				
۷он	High-level output voltage	DOUT, PCM2903	I _{OH} = -4 mA	2.8			VDC	
		SSPND	I _{OH} = -2 mA	2.8				
		D+, D-				0.3		
VOL	Low-level output voltage	DOUT, PCM2903	I _{OL} = 4 mA			0.5	VDC	
		SSPND	I _{OL} = 2 mA			0.5		
Clock	Frequency	•		•				
	Input clock frequency, XTI			11.99 4	12	12.0 06	MHz	
ADCC	haracteristics		•	•			•	
	Resolution				8, 16		bits	
	Audio data channel				1, 2		channel	



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, V_{CCP_1} , V_{CCP_2} , V_{CCP_3} , V_{CCP_4} , V_{CCP_5} , $V_{$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TY	P MAX	UNIT	
ClockFr	requency		•			
fg	Samplingfrequency		8,11.025,16,22.0	5,32,44.1,48	kHz	
DC Acci	ıracy	•			•	
	Gain mismatch channel-to-channel		±	:1 ±5	%FSR	
	Gain error		±	·2 ±10	%FSR	
	Bipolar zero error		±	:0	%FSR	
Dynami	cPerformance ⁽¹⁾				•	
TUD. N	Total because of all total to a local and a	$V_{IN} = -0.5 dB$	0.019	% 0.02%		
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_{IN} = -60 \text{ dB}$	59	%		
	Dynamic range	A-Weighted	81 8	19	dB	
SNR	Signal-to-noiseratio	A-Weighted	81 8	9	dB	
	Channelseparation		80 8	35	dB	
Analog I	input	•			•	
	Inputvoltage		0.	-	Vp–p	
	mput voltage		Vcc		. 4 4	
	Centervoltage		0.		V	
	<u> </u>		Vcc			
	Inputimpedance			30	kΩ	
Antialiasing filter frequency response		–3 dB	15		kHz	
	- This and only into the question to spond of	f _{IN} = 20 kHz	-0.0)8	dB	
Digital F	ilter Performance					
	Passband			0.454 fs	Hz	
	Stopband		0.583 fg		Hz	
	Passband ripple			±0.05	dB	
	Stopband attenuation		-65		dB	
t _d	Delay time		17.4/f	S	S	
	LCF frequency response	−3 dB	0.078f	S	MHz	
DACCha	aracteristics					
	Resolution		8, 1	6	bits	
	Audio data channel		1,	2	channel	
ClockFr	requency	•	·		•	
fg	Samplingfrequency		32, 44.1	, 48	kHz	

⁽¹⁾ f_{IN} = 1 kHz, using Audio Precision System II, RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF in calculation.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

all specifications at TA = 25° C, VCCP, VCCP1, VCCP2, VCCX, VDD = 3.3 V, fS = 44.1 kHz, fIN = 1 kHz, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DC Accu	ıracy	'				
	Gain mismatch channel-to-channel			±1	±5	%FSR
	Gain error			±2	±10	%FSR
	Bipolar zero error			±2		%FSR
Dynamic	cPerformance ⁽¹⁾					
		V _{OUT} = 0 dB		0.005%	0.016%	
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V _{OUT} = -60 dB		3%		
	Dynamic range	EIAJ, A-weighted	87	93		dB
SNR	Signal-to-noiseratio	EIAJ, A-weighted	90	96		dB
	Channelseparation		86	92		dB
Analog	Output	<u>, </u>				
\/-	Outputualtana			0.6		\ /
VO	Output voltage			VCCC		Vp–p
	Centervoltage			0.5		V
	Center voltage			Vccc		V
	Loadimpedance	AC coupling	10			kΩ
	LPF frequency response	-3 dB		250		kHz
	LFT frequency response	f = 20 kHz		-0.03		dB
	Digital filter performance					
	Passband				0.445 fg	Hz
	Stopband		0.555 fg			Hz
	Passband ripple				±0.1	dB
	Stopband attenuation		-43			dB
t _d	Delay time			14.3 fg		S
Power S	upply Requirements	<u>.</u>				
	Voltage range (VDD, VCCC, VCCP1, VCCP2, VCCX)		3	3.3	3.6	VDC
		ADC, DAC operation		54	70	mA
	Supply current	Suspend mode(2)		210		μΑ
	Decrease distribution	ADC, DAC operation		178	252	mW
P_{D}	Power dissipation	Suspend mode(2)		0.69		mW
Tempera	ature Range	<u>'</u>				
	Operation temperature		-25		85	°C
θЈА	Thermalresistance	28-pin SSOP		100		°C/W

⁽¹⁾ $f_{OUT} = 1$ kHz, using Audio Precision System II, RMS mode with 20-kHz LPF, 400-Hz HPF.

⁽²⁾ Under USB suspend state



PIN ASSIGNMENTS

	PCM2901 (TOP VIEW)			PCM2903 (TOP VIEW)
D+ 🗔 1	28	SSPND	D+ 🖂 1	28 SSPND
D- 🔲 2	27	\square V_{DD}	D- 🔲 2	27
V _{BUS} □□□ 3	26	□ DGND	V _{BUS} 🖂 3	26 DGND
DGNDU 🖂 4	25	TEST1	DGNDU 🔲 4	25 DOUT
HID0 🖂 5	24	TEST0	HID0 🔲 5	24 DIN
HID1 □□□ 6	23	\square V_{CCX}	HID1 □□□ 6	23 V _{CCX}
HID2 🔲 7	22	AGNDX	HID2 🔲 7	22 AGNDX
SEL0 🔲 8	21	□□ XTI	SEL0 🔲 8	21 XTI
SEL1 🔲 9	20	TT XTO	SEL1 💶 9	20 XTO
V _{CCC} \Box 10	19	□□ V _{CCP2}	V _{CCC} □ 10	19 V _{CCP2}
AGNDC 🔲 11	18	☐☐ AGNDP	AGNDC 11	18 AGNDP
V _{IN} L 💳 12	17	□□ V _{CCP1}	V _{IN} L □□ 12	17 UCCP1
V _{IN} R □□□ 13	16	□□ V _{OUT} L	V _{IN} R □ 13	16 D V _{OUT} L
V _{COM} □□□ 14	15	□□ V _{OUT} R	V _{COM} □□□ 14	15 V _{OUT} R



PCM2901 Terminal Functions

TERMINAL					
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION		
AGNDC	11	_	Analog ground for codec		
AGNDP	18	_	Analog ground for PLL		
AGNDX	22	_	Analog ground for oscillator		
D-	2	I/O	USB differential input/output minus ⁽¹⁾		
D+	1	I/O	USB differential input/output plus ⁽¹⁾		
DGND	26	-	Digital ground		
DGNDU	4	_	Digital ground for USB transceiver		
HID0	5	ı	HID key state input (mute), active high(3)		
HID1	6	I	HID key state input (volume up), active high(3)		
HID2	7	I	HID key state input (volume down), active high ⁽³⁾		
SEL0	8	I	Must be set to high(5)		
SEL1	9	I	Connected to the USB port of V _{BUS} (5)		
SSPND	28	0	Suspend flag, active low (Low: suspend, High: operational)		
TEST0	24	I	Test pin, must be connected to GND		
TEST1	25	0	Test pin, must be left open		
V _{BUS}	3	I	Must be connected to V _{DD}		
Vccc	10	_	Analog power supply for codec ⁽⁴⁾		
VCCP1	17	_	Analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾		
V _{CCP2}	19	_	Analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾		
VCCX	23	-	Analog power supply for oscillator ⁽⁴⁾		
VCOM	14	_	Common for ADC/DAC (V _{CCCI/2}) ⁽⁴⁾		
V_{DD}	27	_	Digital power supply ⁽⁴⁾		
V _{IN} L	12	I	ADC analog input for L-channel		
V _{IN} R	13	I	ADC analog input for R-channel		
VOUTL	16	0	DAC analog output for L-channel		
V _{OUT} R	15	0	DAC analog output for R-channel		
XTI	21	I	Crystal oscillator input ⁽²⁾		
XTO	20	0	Crystal oscillator output		

⁽¹⁾ LV-TTL level

^{(2) 3.3-}V CMOS level input

^{(3) 3.3-}VCMOS level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which has no connection with the internal DAC or ADC directly. See the *volume control* and *mute control* section.

⁽⁴⁾ Connect a decouple capacitor to GND

⁽⁵⁾ TTL Schmitt trigger, 5 V tolerant



PCM2903 Terminal Functions

TERMINA	AL		
NAME	PIN	1/0	DESCRIPTIONS
AGNDC	11	-	Analog ground for codec
AGNDP	18	_	Analog ground for PLL
AGNDX	22	_	Analog ground for oscillator
D-	2	I/O	USB differential input/output minus ⁽¹⁾
D+	1	I/O	USB differential input/output plus(1)
DGND	26	-	Digital ground
DGNDU	4	-	Digital ground for USB transceiver
DIN	24	1	S/PDIF input(5)
DOUT	25	0	S/PDIF output
HID0	5	I	HID key state input (mute), active high ⁽³⁾
HID1	6	I	HID key state input (volume up), active high(3)
HID2	7	I	HID key state input (volume down), active high(3)
SEL0	8	I	Must be set to high(6)
SEL1	9	I	Connected to the USB port of VBUS(6)
SSPND	28	0	Suspend flag, active low (Low: suspend, High: operational)
V _{BUS}	3	I	Must be connected to V _{DD}
Vccc	10	_	Analog power supply for codec ⁽⁴⁾
VCCP1	17	_	Analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾
VCCP2	19	_	Analog power supply for PLL ⁽⁴⁾
Vccx	23	_	Analog power supply for oscillator ⁽⁴⁾
VCOM	14	_	Common for ADC/DAC (V _{CCCI/2}) (4)
V_{DD}	27	_	Digital power supply ⁽⁴⁾
V _{IN} L	12	I	ADC analog input for L-channel
V _{IN} R	13	I	ADC analog input for R-channel
VoutL	16	0	DAC analog output for L-channel
V _{OUT} R	15	0	DAC Analog output for R-channel
XTI	21	I	Crystal oscillator input ⁽²⁾
XTO	20	0	Crystal oscillator output

⁽¹⁾ LV-TTL level

^{(2) 3.3-}V CMOS level input

^{(3) 3.3-}V CMOS level input with internal pulldown. This pin informs the PC of serviceable control signals such as mute, volume up, or volume down, which has no connection with the internal DAC or ADC directly. See the *volume control* and *mute control* section.

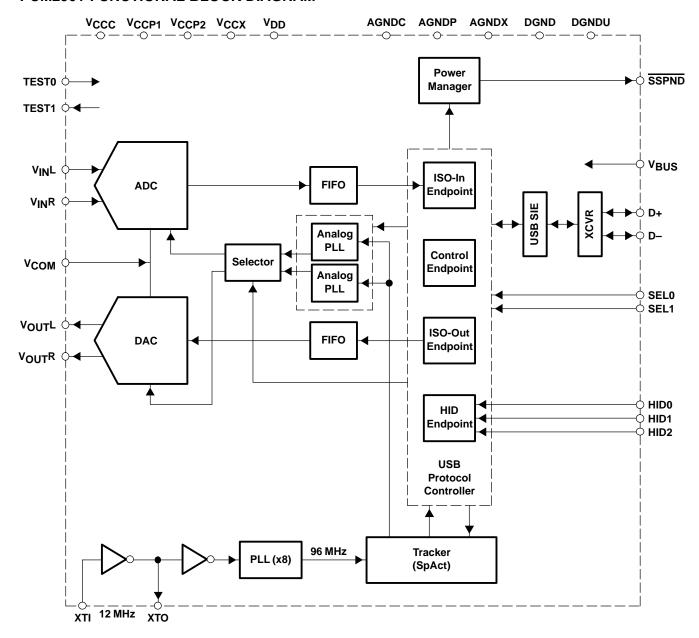
⁽⁴⁾ Connect a decouple capacitor to GND

^{(5) 3.3-}V CMOS level input with internal pulldown, 5 V tolerant

⁽⁶⁾ TTL Schmitt trigger, 5 V tolerant

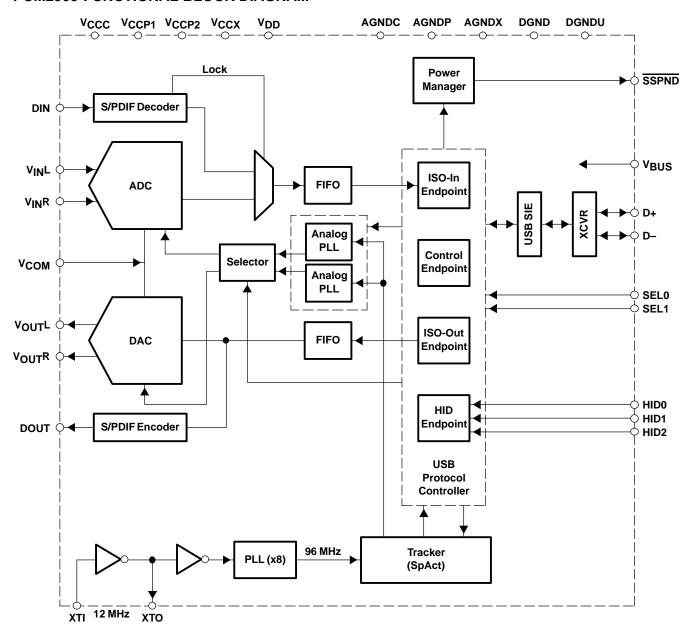


PCM2901 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



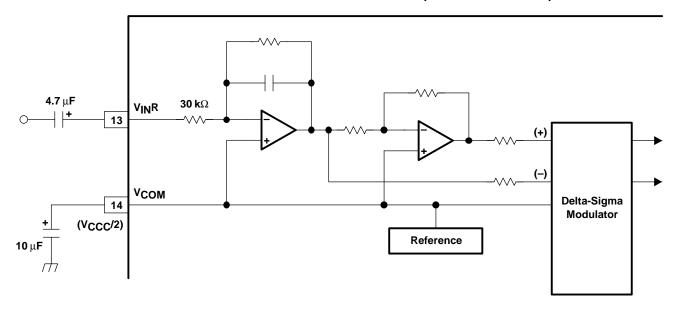


PCM2903 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





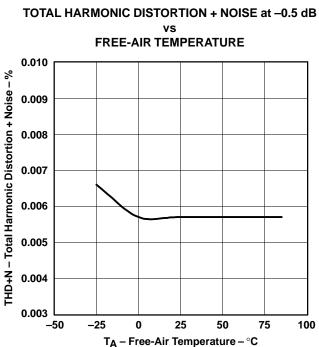
PCM2901/2903 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ANALOG FRONT-END (RIGHT CHANNEL)





TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ADC





TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION + NOISE at -0.5 dB

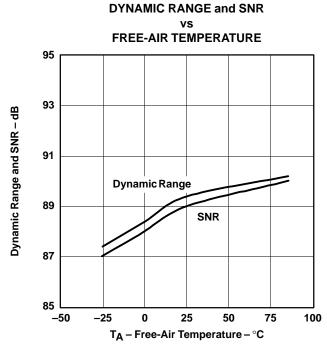


Figure 2

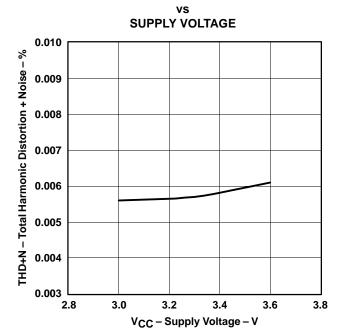
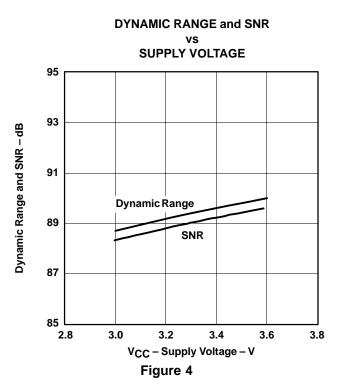


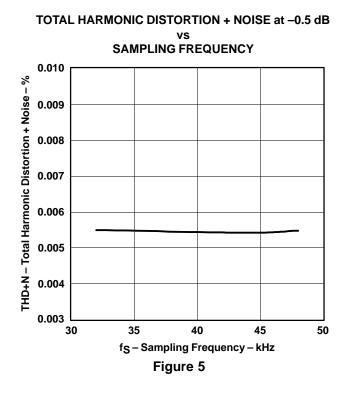
Figure 3

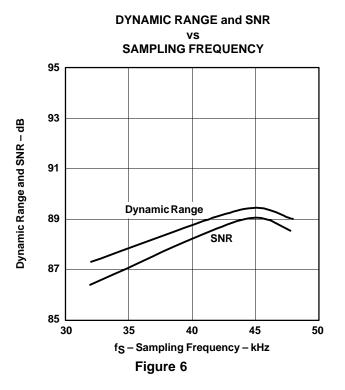


All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCX} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_S = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

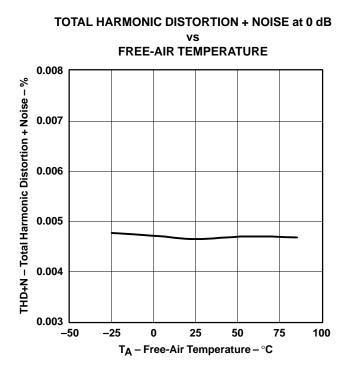


ADC (CONTINUED)





DAC



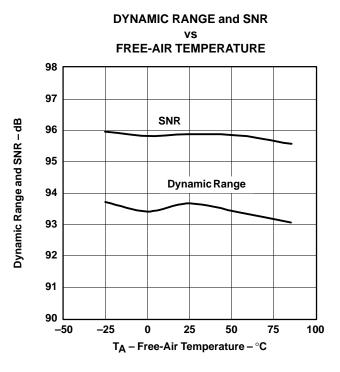
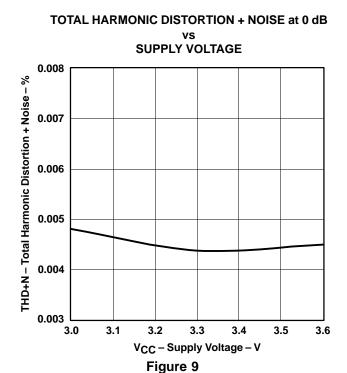
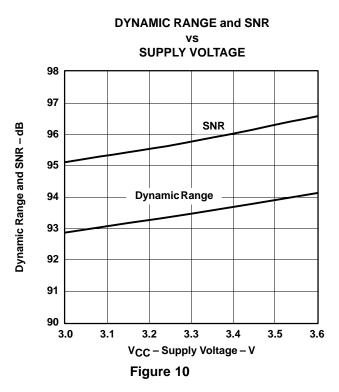


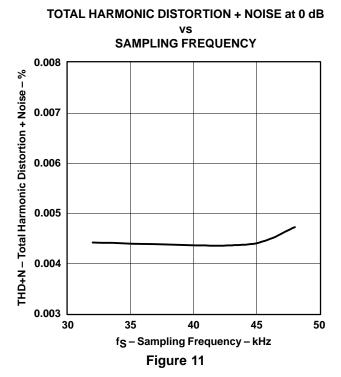
Figure 7 Figure 8 All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCx} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_S = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.

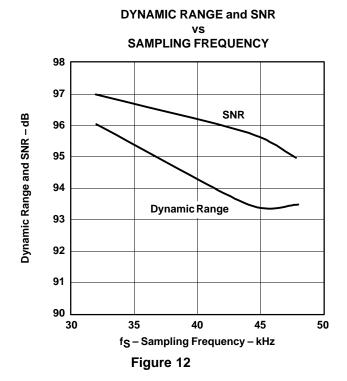


DAC (CONTINUED)





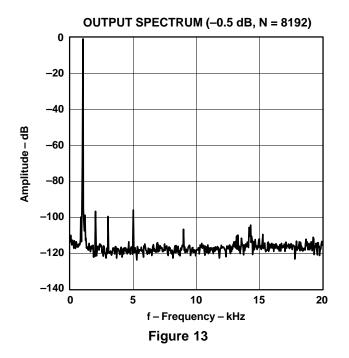


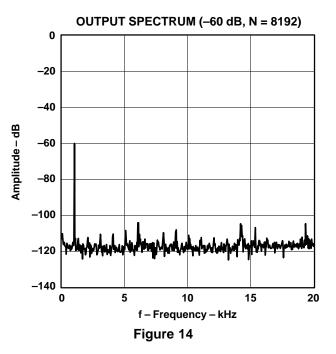


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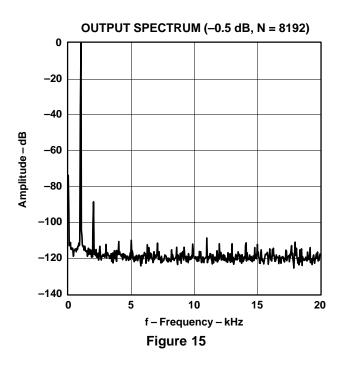


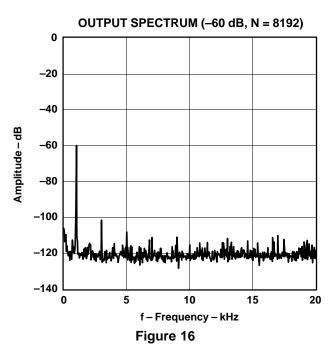
ADC OUTPUT SPECTRUM





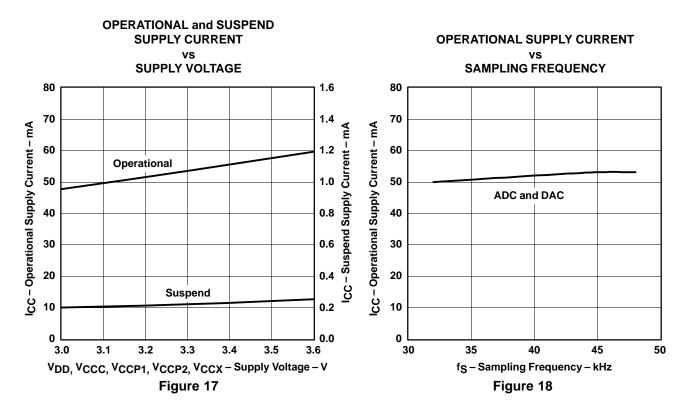
DAC OUTPUT SPECTRUM





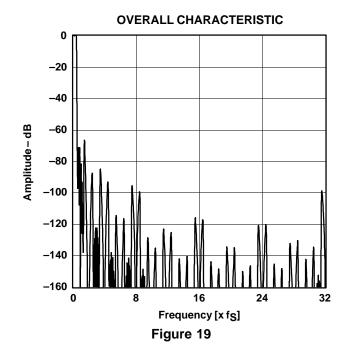


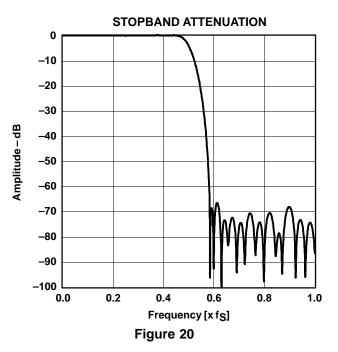
SUPPLY CURRENT

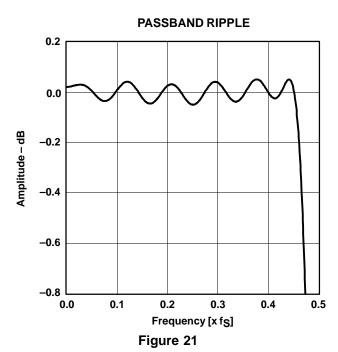


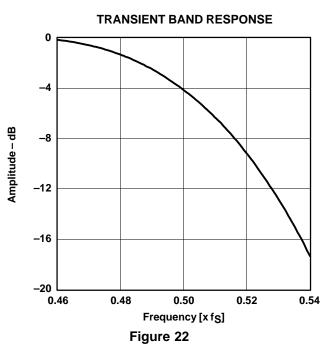


ADC DIGITAL DECIMATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE



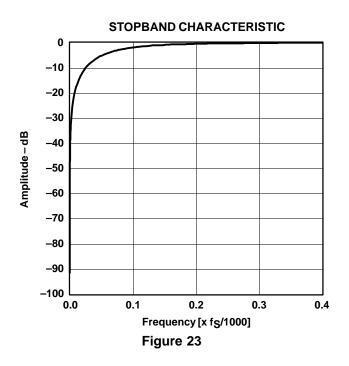


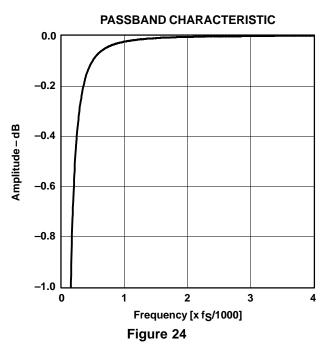




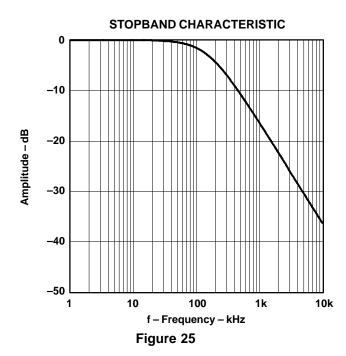


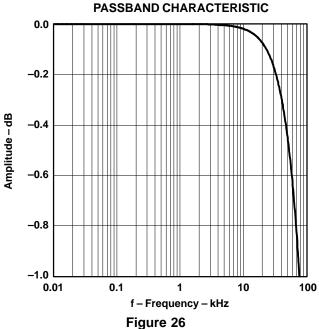
ADC DIGITAL HIGH PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





ADC ANALOG ANTIALIASING FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE

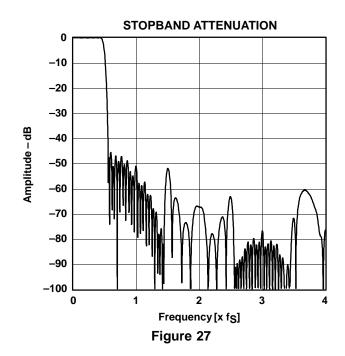


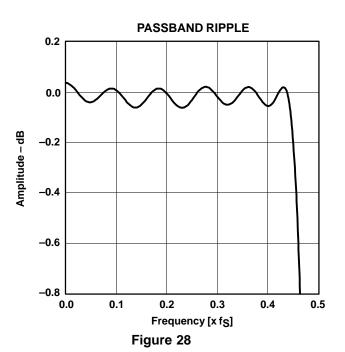


 $All\ specifications\ at\ T_A=25^{\circ}C,\ V_{DD}=V_{CCC}=V_{CCP1}=V_{CCP2}=V_{CCX}=3.3\ V,\ f_S=44.1\ kHz,\ f_{IN}=1\ kHz,\ 16-bit\ data,\ unless\ otherwise\ noted.$



DAC DIGITAL INTERPOLATION FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





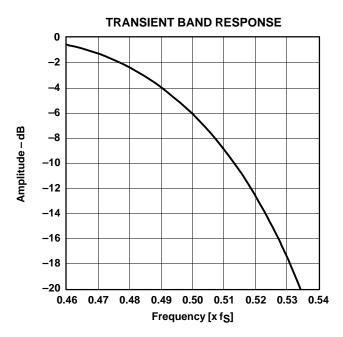
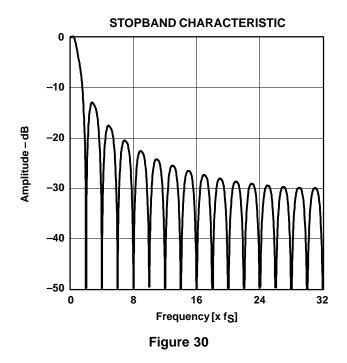


Figure 29



DAC ANALOG FIR FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE



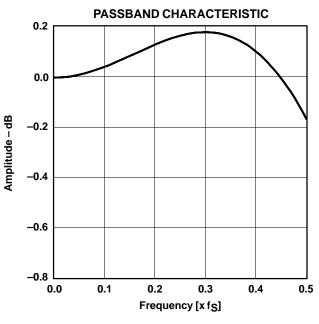
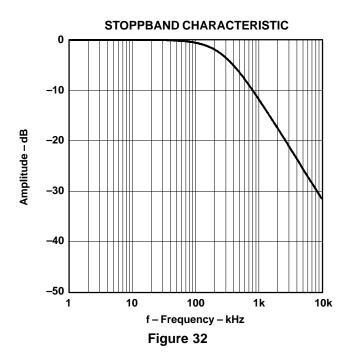
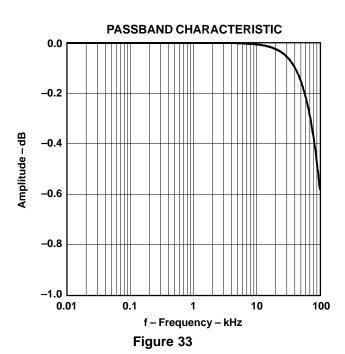


Figure 31

DAC ANALOG LOW PASS FILTER FREQUENCY RESPONSE





All specifications at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = V_{CCC} = V_{CCP1} = V_{CCP2} = V_{CCX} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $f_S = 44.1 \text{ kHz}$, $f_{IN} = 1 \text{ kHz}$, 16-bit data, unless otherwise noted.



USB INTERFACE

Control data and audio data are transferred to the PCM2901/2903 via D+ (pin 1) and D- (pin 2). All data to/from the PCM2901/2903 is performed in full speed. The device descriptor can be modified upon request, contact a Texas Instruments representative for details (see Table 1).

Table 1. Device Descriptor

USB revision	1.1 compliant
Device class	0x00 (device defined interface level)
Device sub class	0x00 (not specified)
Device protocol	0x00 (not specified)
Max packet size for endpoint 0	8 byte
Vendor ID	0x08BB (default value, can be modified)
Product ID	0x2901 / 0x2903 (default value, can be modified)
Device release number	1.0 (0x0100)
Number of configurations	1
Vendor strings	String #1 (see Table 3)
Product strings	String #2 (see Table 3)
Serialnumber	Not supported

The configuration descriptor can be modified upon request, contact your representative for details (see Table 2).

Table 2. Configuration Descriptor

Interface	Four interfaces
Powerattribute	0xC0 (Self powered, no remote wakeup)
Max power	0x00 (0 mA. Default value, can be modified)

The string descriptor can be modified upon request, contact a Texas Instruments representative for details (see Table 3).

Table 3. String Descriptor

#0	0x0409
#1	Burr-Brown from TI (default value, can be modified)
#2	USB audio codec (default value, can be modified)



DEVICE CONFIGURATION

Figure 34 illustrates the USB audio function topology. The PCM2901/2903 has four interfaces. Each interface is constructed by alternative settings.

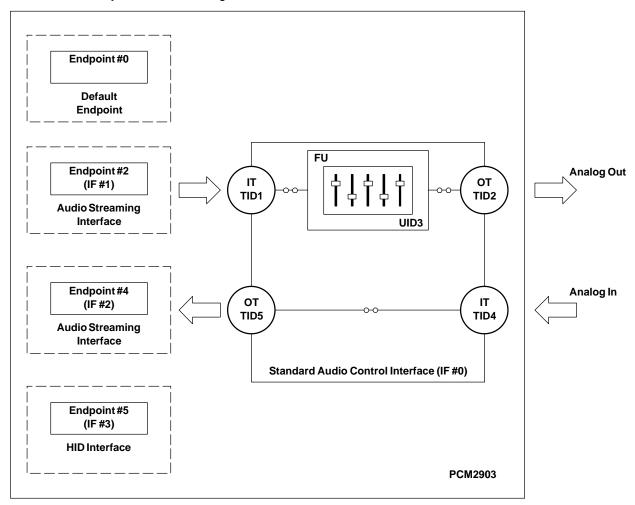


Figure 34. USB Audio Function Topology



Interface #0

Interface #0 is for the control interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #0. Alternative setting #0 describes the standard audio control interface. A terminal constructs the audio control interface. The PCM2901/2903 has the following five terminals.

- Input terminal (IT #1) for isochronous-out stream
- Output terminal (OT #2) for audio analog output
- Feature unit (FU #3) for DAC digital attenuator
- Input terminal (IT #4) for audio analog input
- Output terminal (OT #5) for isochronous-in stream

Input terminal #1 is defined as USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Input terminal #1 can accept 2-channel audio streams constructed by left and right channels. Output terminal #2 is defined as a speaker (terminal type 0x0301). Input terminal #4 is defined as microphone (terminal type 0x0201). Output terminal #5 is defined as a USB stream (terminal type 0x0101). Output terminal #5 can generate 2-channel audio streams constructed by left and right channels. Feature unit #3 supports the following sound control features.

- Volume control
- Mute control

The built-in digital volume controller can be manipulated by an audio class specific request from 0 dB to -64 dB in 1-dB steps. Changes are made by incrementing or decrementing by one step (1 dB) for every $1/f_S$ time interval until the volume level has reached the requested value. Each channel can be set for different values. The master volume control is not supported. A request to the master volume is stalled and ignored. The built-in digital mute controller can be manipulated by audio class specific request. A master mute control request is acceptable. A request to an individual channel is stalled and ignored.

Interface #1

Interface #1 is for audio streaming data out interface. Interface #1 has the following seven alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero bandwidth setting.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING		DATA FOR	TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)			
00	Zero Bandwidth						
01	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48		
02	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48		
03	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48		
04	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48		
05	8 bit	Stereo	Offset binary (PCM8)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48		
06	8 bit	Mono	Offset binary (PCM8)	Adaptive	32, 44.1, 48		



Interface #2

Interface #2 is for the audio streaming data in the interface. Interface #2 has the following 15 alternative settings. Alternative setting #0 is the zero bandwidth setting. All other alternative settings are operational settings.

ALTERNATIVE SETTING		DATA FOR	TRANSFER MODE	SAMPLING RATE (kHz)			
00	ZeroBandwidth						
01	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48		
02	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	48		
03	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1		
04	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	44.1		
05	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32		
06	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	32		
07	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05		
08	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	22.05		
09	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0A	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0B	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0C	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	16		
0D	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8		
0E	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Asynchronous	8		
0F	16 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		
10	16 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		
11	8 bit	Stereo	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		
12	8 bit	Mono	2s complement (PCM)	Synchronous	11.025		

Interface #3

Interface #3 is for interrupt data in interface. Alternative setting #0 is the only possible setting for interface #3. Interface #3 constructs the HID consumer control device. Interface #3 reports the following three key statuses.

- Mute (0xE209)
- Volume up (0xE909)
- Volume down (0xEA09)

Endpoints

The PCM2901/2903 has the following four endpoints.

- Control endpoint (EP #0)
- Isochronous-out audio data stream endpoint (EP #2)
- Isochronous-in audio data stream endpoint (EP #4)
- HID endpoint (EP #5)

The control endpoint is a default endpoint. The control endpoint is used to control all functions of the PCM2901/2903 by the standard USB request and USB audio class specific request from the host. The isochronous-out audio data stream endpoint is an audio sink endpoint, which receives the PCM audio data. The isochronous-out audio data stream endpoint accepts the adaptive transfer mode. The isochronous-in audio data stream endpoint is an audio source endpoint, which transmits the PCM audio data. The isochronous-in audio data stream endpoint uses asynchronous transfer mode. The HID endpoint is an interrupt-in endpoint. HID endpoint reports HID0, HID1, and HID2 pin status in every 32 ms.

The human interface device (HID) pins are defined as consumer control devices. The HID function is designed as an independent endpoint from both isochronous-in and -out endpoints. This means that the result of affection for the HID operation is depending on the host software. Typically, the HID function is affected for the primary audio-out device.



Clock and Reset

The PCM2901/2903 requires a 12-MHz (± 500 ppm) clock for the USB and audio function, which can be generated by a built in crystal oscillator with a 12-MHz crystal resonator or supplied by an external clock. The 12-MHz crystal resonator must be connected to XTI (pin 21) and XTO (pin 20) with one high (1 M Ω) resistor and two small capacitors, which capacitance's depends on the load capacitance of the crystal resonator. If the external clock is used, the clock must be supplied to XTI and XTO must be open.

The PCM2901/2903 has an internal power-on reset circuit, which works automatically when V_{DD} (pin 27) exceeds 2.5 V typical (2.7 V to 2.2 V) and about 700 μs is required until internal reset release.

Digital Audio Interface (PCM2903)

The PCM2903 employs both S/PDIF input and output. Isochronous-out data from the host is encoded to the S/PDIF output and the DAC analog output. Input data is selected as either S/PDIF or ADC analog input. When device detect S/PDIF input and successfully locked received data, the isochronous-out transfer data source is automatically selected from S/PDIF itself, otherwise the data source is selected to ADC analog input.

Supported Input Data (PCM2903)

The following data formats are accepted by the S/PDIF input and output. All other data formats are unable to use S/PDIF.

- 48-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 44.1-kHz 16-bit stereo
- 32-kHz 16-bit stereo

Mismatch between input data format and host command may cause unexpected results except in the following conditions.

- Record monaural format from stereo data input at the same data rate
- Record 8-bit format from 16-bit data input at the same data rate

A combination between the above conditions is also accepted.

For the playback, all possible data rate source is converted to 16-bit stereo format at the same source data rate.

Copyright Management (PCM2903)

Isochronous-in data is affected by the serial copy management system (SCMS). Where receiving digital audio data that is indicated as original data in the control bit, input digital audio data transfers to the host. If the data is indicated as first generation or higher, transferred data is selected to analog input.

Digital audio data output is always encoded as original with SCMS control.

The implementation of this feature is an option for the customer. Note that it is the user's responsibility whether they implement this feature in their product or not.

INTERFACE SEQUENCE

Power On, Attach, and Play Back Sequence

The PCM2901/2903 is ready for setup when the reset sequence has finished and the USB bus is attached. In order to perform certain reset sequences defined in the USB specification, V_{DD} , V_{CCC} , V_{CCP1} , V_{CCP2} , and V_{CCX} must rise up with 10 ms / 3.3 V. After connection has been established by setup, the PCM2901/2903 is ready to accept USB audio data. While waiting, the audio data (idle state) and analog output are set to bipolar zero (BPZ).

When receiving the audio data, the PCM2901/2903 stores the first audio packet, which contained 1-ms audio data, into the internal storage buffer. The PCM2901/2903 starts playing the audio data when detecting the following start of frame (SOF) packet.



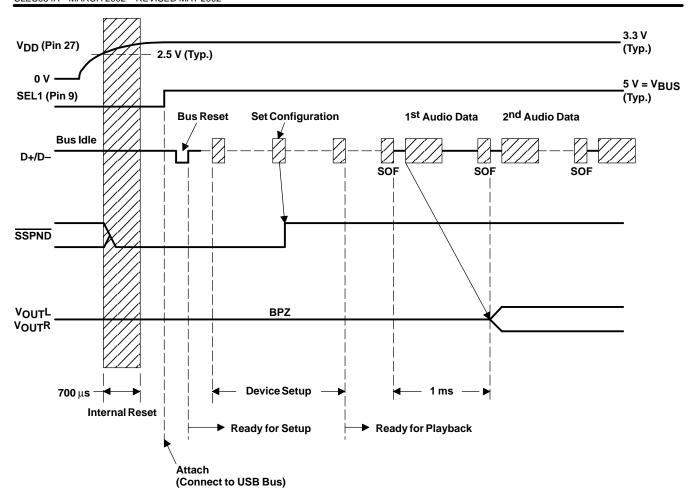


Figure 35. Attach After Power-On



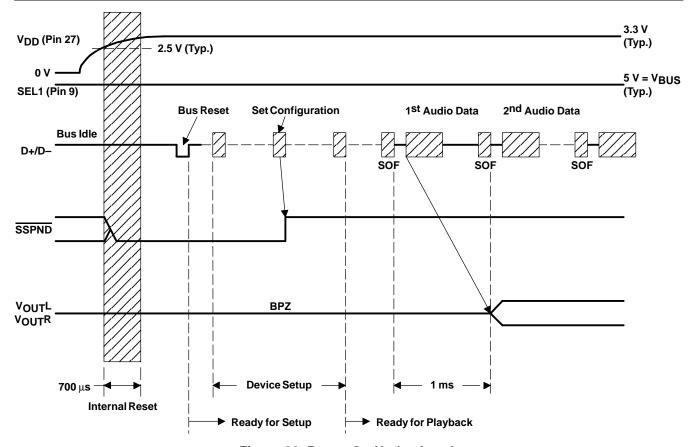


Figure 36. Power-On Under Attach

Play, Stop, and Detach Sequence

When the host finishes or aborts the play back, the PCM2901/2903 stops playing after the last audio data has played.

Record Sequence

The PCM2901/2903 starts the audio capture into the internal memory after receiving the SET_INTERFACE command.

Suspend and Resume Sequence

The PCM2901/2903 enters the suspend state after it sees a constant idle state on the USB bus, approximately 5 ms. While the PCM2901/2903 enters the suspend state, the SSPND flag (pin 28) is asserted. The PCM2901/2903 wakes up immediately after detecting a non-idle state on the USB bus.



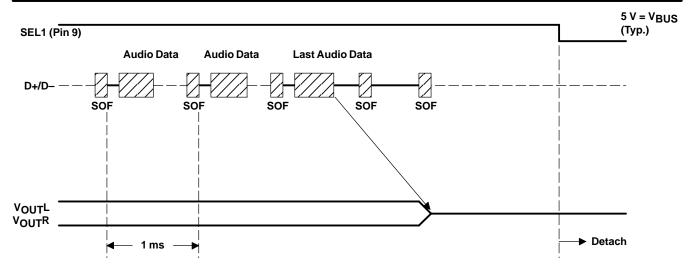


Figure 37. Play, Stop, and Detach

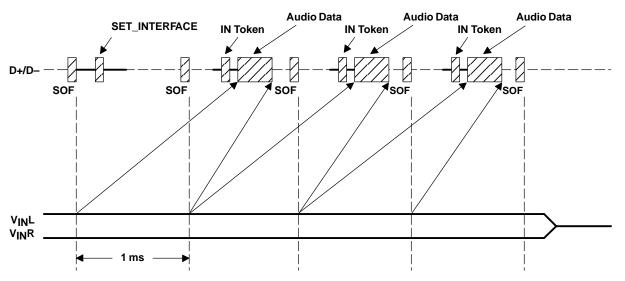


Figure 38. Record Sequence

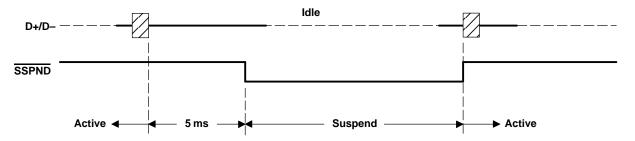
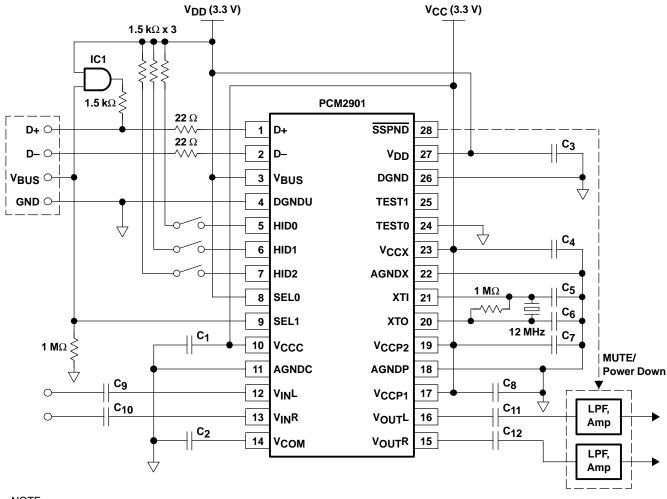


Figure 39. Suspend and Resume



PCM2901 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION

Figure 40 illustrates a typical circuit connection.



NOTE:

IC1 must be driven by V_{DD} with a 5-V tolerant input.

 $\text{C}_1,\,\text{C}_2,\,\text{C}_3,\,\text{C}_4,\,\text{C}_7,\,\text{C}_8;\,10\,\mu\text{F}$

 C_5 , C_6 : 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

C₉, C₁₀, C₁₁, C₁₂: The capacitance may vary depending on design

Figure 40. Self-Powered Configuration

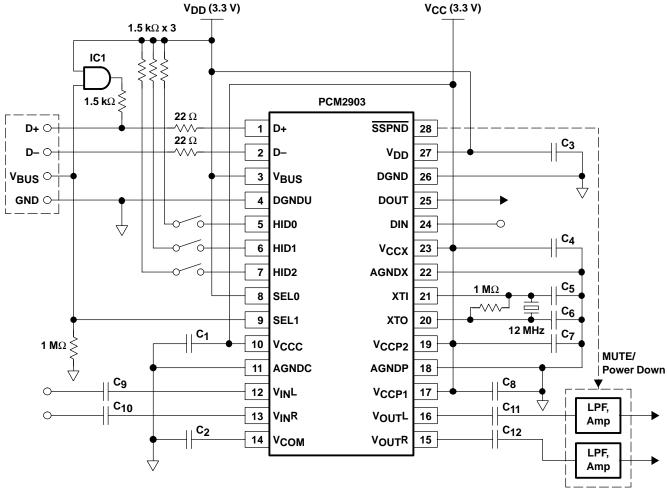
NOTE:

The circuit illustrated above is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB compliant product.



PCM2903 TYPICAL CIRCUIT CONNECTION

Figure 41 illustrates a typical circuit connection.



NOTE:

IC1 must be driven by $V_{\mbox{DD}}$ with a 5-V tolerant input.

C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₇, C₈: 10 μF

C₅, C₆: 10 pF to 33 pF (depending on crystal resonator)

 $C_9,\,C_{10},\,C_{11},\,C_{12}$: The capacitance may vary depending on design

Figure 41. Self-Powered Configuration

NOTE:

The circuit illustrated above is for information only. The whole board design should be considered to meet the USB specification as a USB compliant product.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

To get the appropriate operation, one of the following operating systems must be working on the host PC that has the USB port assured by the manufacturer. If the condition is fulfilled, the operation of the PCM2901/2903 does not depend upon the operating speed of the CPU.

Texas Instruments has confirmed following operating environments.

- OS: Microsoft™ Windows™ 98/98SE/Me Japanese/English Edition
 - Microsoft™ Windows™ 2000 Professional Japanese/English Edition
 - Microsoft™ Windows™ XP Home/Professional Japanese/English Edition (For Windows™ XP, use the latest version of the USB audio driver that is available on Windows update site)
 - Apple Computer™ Mac OS 9.1 or later Japanese/English Edition
 - Apple Computer™ Mac OS X 10.0 or later English Edition
 - Apple Computer[™] Mac OS X 10.1 or later Japanese Edition (For Mac OS X 10.0 Japanese Edition, plug and play does not work for USB audio device appropriately)
- PC: Following PC-AT compatible computers for above OS (OS requirement must meet)
 - Motherboard using Intel™ 440BX or ZX chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Intel[™] i810 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Intel[™] i815 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Intel[™] i820 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Intel[™] i845 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Intel™ i850 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Apollo KT133 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Apollo Pro plus chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using MVP4 or MVP3 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using Aladdin V chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using SiS530 or SiS559 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)
 - Motherboard using SiS735 chip set (using USB controller in the chip set)

NOTE:

This does not mean that the operation of the PCM2901/2903 is not assured for the OS and PC except for the ones listed. The OSs and PCs for which the operation of the PCM2901/2903 was confirmed are written above.

PCM2901/2903 has been acknowledged in the USB compliance test. However, the acknowledgement is just for the PCM2901/2903 from Texas Instruments. Be careful that the acknowledgement is not for the customer's USB system using the PCM2901/2903.

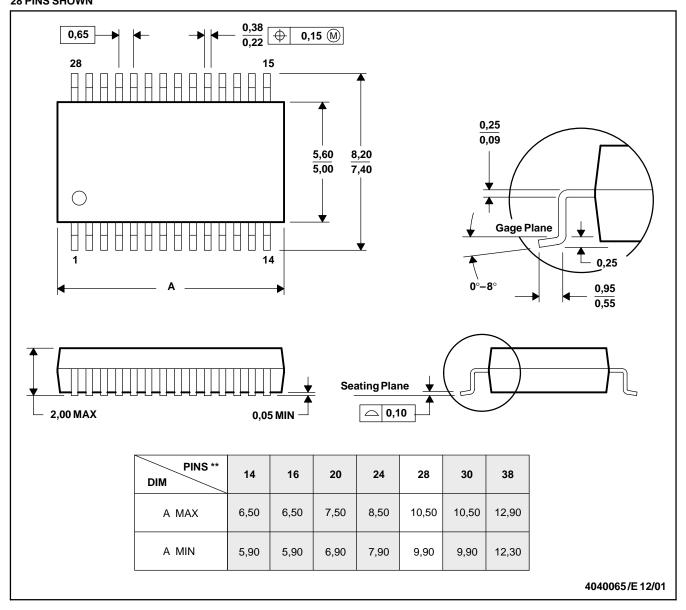


MECHANICAL DATA

DB (R-PDSO-G**)

28 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- NOTES:A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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