

PT4600/PT4600F/PT4610/ PF4610F/PF4650F

Double Ended Mold Type Phototransistors

■ Features

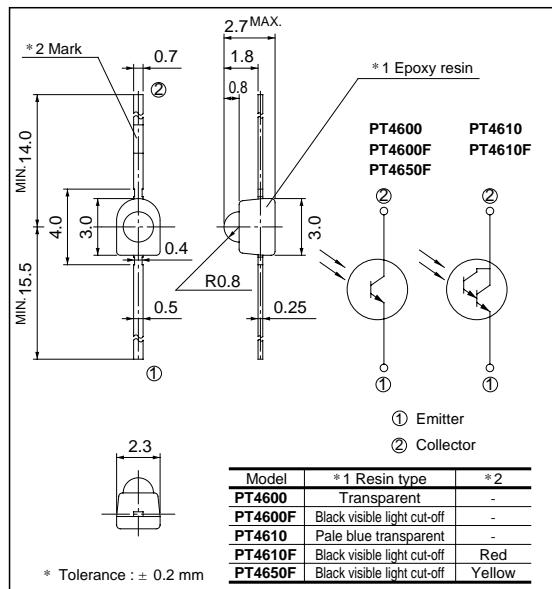
1. Compact double ended mold package
(Packaging area : 37% smaller than **PT480**)
2. Narrow beam angle (Half intensity angle : $\pm 20^\circ$
Light sensitivity : 3 times as large as **PT460** series)
3. Darlington output type (**PT4610**), visible light cut-off
type (**PT4600F/4610F/4650F**), VCR tape end
detection type (**PT4650F**) available as standard
4. Taped model (2,000 pieces/reel) also available

■ Applications

1. Floppy disk drives
2. VCRs
3. Audio equipment
4. Video-movie kits

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	35	V
Emitter-collector voltage	V _{ECO}	6	V
Collector current current	I _C	20	mA
		50	
Collector power dissipation	P _C	50	mW
		100	
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-20 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +85	°C
*1 Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260	°C

*1 For MAX. 3 seconds at the position of 2.5 mm from the resin edge

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Collector current	I _C	* ² E _e = 1mW/cm ² V _{CE} = 5V	0.95	-	2.80	mA
			0.55	-	1.85	
			0.55	-	1.2	
		* ² E _e = 0.01mW/cm ² V _{CE} = 5V	0.6	-	3.05	
			0.4	-	2.0	
Dark current	I _{CEO}	* ² E _e = 0, V _{CE} = 20V	-	-	0.1	μA
		* ² E _e = 0, V _{CE} = 10V	-	-	1.0	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{CE(sat)}	* ² E _e = 10mW/cm ² I _C = 0.5mA	-	0.2	0.4	V
		* ² E _e = 1mW/cm ² I _C = 2.5mA	-	-	1.2	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	BV _{CEO}	I _C = 0.1mA, * ² E _e = 0	35	-	-	V
Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	BV _{ECO}	I _C = 0.01mA, * ² E _e = 0	6	-	-	V
Peak sensitivity wavelength	λ _p	- - -	-	800	-	nm
			-	860	-	
Response time	Rise	tr t _f	V _{CE} = 20V, I _C = 1mA	-	10	μs
	Fall		R _L = 1kΩ	-	8	
Response time	Rise	t _r t _f	V _{CE} = 2V, I _C = 10mA	-	400	
	Fall		R _L = 100Ω	-	300	
Half intensity angle	Δθ	-	-	± 20	-	°

*2 E_e : Irradiance by CIE standard light source

Fig. 1-a Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient temperature(PT4600/4600F/4650F)

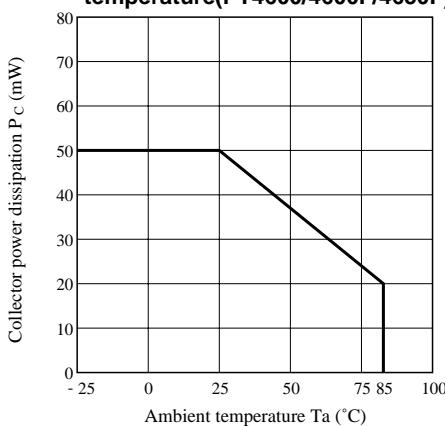


Fig. 1-b Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient temperature (PT4610/4610F)

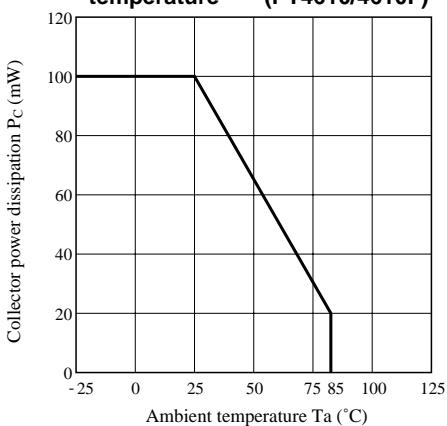


Fig. 2-a Dark Current vs. Ambient temperature (PT4600/4600F/4650F)

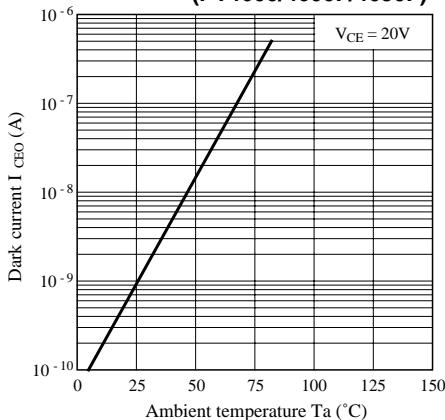


Fig. 2-b Dark Current vs. Ambient temperature (PT4610/4610F)

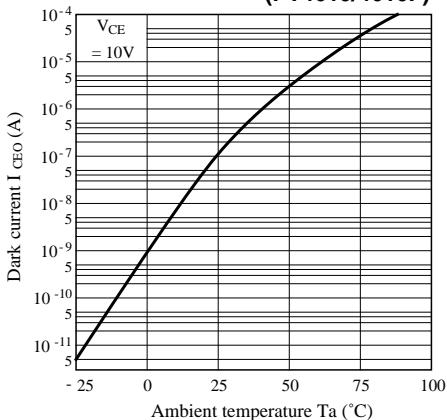


Fig. 3-a Relative Collector Current vs. Ambient temperature (PT4600/4600F/4650F)

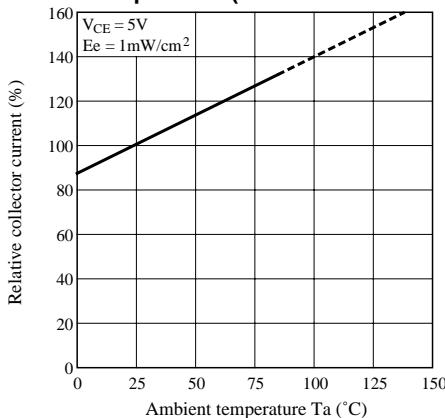


Fig. 3-b Relative Collector Current vs. Ambient temperature (PT4610/4610F)

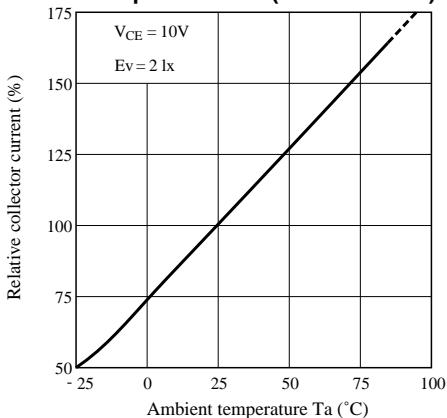


Fig. 4-a Collector Current vs. Irradiance (PT4600/4600F/4650F)

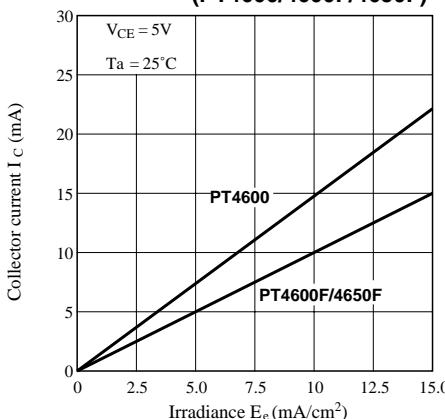
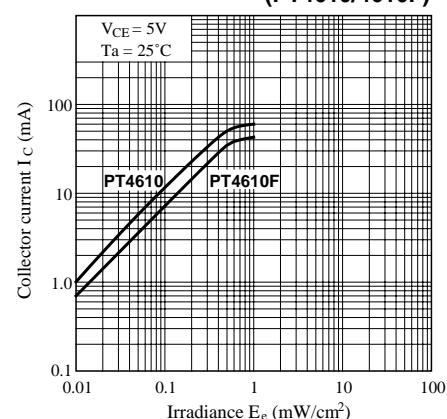
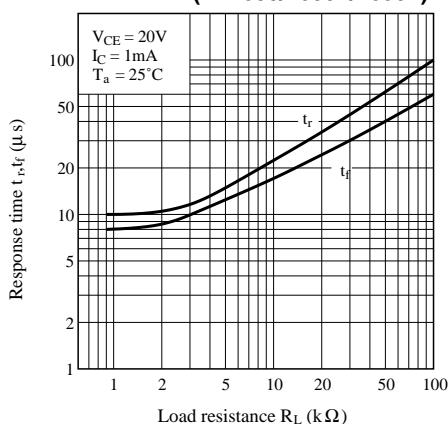


Fig. 4-b Collector Current vs. Irradiance (PT4610/4610F)



**Fig. 7-a Response Time vs. Load Resistance
(PT4600/4600F/4650F)**



**Fig. 7-b Response Time vs. Load Resistance
(PT4610/4610F)**

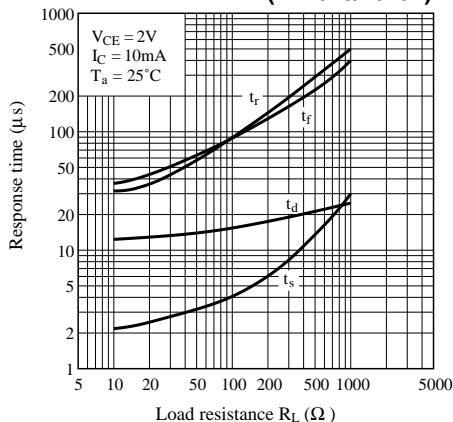
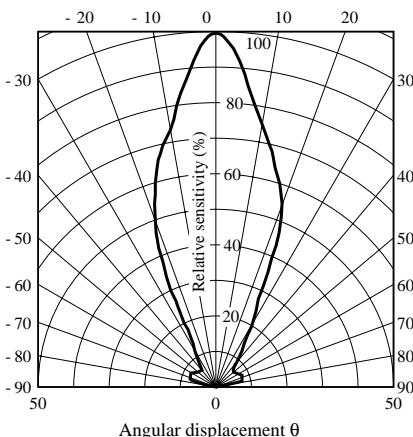
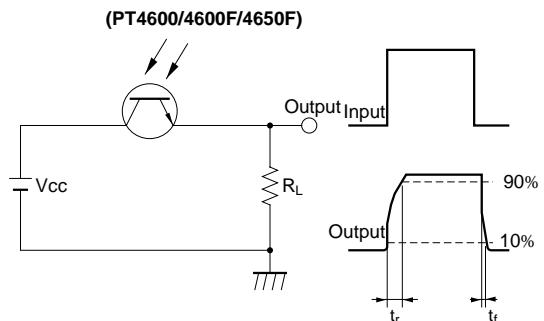


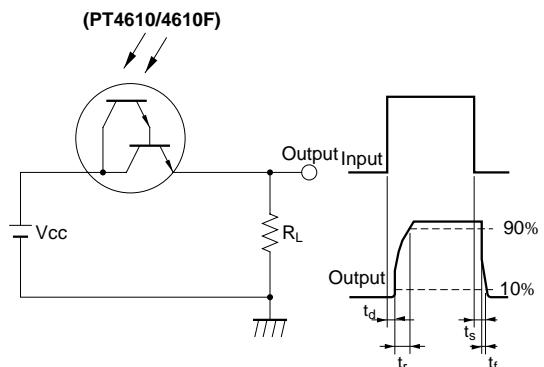
Fig. 8 Radiation Diagram



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Response Time



**Fig. 9-a Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage
vs. Irradiance (PT4600)**

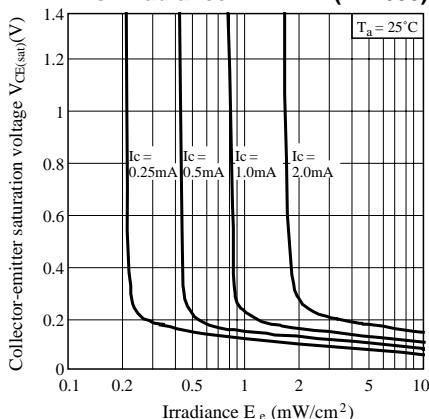


Fig. 9-b Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Irradiance(PT4600F/PT4650F)

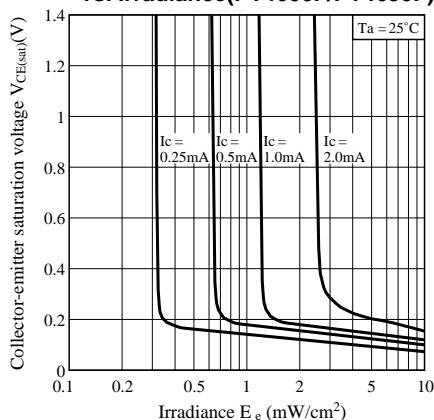


Fig. 9-c Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Irradiance (PT4610)

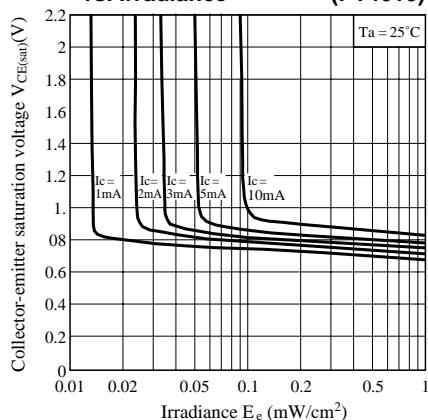
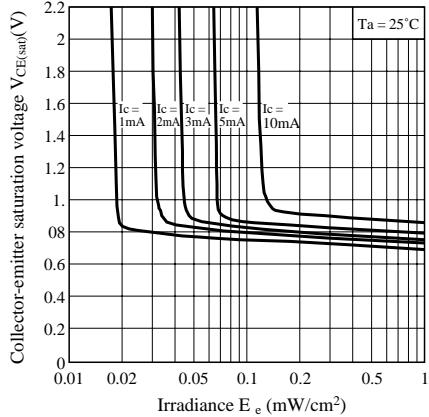


Fig. 9-d Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Irradiance (PT4610F)



- Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use". (Page 78 to 93)