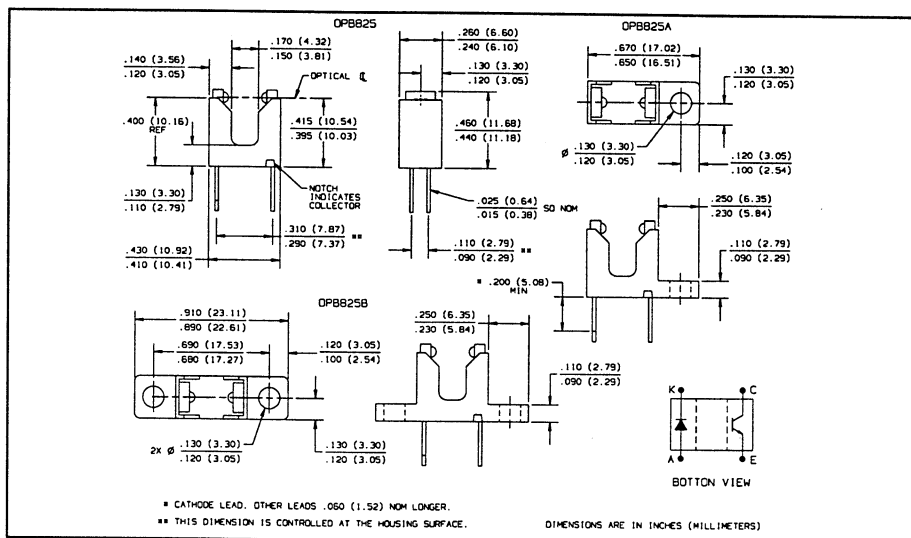
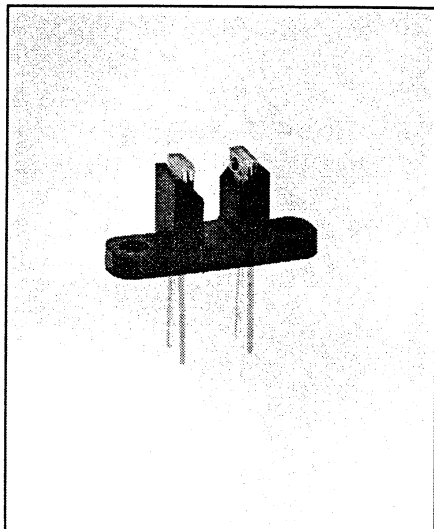


Slotted Optical Switches

Types OPB825, OPB825A, OPB825B



Features

- Non-contact switching
- 0.160" (4.06 mm) wide slot
- 0.300" (7.62 mm) lead spacing
- Fast switching speed

Description

The OPB825, OPB825A, and OPB825B each consist of an infrared emitting diode and an NPN silicon phototransistor mounted in a low cost black plastic housing on opposite sides of a 0.160" (4.06mm) wide slot. Phototransistor switching takes place whenever an opaque object passes through the slot. The OPB825 has no mounting tabs and is intended for direct insertion into PC boards or dual-in-line sockets. The OPB825A has a single mounting tab on the phototransistor side. The OPB825B has mounting tabs on both sides.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

Storage and Operating Temperature -40° C to +85° C

Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 sec. with soldering iron] 240° C⁽¹⁾

Input Diode

Continuous Forward Current 50 mA

Peak Forward Current (1 μs pulse width, 300 pps) 3.0 A

Reverse Voltage 2.0 V

Power Dissipation 100 mW⁽²⁾

Output Phototransistor

Collector-Emitter Voltage 30 V

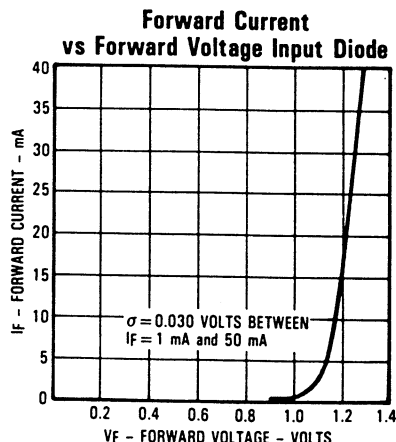
Emitter-Collector Voltage 5.0 V

Power Dissipation 100 mW⁽²⁾

Notes:

- (1) RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 sec. max when flow soldering.
- (2) Derate linearly 1.67mW/° C above 25° C.
- (3) Methanol or isopropanol are recommended as cleaning agents. Plastic housing is soluble in chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones.
- (4) All parameters tested using pulse technique.

Typical Performance Curves



Types OPB825, OPB825A, OPB825B

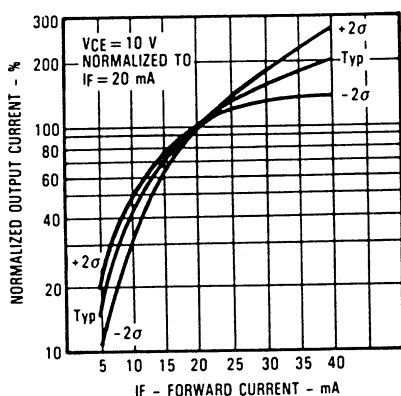
Electrical Characteristics ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
Input Diode					
V_F	Forward Voltage		1.70	V	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
I_R	Reverse Current		100	μA	$V_R = 2\text{ V}$
Output Phototransistor					
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	30		V	$I_C = 1\text{ mA}$
$V_{(BR)ECO}$	Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	5.0		V	$I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
I_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Dark Current		100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}, I_F = 0, E_e = 0$
Coupled					
$V_{CE(SAT)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage		0.40	V	$I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}, I_F = 20\text{ mA}$
$I_{C(ON)}$	On-State Collector Current	500		μA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}, I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

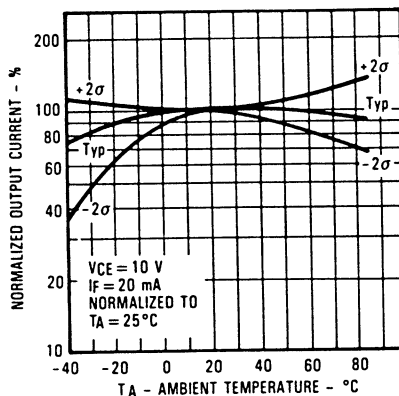
SLOTTED
OPTICAL
SWITCHES

Typical Performance Curves

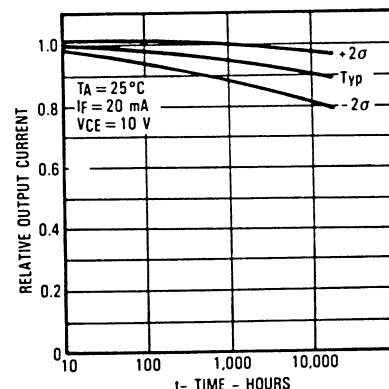
Normalized Output Current
vs Forward Current



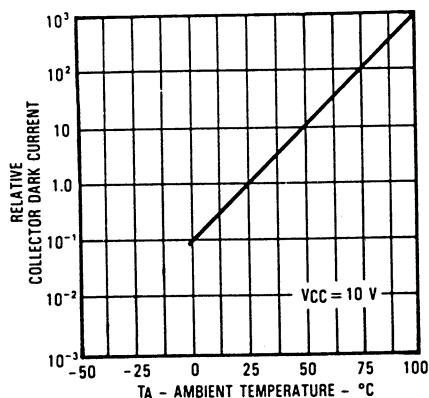
Normalized Output Current
vs Ambient Temperature



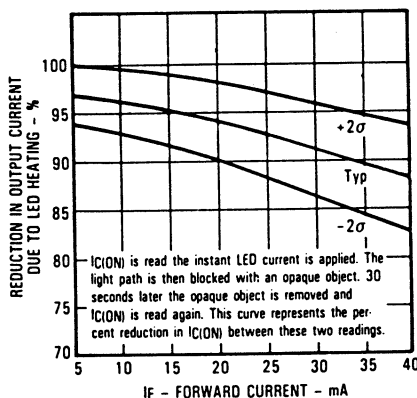
Relative Output Current
vs Time



Relative Collector Dark Current
vs Ambient Temperature



Reduction in Output Current Due to
LED Heating vs Forward Current



Rise and Fall Time
vs Load Resistance

