

## Features

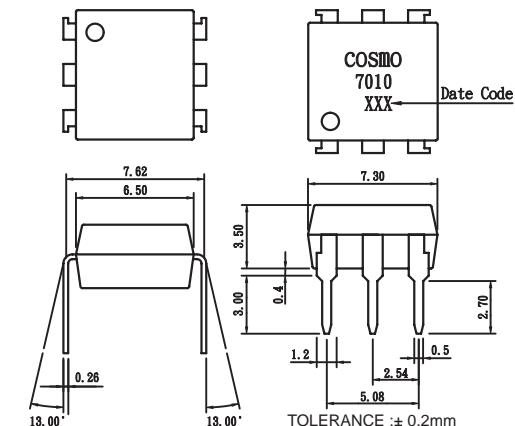
1. High sensitivity.
  2. TTL and LSTTL compatible output.
  3. Operating supply voltage range.  
(Vcc 4.5V to 17V)
  4. Output form pull-up resistor built-in type.
  5. Low output current dissipation.  
(I<sub>CC</sub>:MAX. 3.8mA)
  6. High isolation voltage between input and output  
(Viso:5000VRms).
  7. Available package : DIP/ SMD/ H. (For Package Dimension please refer to page 82 )

## Applications

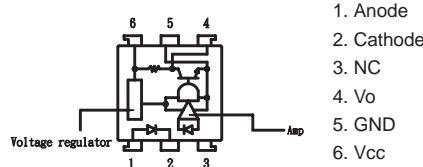
1. Computer terminals.
  2. High speed line receivers.
  3. Interfaces with various data transmission equipment.
  4. Switching regulators.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

## **Outside Dimension : Unit (mm)**



## Schematic : Top View



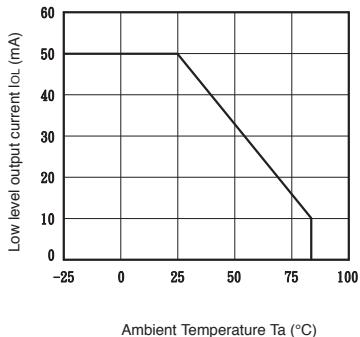
Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	IF	10	mA
	Peak forward current	IFM	1	A
	Reverse voltage	VR	6	V
	Power dissipation	PD	70	mW
Output	Supply voltage	VCC	-0.5 to 17	V
	Output current	IO	50	mA
	Power dissipation	PD	150	mW
	Total power dissipation	Ptot	170	mW
Isolation voltage 1 minute		Viso	5000	Vrms
Operating temperature		Topr	-25 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		Tstg	-40 to +125	°C
Soldering temperature		Tsol	260	°C

## **Electro-optical Characteristics**

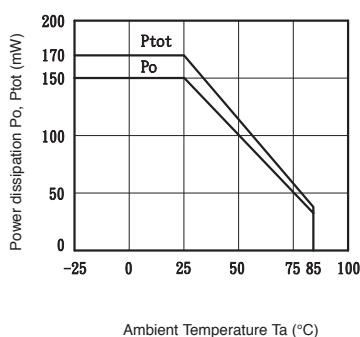
(Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	—	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> = 0.5A	—	—	3.5	V
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 4V	—	—	10	uA
	Terminal capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	V=0, f=1kHz	—	30	—	pF
Output	Operating supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5	—	17	V
	Low level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0	—	0.15	0.4	V
	High level output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, I <sub>F</sub> = 4mA	3.5	—	—	V
	Low level supply current	I <sub>CCL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0	—	1.7	3.8	mA
	High level supply current	I <sub>CH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, I <sub>F</sub> = 1mA	—	0.7	2.2	mA
Transfer characteristics	"High-Low" Threshold input current	I <sub>FHL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 280ohm	0.1	0.4	—	mA
	"Low-High" Threshold input current	I <sub>FLH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 280ohm	—	0.5	1.0	mA
	Hysteresis	I <sub>FHL</sub> / I <sub>FLH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 280ohm	—	0.8	—	—
	Isolation resistance	R <sub>iso</sub>	T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C, DC500V	5x10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>11</sup>	—	ohm
Response time	"High-Low" propagation delay time	t <sub>PHL</sub>	T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, I <sub>F</sub> = 1mA, R <sub>L</sub> = 280ohm	—	5	15	us
	"Low-High" propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>		—	3	9	
	Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		—	0.05	0.5	
	Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>		—	0.1	0.5	

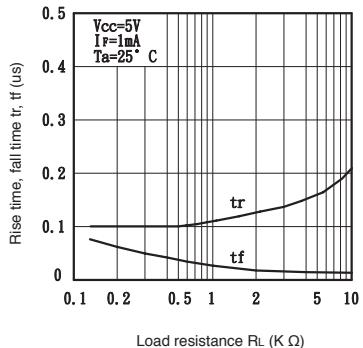
**Fig.1** Low Level Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature



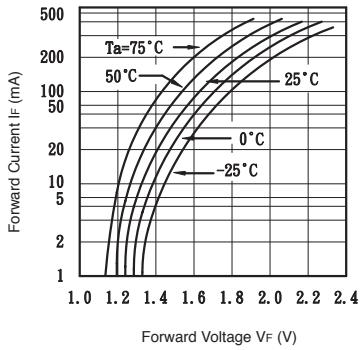
**Fig.2** Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



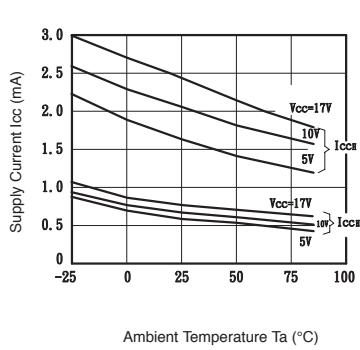
**Fig.3** Rise Time, Fall Time vs. Load Resistance



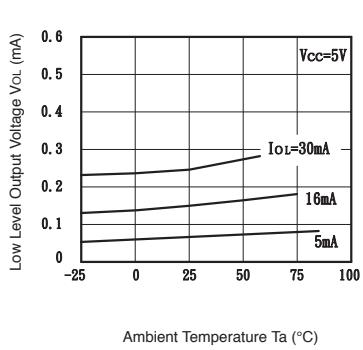
**Fig.4** Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



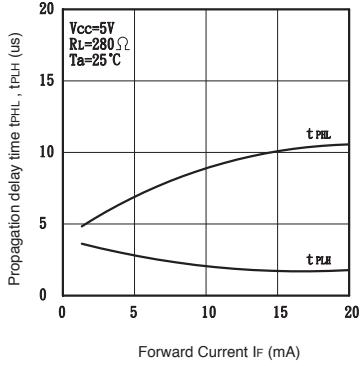
**Fig.5** Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature



**Fig.6** Low Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



**Fig.7** Propagation Delay Time vs. Forward Current



**Fig.8** Low Level Output Voltage vs. Low Level Output Current

