SPEC.NO.	TQ3C-8EACO-E1CWN23-01
DATE	June 5,2001

SPEC

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<u>TYPE: KHS038AA1AJ-L89</u>

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Issued

Date: JUN 08.2001

KYDCERB

Hayato LCD Division

KYOCERA CORPORATION KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT LCD DIVISION

This specification is subject to change without notice. Consult Kyocera before ordering.

Original	Designed by	:Engineering	Confirmed by :QA Dept.		
Issue Data	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
April 13,2001	T. Yamasuchi	M. Fryilani	1 Matsumoto	T. Uchinono	Je Joshida

Caution

- 1. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use only in electronic devices in the areas of audio control, office automation, industrial control, home appliances, etc. The modules should not be used in medical applications where module failure could result in physical harm or loss of life, and Kyocera expressly disclaims any and all liability relating in any way to the use of the module in such medical applications.
- 2. Customer agrees to indemnify, defend and hold Kyocera harmless from and against any and all actions, claims, losses, damages, liabilities, awards, costs, and expenses, including legal fees, resulting from or arising out of Customer's use, or sale for use, of Kyocera modules in medical applications.
- 3. Kyocera shall have the right, which Customer hereby acknowledges, to immediately scrap or destroy tooling for Kyocera modules for which no Purchase Orders have been received from the Customer in a two-year period.

Revision Record

	Revision Record								
Date		Design	ed by:	Engineering D	ept.	Confirmed by:	QA Dept.		
расе		Prepa	red	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved		
June 5,	2001	TiYama	gu dhi	Mitalitani	4. Matsumo to	sound to T. Vohinon. y. yoshid			
Rev. No.	Date		Page		Descriptio	ns			
0 1	June 5	5,2001	2	3.Mechanical ~Change 0 4-1.Electric ~Change S	Specification utline dimensi al absolute ma upply voltage	s ons "6.5"→"6 ximum ratings for LCD drivin	.7" g "37" →"38"		
			1 6	13.Backlight ~Add comm	Characteristi ent	cs 			

1. Application

This data sheet defines the specification for a $(240 \times R.\,G.\,B) \times 320$ dot, STN transflective color dot matrix type Liquid Crystal Display with CFL backlight.

2. Construction and Outline

 $(240 \times R.G.B) \times 320$ dots, COB type LCD with CFL backlight.

Backlight system : Side-edge type CFL (1 tube).

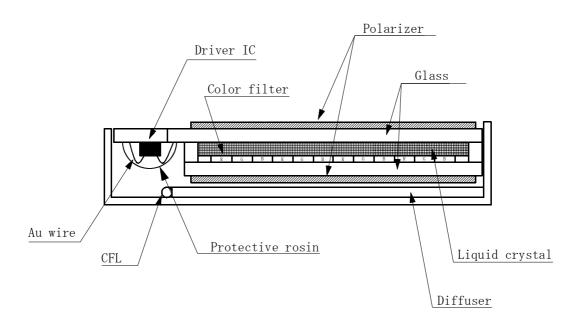
Inverter : Option.

Recommended Inverter: PH-BLCO8-K3 (HITACHI MEDIA ELECTRONICS)

or equivalent.

Polarizer : Glare treatment.

Additional circuit : None



This drawing is showing conception only.

3. Mechanical Specifications

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
Outline dimensions	73.0 (W) × 94.0 (H) × 6.7 (D)	mm
Effective viewing area	59.6 (W) × 78.8 (H)	mm
Dot number	(240×R.G.B) (W) × 320 (H)	Dots
Dot size	0.06 (W) × 0.22 (H)	mm
Dot pitch	0.08 (W) × 0.24 (H)	mm
Display color *1	White *2	_
Base color *1	Black *2	_
Mass	(65)	g

^{*1} Due to the characteristics of the LC material, the color vary with environmental temperature.

*2 Negative-type display
Display data "H" : R, G, B Dots ON : White
Display data "L" : R, G, B Dots OFF : Black

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

4-1 Electrical absolute maximum ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage for logic	VDD	0	7. 0	V
Supply voltage for LCD driving *1	V0-V5	0	38. 0	V
Input signal voltage *2	Vin	0	VDD	V

^{*1} $V0 \ge V1 \ge V2 \ge V3 \ge V4 \ge V5 = 0(V)$

^{*2} Input signal : CP, LOAD, FRM, DF, DISP, D0 \sim D7

4-2 Environmental absolute maximum ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Operating temperature *1	Тор	0	50	$^{\circ}$
Storage temperature *2	Тѕто	-20	60	$^{\circ}$
Operating humidity *3	Нор	10	*4	%RH
Storage humidity *3	Нѕто	10	*4	%RH
Vibration	_	*5	*5	_
Shock	_	*6	*6	_

- *1 LCD's display quarity shall not be guaranteed at the temperture range of below 0°C and upper 40°C.
- *2 Temp. = -20° C < 48 h. , Temp = 60° C < 168 h. Store LCD panel at normal temperature/humidity. Keep it free from vibration and shock. LCD panel that is kept at low or high temperature for a long time can be defective due to the other conditions, even if the temperature satisfies standard.
- *3 Non-condensation.
- *4 Temp. \leq 40°C, 85% RH Max. Temp. > 40°C, Absolute Humidity shall be less than 85%RH at 40°C.

*5	Frequency	10∼55 Hz	Converted to acceleration value:
	Vibration width	0.15 mm	$(0.3 \sim 9 \text{m/s}^2)$
	Interval	10-55-10) Hz 1 minute

- 2 hours in each direction X/Y/Z (6 hours as total) EIAJ ED-2531.
- *6 Acceleration: 490m/s^2 Pulse width: 11 ms

3 times in each direction : $\pm X/\pm Y/\pm Z$.

EIAJ ED-2531.

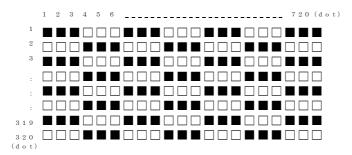
5. Electrical Characteristics

Temp. = 25° C, VDD = $+3.3V \pm 0.3V$

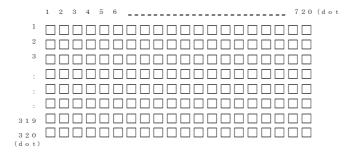
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage for logic	VDD	_	3.0	3. 3	3.6	V
LCD driving voltage *1	Von	0 ℃	(30.4)	(31.4)	(32.4)	V
	Vop =V0-V5	25 ℃	(29. 2)	(30. 2)	(31. 2)	V
		50 ℃	(28.6)	(29.6)	(30.6)	V
Input voltage	Vin	"H" level	0.8VDD	_	VDD	V
		"L" level	0	_	0. 2VDD	V
Clock frequency	f cp	_	2. 02	2. 16	10.0	MHz
Frame frequency *2	f frm	_	70	75	80	Hz
Randomizing frequency *3	for		300	_	800	Hz
Current consumption	IDD	*5	_	(0.8)	(1.0)	mA
for logic		*6	_	(0.6)	(0.8)	mA
Current consumption for LCD driving *4	IEE	*5	_	(2.4)	(3.1)	mA
for LCD driving *4	IEE	*6	_	(1.1)	(1.4)	mA
Power consumption *4	Ddian	*5		(75)	(100)	mW
Power consumption *4	Pdisp	*6	_	(35)	(47)	mW

- *1 Maximum contrast ratio is obtained by adjusting the LCD supply voltage (Vop= V0-V5) for driving LCD.
- *2 In consideration of display quality, it is recommended that frame frequency is set in the range of 70-80Hz. When you have to use higher frame and clock frequencies, confirm the LCD's performance and quality prior to finalizing the frequency values: Generally, as frame and clock frequencies become higher, current consumption will get bigger and display quality will be degraded.
- *3 It is recommended that randomizing frequency be set in the range of 300-800Hz. At finalizing the frequency ,confirm with actual tests that phenomena like flickering and/or horizontal lines do not appear on screen.
- *4 Include recommended circuit. Refer 18. recommended additional circuit.

*5 Display high frequency pattern, (see below). VDD = 3.3V , Vop = VO-V5 , f $_{\rm FRM}$ = 75 Hz , fcp = 2.16MHz Pattern:



*6 Display high frequency pattern, (see below). VDD = 3.3V , Vop = VO-V5 , f $_{\rm FRM}$ = 75 Hz , fcp = 2.16MHz Pattern:



6. Optical Characteristics

6-1. Reflective mode

Measuring Spot = ϕ 6mm , Temp. = 25°C

ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Response	Rise	Tr	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	_	(250)	(350)	ms
time	Down	Td	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	_	(150)	(250)	ms
Contrast ratio		CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	(2.5)	(5.0)	_	_
Reflectance		ρ	_	(4.0)	(6.0)	_	%

Optimum contrast is obtained by adjusting the LCD driving voltage(Vop) while at the viewing angle of $~\theta$ = ϕ = 0° .

6-2. Transmissive mode

Measuring Spot = ϕ 6mm , Temp. = 25°C

ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Response	Rise	Tr	θ =	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$	_	(250)	(350)	ms
time	Down	Td	θ =	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$	_	(150)	(250)	ms
Viewing angle	range	θ	CD > 0	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$	(-20)	_	(30)	deg.
		φ	CR≧2	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	(-50)	_	(45)	deg.
Contrast rati	0	CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		(7.5)	(15.0)	_	_
Brightness (I	L=2.5mA)	L	_		(40)	(60)	_	cd/m²
Chromaticity	Red	X	0 . 00		(0.42)	(0.47)	(0.52)	
coordinates		У	θ =	$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		(0.32)	(0.37)	
	Green	X	0 -	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$	(0.25)	(0.30)	(0.35)	
		у	θ =	$\phi = 0$	(0.41)	(0.46)	(0.51)	
	Blue	Blue x $\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		0°	(0. 12)	(0.17)	(0.22)	_
		у	9 =	φ –υ	(0. 12)	(0.17)	(0.22)	
	White	X	0 -	$\phi = 0^{\circ}$	(0. 25)	(0.30)	(0.35)	
		У	0 -	φ –υ	(0. 28)	(0.33)	(0.38)	

Optimum contrast is obtained by adjusting the LCD driving voltage(Vop) while at the viewing angle of $~\theta$ = ϕ = 0° .

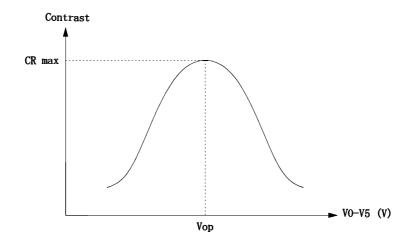
6-3. Definition of Contrast (Reflective Mode)

6-4. Contrast ratio is defined as follows:

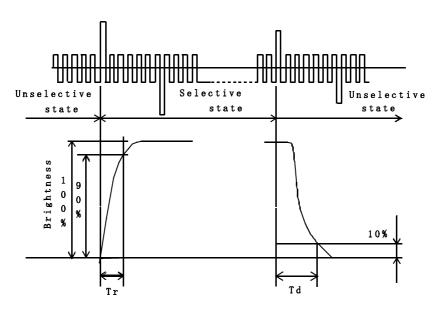
6-5. Definition of Reflectance:

$$\rho \; (\text{Reflectance}) \; = \; \frac{\text{Measured Reflection Brightness}}{\text{Reflection Brightness against Standard White Board}} \; \times \; 100 \, (\%)$$

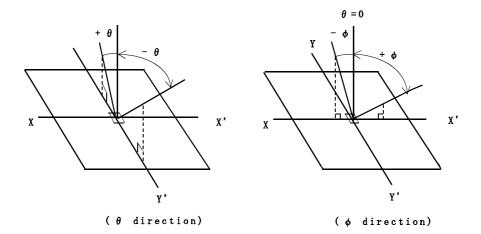
6-6. Definition of Vop



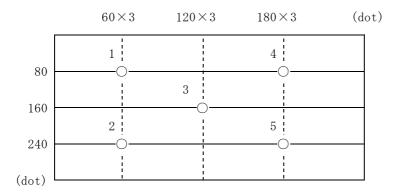
6-7. Definition of response time



6-8. Definition of viewing angle

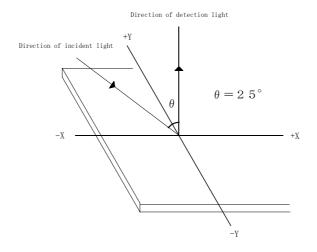


6-9. Measuring points

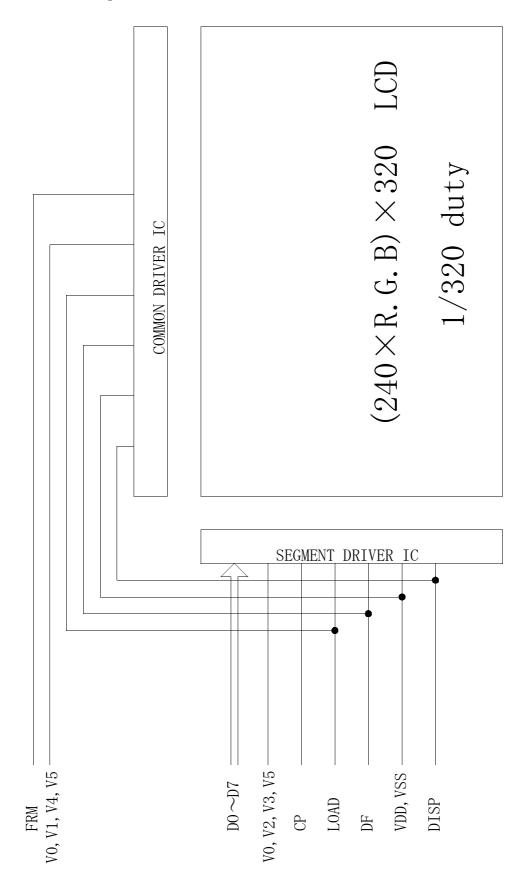


- 1) Rating is defined as the average brightness inside the viewing area.
- 2) 30 minutes after CFL is turned on. (Ambient Temp.=25°C)
- 3) The inverter should meet the eccentric conditions;—Sine, symmetric waveform without spike in positive and negative.
- 4) Measuring Inverter: PH-BLC-08-K3(HITACHI MEDIA ELECTRONICS)

6-10. Measurement method of reflectance



7. Circuit Block Diagram



8. Interface signals

8-1. LCD

CN1:

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL
1	FRM	Synchronous signal for driving scanning line	Н
2	LOAD	Data signal latch clock	$\mathbb{H} \to \mathbb{L}$
3	CP	Data signal shift clock	$\mathbb{H} \to \mathbb{L}$
4	DISP	Display control signal	H(ON), L(OFF)
5	VDD	Power supply for logic	_
6	VDD	Power supply for logic	_
7	VSS	GND	_
8	DF	AC signal for driving	_
9	VO	*	_
10	V1	*	_
11	V2	*	_
12	V3	*	_
13	V4	*	_
14	V5	*	_
15	D7		
16	D6	Display data	
17	D5		
18	D4		H(ON), L(OFF)
19	D3		
20	D2		
21	D1		
22	D0		

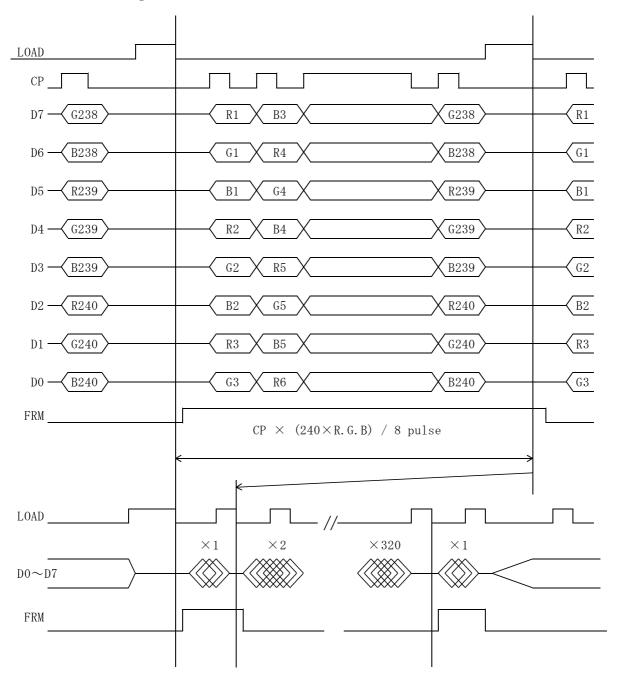
*V0 \sim V5 : Refer 18. Recommended Bias Votage Circuit for driving LCD.

8-2. CFL

PIN No	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL
1	HV	Power supply for CFL	AC
2	NC	_	_
3	GND	Ground line (from inverter)	_

LCD side connector : BHR-03VS-1 (JST) Recommended matching connector : SM02-(8.0)B-BHS-1 (JST)

9. Interface Timing Chart

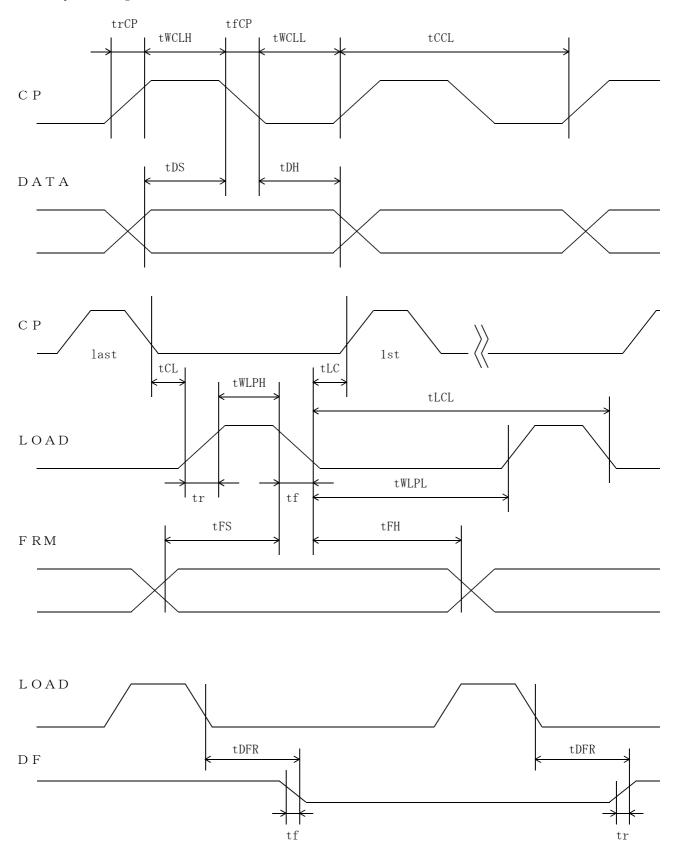


- * The cycle of load signal should be stable and continuously applied without interruption.
- * The above-mentioned timing chart shows a reference to set up a LCD module, not an electrical rating

1 O. Data and Screen

		Γ						I						
			Y 1			Y2			Υ3		• • •		Y240	
C H I P	X1	D7 R1	D6 G1	D5 B1	D4 R2	D3 G2	D2 B2	D1 R3	D0 G3	D7 B3		D2 R240	D1 G240	D0 B240
A R E A														
	X320						СНІР	AREA						

1 1. Input Timing Characteristics



11-1. Switchig characteristics

Input Characteristics ; VDD = +3.3V \pm 0.3V, Temp. = 25 $^{\circ}$ C

SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
tCCL	100	_	ns
tWCLH	40	_	ns
tWCLL	40	_	ns
trCP	_	30	ns
tfCP	_	30	ns
tDS	25	_	ns
tDH	20	_	ns
tWLPH	100	_	ns
tWLPL	4900	_	ns
tLCL	5000	_	ns
tCL	0	_	ns
tLC	200-tWLPH	_	ns
tr	_	30	ns
tf	_	30	ns
tFS	100	_	ns
tFH	30	_	ns
tDFR	0	300	ns
	tCCL tWCLH tWCLL trCP tfCP tDS tDH tWLPH tWLPL tLCL tCL tCL tr tf	tCCL 100 tWCLH 40 tWCLL 40 trCP — tfCP — tDS 25 tDH 20 tWLPH 100 tWLPL 4900 tCL 0 tCL 0 tCL 0 tCL 200-tWLPH tr — tf — tFS 100 tFH 30	tCCL 100 — tWCLH 40 — tWCLL 40 — trCP — 30 tfCP — 30 tDS 25 — tDH 20 — tWLPH 100 — tWLPL 4900 — tCL 5000 — tCL 0 — tCL 200-tWLPH — tf — 30 tf — 30 tFS 100 — tFH 30 —

^{*1} CP Cycle is adjust so that FRM signal is $75\mathrm{Hz}.$

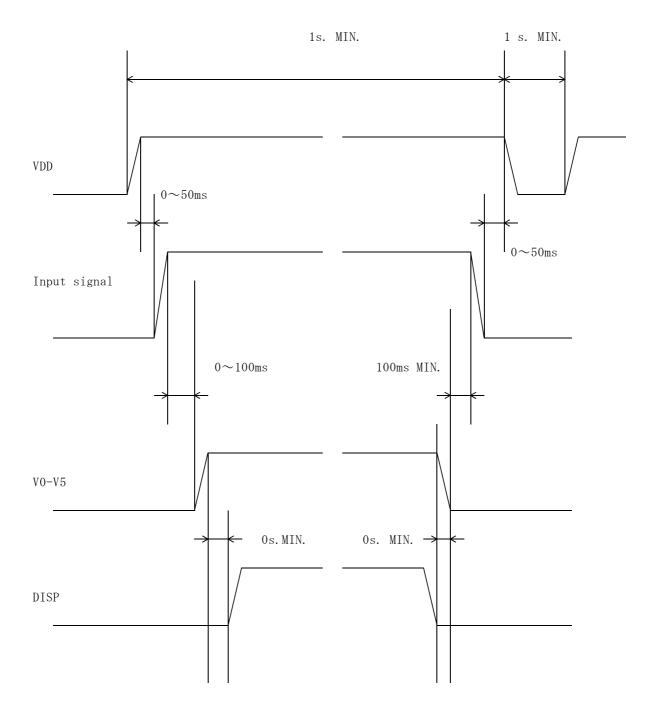
Please use on condition that ①, ② are filled.

^{*3} LOAD Cycle is const.

^{*4} tLC \geq 0

12. Supply Voltage Sequence Condition

DO NOT apply DC voltage to the LCD panel. DC voltage induce irreversible electrochemical reactions and reduce LCD life. Always follow the power supply ON/OFF sequence of VDD first, input signal second, VO-V5 third and finally DISP.
This will prevent DC driving of the LCD or CMOS LSI latch up as shown below.



- * The above sequence should be designed as to keep each normal figure on condition that liquid crystal module is loaded on your system.
- * Control the input signal and VO V5 to the above ON OFF timing when you switch ON/OFF the display during VDD and DISP are on. And also design the circuit as VO - V5's OFF level become GND level.

13 . Backlight Characteristics

CFL ratings

Temp. = 25° C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	NOTE
Starting	VS		_	(720) Vrms.	0 ℃
discharge Voltage *1	VS	1	_	(440) Vrms.	25 ℃
Discharging tube current *2,*3	IL	(2.0) mArms.	(2.5) mArms.	(6.0) mArms.	_
Discharging tube voltage	VL	_	(275) Vrms.	_	_
Operating life (IL= 2.5 mArms.) *4	Т	(27, 000) h	(40, 000) h.	_	_
Operating frequency	F	(50) kHz	_	(100) kHz	_

- *1 The Non-load output voltage (VS) of the inverter should be designed to have some margin, because VS may increase due to the leak current which may be caused by wiring of CFL cables. (Reference value: (936) Vrms MIN.)
- *2 We recommend that you should set the discharging tube current at lower than typical value. so as to prevent the heat accumulation of CFL tube from deteriorating a performance of the LCD.
- *3 Do not apply more than $(6.0)\,\mathrm{mA}$ discharge tube current. Because CFL maybe broken due to over current.
- *4 When the illuminance or quantity of light has decreased to 50 % of the initial value. Average life time of CFL will be decreased when LCD is operating at lower and Higher temperature.

14. Lot Number Identification

The lot number shall be indicated on the back of the backlight case of each LCD.



YEAR	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6

MONTH	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUN.
CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6

MONTH	JUL.	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
CODE	7	8	9	X	Y	Z

15. Warranty

15-1. Incoming inspection

Please inspect the LCD within one month after your receipt.

15-2. Production Warranty

Kyocera warrants its LCDs for a period of 12 months after receipt by the purchaser, and within the limits specified. Kyocera shall, by mutual agreement, replace or rework defective LCDs that are shown to be Kyocera's responsibility.

16. Precautions for use

16-1. Installation of the LCD

- 1. A transparent protection plate shall be added to protect the LCD and itspolarizers
- 2. The LCD shall be installed so that there is no pressure on the LSI chips.
- 3. The LCD shall be installed flat, without twisting or bending.
- 4. The display window size should be the same as the effective viewing area.
- 5. In case you use outside frame of effective viewing area as outward appearance of your product, unevenness of its outward appearance is out of guarantee.
- 6. Do not pull the CFL lead wires and do not bend the root of the wires. Housing should be designed to protect CFL lead wires from external stress.

16-2. Static Electricity

- 1. Since CMOS ICs are mounted directly onto the LCD glass, protection from static electricity is required. Operation should wear ground straps.
- 2. Aluminum foil covering the terminal electrodes should remain in place until installed.

16-3. LCD Operation

- 1. The LCD shall be operated within the limits specified. Operation at values outside of these limits may shorten life, and/or harm display images.
- 2. Vop must be adjusted to optimize viewing angle and contrast.
- 3. Operation of the LCD at temperature below the limit specified may cause image degradation and/or bubbles. It may also change the characteristics of the liquid crystal. This phenomenon may not recover. The LCD shall be operated within the temperature limits specified.

16-4. Storage

- 1. The LCD shall be stored within the temperature and humidity limits specified. Store in a dark area, and protected the LCD from direct sunlight or fluorescentlight.
- 2. The LCD should be packaged to prevent damage.

16-5. Screen Surface

- 1. <u>DO NOT</u> store in a high humidity environment for extended periods. Image degradation, bubbles, and/or peeling off of polarizer may result.
- 2. The front polarizer is easily scratched or damaged. Prevent touching it with any hard material, and from being pushed or rubbed.
- 3. The LCD screen may be cleaned with a soft cloth or cotton pad. Methanol, or Isopropyl Alcohol may be used, but insure that all solvent residue is removed.
- 4. Water may cause damage or discoloration of the polarizer. Clean any condensation or moisture from any source immediately.
- 5. Always keep the LCD free from condensation during testing. Condensation may permanently spot or stain the polarizers.

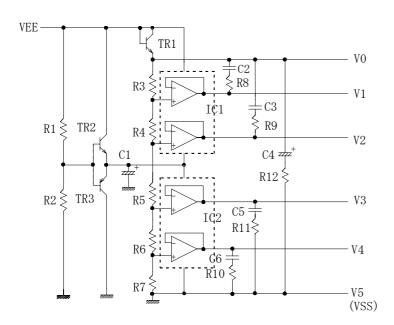
17. Reliability Data / Environmental Test

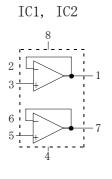
TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	TEST TIME	RESULT
High Temp. Atmosphere	60℃	240 h.	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
Low Temp. Atmosphere	-20℃	240 h.	Low Temp. Bubble : None Solid Crystallization of Liquid Crystal : None Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
High Temp. Humidity Atmosphere	40℃ 90%RH	240 h.	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Current Consumption : No defect
Temp. Cycle	-20°C 0.5 h. R. T. 0.5 h. 60°C 0.5 h.	10cycles	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Bubble on Cell : None
High Temp. Operation	50℃ Vop	500 h.	Display Quality : No defect Current Consumption : No defect

- st Each test item uses a test LCD only once. The tested LCD is not used in any other tests.
- st The LCD is tested in circumstances in which there is no condensation.
- * The tested LCD is inspected after 24 hours of storage at room temperature and room humidity after each test is finished.
- * The reliability test is not an out-going inspection.
- * The results of the reliability test are for your reference purpose only. The reliability test is conducted only to examine the LCD's capability.

18. Recommended additional circuit

a) Recommended Bias Voltage for Driving LCD





These value above are theoreticaly calculated. Fine tuning might be required in some cases. For fine tuning value of the resistor shall be adjusted to conform with the follwingequation.

Recommended parts for Bios voltage circuit

①SEMI CONDUCTOR

Symbol	Type	Maker Name	note
IC1	MC33172D	MOTOROLA	
IC2	MC33172D	MOTOROLA	
TR1	2SC2412K	ROHM	
TR2	2SC2412K	ROHM	
TR3	2SA1037AK	ROHM	

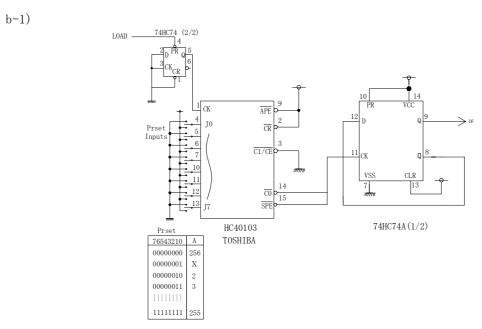
②RESISTOR

Symbol	Characteristic	Example(Maker Name)	note
R1	100K/1608/J	CR10-104J	(KYOCERA)
R2	100K/1608/J	CR10-104J	(KYOCERA)
R3	15K/1608/D	RR0816R-153-D	(SUSUMU)
R4	15K/1608/D	RR0816R-153-D	(SUSUMU)
R5	220K/1608/F	RK73H1J-220KΩF	(KOA)
R6	15K/1608/D	RR0816R-153-D	(SUSUMU)
R7	15K/1608/D	RR0816R-153-D	(SUSUMU)
R8	$15\Omega/1608/J$	CR10-150J	(KYOCERA)
R9	$15\Omega/1608/J$	CR10-150J	(KYOCERA)
R10	$15\Omega/1608/J$	CR10-150J	(KYOCERA)
R11	15Ω/1608/J	CR10-150J	(KYOCERA)
R12	15Ω/1608/J	CR10-150J	(KYOCERA)

3CAPACITOR

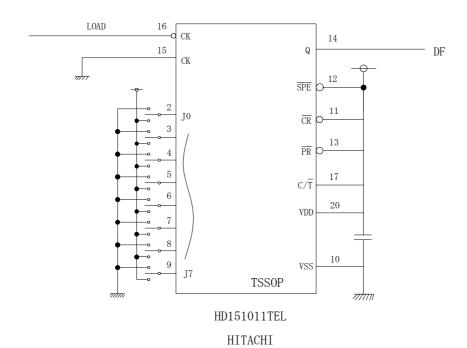
Symbol	Characteristic	Example(Maker Name)	note
C1	4. $7 \mu / 35 V$	MF35FD4R7MC6 (NIPPON CHEMI-CON)	Electrolytic capacitor
C2	B/4. $7 \mu \text{ F}/10 \text{V}/3216/\text{M}$	LMK316BJ475ML (TAIYO YUDEN)	Ceramic Capacitor
C3	B/4. $7 \mu \text{ F}/10 \text{V}/3216/\text{M}$	LMK316BJ475ML (TAIYO YUDEN)	Ceramic Capacitor
C4	4. $7 \mu / 50 V$	MF50FD4R7MC8 (NIPPON CHEMI-CON)	Electrolytic capacitor
C5	B/4. $7 \mu \text{ F}/10 \text{V}/3216/\text{M}$	LMK316BJ475ML (TAIYO YUDEN)	Ceramic Capacitor
С6	B/4. 7 μ F/10V/3216/M	LMK316BJ475ML (TAIYO YUDEN)	Ceramic Capacitor

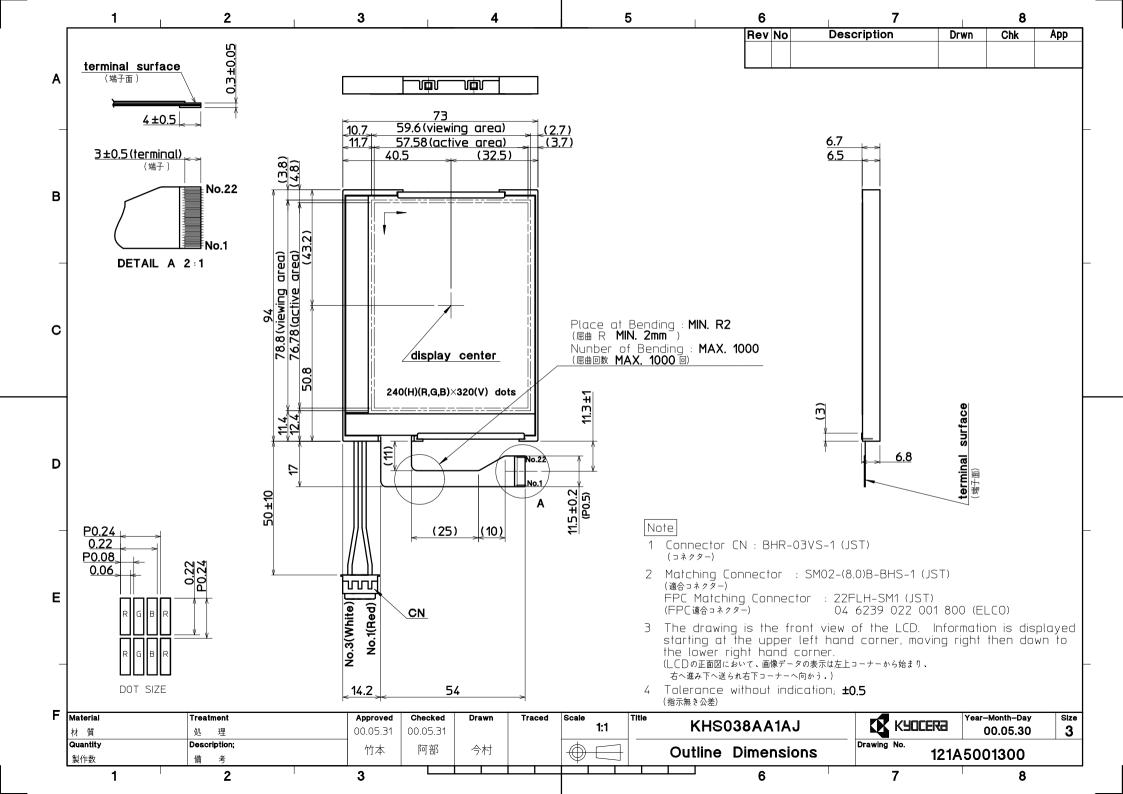
b) Example of Randomizing Circuit
Randomizing circuit is recommended in order to reduce "cross-talk" phenomenun
of displayed images. (Tailing, vertical strips, etc)
Its detail is subject to change according to actual operating condition and application
of the LCD. Should you have any question when installing an actual randomizing circuit,
please ask Kyocera for details.



There may be flickering on screen according to some LOAD signal frequencies. If in happens, set PRESET INPUTS terminals to select optimized conditions.

b-2)





Document NO.	TQ3C-8EACO-E2CWN22-00
DATE	April 13,2001

FOR:	
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KYOCERA INSPECTION STANDARD

<u>TYPE: KHS038AA1AJ-L89</u>

KYOCERA CORPORATION KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT LCD DIVISION

Original	Designed by :Engineering Dept.			Confirmed by :QA Dept.	
Issue Data	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
April 13,2001	T. Yamagudhi	M.Fujitani	H. Ohno.	Sflagoski	y goslista

Revision Record

D	ate		Design	ed by:	Engineering D	ept.	Confirmed by:	QA Dept.
Da	аге		Prepa	red	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
Rev. No	ο.	Date		Page		Descriptio	ons	

Visuals specification

1)Note

Item	Note				
General	 When defects specified in this Inspection Standards are inspected, operating voltage(Vop) shall be set at the level where optimized contrast is available. Display quality is applied up to effective viewing area. (Bi-Level INSPECTION) This inspection standard about the image quality shall be applied to any defect within the effective viewing area and shall not be applicable to outside of the area. 				
	standard happen, addit	ch are not specified in this ional standard shall be determined tween customer and Kyocera.			
	4. Inspection conditions				
	Luminance : 500 Lux minimum . Inspection distance : 300 mm (from the sample) Temperature : $25~\pm~5~^{\circ}{\rm C}$ Direction : right above				
Definition of Inspection item	Pinhole, Bright spot Black spot, Scratch Foreign particle	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon dose not change with voltage.			
	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage.			
	Polarizer (Scratch, Bubble, Dent)	Scratch, Bubble and Dent in the polarizer which can be observed in on / off state.			

2)Standard

Inapastian itam	Т.,	daamant	atandand	
Inspection item	Ju	dgement	standard	
Pinhole, Bright spot Black spot, Foreign particle	a	Q V		
			d = (a +	b) / 2
	Category Size	(mm)	Acceptab	ole number
	A d	_ ≤ 0.2	neg	glected
	B $0.2 < d \le 0.3$			5
	C 0.3 < d \leq 0.5			3
	D 0.5 < d			0
Scratch, Foreign particle	W L			
	Width (mm)	Len	gth (mm)	Acceptable No.
	$A \qquad \qquad W \leq 0.03$		_	neglected
	B		L ≦ 2.0	neglected
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		L ≤ 4.0	3
	D E 0.1 < W	4.0 < L		0
	E 0.1 \ W			According to Circular
Contrast variation	Category Size (mm)	d = (a + Acceptab	b)/2 ole number
	A d	\leq 0.5	neg	glected
	B 0.5 < d	\leq 0.7		3
	C 0.7 < d			0

Inspection item	Judgement standard			
Polarizer (Scratch, Bubble, Dent)	(1) Scratch	L	W	
	Widt	h (mm) Ler	agth (mm)	Acceptable No.
	A	W ≦ 0.1		neglected
	B 0.1 <	W ≤ 0.3	L ≦ 5.0	neglected
	С 0.1		< L	0
	D 0.3 < W — 0			
		a	d = (a +	b) / 2
	Category	Size (mm)	Acceptab	le number
	A	d ≦ 0.2		lected
			-	Tected
	В	$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$		5
	С	$0.2 < d \le 0.3$ $0.3 < d \le 0.5$		