

3-PHASE CAPSTAN MOTOR DRIVER

The KA3080 and KA3080D are a monolithic integrated circuit, and it is suitable for 3-phase capstan motor driver for VCR system.

FEATURES

- 3-phase, full-wave, linear BLDC motor driver with 3 hall sensors
- Built-in TSD (Thermal shutdown) circuit
- Built-in torque ripple control circuit
- Built-in output current limiter
- Motor speed control
- High output current
- Built-in FG amplifier with sinusoidal waveforms
- Built-in hall amplifier
- Built-in CW and CCW circuit

32-SDIPH-400 28-SSOPH-375



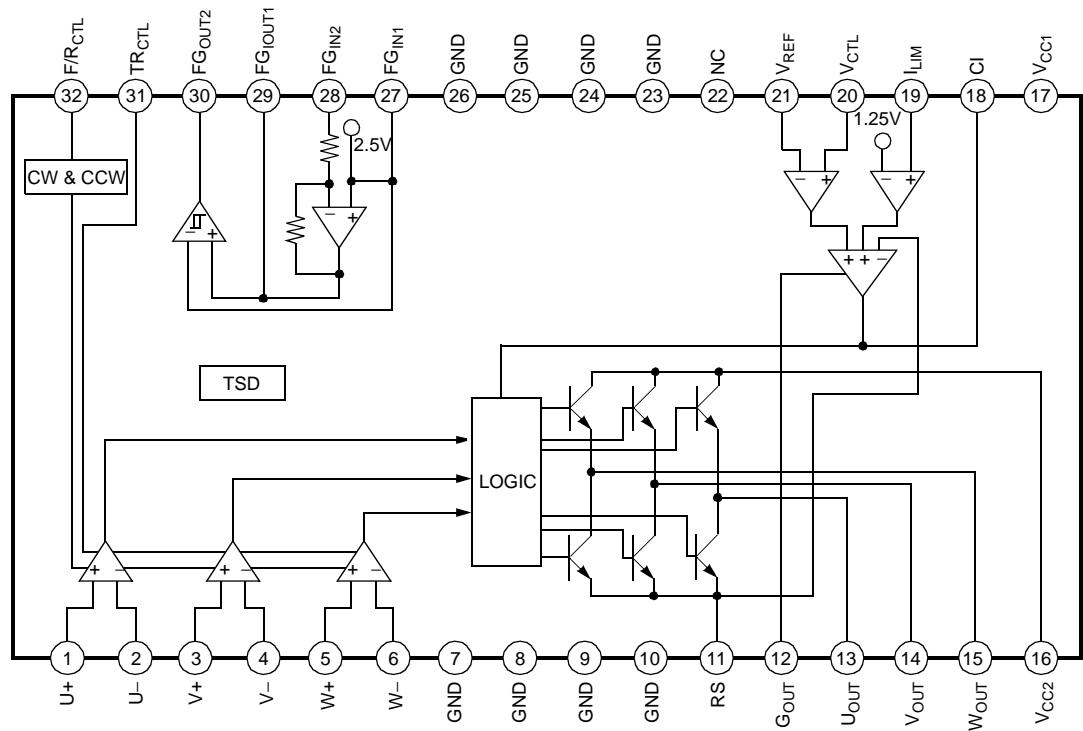
ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Operating Temperature
KA3080	32-SDIPH-400	-25°C ~ +75°C
KA3080D	28-SSOPH-375	

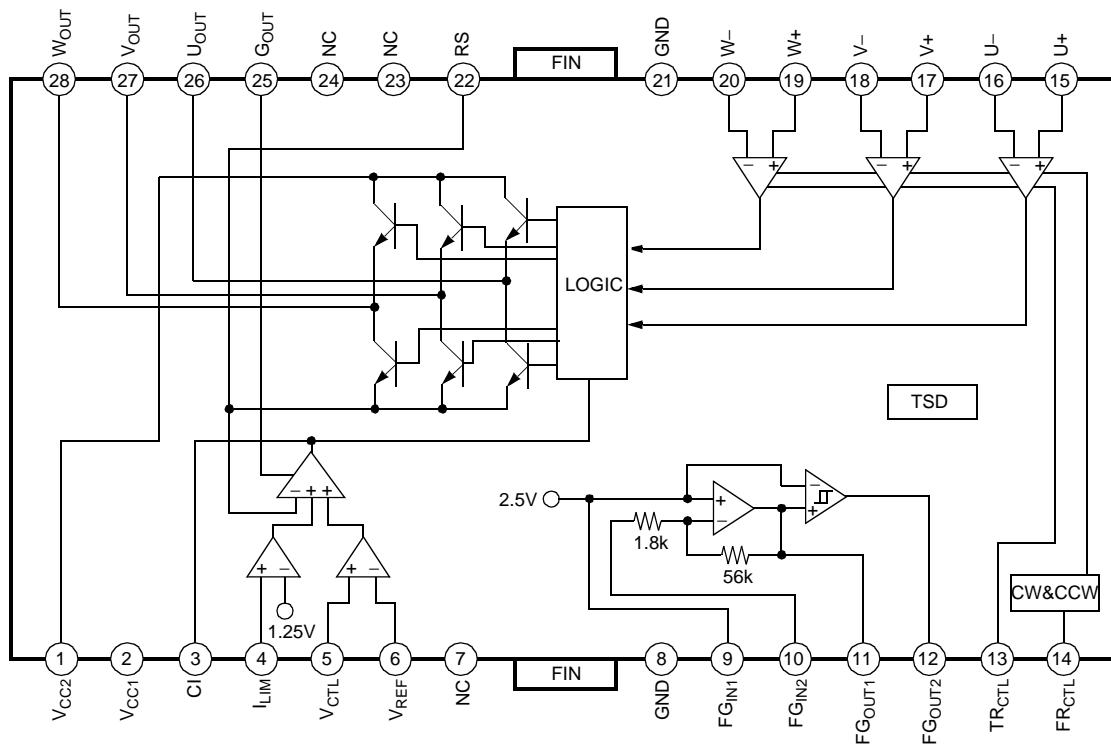
TARGET APPLICATION

- Capstan motor driver for VCR system

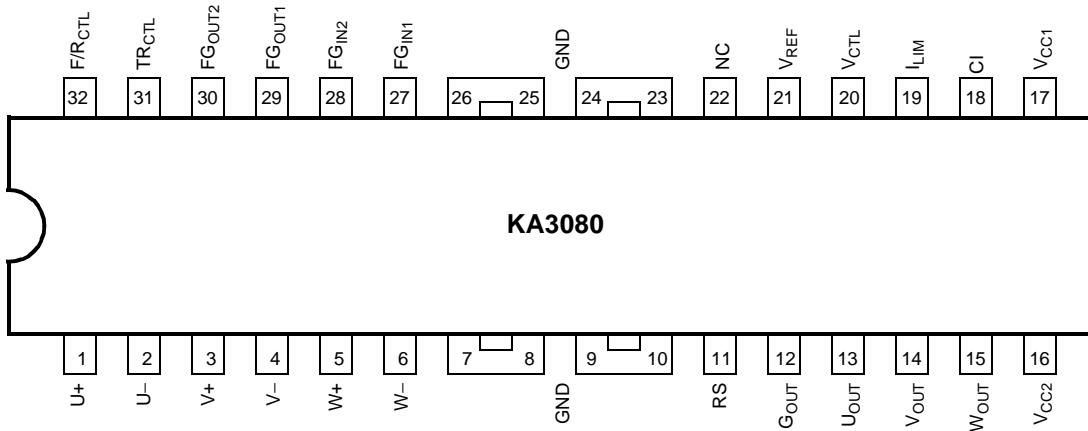
BLOCK DIAGRAM (32SDIPH)



BLOCK DIAGRAM (28SSOPH)



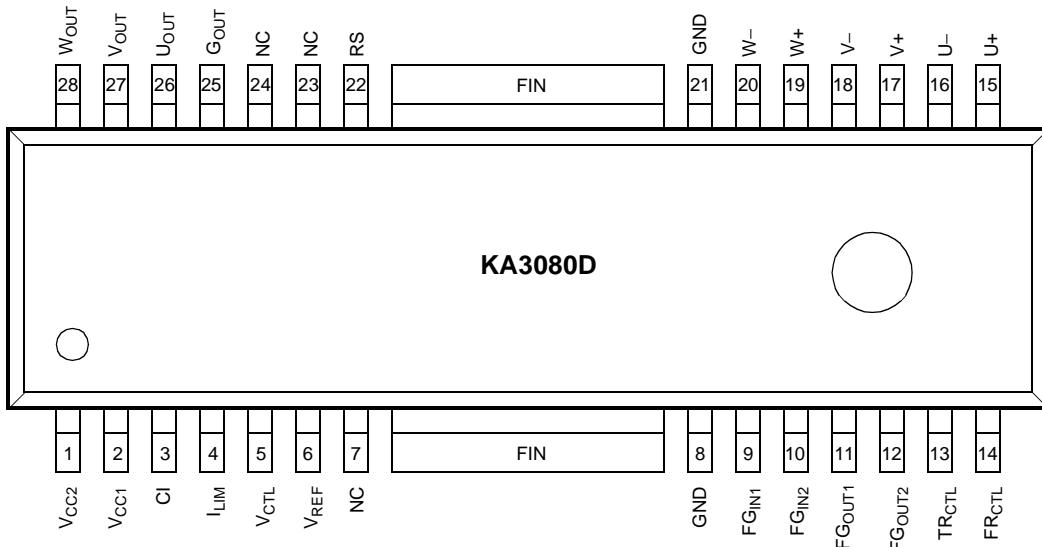
PIN CONFIGURATIONS (32SDIPH)



PIN DESCRIPTION (32SDIPH)

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	U ⁺	I	U+ hall signal input	17	V _{CC1}	-	Supply voltage(Signal)
2	U ⁻	I	U- hall signal input	18	C _I	-	Phase stabilization
3	V ⁺	I	V+ hall signal input	19	I _{LIM}	I	Current limitation
4	V ⁻	I	V- hall signal input	20	V _{CTL}	I	Voltage control
5	W ⁺	I	W+ hall signal input	21	V _{REF}	I	Voltage control reference
6	W ⁻	I	W- hall signal input	22	NC	-	No connection
7	GND	-	Ground (Signal)	23	GND	-	Ground (Signal)
8	GND	-	Ground (Signal)	24	GND	-	Ground (Signal)
9	GND	-	Ground (Signal)	25	GND	-	Ground (Signal)
10	GND	-	Ground (Signal)	26	GND	-	Ground (Signal)
11	RS	O	Output current detection	27	FG _{IN1}	I	FG amp. input1
12	G _{OUT}	-	Ground (Power)	28	FG _{IN2}	I	FG amp. input2
13	U _{OUT}	O	U out	29	FG _{OUT1}	O	FG amp. output
14	V _{OUT}	O	V out	30	FG _{OUT2}	O	FG comp. output
15	W _{OUT}	O	W out	31	TR _{CTL}	I	Torque ripple control
16	V _{CC2}	-	Supply voltage (Power)	32	F/R _{CTL}	I	Forward & reverse control

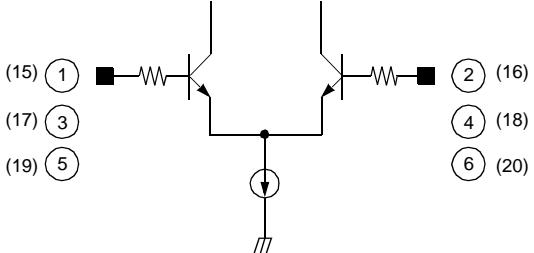
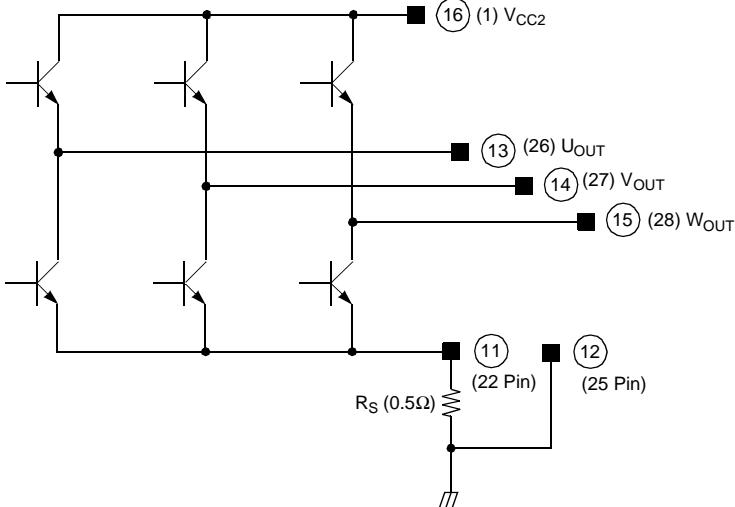
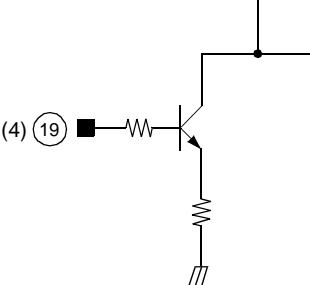
PIN CONFIGURATIONS (28SSOPH)



PIN DESCRIPTIONS (28SSOPH)

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	V _{CC2}	-	Supply voltage (Power)	15	U+	I	U+ hall signal input
2	V _{CC1}	-	Supply voltage (Signal)	16	U-	I	U- hall signal input
3	Cl	-	Phase stabilization	17	V+	I	V+ hall signal input
4	I _{LIM}	I	Current limitation	18	V-	I	V- hall signal input
5	V _{CTL}	I	Voltage control	19	W+	I	W+ hall signal input
6	V _{REF}	I	Voltage control reference	20	W-	I	W- hall signal input
7	NC	-	No connection	21	GND	-	Ground (Signal)
8	GND	-	Ground (Signal)	22	RS	O	Output current detection
9	FG _{IN1}	I	FG amp input 1	23	NC	-	No connection
10	FG _{IN2}	I	FG amp input 2	24	NC	-	No connection
11	FG _{OUT1}	O	FG amp output	25	G _{OUT}	-	Ground (Power)
12	FG _{OUT2}	O	FG comp output	26	U _{OUT}	O	U out
13	TR _{CTL}	I	Torque ripple control	27	V _{OUT}	O	V out
14	FR _{CTL}	I	Forward & reverse control	28	W _{OUT}	O	W out

INTERNAL CIRCUIT (32SDIPH: (#), 28SSOPH: (#))

Description	Pin No.	Internal circuit
Hall input	32SDIPH 1, 2, 3 4, 5, 6 28SSOPH 15, 16, 17 18, 19, 20	
Output & Current detection	32SDIPH 13, 14, 15, 11 28SSOPH 26, 27, 28, 22	
Speed control (Current limitation)	32SDIPH 19 28SSOPH 4	

INTERNAL CIRCUIT (Continued) (32SDIPH: (#), 28SSOPH: (#))

Description	Pin No.	Internal circuit
Speed control (Voltage control)	32SDIPH 20 28SSOPH 5	
Voltage control reference	32SDIPH 21 28SSOPH 6	
Torque ripple control	32SDIPH 31 28SSOPH 13	
Forward & Reverse control	32SDIPH 32 28SSOPH 14	

INTERNAL CIRCUIT (Continued) (32SDIPH: (#), 28SSOPH: (#))

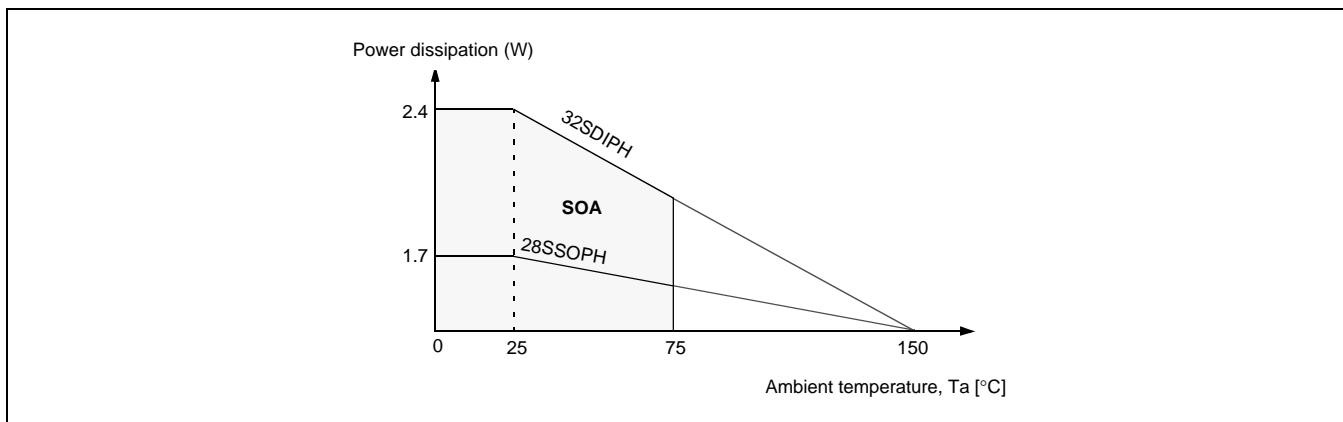
Description	Pin No.	Internal circuit
FG AMP.	32SDIPH 27, 28, 29, 30 28SSOPH 9, 10, 11, 12	
Phase stabilization	32SDIPH 16, 18 28SSOPH 1, 3	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Value	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage (Signal)	V _{CC1max}	7	V	–
Supply voltage (Power)	V _{CC2max}	28	V	–
Maximum Output current	I _{Omax}	1.5 ^{note1}	A / Phase	V _{CC1} =5V, V _{CC2} =16V
Power dissipation	P _d	2.4 ^{note2}	W	32SDIPH
		1.7 ^{note2}	W	28SSOPH
Junction temperature	T _J	150	°C	V _{CC1} =5V, V _{CC2} =16V
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-25 ~ +75	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-40 ~ +125	°C	

NOTES:

1. Duty 1 / 100, pulse width 500μs
2. 1) When mounted on glass epoxy PCB (76.2 × 114 × 1.57mm)
2) Power dissipation reduces 13.6mV / °C for using above Ta=25°C. (32SDIPH Type)
Power dissipation reduces 19.2mV / °C for using above Ta=25°C. (28SSOPH Type)
- 3) Do not exceed Pd and SOA.

PD GRAPH**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta=25°C)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Value	Unit
Operating supply voltage (Signal)	V _{CC1}	4.5 ~ 5.5	V
Operating supply voltage (Power)	V _{CC2}	8 ~ 27	V

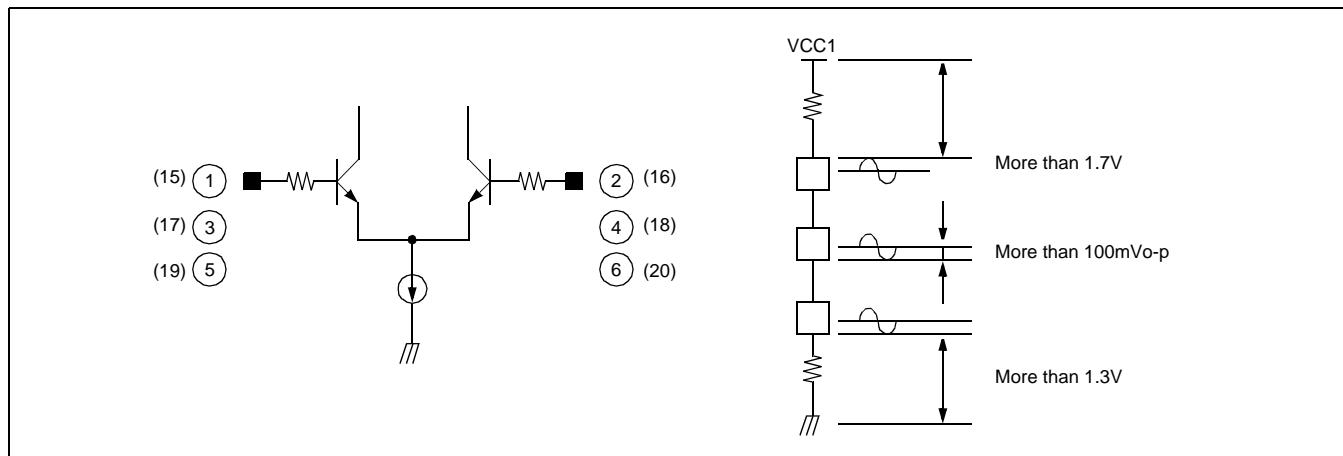
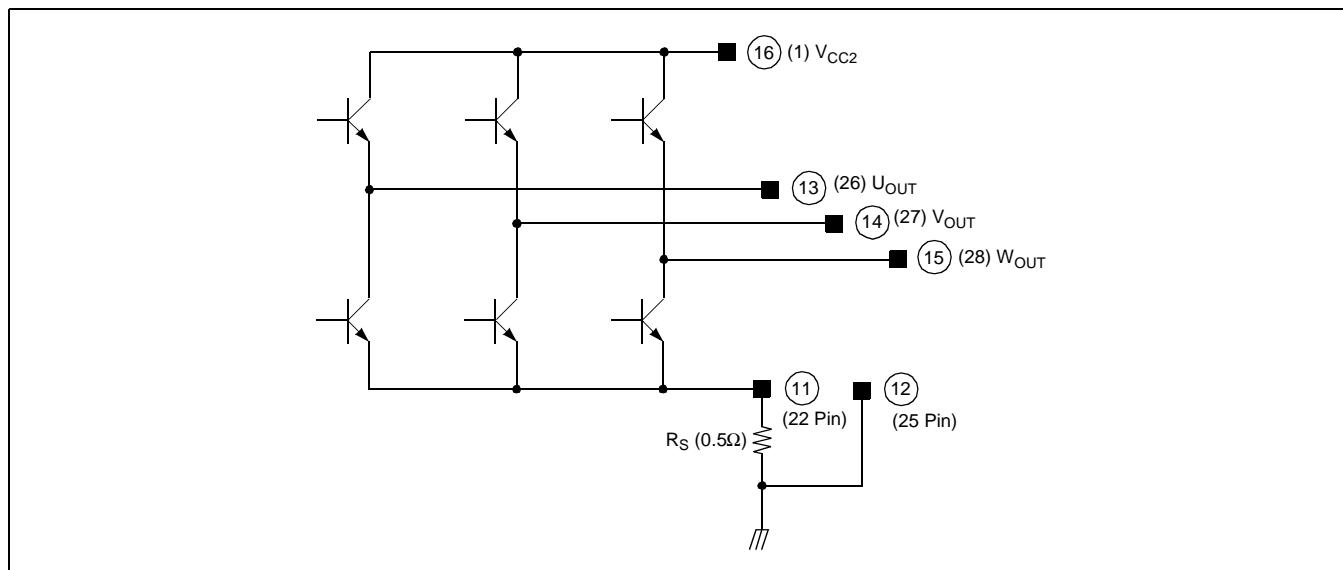
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC1}=5V, V_{CC2}=16V, R_S=0.5Ω, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Block	Characteristic	Symbol	Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	max.	Unit
Total	Quiescent input current 1	I _{CC1}	V _{CC1} =5V, V _{FR} =5V		5.0	8.5	12.0	mA
	Quiescent input current 3	I _{CC3}	V _{CC1} =7V, V _{FR} =5V		6.0	10.0	15.0	mA
	Quiescent input current	I _{O1}	V _{CC2} =16V, V _{LIM} =0V		–	1.5	5.0	mA
	Quiescent input current (Max.)	I _{O1max}	V _{CC2} =27V, V _{LIM} =V _{REF}		–	2.7	7.0	mA
Output	Current limit level	GM _{L1}	RS=0.5Ω	32SDIPH	0.61	0.67	0.73	A/V
				28SSOPH	0.46	0.52	0.58	
	Control gain	GM ₁	V _{IN} =0V	32SDIPH	0.9	1.0	1.1	A/V
				28SSOPH	0.7	0.8	0.9	
	Output amp. Saturation voltage 4 (Outflow current)	V _{SU4}	I _{OUT} =0.8A / Phase		–	1.8	2.0	V
	Output amp. Saturation voltage 4 (Inflow current)	V _{SD4}	I _{OUT} =0.8A / Phase		–	1.8	2.0	V
	Limit current gap of phases	LD1	I _{VU2} -I _{WU2}		-5	0	5	mA
	Current gap of phases	D1	I _{VU1} -I _{WU1}		-5	0	5	mA
	Phase output wave frequency 1	PF1	15kHz, 5Vp-p		2.45	2.5	2.55	kHz
	Phase output wave frequency 4	PF4	10kHz, 5Vp-p		1.62	1.67	1.72	kHz
Control	Current limit input current	I ₁₉	–		–	350	2000	nA
	Control input current	I ₂₀	–		–	350	2000	nA
	Input offset voltage U	V _{O2U}	–		-50	0	50	mV
Rotation Control	CW voltage range	V _{FRU}	–		1.0	1.3	1.6	V
FG amp & comp	FG amp input DC voltage	V28(10)	32SDIPH (28SSOPH)		2.2	2.5	2.8	V
	FG amp reference voltage	V27(9)	32SDIPH (28SSOPH)		2.2	2.5	2.8	V
	FG amp voltage gain	FG _{AV1}	FG _{IN3} =10kHz, 60mVp-p		28	31	34	Times
	FG comp output frequency	F _{COMP}	FG _{AMP0} =3Vp-p (1kHz)		0.7	1	1.1	kHz
	FG comp downward input Threshold voltage	V _{THDW}	FG _{AMP0} =3→2 Sweep		2.40	2.45	2.50	V
	FG comp Upward input Threshold voltage	V _{THUP}	FG _{AMP0} =2→3 Sweep		2.50	2.55	2.60	V
	FG comp hysteresis	V _{HYS}	–		20	100	180	mV
	FG output high voltage	FG _{HI}	FG _{IN3} =3V		4.2	–	–	V
	FG output low voltage	FG _{LO}	FG _{IN3} =2V		–	–	0.4	V

APPLICATION INFORMATION (32SDIPH: , 28SSOPH: (#))**1. HALL INPUT**

The input signal of the hall sensor requires more amplitude than 100mVo-p. and the operating voltage level of the hall sensor is from 1.2V ~ V_{CC1}-0.8V.

**2. OUTPUT CURRENT DETECTION**

The R_S (Output current sensing) is usually connected with R_S (Approx. 0.5Ω), and the motor current is converted to a voltage by the R_S and provided to a feedback amplifier.

The G_{OUT} (Power ground) is connected to the circuit with the ground side or R_S.

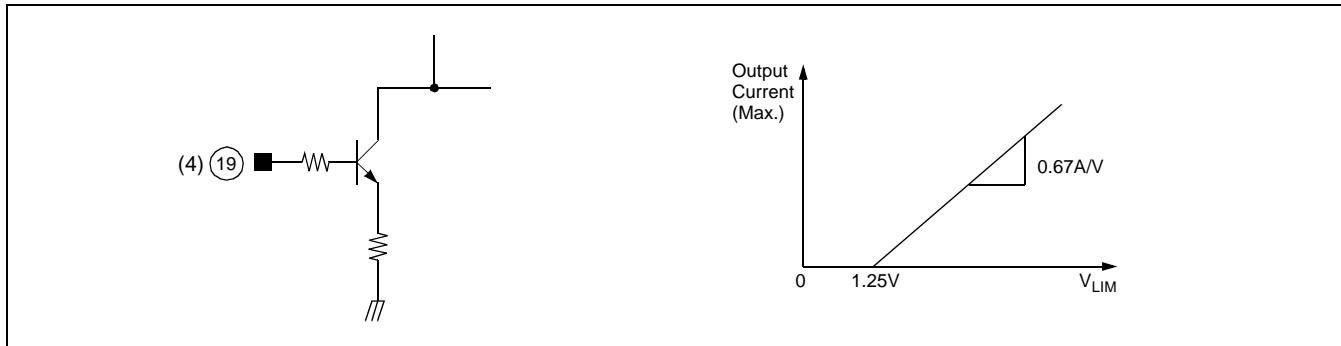
3. MOTOR SPEED CONTROL (INPUT CURRENT LIMITATION)

The maximum output current is limited by the I_{LIM} (Current limiting) voltage as follows.

So a motor speed is controlled by the output current. In case of no-use, it is to be short-circuit with V_{CC1} .

$$GML = \Delta I_O / \Delta V_{LIM} = (I_{O2} - I_{O1}) / (V_{LIM2} - V_{LIM1}), \text{ where } V_{LIM1} = 1.45V \rightarrow \text{Output current} = I_{O1}$$

$$V_{LIM2} = 1.55V \rightarrow \text{Output current} = I_{O2}$$



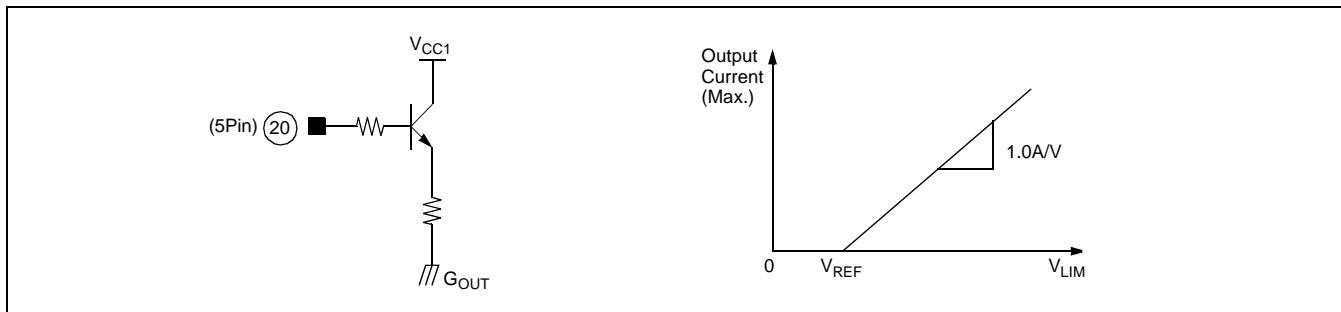
4. MOTOR SPEED CONTROL (INPUT VOLTAGE CONTROL)

The control of motor speed is possible on the conditions of $V_{CTL} \geq V_{REF}$.

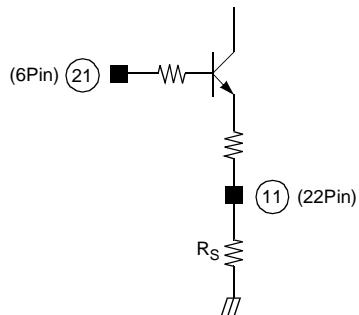
The control gain is approx. 1.0A/V as follows.

$$GML = \Delta I_O / \Delta V_{CTL} = (I_{O2} - I_{O1}) / (V_{CTL2} - V_{CTL1}), \text{ where } V_{REF} = 2.5V, V_{CTL1} = 2.6V \rightarrow \text{Output current} = I_{O1}$$

$$V_{REF} = 2.5V, V_{CTL2} = 2.7V \rightarrow \text{Output current} = I_{O2}$$

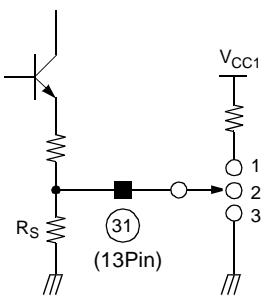


5. VOLTAGE CONTROL REFERENCE



The input voltage range is $2V \leq V_{REF} \leq (V_{CC1} - 2V)$.

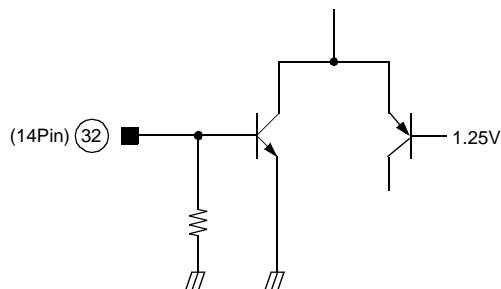
6. TORQUE RIPPLE CONTROL



The motor torque ripple is controlled by the TR_{CTL} (Torque ripple control) voltage as follows.

1. GND
2. Normal Mode
3. Control Mode

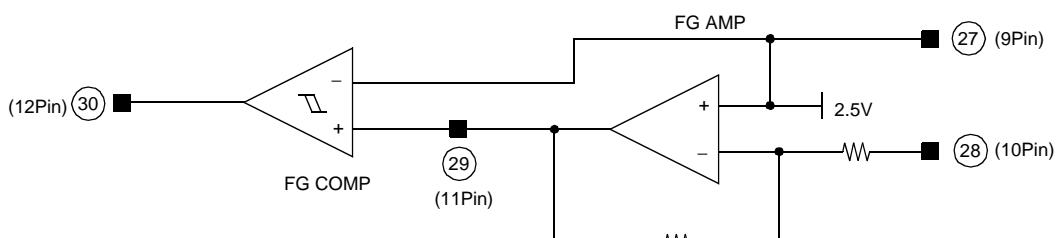
7. FORWARD & REVERSE ROTATION CONTROL



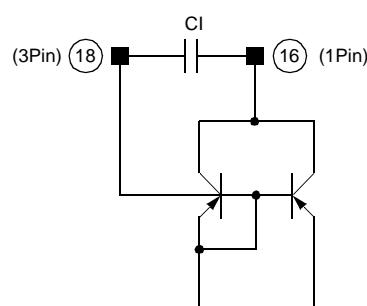
Forward mode: $V_{FRCTL} \geq 1.8V$
 Reverse mode: $V_{FRCTL} \leq 0.8V$

8. FG AMP

FG amp is the inversion type. FG amp is built in both the reference voltage (Approx. 2.5V) and the gain setting resistors. The FG comp generates a square waveforms.



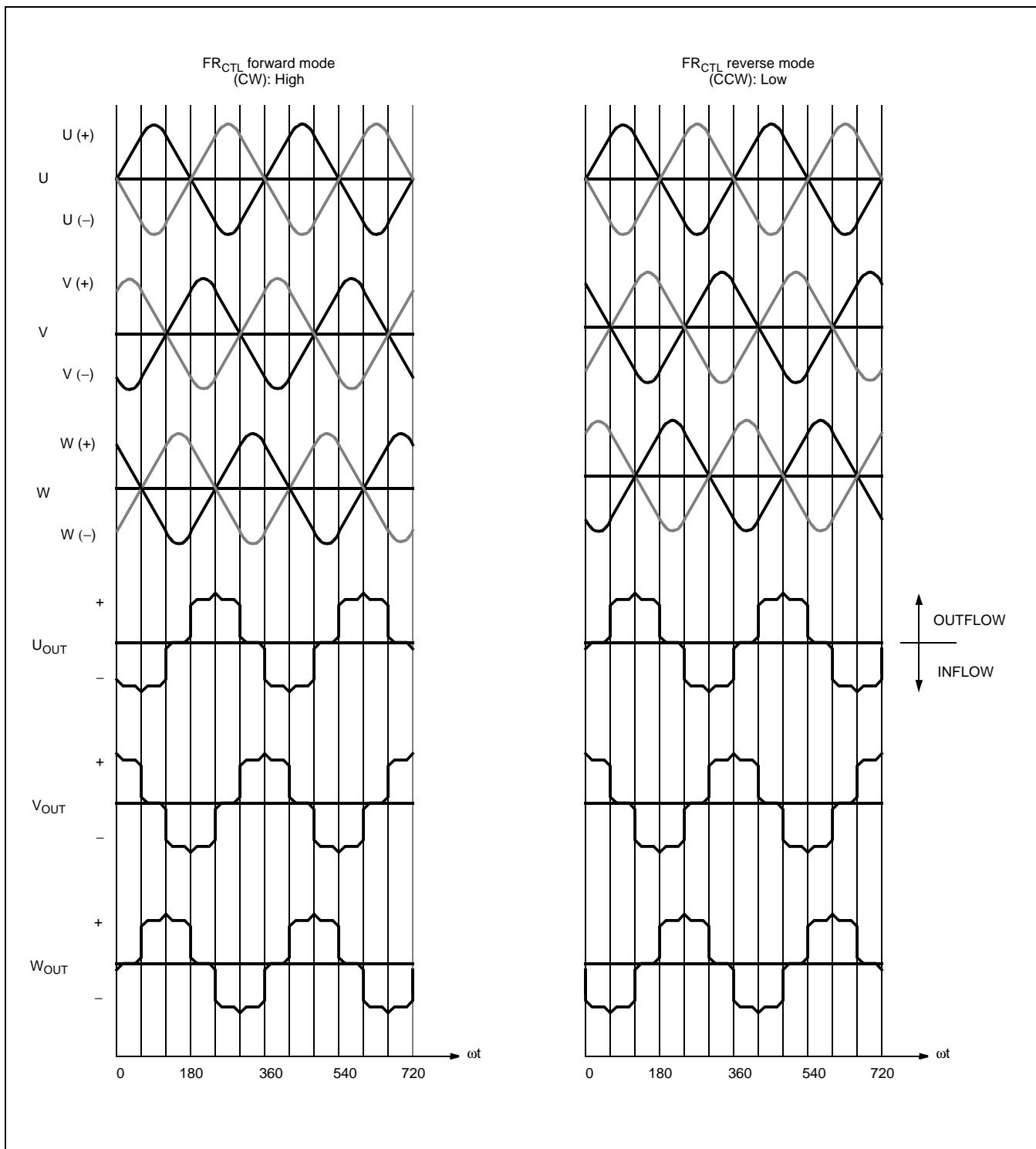
9. PHASE STABILIZATION



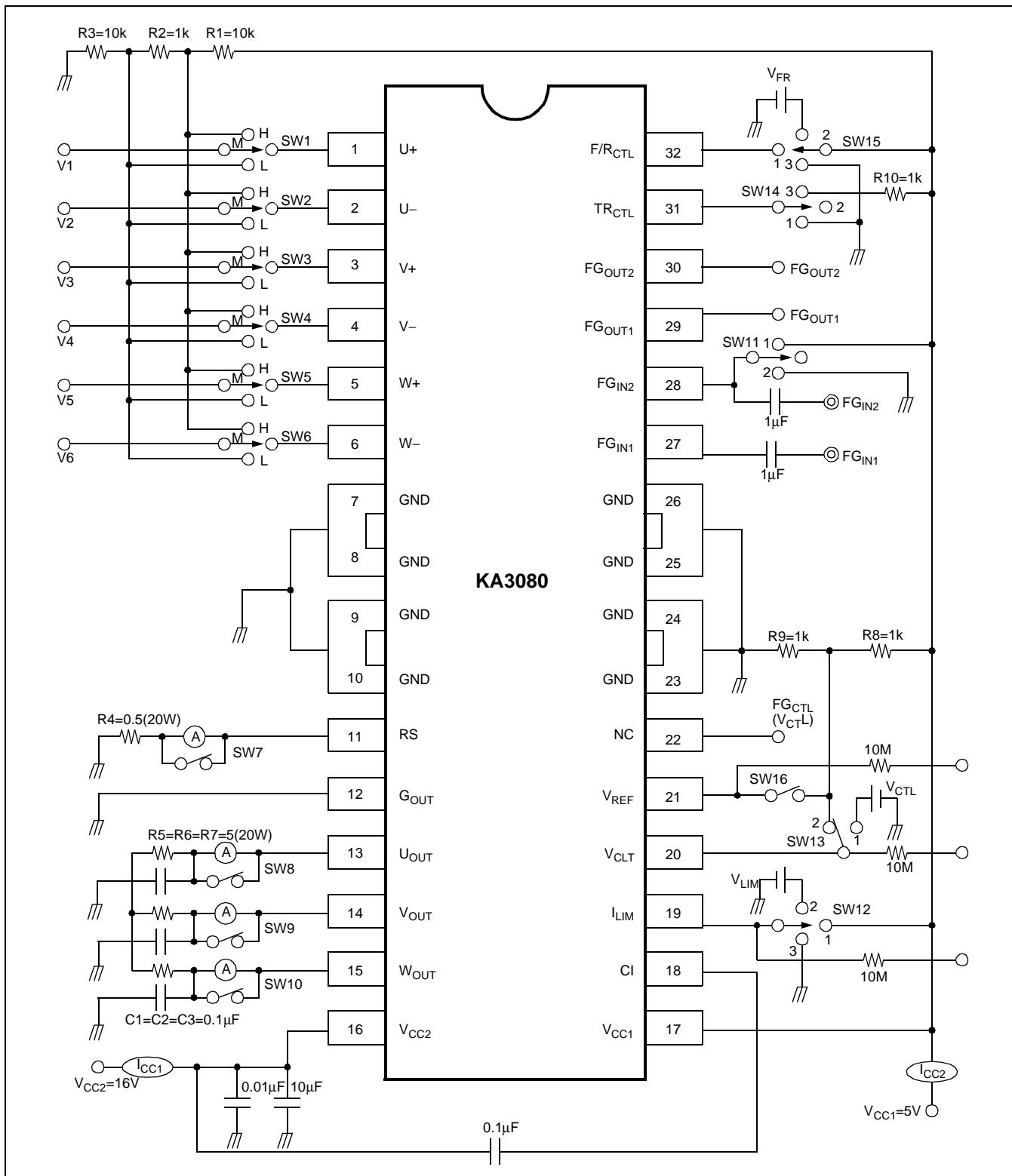
Be inserted a capacitor between V_{CC2} .

This capacitor, approx. $0.1\mu F$ is for the phase stabilization of the circuit.

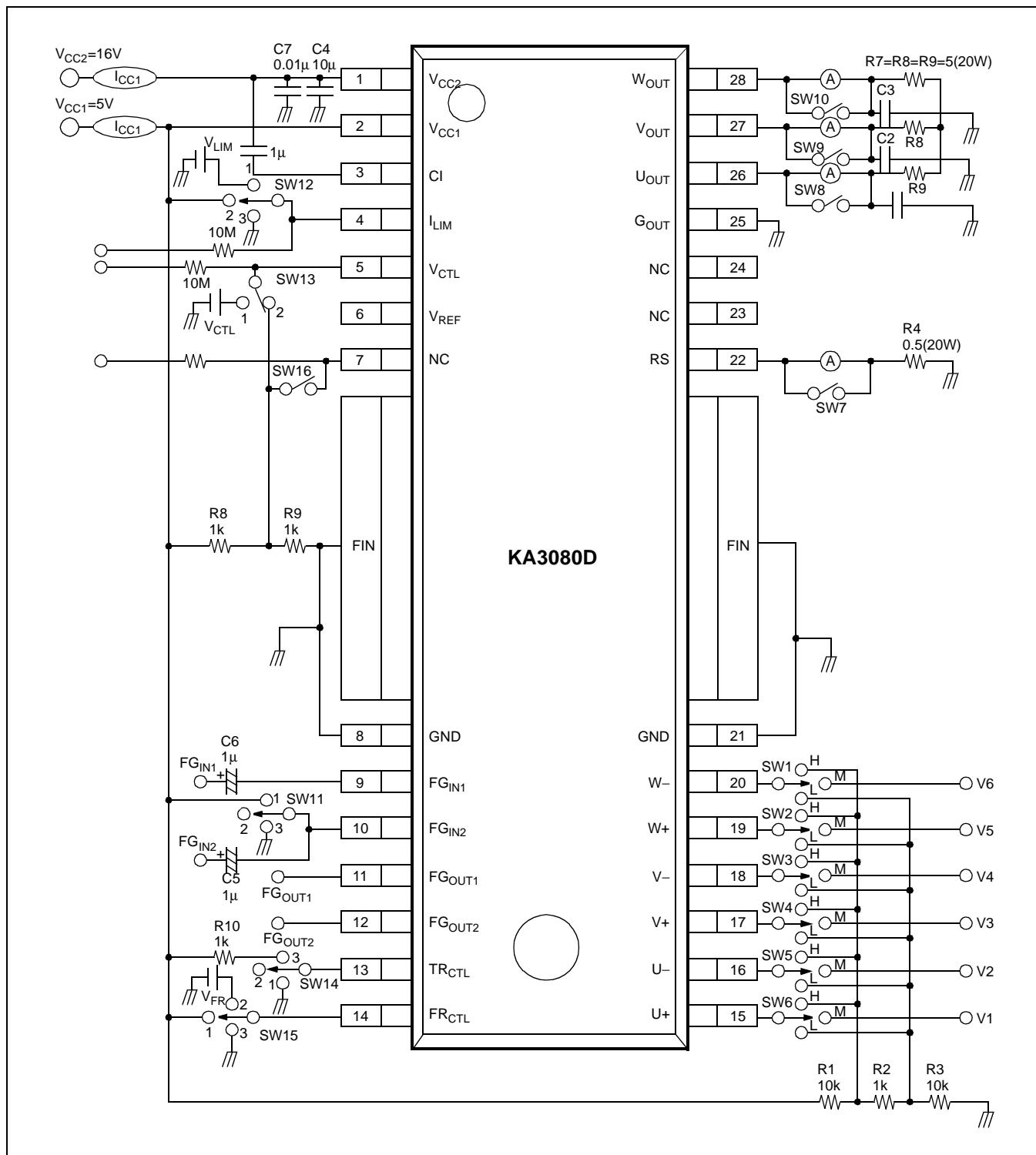
TIMMING CHART



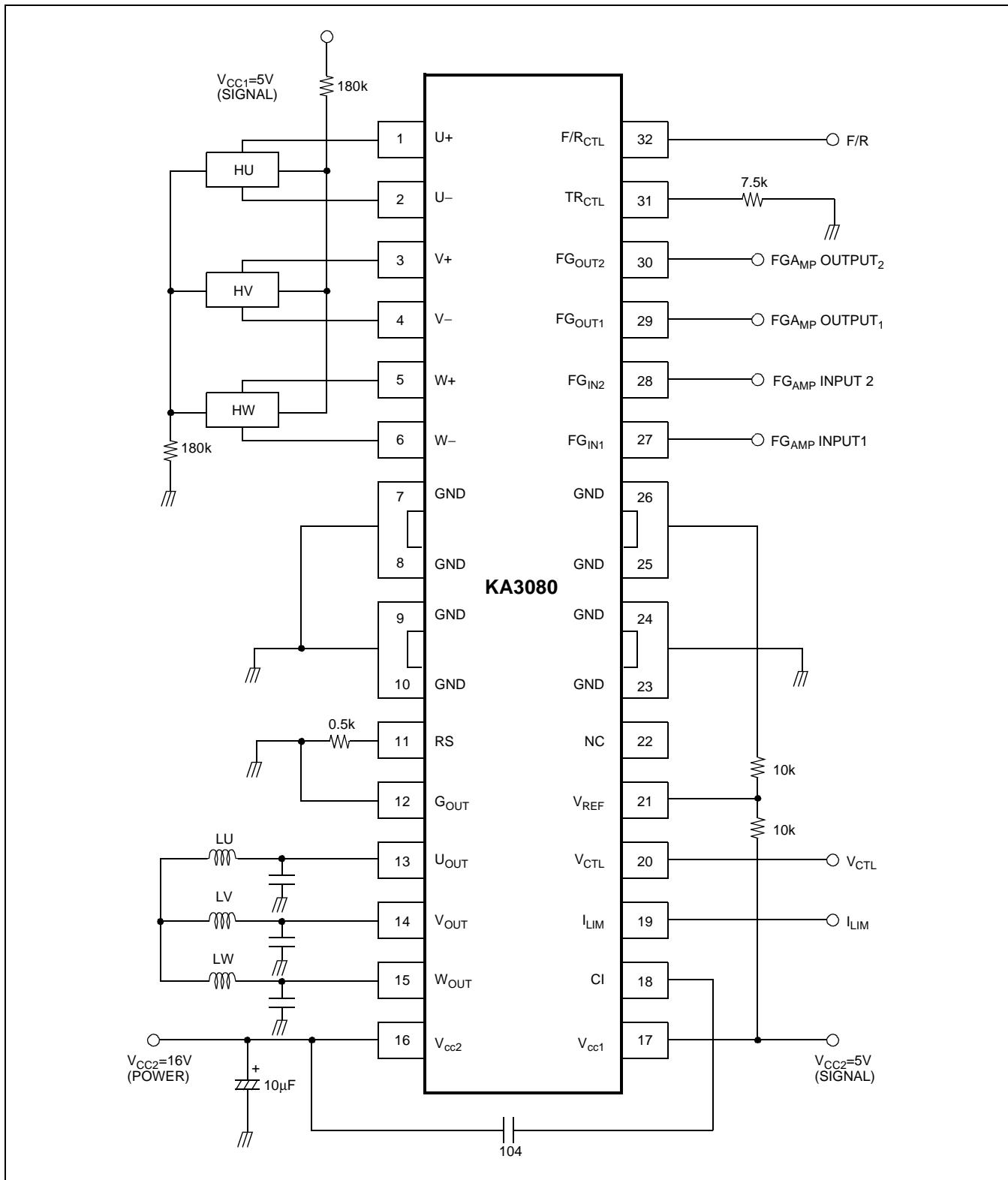
TEST CIRCUITS (32SDIPH)



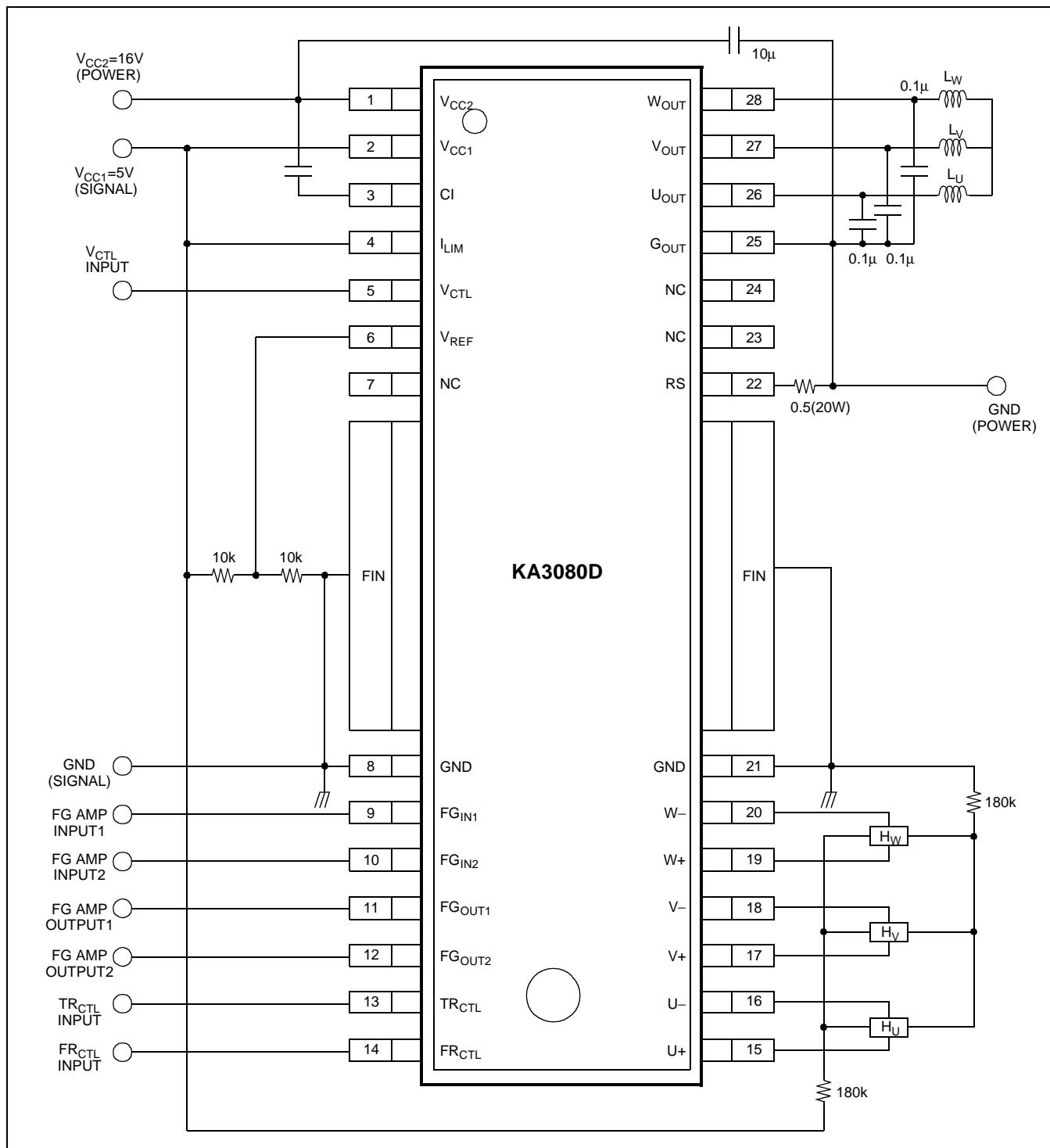
TEST CIRCUITS (28SSOPH)



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS (32SDIPH)



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS (28SSOPH)



TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACETM
CoolFETTM
CROSSVOLTTM
E²CMOSTM
FACTTM
FACT Quiet SeriesTM
FAST[®]
FASTTM
GTOTM
HiSeCTM

ISOPLANARTM
MICROWIRETM
POPTM
PowerTrenchTM
QSTM
Quiet SeriesTM
SuperSOTTM-3
SuperSOTTM-6
SuperSOTTM-8
TinyLogicTM

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.