

International IR Rectifier

RADIATION HARDENED POWER MOSFET THRU-HOLE (T0-204AE)

PD - 90879C

IRH9150
100V, P-CHANNEL
RAD Hard™ HEXFET® TECHNOLOGY

Product Summary

Part Number	Radiation Level	R _{D(on)}	I _D
IRH9150	100K Rads (Si)	0.075Ω	-22A
IRH93150	300K Rads (Si)	0.075Ω	-22A

International Rectifier's RADHard HEXFET® technology provides high performance power MOSFETs for space applications. This technology has over a decade of proven performance and reliability in satellite applications. These devices have been characterized for both Total Dose and Single Event Effects (SEE). The combination of low Rdson and low gate charge reduces the power losses in switching applications such as DC to DC converters and motor control. These devices retain all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of electrical parameters.



Features:

- Single Event Effect (SEE) Hardened
- Low R_{D(on)}
- Low Total Gate Charge
- Proton Tolerant
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Ceramic Package
- Light Weight

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Units	Pre-Irradiation
I _D @ V _{GS} = -12V, T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	-22
I _D @ V _{GS} = -12V, T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	-14
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-88
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	150
	Linear Derating Factor	1.2
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500
I _{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	-22
E _{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	1.5
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	-23
T _J	Operating Junction	-55 to 150
T _{TSG}	Storage Temperature Range	°C
	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in.(1.6mm) from case for 10s)
	Weight	11.5 (Typical)
		g

For footnotes refer to the last page

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1

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IRH9150

Pre-Irradiation

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-100	—	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{I}_D = -1.0\text{mA}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	-0.093	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $\text{I}_D = -1.0\text{mA}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.075	Ω	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = -14\text{A}$ ④
		—	—	0.080		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = -22\text{A}$
$\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_D = -1.0\text{mA}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	11	—	—	S (Ω)	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} > -15\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{DS}} = -14\text{A}$ ④
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	-25	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = -80\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	-250		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = -80\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	-100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	100		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	200	nC	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = -22\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	35		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = -50\text{V}$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	48		
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	40	ns	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = -50\text{V}, \text{I}_D = -22\text{A}$ $\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -12\text{V}, \text{R}_G = 2.35\Omega$
t_r	Rise Time	—	—	150		
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	100		
t_f	Fall Time	—	—	190		
$L_{\text{S}} + L_{\text{D}}$	Total Inductance	—	10	—	nH	Measured from Drain lead (6mm /0.25in from package) to Source lead (6mm /0.25in. from Package) with Source wires internally bonded from Source Pin to Drain Pad
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	4300	—	pF	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}} = -25\text{V}$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1100	—		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	310	—		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-22	A	
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-88		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-3.0	V	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -22\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	250	nS	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -22\text{A}, dI/dt \leq -100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_{\text{DD}} \leq -50\text{V}$ ④
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	1.5	μC	
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_{\text{S}} + L_{\text{D}}$.				

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.83	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	
R_{thJA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	30		Typical socket mount
R_{thCS}	Case-to-Sink	—	0.12	—		

Note: Corresponding Spice and Saber models are available on the G&S Website.

For footnotes refer to the last page

Radiation Characteristics

IRH9150

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened MOSFETs are tested to verify their radiation hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier is comprised of two radiation environments. Every manufacturing lot is tested for total ionizing dose (per notes 5 and 6) using the TO-3 package. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

Table 1. Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Post Total Dose Irradiation^{⑤⑥}

	Parameter	100K Rads(Si) ¹		300K Rads (Si) ²		Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-100	—	-100	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{I}_D = -1.0\text{mA}$
$\text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	-4.0	-2.0	-5.0		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = \text{V}_{\text{DS}}, \text{I}_D = -1.0\text{mA}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	-100	—	-100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	100	—	100		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{ V}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	-25	—	-25	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = -80\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
$\text{R}_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance ^④	—	0.075	—	0.085	Ω	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = -14\text{A}$
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ^④	—	-3.0	—	-3.0	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{I}_S = -22\text{A}$

International Rectifier radiation hardened MOSFETs have been characterized in heavy ion environment for Single Event Effects (SEE). Single Event Effects characterization is illustrated in Fig. a and Table 2.

Table 2. Single Event Effect Safe Operating Area

Ion	LET MeV/(mg/cm ²)	Energy (MeV)	Range (μm)	VDS(V)				
				@ $\text{VGS}=0\text{V}$	@ $\text{VGS}=5\text{V}$	@ $\text{VGS}=10\text{V}$	@ $\text{VGS}=15\text{V}$	@ $\text{VGS}=20\text{V}$
Cu	28	285	43	-100	-100	-100	-70	-60
Br	36.8	305	39	-100	-100	-70	-50	-40
I	59.9	345	32.8	-60	—	—	—	—

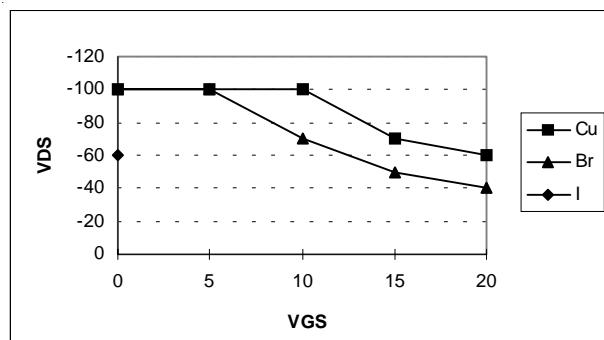


Fig a. Single Event Effect, Safe Operating Area

For footnotes refer to the last page

IRH9150

Pre-Irradiation

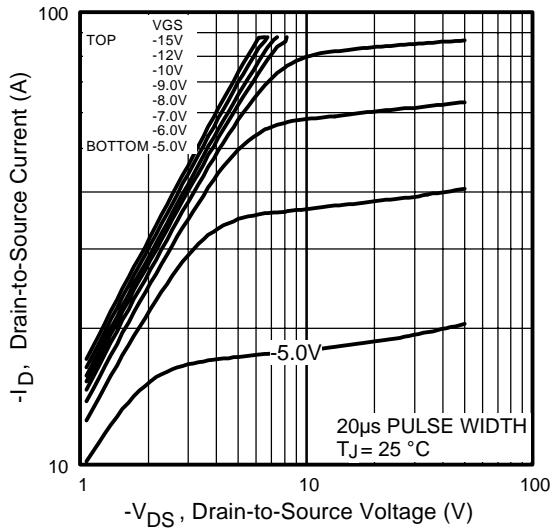


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

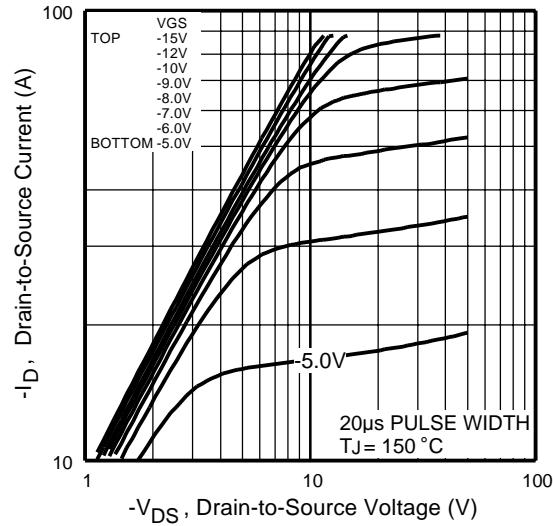


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

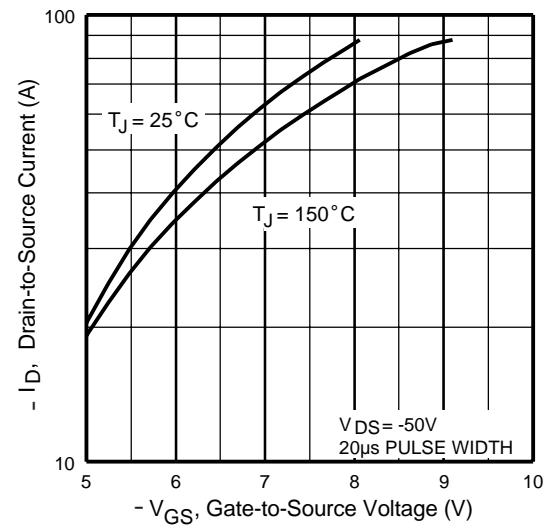


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

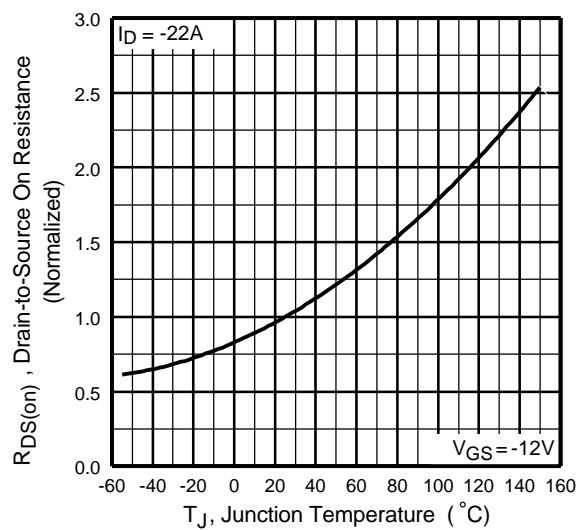


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

Pre-Irradiation

IRH9150

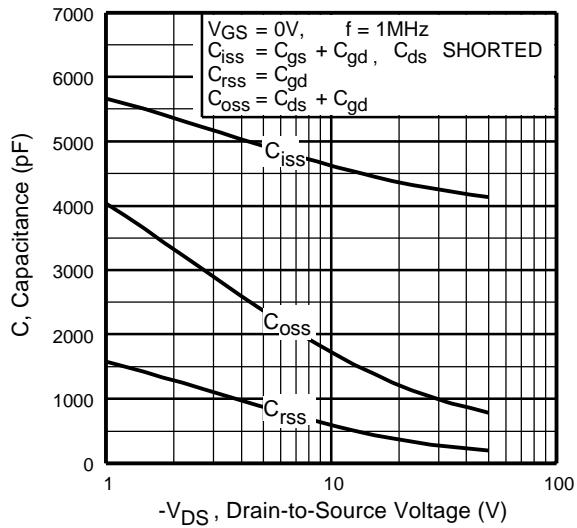


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

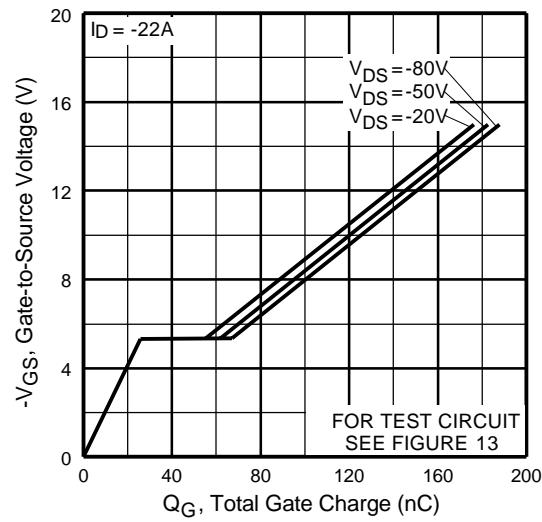


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

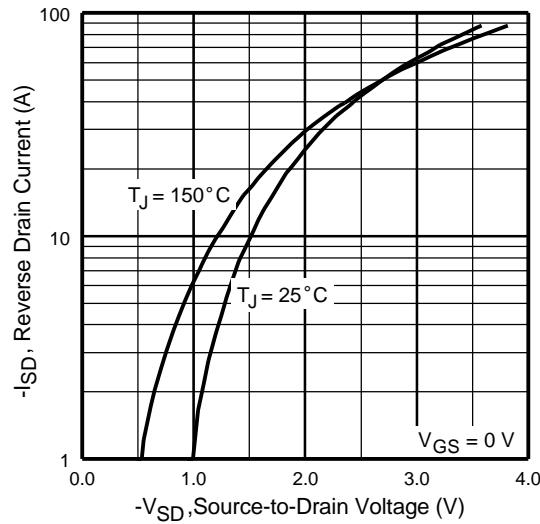


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode
Forward Voltage

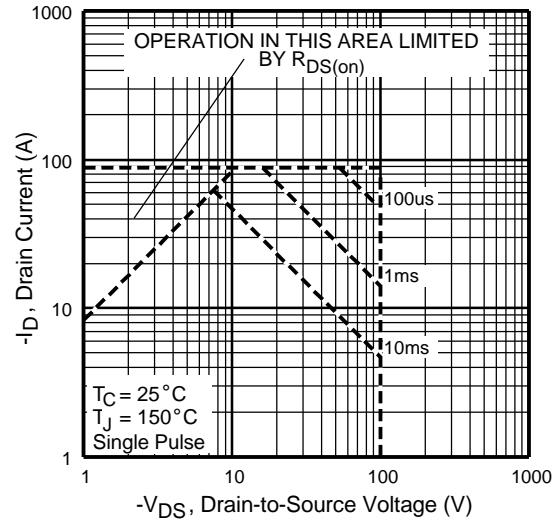


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

IRH9150

Pre-Irradiation

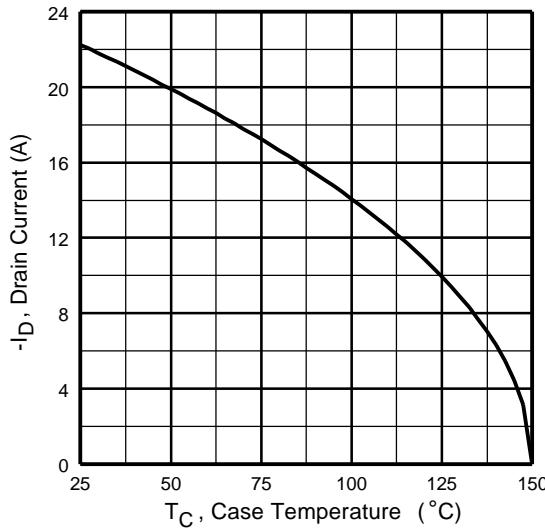


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

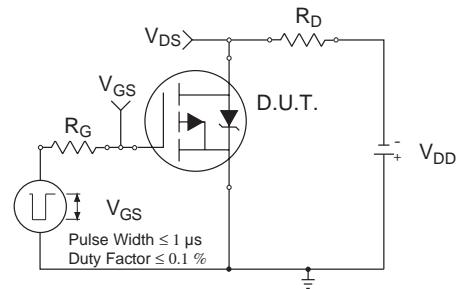


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

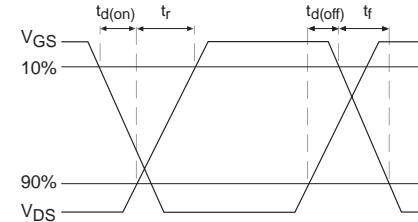


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

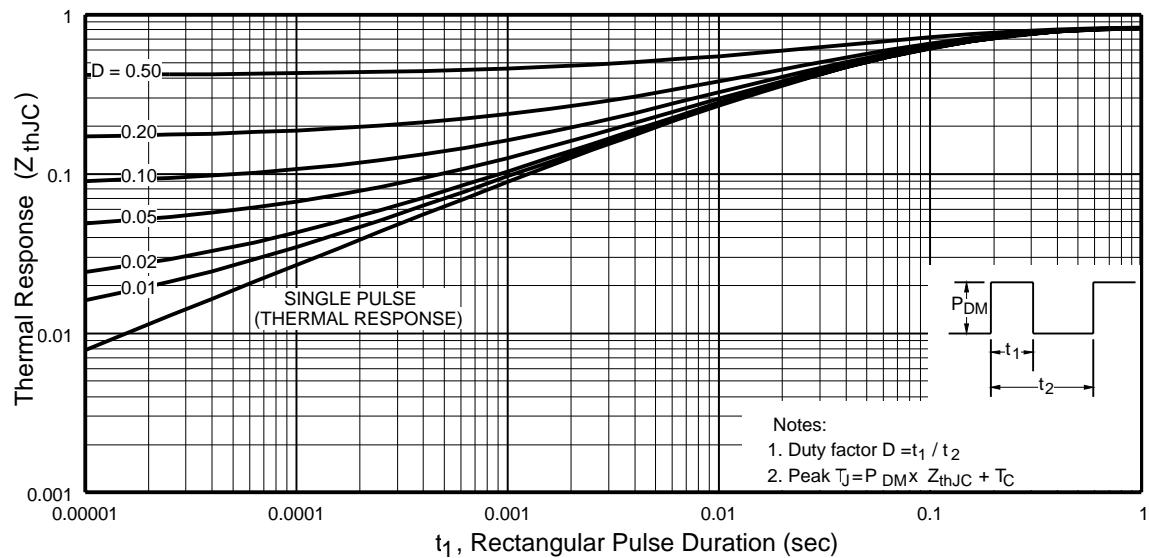


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Pre-Irradiation

IRH9150

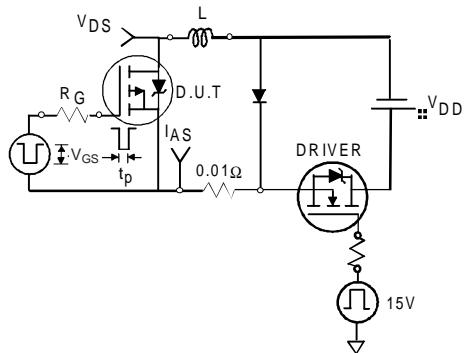


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

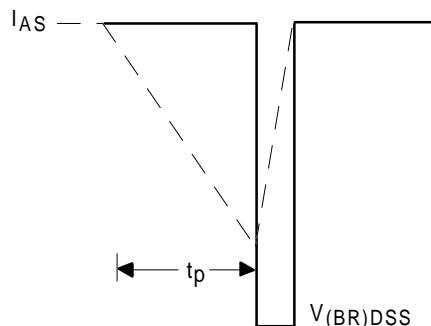


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

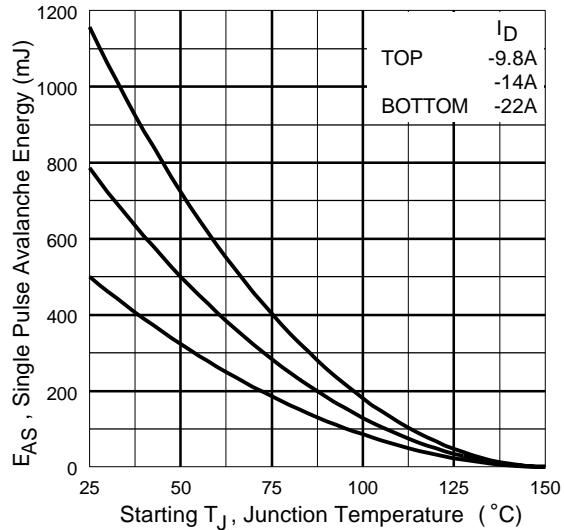


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

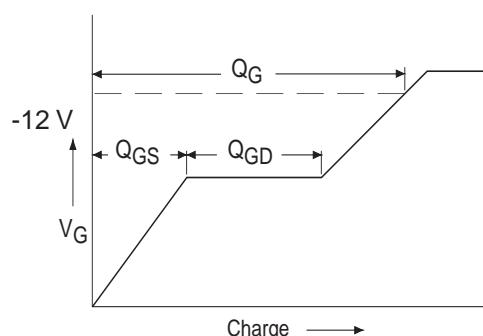


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

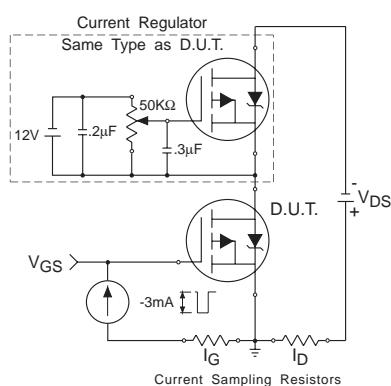
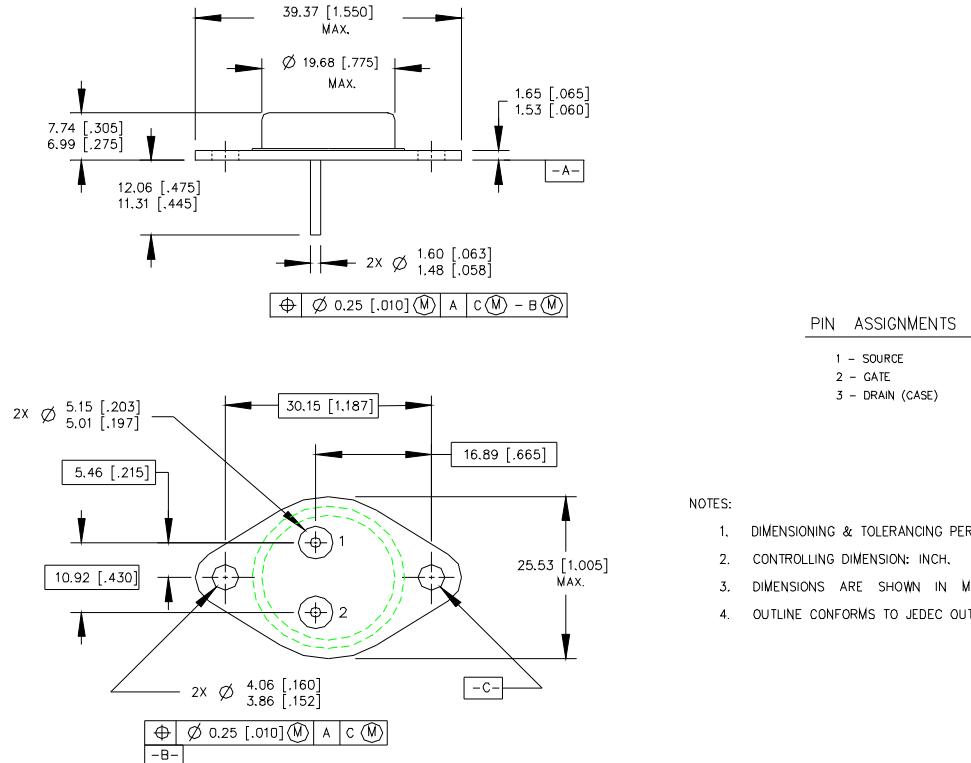


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Foot Notes:

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ② VDD = -25V, starting TJ = 25°C, L=2.06mH
Peak IL = -22A, VGS = -12V
- ③ ISD ≤ -22A, di/dt ≤ -450A/us,
VDD ≤ -100V, TJ ≤ 150°C
- ④ Pulse width ≤ 300 µs; Duty Cycle ≤ 2%
- ⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with VGS Bias.**
-12 volt VGS applied and VDS = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with VDS Bias.**
-80 volt VDS applied and VGS = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.

Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-204AE

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IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105
TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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