



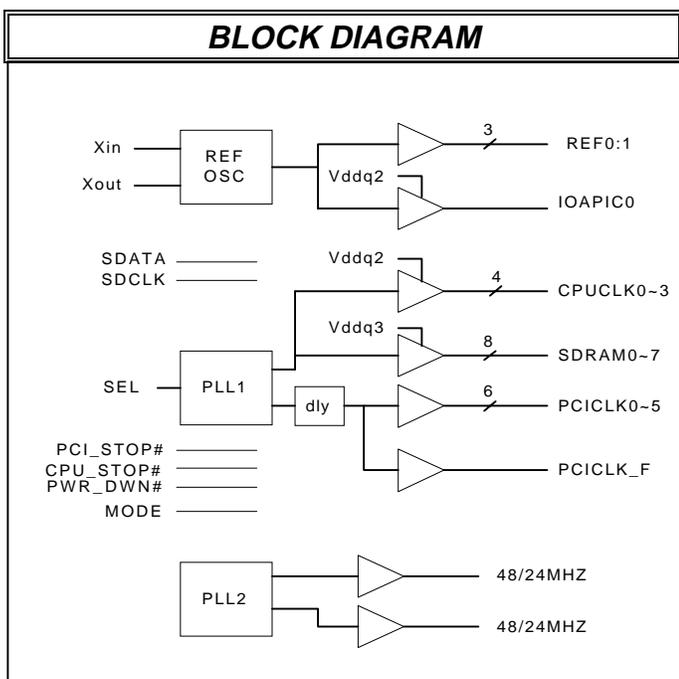
I²C Clock Generator for Pentium Notebook Designs.

Approved Product

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Supports Pentium & Pro CPUs.
- 4 CPU clocks up to 8 loads.
- Up to 8 SDRAM clocks for 2 DIMs.
- Supports Power Savings Frequencies.
- 7 PCI synchronous clocks.
- Optional common or mixed supply mode:
 - (Vdd = Vddq3 = Vddq2 = 3.3V) or
 - (Vdd = Vddq3 = 3.3V, Vddq2 = 2.5V)
- < 250ps skew CPU and SDRAM clocks.
- < 250ps skew among PCI clocks.
- I²C 2-Wire serial interface
- Programmable registers featuring:
 - enable/disable each output pin
 - mode as tri-state, test, or normal
 - 24/48 MHz selections
- 1 IOAPIC clock for multiprocessor support.
- 48-pin SSOP package

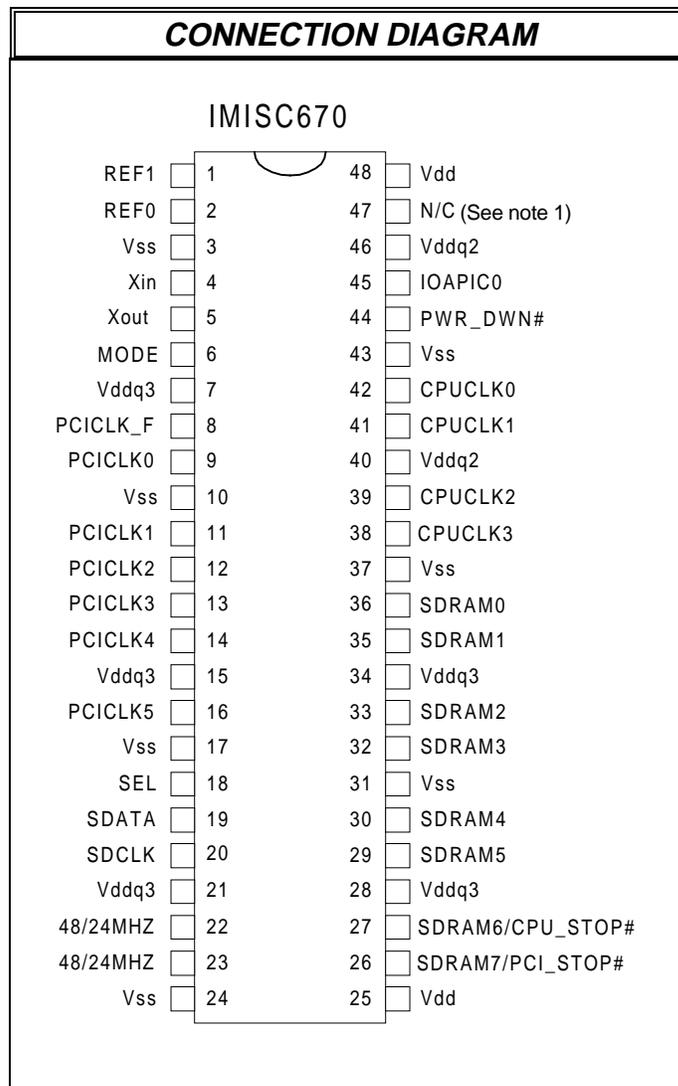
BLOCK DIAGRAM



FREQUENCY TABLE

SEL	CPU	PCI
0	60.0	30.0
1	66.6	33.3

CONNECTION DIAGRAM



Note 1: N/C is a no connect pin. IMI product does **not** require CPU 3.3_2.5# select line to operate properly at 2.5 volts. This pin may be connected externally to Vdd or Vss.



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PIN DESCRIPTION

Xin, Xout - These pins form an on-chip reference oscillator when connected to terminals of an external parallel resonant crystal (nominally 14.318 MHz). Xin may also serve as input for an externally generated reference signal.

SEL - Standard frequency select input. It has internal pull-up.

CPUCLK(0:3) - Low skew (<250 pS) clock outputs for host frequencies such as CPU, Chipset, Cache. Vddq2 is the supply voltage for these outputs.

SDRAM(0:5) - Synchronous DRAM DIMs clocks. They are powered by Vddq3.

SDRAM6/CPU_STOP# - If MODE=1, this pin is a Synchronous DRAM DIMs clock output powered by Vddq3. If MODE=0, this pin is a CPU_STOP# input signal, where a low level stops the CPU. However, SDRAM clocks will still be active.

SDRAM7/PCI_STOP# - If MODE=1, this pin is a Synchronous DRAM DIMs clock output powered by Vddq3. If MODE=0, this pin is a PCI_STOP# input signal, where a low level stops the PCI clocks.

MODE - A low level on this pin causes pins 26, and 27 to be power management inputs PCI_STOP#, and CPU_STOP# respectively. A high level on this pin causes pins 26, and 27 to be clock output signals SDRAM7, and SDRAM6 respectively. It has an internal pull-up resistor.

PCICLK(0:5) - Low skew (<250pS) clock outputs for PCI frequencies. These buffers voltage level is controlled by Vddq3

PCICLK_F - A PCI clock output that does not stop until in power down mode. It is synchronous with other PCI clocks.

REF(0:1) - Buffered outputs of on-chip reference.

IOAPICO - Buffered output of 14.3MHZ for multiprocessor support. It is powered by Vddq2.

PWR_DWN# - Power down pin. When this pin is asserted low, the IC is in shutdown mode where all circuitry is turned off including VCO, crystal buffer and PCICLK_F. It has an internal pull-up. The I²C interface is disabled with the PWR_DWN# pin is low.

48/24MHz(0:1) - Programmable 48 MHZ or 24 MHZ clock outputs.

SDATA - serial data of I²C 2-wire control interface. Has internal pull-up resistor.

SDCLK - serial clock of I²C 2-wire control interface. Has internal pull-up resistor.

Vss - Ground pins for the chip.

Vdd - Power supply pins for analog circuit and core logic.

Vddq3 - Power supply pins for 3.3V IO pins.

Vddq2 - Power supply pins for 2.5V/3.3V IO pins.



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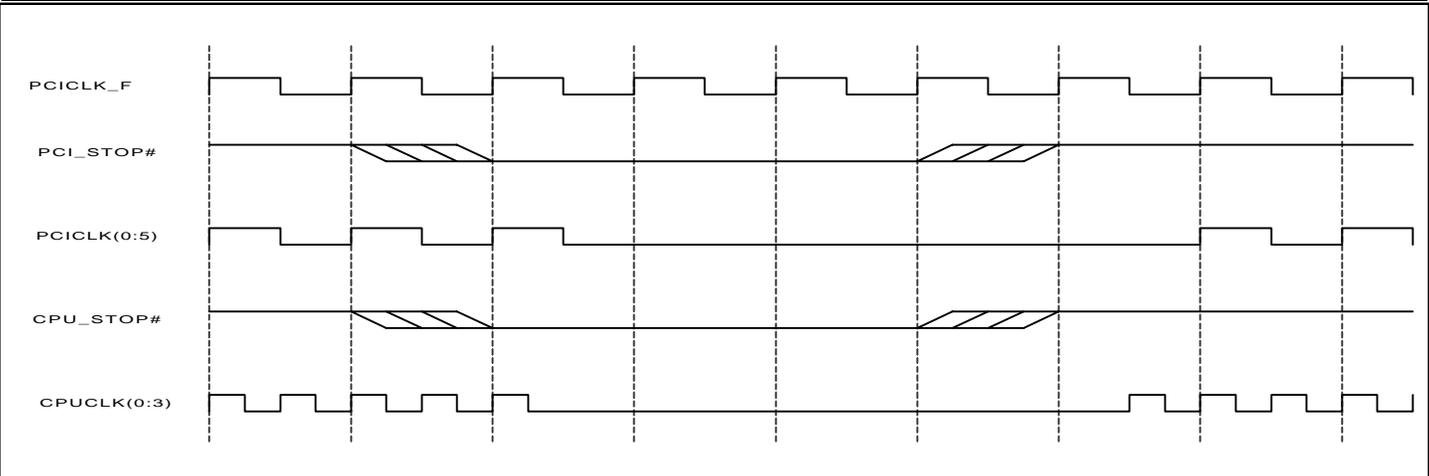
POWER MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS

All clocks can be individually enabled or stopped via the 2-wire control interface. All clocks are stopped in the low state. All clocks maintain a valid high period on transitions from running to stopped and on transitions from stopped to running when the chip was not powered down. On power up, the VCOs will stabilize to the correct pulse widths within about 0.2 mS. The CPU, SDRAM, and PCI clocks transition between running and stopped by waiting for one positive edge on PCICLK_F followed by a negative edge on the clock of interest, after which high levels of the output are either enabled or disabled.

When MODE=0, pins 26 and 27 are inputs PCI_STOP# and CPU_STOP# respectively (when MODE=1, these functions are not available). A particular output is enabled only when both the serial interface and these pins indicate that it should be enabled. The IMISC670 clocks may be disabled according to the following table in order to reduce power consumption. All clocks are stopped in the low state. All clocks maintain a valid high period on transitions from running to stopped. On low to high transitions of PWR_DWN#, external circuitry should allow 0.2 mS for the VCOs to stabilize prior to assuming the clock periods are correct. The CPU and PCI clocks transition between running and stopped by waiting for one positive edge on PCICLK_F followed by a negative edge on the clock of interest, after which high levels of the output are either enabled or disabled.

CPU_STOP#	PCI_STOP#	PWR_DWN#	CPUCLK	PCICLK	OTHER CLKs	XTAL & VCOs
X	X	0	LOW	LOW	LOW	OFF
0	0	1	LOW	LOW	RUNNING	RUNNING
0	1	1	LOW	33/30 MHZ	RUNNING	RUNNING
1	0	1	66/60 MHZ	LOW	RUNNING	RUNNING
1	1	1	66/60 MHZ	33/30 MHZ	RUNNING	RUNNING

POWER MANAGEMENT TIMING





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2-WIRE I²C CONTROL INTERFACE

The 2-wire control interface implements a write only slave interface. The IMISC670 cannot be read back. Sub-addressing is not supported, thus all preceding bytes must be sent in order to change one of the control bytes. The 2-wire control interface allows each clock output to be individually enabled or disabled. It also allows 24/48 MHz frequency selection and test mode enable.

During normal data transfer, the SDATA signal only changes when the SDCLK signal is low, and is stable when SDCLK is high. There are two exceptions to this. A high to low transition on SDATA while SDCLK is high is used to indicate the start of a data transfer cycle. A low to high transition on SDATA while SDCLK is high indicates the end of a data transfer cycle. Data is always sent as complete 8-bit bytes, after which an acknowledge is generated. The first byte of a transfer cycle is a 7-bit address with a Read/Write bit as the LSB. Data is transferred MSB first.

The IMISC670 will respond to writes to 10 bytes (max) of data to address **D2** by generating the acknowledge (low) signal on the SDATA wire following reception of each byte. The IMISC670 will not respond to any other control interface conditions. The I²C interface is disabled when the PWR_DWN# pin is low. Previously set control registers are retained.

SERIAL CONTROL REGISTERS

NOTE: The Pin# column lists the affected pin number where applicable. The @Pup column gives the state at true power up. Bytes are set to the values shown only on true power up, and not when the PWR_DWN# pin is activated.

Following the acknowledge of the Address Byte (D2), two additional bytes must be sent:

- 1) "**Command Code**" byte, and
- 2) "**Byte Count**" byte.

Although the data (bits) in these two bytes are considered "don't care", they must be sent and will be acknowledged.

Byte 0: Function Select Register (1 = enable, 0 = Stopped)

Bit	@Pup	Pin#	Description
7	0	*	Reserved, Don't set
6	0	*	Reserved, Don't set
5	0	*	Reserved, Don't set
4	0	*	Reserved, Don't set
3	1	23	48/24 Mhz
2	1	22	48/24 Mhz
1	0		Bit1 Bit0
0	0		1 1 Tri-State
			1 0 Reserved
			0 1 Test Mode
			0 0 Normal

IMPORTANT NOTE

Reserved bits are intended for possible future functions. It is important that they be left at their Power Up logic levels at all times. Otherwise data sheet specifications cannot be guaranteed.



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SERIAL CONTROL REGISTERS (Cont.)

Function Table

Function Description	Outputs						
	CPU	PCI	SDRAM	Ref	IOAPIC	24MHZ	48MHZ
Tri-State	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Test Mode	Tclk/2	Tclk/4	Tclk/2	Tclk	Tclk	Tclk/4	Tclk/2
Normal SEL=1	66	CPU/2	CPU	14.318	14.318	24	48
Normal SEL=0	60	CPU/2	CPU	14.318	14.318	24	48

Notes:

1. Tclk is a test clock over driven on the Xin input during test mode.
2. The frequency ratio Fout/Fin for the USB output is 3.35294.

Byte 1: CPU, 48/24 MHz Clock Register (1 = enable, 0 = Stopped)

Bit	@Pup	Pin#	Description
7	1	23	48/24 MHz enable/Stopped
6	1	22	48/24 MHz enable/Stopped
5	x	-	Reserved
4	x	-	Reserved
3	1	38	CPUCLK3 enable/Stopped
2	1	39	CPUCLK2 enable/Stopped
1	1	41	CPUCLK1 enable/Stopped
0	1	42	CPUCLK0 enable/Stopped

Byte 2: PCI Clock Register (1 = enable, 0 = Stopped)

Bit	@Pup	Pin#	Description
7	x	-	Reserved
6	1	8	PCICLK_F enable/Stopped
5	1	16	PCICLK5 enable/Stopped
4	1	14	PCICLK4 enable/Stopped
3	1	13	PCICLK3 enable/Stopped
2	1	12	PCICLK2 enable/Stopped
1	1	11	PCICLK1 enable/Stopped
0	1	9	PCICLK0 enable/Stopped



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SERIAL CONTROL REGISTERS(Continued)
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Byte 3: SDRAM Clock Register (1 = enable, 0 = Stopped)

Bit	@Pup	Pin#	Description
7	1	26	SDRAM7 enable/Stopped
6	1	27	SDRAM6 enable/Stopped
5	1	29	SDRAM5 enable/Stopped
4	1	30	SDRAM4 enable/Stopped
3	1	32	SDRAM3 enable/Stopped
2	1	33	SDRAM2 enable/Stopped
1	1	35	SDRAM1 enable/Stopped
0	1	36	SDRAM0 enable/Stopped

Byte 4: Additional SDRAM Clock Register (1 = enable, 0 = Stopped)

Bit	@Pup	Pin#	Description
7	x	-	Reserved
6	x	-	Reserved
5	x	-	Reserved
4	x	-	Reserved
3	x	-	Reserved
2	x	-	Reserved
1	x	-	Reserved
0	x	-	Reserved

Byte 5: Peripheral Control (1 = enable, 0 = Stopped)

Bit	@Pup	Pin#	Description
7	x	-	Reserved
6	x	-	Reserved
5	1	-	Reserved
4	1	45	IOAPIC0 enable/Stopped
3	x	-	Reserved
2	x	-	Reserved
1	1	1	REF1 enable/Stopped
0	1	2	REF0 enable/Stopped



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SERIAL CONTROL REGISTERS(Continued)

Byte 6: Reserved Register

Bit	@Pup	Pin#	Description
7	x	-	Reserved
6	x	-	Reserved
5	x	-	Reserved
4	x	-	Reserved
3	x	-	Reserved
2	x	-	Reserved
1	x	-	Reserved
0	x	-	Reserved

Byte 7: Frequency Control

If the three LSBs of this register are 111 (as at power up), the frequency is controlled by the SEL package pin. Note that if this pin is open, the internal pull-up will select 66 MHz. Otherwise, the CPU clock frequency is controlled by F_SEL(0:2).

Bit	@Pup	Description
7	x	Reserved
6	x	Reserved
5	x	Reserved
4	x	Reserved
3	x	Reserved
2	1	F_SEL2
1	1	F_SEL1
0	1	F_SEL0

FSEL2	FSEL1	FSEL0	FREQUENCY
0	0	0	Reserved
0	0	1	Reserved
0	1	0	Reserved
0	1	1	33 MHz
1	0	0	50 MHz
1	0	1	55 MHz
1	1	0	60 MHz
1	1	1	From SEL pin



1.2 C Clock Generator for Pentium Notebook Designs.

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MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltage Relative to VSS:	-0.3V
Voltage Relative to VDD:	0.3V
Storage Temperature:	-65°C to + 150°C
Ambient Temperature:	-55°C to +125°C
Maximum Power Supply:	7V

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric field; however, precautions should be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than the maximum rated voltages to this circuit. For proper operation, V_{in} and V_{out} should be constrained to the range:

$$VSS < (V_{in} \text{ or } V_{out}) < VDD$$

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (either VSS or VDD).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Input Low Voltage	VIL	-	-	0.8	Vdc	-
Input High Voltage	VIH	2.0	-	-	Vdc	-
Input Low Current	IIL			-66	μA	
Input High Current	IIH			5	μA	
Output Low Voltage IOL = 4mA	VOL	-	-	0.4	Vdc	All Outputs (see buffer spec)
Output High Voltage IOH = 4mA	VOH	2.4	-	-	Vdc	All Outputs Using 3.3V Power (see buffer spec)
Tri-State leakage Current	Ioz	-	-	10	μA	
Dynamic Supply Current	Idd	-	-	90	mA	CPU = 66.6 MHz, PCI = 33.3 MHz
Static Supply Current	Isdd	-	-	150	μA	-
Short Circuit Current	ISC	25	-	-	mA	1 output at a time - 30 seconds

$$VDD = VDDQ3 = 3.3V \pm 5\%, VDDQ2 = 2.375V \text{ to } 2.9V, TA = 0^\circ C \text{ to } +70^\circ C$$



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SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS						
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Output Duty Cycle	-	45	50	55	%	Measured at 1.5V
CPU to PCI Offset	tOFF	1	-	4	ns	15 pf Load Measured at 1.5V
Buffer out Skew All CPU and PCI Buffer Outputs	tSKEW	-	-	250	ps	15 pf Load Measured at 1.5V
ΔPeriod Adjacent Cycles	ΔP	-	-	±250	ps	-
Jitter Spectrum 20 dB Bandwidth from Center	BW _J			500	KHz	
Overshoot/Undershoot Beyond Power Rails	V _{over}	-	-	1.5	V	22 ohms @ source of 8 inch PCB run to 15 pf load
Ring Back Exclusion	V _{RBE}	0.7		2.1	V	note1

VDD = VDDQ3 = 3.3V ±5%, VDDQ2 = 2.375V to 2.9V, TA = 0°C to +70°C

note 1: Ring Back must not enter this range.

TYPE 1 BUFFER CHARACTERISTICS FOR CPUCLK(0:3)						
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-91	-131	-183	mA	Vout = 1.0 V
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-43	-62	-87	mA	Vout = 2.0 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	83	119	167	mA	Vout = 1.2 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	26	38	53	mA	Vout = 0.3 V
Rise/Fall Time Min Between 0.4 V and 2.0 V	TRF _{min}	0.4	-	-	nS	10 pF Load
Rise/Fall Time Max Between 0.4 V and 2.0 V	TRF _{max}	-	-	1.5	nS	20 pF Load

VDD = VDDQ3 = 3.3V ±5%, VDDQ2 = 2.5V ±5%, TA = 0°C to +70°C

TYPE 2 BUFFER CHARACTERISTICS FOR IOAPIC						
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-91	-131	-183	mA	Vout = 1.0 V
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-43	-62	-87	mA	Vout = 2.0 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	83	119	167	mA	Vout = 1.2 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	26	38	53	mA	Vout = 0.3 V
Rise/Fall Time Min Between 0.4 V and 2.0 V	TRF _{min}	0.4	-	-	nS	10 pF Load
Rise/Fall Time Max Between 0.4 V and 2.0 V	TRF _{max}	-	-	1.9	nS	20 pF Load

VDD = VDDQ3 = 3.3V ±5%, VDDQ2 = 2.5V ±5%, TA = 0°C to +70°C



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TYPE 3 BUFFER CHARACTERISTICS FOR REF(1:2) and 48/24 MHz

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-40	-53	-69	mA	Vout = 1.0 V
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-32	-42	-53	mA	Vout = 2.0 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	37	47	58	mA	Vout = 1.2 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	12	15	19	mA	Vout = 0.3 V
Rise/Fall Time Min Between 0.4 V and 2.4 V	TRF _{min}	1.0	-	-	nS	10 pF Load
Rise/Fall Time Max Between 0.4 V and 2.4 V	TRF _{max}	-	-	2.0	nS	20 pF Load

VDD = VDDQ3 = 3.3V ±5%, VDDQ2 = 2.5V ±5%, TA = 0°C to +70°C

TYPE 4 BUFFER CHARACTERISTICS FOR REF0 and SDRAM(0:7)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-94	-134	-188	mA	Vout = 1.0 V
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-74	-106	-148	mA	Vout = 2.0 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	83	119	167	mA	Vout = 1.2 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	26	38	53	mA	Vout = 0.3 V
Rise/Fall Time Min Between 0.4 V and 2.4 V	TRF _{min}	0.5	-	-	nS	20 pF Load
Rise/Fall Time Max Between 0.4 V and 2.4 V	TRF _{max}	-	-	2.0	nS	30 pF Load

VDD = VDDQ3 = 3.3V ±5%, VDDQ2 = 2.5V ±5%, TA = 0°C to +70°C

TYPE 5 BUFFER CHARACTERISTICS FOR PCICLK(0:5,F)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-94	-134	-188	mA	Vout = 1.0 V
Pull-Up Current	IOH	-74	-106	-148	mA	Vout = 2.0 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	83	119	167	mA	Vout = 1.2 V
Pull-Down Current	IOL	26	38	53	mA	Vout = 0.3 V
Rise/Fall Time Min Between 0.4 V and 2.4 V	TRF _{min}	0.5	-	-	nS	15 pF Load
Rise/Fall Time Max Between 0.4 V and 2.4 V	TRF _{max}	-	-	2.0	nS	30 pF Load

VDD = VDDQ3 = 3.3V ±5%, VDDQ2 = 2.5V ±5%, TA = 0°C to +70°C

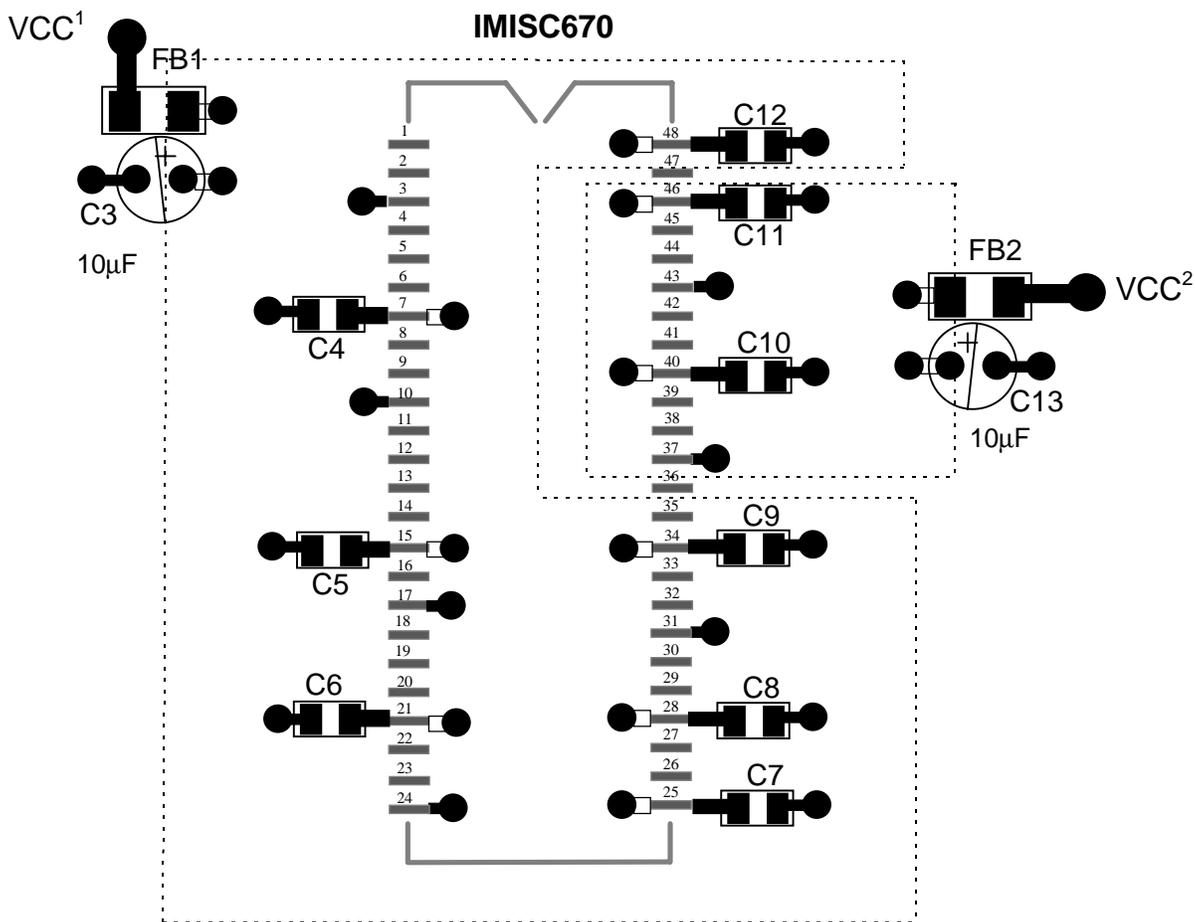


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PCB LAYOUT SUGGESTION

-  Via to VDD
-  Via to GND plane
-  Via to VCC plane



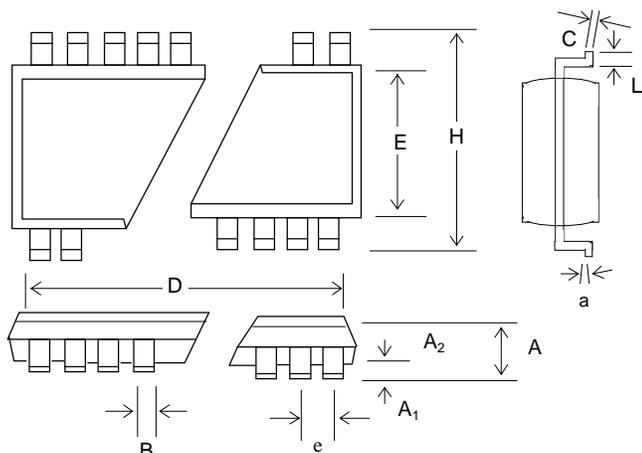
This is only a layout recommendation for best performance and lower EMI. The designer may choose a different approach but C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, C11 and C12 (all are 0.1μf) should always be used and placed close to their VDD pins.



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PACKAGE DRAWING AND DIMENSIONS



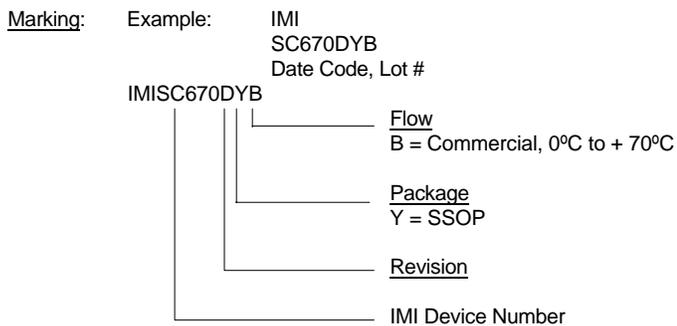
48 PIN SSOP OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	INCHES			MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.095	0.102	0.110	2.41	2.59	2.79
A ₁	0.008	0.012	0.016	0.20	0.31	0.41
A ₂	0.088	0.090	0.092	2.24	2.29	2.34
B	0.008	0.010	0.0135	0.203	0.254	0.343
C	0.005	-	0.010	0.127	-	0.254
D	0.620	0.625	0.630	15.75	15.88	16.00
E	0.292	0.296	0.299	7.42	7.52	7.59
e	0.025 BSC			0.635 BSC		
H	0.400	0.406	0.410	10.16	10.31	10.41
a	0.10	0.013	0.016	0.25	0.33	0.41
L	0.024	0.032	0.040	0.61	0.81	1.02
a	0°	5°	8°	0°	5°	8°
X	0.085	0.093	0.100	2.16	2.36	2.54

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package Type	Production Flow
IMISC670DYB	48 PIN SSOP	Commercial, 0°C to +70°C

Note: The ordering part number is formed by a combination of device number, device revision, package style, and screening as shown below.



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