

Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ IGBT with Diode

IXSH 16N60U1

V_{CES}

= 600V

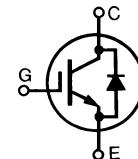
I_{C25}

= 16A

$V_{CE(sat)typ}$

= 1.8V

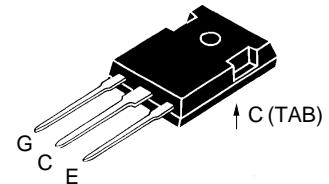
Short Circuit SOA Capability



Preliminary data

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C	600		V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C ; $R_{GE} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$	600		V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20		V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30		V
I_{C25}	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	32		A
I_{C90}	$T_c = 90^\circ\text{C}$	16		A
I_{CM}	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 1 ms	52		A
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 150 \Omega$ Clamped inductive load, $L = 300 \mu\text{H}$	$I_{CM} = 32$ @ $0.8 V_{CES}$		A
t_{sc} (SCSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 360 \text{ V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $R_G = 82 \Omega$, non repetitive	5		μs
P_c	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	100		W
T_J		-55 ... +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{JM}		150		$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Weight		2		g
Maximum lead temperature for soldering 1.6 mm (0.062 in.) from case for 10 s		300		$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum tab temperature for soldering for 10s		260		$^\circ\text{C}$

TO-247 AD



G = Gate, C = Collector,
E = Emitter, TAB = Collector

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
		($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)		
		min.	typ.	max.
BV_{CES}	$I_c = 250 \mu\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$	600		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_c = 750 \mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.5	6.5	V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$ $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	200 1	μA mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		± 100	nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_c = I_{C90}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$	1.8	2.3	V

Features

- Latest generation HDMOS™ process
- International standard package
- Guaranteed Short Circuit SOA capability
- Low $V_{CE(sat)}$
 - for low on-state conduction losses
- High current handling capability
- MOS Gate turn-on
 - drive simplicity
- Fast fall time for switching speeds up to 20 kHz

Applications

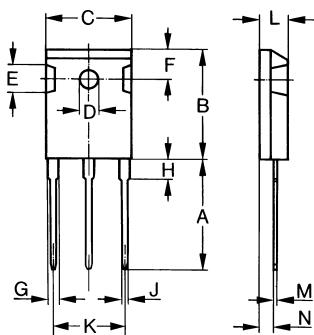
- AC motor speed control
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Welding

Advantages

- High power density

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values			
		($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)	min.	typ.	max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = I_{C90}$; $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$, Pulse test, $t \leq 300 \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$	3.3	5.0	S	
$I_{C(on)}$	$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$		50	A	
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	920		pF	
C_{oes}		65		pF	
C_{res}		14		pF	
Q_g	$I_C = I_{C90}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 0.5 V_{CES}$	40		nC	
Q_{ge}		13		nC	
Q_{gc}		18		nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 16 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $L = 300 \mu\text{H}$ $V_{CE} = 0.8 V_{CES}$, $R_G = 22 \Omega$ Switching times may increase for V_{CE} (Clamp) $> 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$, higher T_J or increased R_G	30		ns	
t_{ri}		30		ns	
$t_{d(off)}$		100	420	ns	
t_{fi}		310	470	ns	
E_{off}		1.9	2.9	mJ	
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 16 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $L = 300 \mu\text{H}$ $V_{CE} = 0.8 V_{CES}$, $R_G = 22 \Omega$ Switching times may increase for V_{CE} (Clamp) $> 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$, higher T_J or increased R_G	30		ns	
t_{ri}		30		ns	
E_{on}		0.12		mJ	
$t_{d(off)}$		150		ns	
t_{fi}		510		ns	
E_{off}		3.0		mJ	
R_{thJC}			1.25	K/W	

TO-247 AD (IXSH) Outline



Dim.	Millimeter Min.	Millimeter Max.	Inches Min.	Inches Max.
A	19.81	20.32	0.780	0.800
B	20.80	21.46	0.819	0.845
C	15.75	16.26	0.610	0.640
D	3.55	3.65	0.140	0.144
E	4.32	5.49	0.170	0.216
F	5.4	6.2	0.212	0.244
G	1.65	2.13	0.065	0.084
H	-	4.5	-	0.177
J	1.0	1.4	0.040	0.055
K	10.8	11.0	0.426	0.433
L	4.7	5.3	0.185	0.209
M	0.4	0.8	0.016	0.031
N	1.5	2.49	0.087	0.102

Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values			
		($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)	min.	typ.	max.
V_F	$I_F = I_{C90}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, Pulse test, $t \leq 300 \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$			1.75	V
I_{RM}	$I_F = I_{C90}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $-di_F/dt = 64 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 360 \text{ V}$ $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$; $-di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$; $V_R = 30 \text{ V}$	2.5		A	
		165		ns	
		35	50	ns	
$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$					
$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$					
R_{thJC}			2.5	K/W	