

T-1³/₄ (5 mm) Precision Optical Performance AlInGaP LED Lamps

Technical Data

SunPower Series
HLMP-EL55 HLMP-EL57
HLMP-EH55 HLMP-EH57
HLMP-EG55 HLMP-EG57

Features

- Well Defined and Smooth Spatial Radiation Patterns
- Wide Viewing Angle
- Tinted Diffused Lamp
- High Luminous Output
- Colors: 590/592 nm Amber 615/617 nm Reddish-Orange 626/630 nm Red
- High Operating Temperature: $T_{\text{ILED}} = +130^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Superior Resistance to Moisture

Benefits

- Viewing Angles Match Traffic Management Sign Requirements
- Colors Meet Automotive Specifications
- Superior Performance in Outdoor Environments
- Suitable for Autoinsertion onto PC Boards

Applications

- Traffic Management: Variable Message Signs Traffic Management Signs
- Commercial Indoor/Outdoor Advertising:

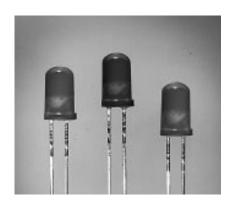
Signs Marquees Passenger Information

• Automotive: Exterior and Interior Lights

Description

These Precision Optical Performance AlInGaP LEDs provide superior light output for excellent readability in sunlight and are extremely reliable. AlInGaP LED technology provides extremely stable light output over long periods of time. Precision Optical Performance lamps utilize the aluminum indium gallium phosphide (AlInGaP) technology.

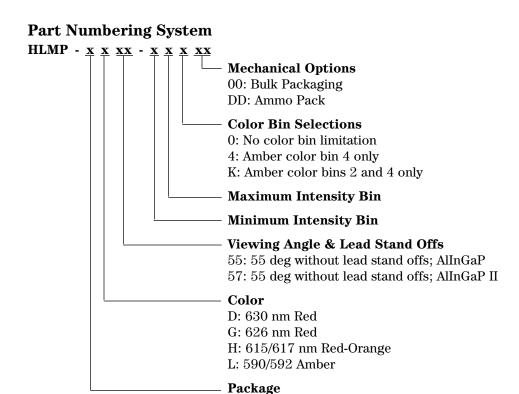
These LED lamps are tinted, diffused, T-1³/₄ packages incorporating second generation optics producing well defined radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angles.



There are two families of amber, red, and red-orange lamps; AlInGaP and the higher performance AlInGaP II.

The high maximum LED junction temperature limit of +130°C enables high temperature operation in bright sunlight conditions.

These lamps are available in two package options to give the designer flexibility with device mounting.



E: 5 mm Round

Device Selection Guide (AlInGaP)

Typical Viewing Angle 2θ ½2	Color and Dominant Wavelength	Lamps Without Standoffs on Leads	Luminous Intensity Iv (mcd) ^[1,2] @20 mA	
(Deg.)[4]	(nm), Typ.[3]	(Outline Drawing A)	Min.	Max.
55°	Amber 590	HLMP-EL55-GK000	120	460
	Red-Orange 615	HLMP-EH55-GK000	120	460
	Red 626	HLMP-EG55-GK000	120	460

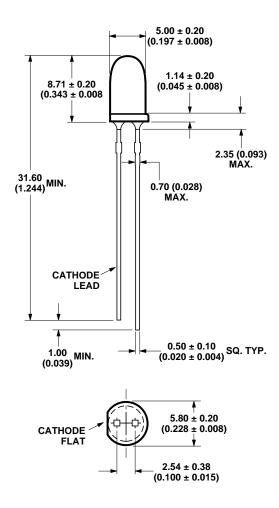
Device Selection Guide (AlInGaP II)

Typical Viewing Angle 201/2	Color and Dominant Wavelength	ant Lamps Without Standoffs Intensity on Leads		ninous Iv (mcd) ^[1,2] 20 mA	
(Deg.) ^[4]	(nm), Typ. ^[3]	(Outline Drawing A)	Min.	Max.	
55°	Amber 592	HLMP-EL57-LP000	345	1330	
	Red-Orange 617	HLMP-EH57-LP000	345	1330	
	Red 630	HLMP-ED57-LP000	345	1330	

Notes

- 1. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package.
- $2. \ \,$ The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.
- 3. The dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.
- 4. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is one half the on-axis intensity.

Package Dimensions



NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
- 2. LEADS ARE MILD STEEL, SOLDER DIPPED.
- 3. TAPERS SHOWN AT TOP OF LEADS (BOTTOM OF LAMP PACKAGE) INDICATE AN EPOXY MENISCUS THAT MAY EXTEND ABOUT 1 mm (0.040 in.) DOWN THE LEADS.
- RECOMMENDED PC BOARD HOLE DIAMETERS: LAMP PACKAGE WITHOUT STAND-OFFS: FLUSH MOUNTING AT BASE OF LAMP PACKAGE = 1.143/1.067 (0.044/0.042).

Absolute Maximum Ratings at T_{A} = 25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Notes:

- 1. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4.
- 2. For long term performance with minimal light output degradation, drive currents between 10 mA and 30 mA are recommended. For more information on recommended drive conditions, please refer to Application Brief I-024 (5966-3087E).
- Please contact your Agilent Technologies sales representative about operating currents below 10 mA.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 25\,^{\circ}\!\mathrm{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage	V_{F}				V	$I_{\rm F} = 20 \text{ mA}$
Amber ($\lambda_d = 590 \text{ nm}$)	•		2.02	2.4		•
Amber $(\lambda_d = 592 \text{ nm})$			2.15	2.4		
Red-Orange ($\lambda_d = 615 \text{ nm}$)			1.94	2.4		
Red-Orange ($\lambda_d = 617 \text{ nm}$)			2.08	2.4		
Red ($\lambda_d = 626 \text{ nm}$)			1.90	2.4		
$Red (\lambda_d = 630 nm)$			2.00	2.4		
Reverse Voltage	V_{R}	5	20		V	$I_R = 100 \mu\text{A}$
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{ ext{PEAK}}$				nm	Peak of Wavelength of
Amber ($\lambda_d = 590 \text{ nm}$)			592			Spectral Distribution
Amber ($\lambda_d = 592 \text{ nm}$)			594			at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Red-Orange ($\lambda_d = 615 \text{ nm}$)			621			
Red-Orange ($\lambda_d = 617 \text{ nm}$)			623			
Red ($\lambda_d = 626 \text{ nm}$)			635			
Red ($\lambda_d = 630 \text{ nm}$)			639			
Spectral Halfwidth	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$		17		nm	Wavelength Width at Spectral Distribution ¹ / ₂ Power Point at I _F = 20 mA
Speed of Response	$ au_{ m s}$		20		ns	Exponential Time Constant, e ^{-t/τ} _s
Capacitance	С		40		pF	$V_F = 0$, $f = 1$ MHz
Thermal Resistance	$ m R heta_{J ext{-PIN}}$		240		°C/W	LED Junction-to-Cathode Lead
Luminous Efficacy ^[1]	$\eta_{ m v}$				lm/W	Emitted Luminous
Amber ($\lambda_d = 590 \text{ nm}$)			480			Power/Emitted Radiant
Amber ($\lambda_d = 592 \text{ nm}$)			500			Power
Red-Orange ($\lambda_d = 615 \text{ nm}$)			260			
Red-Orange ($\lambda_d = 617 \text{ nm}$)			235			
Red $(\lambda_d = 626 \text{ nm})$			150			
Red ($\lambda_d = 630 \text{ nm}$)			155			

Note

1. The radiant intensity, I_e , in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation $I_e = I_v/\eta_v$, where I_v is the luminous intensity in candelas and η_v is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

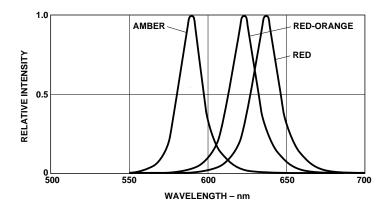
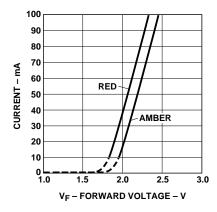
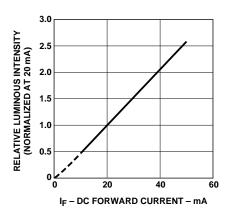


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs. Peak Wavelength.





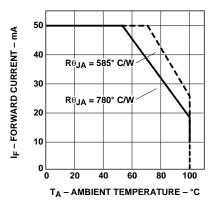


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage.

Figure 3. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current.

Figure 4. Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature. Derating Based on $T_{JMAX}=130\,^{\circ}\!\mathrm{C}.$

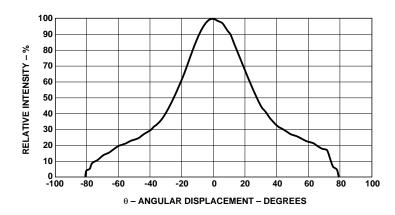


Figure 5. Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern for 55 $\,^{\circ}$ Viewing Angle Lamps.

Intensity Bin Limits (mcd at 20 mA)

Bin Name	Min.	Max.
G	140	180
Н	180	240
J	240	310
K	310	400
L	400	520
M	520	680
N	680	880
P	880	1150

Tolerance for each bin limit is \pm 15%.

Amber Color Bin Limits (nm at 20 mA)

Bin Name	Min.	Max.
1	584.5	587.0
2	587.0	589.5
4	589.5	592.0
6	592.0	594.5

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm~0.5~\text{nm}$.

Note:

 Bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories.

