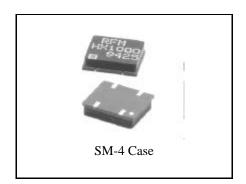
# **Hybrid Transmitter**



- Ideal for 916.5 MHz Unlicensed Transmitters in the USA and Canada
- Self-Contained RF Functions Shorten Development Time
- Compact, Surface-Mount Case with < 90 mm<sup>2</sup> Footprint

The HX2000 is a miniature transmitter module that generates on-off keyed (OOK) modulation from an external digital encoder (not included). The carrier frequency is quartz, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) stabilized, and output harmonics are suppressed by a SAW filter. The result is excellent performance in a simple-to-use, surface-mount device with a low external component count. The HX2000 is designed specifically for unlicensed remote-control, wireless security, and data-link transmitters operating in the USA under FCC Part 15.249 and in Canada under TRS RSS-210.



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

| (  | Characteristic                     | Sym             | Notes          | Minimum | Typical | Maximum         | Units |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------|
| Operating Frequency                                      | Absolute Frequency                 | f <sub>O</sub>  | 4 0 0 4 40     | 916.300 |         | 916.700         | MHz   |
|  | Tolerance from 916.500 MHz         | $\Delta f_{O}$  | 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 |         |         | ±200            | kHz   |
| RF Output Power into 50 $\Omega$ at 25°C                 |                                    | P <sub>O</sub>  | 2, 4, 5, 10    | -3      | 0       |                 | dBm   |
|  | Within Specified Temperature Range |                 | 2, 3, 4, 5     | -5      | 0       |                 | ubili |
| Harmonic Spurious Emissions                              |                                    |                 | 2, 3, 4, 5     |         | -40     |                 | dBc   |
| Modulation Input   | Input HIGH Voltage                 | V <sub>IH</sub> | 3, 4, 5        | 2.5     |         | V <sub>CC</sub> | V     |
|  | Input LOW Voltage                  | V <sub>IL</sub> |                | 0.0     |         | 0.3             |       |
|  | Input HIGH Current                 | I <sub>IH</sub> |                |         |         | 100             | μА    |
|  | Input LOW Current                  | I <sub>IL</sub> |                | 0.0     |         |                 |       |
| Data Timing Parameters                                   | Modulation Rise Time               | t <sub>R</sub>  | 3, 4, 5, 6     |         | 10      | 20              | μs    |
|  | Modulation Fall Time               | t <sub>F</sub>  |                |         | 10      | 20              |       |
| Power Supply   | Voltage                            | V <sub>CC</sub> | 5, 7           | 2.7     | 3       | 3.3             | VDC   |
|  | Peak Current                       | I <sub>CC</sub> | 3, 4, 5, 8     |         | 9       | 11              | mA    |
|  | Standby Current                    |                 | 5, 9           |         |         | 1.0             | μA    |
| Operating Case Temperature Range                         |                                    | T <sub>C</sub>  | 5              | -40     |         | +85             | °C    |
| Lid Symbolization (in addition to Lot and/or Date Codes) |                                    | RFM HX2000      |                |         |         |                 |       |



# CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

#### NOTES:

- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488; 4,616,197; 4,670,681; and 4,760,352.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer
- 3. Applies over the specified range of operating temperature.
- Applies over the specified range of operating power supply voltage.
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.
- The maximum modulation bandwidth (and data rate) is dependent on the characteristics of the external encoding circuitry (not included).
- 7. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature  $T_C = +25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ , test load impedance = 50  $\Omega$ , and modulation input is at logic HIGH.

- The maximum operating current occurs at the maximum specified power supply voltage and maximum specified operating temperature.
- Standby current is defined as the supply current consumed with the modulation input at logic LOW.
- 10 Improper antenna loading affects performance of HX device.

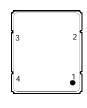
#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Rating                                       | Value      | Units |
|--|------------|-------|
| Power Supply and/or Modulation Input Voltage | 10         | V     |
| Nonoperating Case Temperature                | -40 to +85 | °C    |
| Ten-Second Soldering Temperature             | 230        | °C    |

# The HX Series SMT Hybrid Transmitters

#### **Electrical Connections**

| Terminal<br>Number | Connections              |  |  |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| 1                  | Data Input               |  |  |
| 2                  | +DC Supply               |  |  |
| 3                  | Ground                   |  |  |
| 4                  | RF Output to 50 $\Omega$ |  |  |

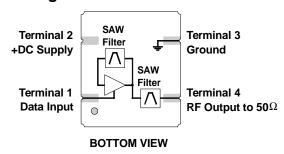


TOP VIEW

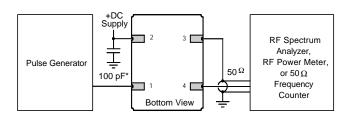
#### **Footprint**



#### **Block Diagram**

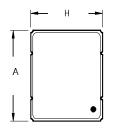


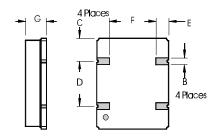
## **Typical Test Circuit**



\*Note: Bypass required only for "HX2..." series transmitters in the 902 to 928 MHz band.

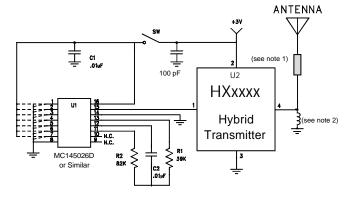
### **Case Design**





| Dimensions | Millimeters  |       | Inches        |       |  |
|------------|--------------|-------|---------------|-------|--|
|            | Min          | Max   | Min           | Max   |  |
| A          |              | 11.13 |               | 0.438 |  |
| В          | 1.27 Nominal |       | 0.050 Nominal |       |  |
| С          | 2.67 Nominal |       | 0.105 Nominal |       |  |
| D          | 5.08 Nominal |       | 0.200 Nominal |       |  |
| E          | 1.70 Nominal |       | 0.067 Nominal |       |  |
| F          | 5.36 Nominal |       | 0.211 Nominal |       |  |
| G          |              | 2.03  |               | 0.110 |  |
| Н          |              | 9.86  |               | 0.388 |  |

## **Typical Transmitter Application**



#### Notes:

- This matching component is required only for antennas that are not 50 ohms. It is typically a chip inductor to match to stub antennas shorter than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> wavelength. For very low radiated field-strength applications, a resistor can also be used.
- 2. For ESD protection.