Laser Diodes GH07895A6C

# GH07895A6C

#### ■ Features

- (1) Maximum optical power output: 95mW (CW)
- (2) High power (pulse Max. 135mW), ×16 speed writing
- (3) High coupling efficiency  $\label{eq:theta} The \ ellipticity \ (\theta \bot /\theta //) \ is \ close \ to \ 1.$
- (4) Wavelength: TYP. 784nm
- (5) Bottom face cutting package (φ5.6mm) enables to design a slim drive.

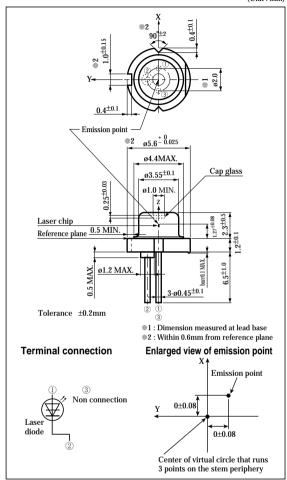
### ■ Applications

- (1) CD-R drives
- (2) CD-RW drives

# High Power Laser Diode for X16 Speed CD-R Drive(784nm-95mW)

#### Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



# ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Tc=25°C \*1)

	Parame	eter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
#3	Optical power outpo	ıt	Po	95	mW
*2	Optical power outpo	ıt (pulse)	Pp	135	mW
	Reverse voltage	Laser	$V_{rl}$	2	V
*1	Operating temperature	*3 CW	Topc(c)	-10 to +65	°C
		*2 Pulse	Topp(c)	-10 to +70	°C
	Storage temperatur	e	Tstg	-40 to +85	°C
*4	Soldering temperat	ure	Tsld	300	°C

<sup>\*1</sup> Case temperature

\*2 Pulse width: 0.5µs, Duty: 50%

#### - SHARP

At the position of 1.6mm or more from the lead base (Within 3s)

<sup>\*3</sup> CW (Continuous Wave) drive

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# ■ Electro-optical Characteristics\*1

(Tc=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Threshold current		Ith	_	-	30	40	mA
Operating current		Iop		-	120	145	mA
Operating voltage		$V_{op}$		-	1.95	2.5	V
Wavelength		$\lambda_p$		780	784	787	nm
II-1C:	*2*3 Parallel	θ//	Po=80mW	8	9	10	۰
Half intensity angle	*2*3 Perpendicular	θΤ		15	17	19	۰
*4 Ripple		Rı		-20	0	+20	%
Mindiananan	*3 Parallel	$\Delta \theta //$		-1.5	0	+1.5	۰
Misalignment angle	*3 Perpendicular	$\Delta \theta \perp$		-2.5	-	+2.5	۰
Differential efficiency		ηd	55mW I(80mW)-I(25mW)	0.7	0.9	1.2	mW/mA
Interference pattern intensity		α	Po=80mW	-	-	1	-
*5 Kink		K-LI	P1=27mW, P2=81mW, P3=135mW	1	-	10	%
Polarization ratio		Pı	Po=3mW, NA=0.13	20	-	-	-

<sup>\*1</sup> Initial value, CW (Continuous Wave) drive

• Please refer to the chapter "Handling Precautions"

<sup>\*2</sup> Angle at 50% peak intensity (full-width at half-maximum)

<sup>\*3</sup> Parallel to the junction plane (X-Z plane)

Perpendicular to the junction plane (Y-Z plane)

<sup>\*4</sup> R= $\Delta P/P$   $\Delta P$ : the maximum deviation of the far field pattern from its approximate curve P: the peak of the approximate curve

<sup>\*5</sup> Pulse drive (Pulse width : 0.5μs, Duty : 50%)

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