Laser Diodes GH06507S2A

GH06507S2A

Features

(1) Employing a self-oscillating laser chip enables a compact and low cost pick-up.

It eliminates the need for radio frequency modulation circuits and related resistors/shields.

- (2) Maximum optical power output: 7mW (CW)
- (3) Wavelength: TYP. 654nm
- (4) \$\phi 5.6 mm package

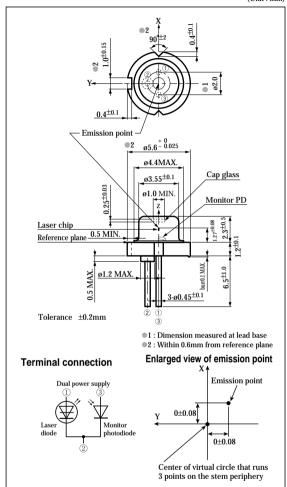
Applications

- **DVD-ROM drives**
- (2) DVD video players

Self-oscillating Type Red Laser Diode for DVD Video Player (654nm-7mW)

Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	■ Absolute Maximum Ratings						
	Parameter			Rating	Unit		
#3	Optical power outpo	Po	7	mW			
	Reverse voltage	Laser	$V_{\rm rl}$	2	V		
		Monitor photodiode	$V_{\rm rd}$	30	V		
*1	Operating temperat	Top(c)	-10 to +70	°C			
	Storage temperatur	Tstg	-40 to +85	°C			
₩2	Soldering temperat	Tsld	300	·c			

Case temperature

SHARP

At the position of 1.6mm or more from the lead base (3s)

CW (Continuous Wave) drive

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■ Electro-optical Characteristics*1

(Tc=25°C)

Paramete	r	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Threshold current		Ith	-	-	65	85	mA
Operating current		Iop	Po=5mW	-	75	91	mA
Operating voltage		Vop	Po=5mW	-	2.5	2.9	V
Wavelength		λ_p	Po=5mW	648	654	663	nm
*2 Half intensity angle	Parallel	θ//	Po=5mW	7	8.5	11	۰
*2 Half intensity angle	Perpendicular	θΤ	Po=5mW	29	35	42	۰
*4 Ripple		Rı	Po=5mW	-20	-	+20	%
Mindiananana	*2*3 Parallel	$\Delta\theta$ //	Po=5mW	-2	-	+2	۰
Misalignment angle	*2*3Perpendicular	$\Delta \theta \perp$	Po=5mW	-3	-	+3	۰
Interference pattern intensity		α	Po=5mW	-	-	0.9	-
Differential efficiency		ηd	3mW I (5mW) – I (2mW)	0.25	0.45	0.75	mW/mA

^{*1} Initial value, CW (Continuous Wave) drive

■ Electrical Characteristics of Photodiode

 $(Tc=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current	Im	$Po=5mW$, $V_{rd}=5V$	0.2	0.55	1.0	mA
Dark current	ΙD	$V_{\rm rd} = 5V$	-	-	150	nA
Terminal capacitance	Ct	V _{rd} =5V, f=1MHz	-	3.5	-	pF

• Please refer to the chapter "Handling Precautions"

^{*2} Angle at 50% peak intensity (full-width at half-maximum)

^{*3} Parallel to the junction plane (X-Z plane), Perpendicular to the junction plane (Y-Z plane)

 $^{^{\}oplus 4}$ R= $\Delta P/P$ ΔP : the maximum deviation of the far field pattern from its approximate curve P: the peak of the approximate curve

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- -- Alarm equipment
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