

Features

- Comparator cannot oscillate
- Fast response—5 ns data to clock setup, 20 ns clock to output
- Wide input differential voltage range—24V on $\pm 15V$ supplies
- Wide input common mode voltage range— $\pm 12V$
- Precision input stage— $V_{OS} = 1.5 \text{ mV}$
- Low input bias current—100 nA
- Low input offset current—30 nA
- $\pm 4.5V$ to $\pm 18V$ supplies
- 3 State TTL compatible output
- No supply current glitch during switching
- 103 dB voltage gain (Low input uncertainty $\approx 30 \mu V$)
- 50% power reduction in shutdown mode
- Input and flip-flop remain active in shutdown mode

Applications

- Analog to digital converters
- ATE pin receiver
- Zero crossing detector
- Window detector
- "Go/no-go" detector

Ordering Information

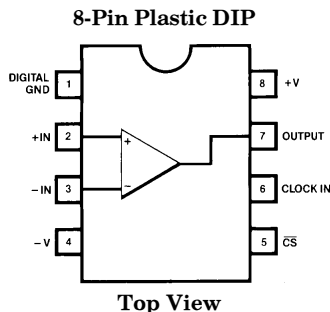
Part No.	Temp. Range	Pkg.	Outline #
EL2019CN	-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	P-DIP	MDP0006

General Description

The EL2019 offers a new feature previously unavailable in a comparator before—a master/slave edge triggered flip-flop. The comparator output will only change output state after a positive going clock edge is applied. Thus the output can't feed back to the input and cause oscillation. Manufactured with Elantec's proprietary Complementary Bipolar process, this device uses fast PNP and NPN transistors in the signal path. A unique circuit design gives the inputs the ability to handle large common mode and differential mode signals, yet retain high speed and excellent accuracy. Careful design of the front end insures speed and accuracy when operating with a mix of small and large signals. The three-state output stage is designed to be TTL compatible for any power supply combination, yet it draws a constant current and does not generate current glitches. When the output is disabled, the supply current consumption drops by 50%, but the input stage and master slave flip-flop remain active.

Elantec facilities comply with MIL-I-45208A and other applicable quality specifications. For information on Elantec's processing, see QRA1: *Elantec's Processing-Monolithic Products*.

Connection Diagrams



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Note: All information contained in this data sheet has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate as of the date of publication; however, this data sheet cannot be a "controlled document". Current revisions, if any, to these specifications are maintained at the factory and are available upon your request. We recommend checking the revision level before finalization of your design documentation.

EL2019C

Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

V_S	Supply Voltage	$\pm 18\text{V}$	I_{OP}	Peak Output Current	50 mA
V_{IN}	Input Voltage	$+V_S$ to $-V_S$	I_O	Continuous Output Current	25 mA
ΔV_{IN}	Differential Input Voltage	Limited only by Power Supplies	T_A	Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IN}	Input Current (Pins 1, 2 or 3)	$\pm 10\text{ mA}$	T_J	Operating Junction Temperature	150°C
I_{INS}	Input Current (Pins 5 or 6)	$\pm 5\text{ mA}$	T_{ST}	Storage Temperature	-65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation (Note 3 - See Curves)	1.25W			

Important Note:

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. The Test Level column indicates the specific device testing actually performed during production and Quality inspection. Elantec performs most electrical tests using modern high-speed automatic test equipment, specifically the LTX77 Series system. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulsed tests, therefore $T_J = T_C = T_A$.

Test Level Test Procedure

I	100% production tested and QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
II	100% production tested at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and QA sample tested at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, T_{MAX} and T_{MIN} per QA test plan QCX0002.
III	QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
IV	Parameter is guaranteed (but not tested) by Design and Characterization Data.
V	Parameter is typical value at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ for information purposes only.

DC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Description	Temp	Limits			Test Level	Units
			Min	Typ	Max		
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage $V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$, V_O Transition Point	25°C		1.5	6	I	mV
		T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			8	III	mV
I_B	Input Bias Current $V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$, Pin 2 or 3	25°C		± 100	± 400	I	nA
		T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			± 600	III	nA
I_{OS}	Input Offset Current $V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$	25°C		30	150	I	nA
		T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			250	III	nA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 1)	25°C	75	90		I	dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 2)	25°C	75	95		I	dB
V_{CM}	Common Mode Input Range	25°C	± 12	± 13		I	V
		T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}	± 12			III	V
V_{uncer}	Input Uncertainty Range			30		V	$\mu\text{V}/\text{RMS}$
V_{OL}	Output Voltage Logic Low $I_{OL} = 8\text{ mA}$ and $I_{OL} = 0\text{ mA}$	25°C	-0.05	0.15	0.4	I	V
		T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}	-0.1		0.4	III	V
V_{OH}	Output Voltage Logic High $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$ $V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$	25°C	3.5	4.0	4.65	I	V
		T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}	3.5		4.65	III	V
		25°C	2.4			I	V
		T_{MIN}	2.4			III	V
		T_{MAX}	2.4			III	V

EL2019C

Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

DC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 15V$, unless otherwise specified — Contd.

Parameter	Description	Temp	Limits			Test Level	Units
			Min	Typ	Max		
V _{ODIS1}	V _{OUT} Range, Disabled, I _{OL} = −1 mA V _S = ±15V V _S = ±15V V _S = ±5V						
		25°C	4.65			I	V
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	4.65			III	V
		25°C		3.65		V	V
V _{ODIS2}	V _{OUT} Range, Disabled, I _{OL} = +1 mA V _S = ±5V to +15V	All	−0.3	−1		II	V
V _{INH}	Clock or $\overline{CS}$ Inputs Logic High Input Voltage	25°C	2			I	V
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	2			III	V
I _{IN}	Clock or $\overline{CS}$ Inputs Logic Input Current V _{IN} = 0V and V _{IN} = 5V	25°C			±200	I	μA
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			±300	III	μA
V _{INL}	Clock or $\overline{CS}$ Inputs Logic Low Input Voltage	25°C			0.8	I	V
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			0.8	III	V
I _S + EN	Positive Supply Current Enabled	25°C		8.8	13	I	mA
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			14	II	mA
I _S + DIS	Positive Supply Current Disabled	25°C		4.9	6	I	mA
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			7	II	mA
I _S − EN	Negative Supply Current Enabled	25°C		14.5	17	I	mA
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			18	II	mA
I _S − DIS	Negative Supply Current Disabled	25°C		6.4	8.0	I	mA
		T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			8.0	II	mA

AC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 15V$, T_A = 25°C

Parameter	Description	Limits			Test Level	Units
		Min	Typ	Max		
T _S	Setup Time 5 mV Overdrive		12	20	II	ns
T _H	Hold Time		−3	0	IV	ns
T _{OPOUT}	Clock to Output Delay		20	25	IV	ns
T _{OPMIN}	Minimum Clock Width		7		V	ns
T _{EN}	Output 3-State Enable Delay		40	70	IV	ns
T _{DIS}	Output 3-State Disable Delay		150	300	IV	ns

Note 1: V_{CM} = +12V to −12V.

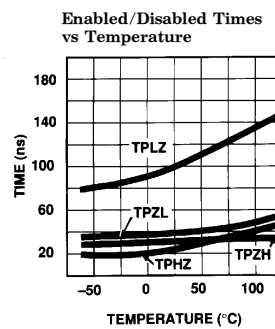
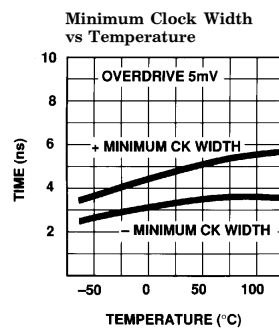
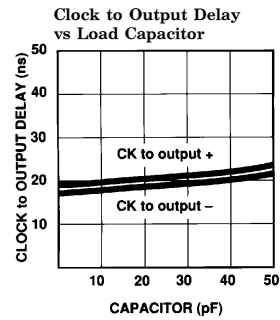
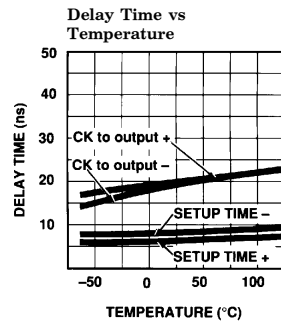
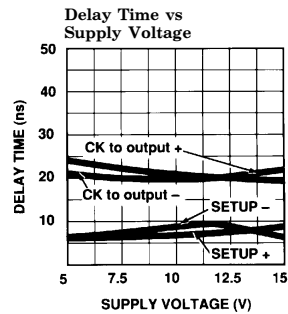
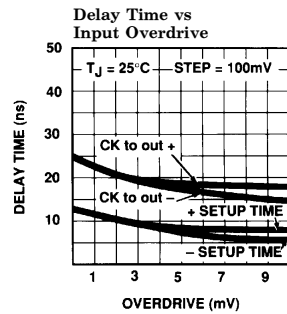
Note 2: V_S = ±5V to ±15V.

Note 3: The maximum power dissipation depends on package type, ambient temperature and heat sinking. See the Typical Performance curves for more details.

EL2019C

Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

Typical AC Performance Curves

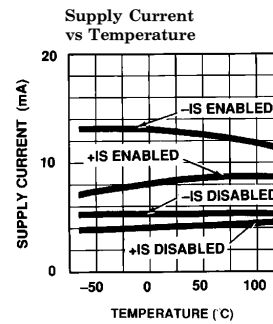
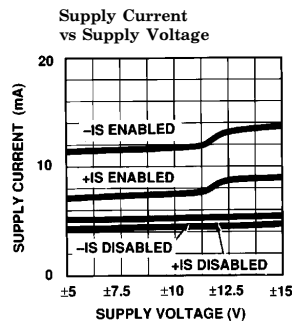
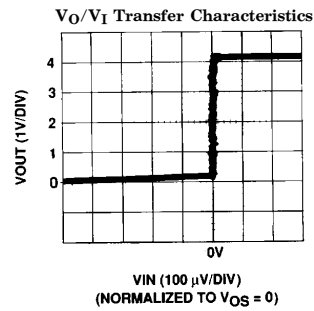
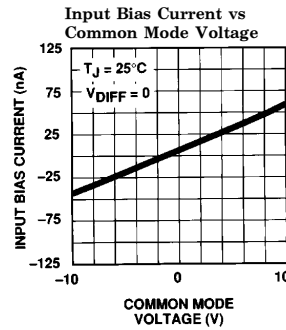
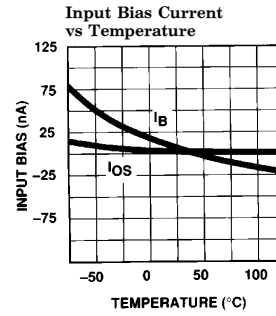
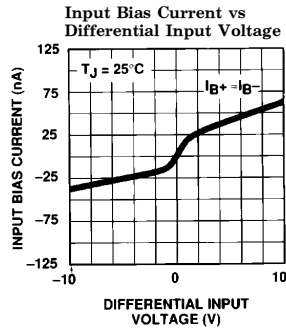


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EL2019C

Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

Typical AC Performance Curves — Contd.

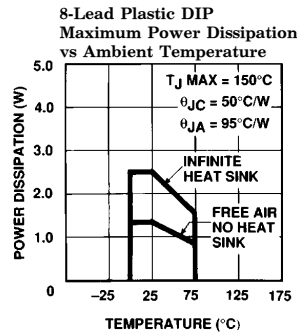
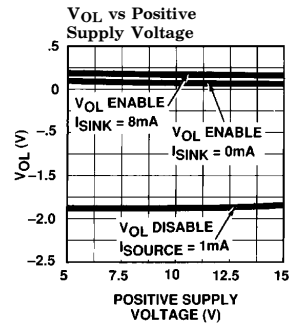
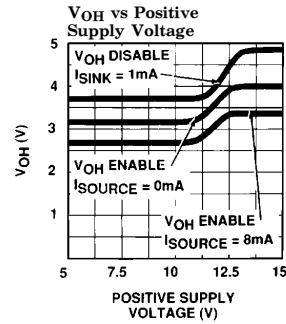
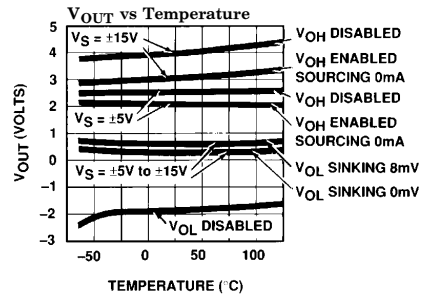


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Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

Typical AC Performance Curves — Contd.

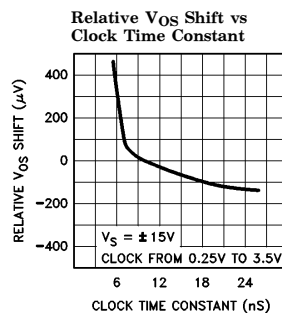
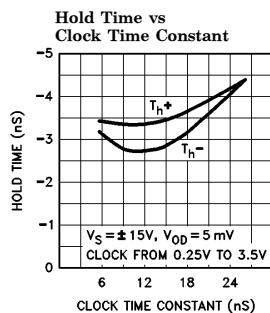
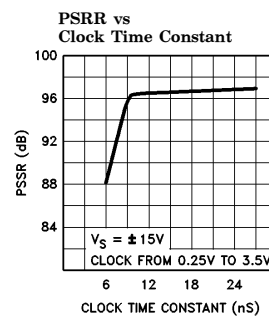
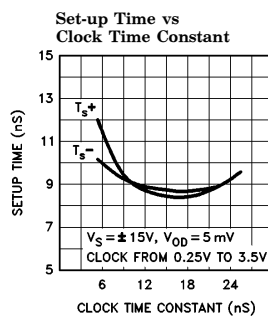
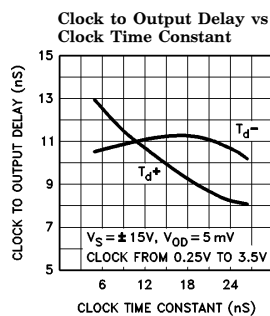


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Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

Typical AC Performance Curves — Contd.

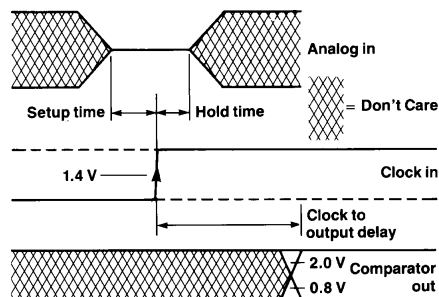


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Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

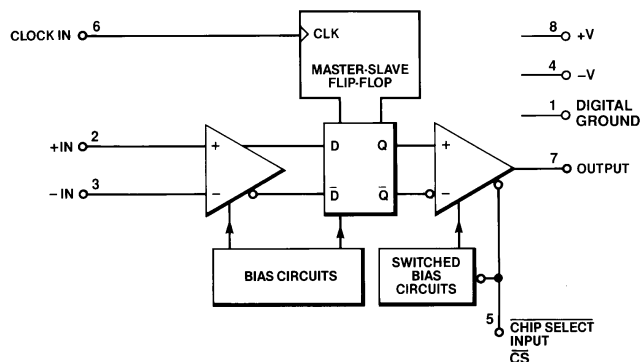
Timing Diagram



Note: Since the hold time is negative the input is a don't care at the clock time. This ensures that clock noise will not affect the measurement.

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Block Diagram



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Function Table

Inputs (Time n - 1)				Internal Q (Time n)	Notes	Output (Time n)
+ IN	- IN	$\overline{CS}$	CLK			
+	-	L		H	Normal Comparator Operation With "D" Flip-Flop	H
-	+	L		L		L
+	-	H		H	Normal Comparator Operation With "D" Flip-Flop; Power Down Mode	High Z
-	+	H		L		High Z
X	X	L	H	Q_{n-1}	Data Retained in Flip-Flop	Q_{n-1}
X	X	L	L	Q_{n-1}		Q_{n-1}
X	X	L		Q_{n-1}		Q_{n-1}
X	X	H	H	Q_{n-1}	Data Retained in Flip-Flop, Output Power Down Mode	High Z
X	X	H	L	Q_{n-1}		High Z
X	X	H		Q_{n-1}		High Z

EL2019C

Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

Application Hints

Device Overview

The EL2019 is the first comparator of its kind. It is capable of 24V differential signals, yet has excellent accuracy, linearity and voltage gain. The EL2019 has an internal master/slave flip-flop between the input and output. It even has a 3-state output feature that reduces the power supply currents 50% when the output is disabled, yet the input stage and latch remain active. This extremely fast and accurate device is built with the proprietary Elantec Complementary Bipolar Process, which is immune to power sequencing and latch up problems.

Power Supplies

The EL2019 will work with $\pm 5V$ to $\pm 18V$ supplies or any combination between (Example $+12V$ and $-5V$). The supplies should be well bypassed with good high frequency capacitors ($0.01 \mu F$ monolithic ceramic recommended) within $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of the power supply leads. Good ground plane construction techniques improve stability, and the lead from pin 1 to ground should be short.

Front End

The EL2019 uses schottky diodes to make a "bullet proof" front end with very low input bias currents, even if the two inputs are tied to very large differential voltages ($\pm 24V$).

The large common mode range ($\pm 12V$ minimum) and differential voltage handling ability ($\pm 24V$ min.) of the device make it useful in ATE applications without the need for an input attenuator with its associated delay.

Recovery from Large Overdrives

Timing accuracy is excellent for all signals within the common mode range of the device ($\pm 12V$ with $\pm 15V$ supply). When the common mode range is exceeded the input stage will saturate, input bias currents increase and it may take as much as 200 ns for the device to recover to normal operation after the inputs are returned to the common mode range. If signals greater than the common mode range of the device are anticipated, the inputs should be diode clamped to remain within the common mode range of the device, or

the supply voltage be raised to encompass the input signal in the common mode range.

Input Slew Rate

All comparators have input slew rate limitations. The EL2019 operates normally with any input slew rate up to $300 V/\mu s$. Input signal slew rates over $300 V/\mu s$ induce offset voltages of 5 mV to 20 mV. This induced offset voltage settles out in about 20 ns, 20 times faster than previous high voltage comparators. This shows up as an increased set-up time.

Master Slave Flip-Flop

The built-in Master/Slave Flip-Flop only allows the output to change when a positive edge is received on the clock input. This feature has some major benefits to the user. First, the device cannot oscillate due to feedback from the output to the inputs. Second, the device *must* make a decision when it receives a clock input, and the difference between deciding on a "0" or a "1" is limited only by the input circuit noise, both internal and external to the EL2019. With low impedance sources and a good layout this uncertainty can be less than $30 \mu V/RMS$. Since a $30 \mu V$ change on the input can cause a 4V change on the output this works out to an effective gain of 103 dB, more than adequate for a 16-bit analog to digital converter.

The hold time of the EL2019 is worst case 0 ns, and typically -3 ns. This means that the analog signal is sampled typically 3 ns *before* the clock time and, worst case, concurrent with the clock.

The EL2019 is sensitive to a large clock edge rates. More than a $500 V/\mu s$ edge rate at the clock input will induce V_{OS} shifts, reduce PSRR, and cause the device to operate incorrectly at low temperatures and low supply voltages. A good method to control the clock edge rate is to place a resistor in series and a capacitor to ground in parallel with the clock input. Generally, any time constant 10 ns or greater will suffice.

Elantec tests the EL2019 with a nominal 20 ns time constant, using a series 330Ω resistor and 61 pF of capacitance to ground (including strays). All clocks are generated by Schottky TTL and have a 0.25V to 3.5V swing.

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Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

Application Hints — Contd.

Output Stage

The output stage of the EL2019 is a pair of complementary emitter followers operating as a linear amplifier. This makes the output stage of the EL2019 glitch free, and improves accuracy and stability when operating with small signals.

3-State Output, Power Saving Feature

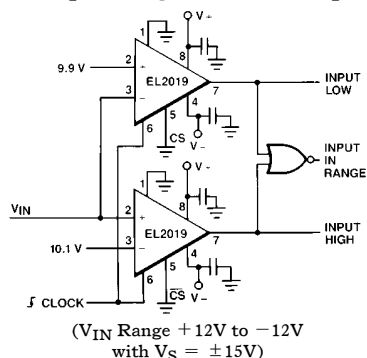
The EL2019 has an output stage which can be put into a high impedance "3-state" mode. When it is in this mode, the input stage and latch remain active, yet the device dissipates only 50% of the power used when the output is active. This has advantages in large ATE systems where there may be 1000 comparators, but only 10% are in use at any one time.

The EL2019 will work properly with the chip select input (pin 5) floating, however, good R.F. technique would be to ground this input if it is not used.

Due to the power saving feature and linear output stage, the EL2019 does not have a standard TTL 3-state output stage. As such one must be careful when using the 3-state feature with devices other than other EL2018's or EL2019's. When operating from $\pm 15V$ supplies the 3-state feature is compatible with all TTL families, however CMOS families may conflict on high outputs. Since the output stage of the EL2019 turns on faster than it turns off, a 50Ω to 100Ω resistor in series with the output will limit fault currents between devices with minimum impact on logic drive capability.

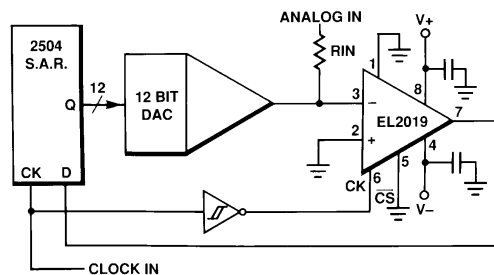
Typical Applications

A Wide Input Range Window Comparator



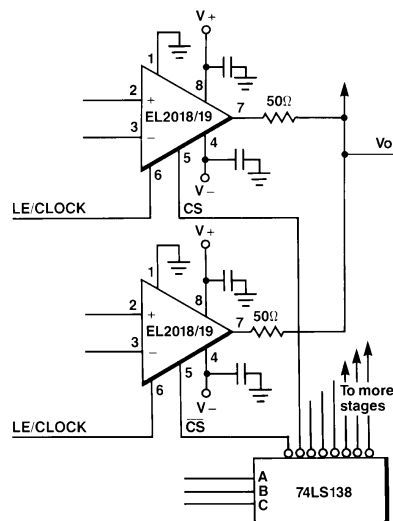
2019-9

The EL2019 makes an excellent comparator in most analog to digital converters, due to its high gain and fast response. Most 2504 based A to D designs can be modified to use the EL2019 simply by using an inverted clock to the EL2019 as shown below. This results in improved performance due to less jitter of the transition voltages.



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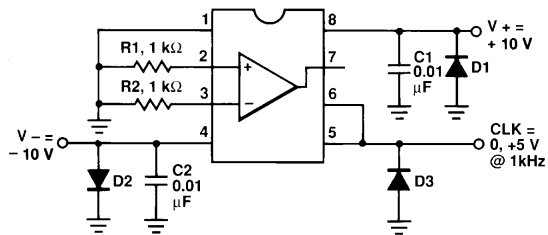
Using the Power Down/3-State Feature



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EL2019C

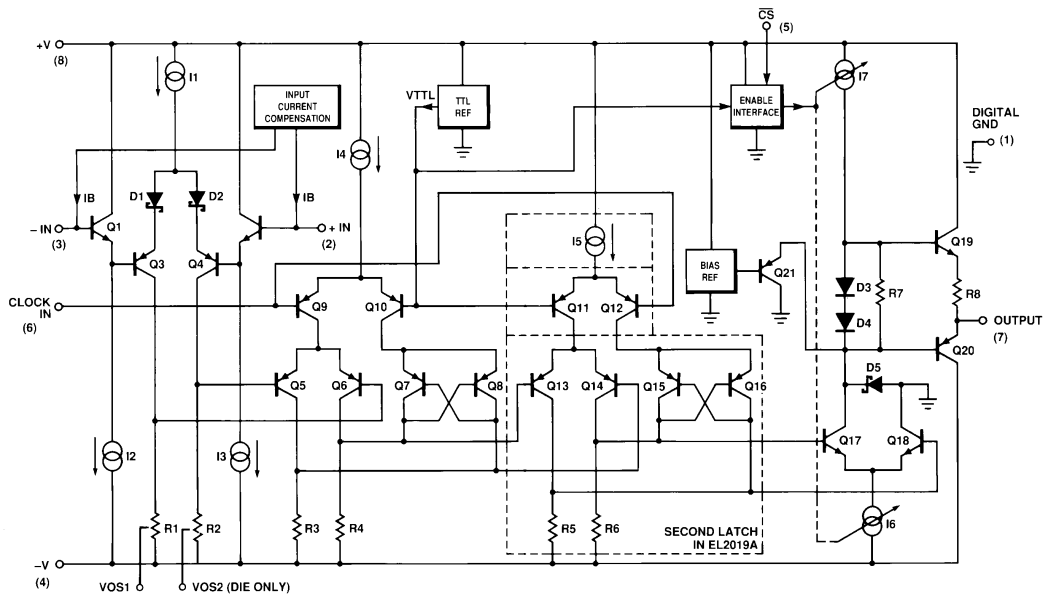
Burn-In Circuit



Pin numbers are for DIP packages. All packages use the same schematic.

2019-12

Equivalent Schematic



2019-13

Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

EL2019 Macromodel

Connections:	+ input						
*		- input					
*			+ V				
*				- V			
*					Cpin		
*						$\overline{\text{CS}}$	
*							output
*							
.subckt M2019	2	3	8	4	6	5	7
* Input Stage							
*							
i1 8 10 700 μ A							
r1 13 4 1K							
r2 14 4 1K							
q1 8 3 11 qn							
q2 8 2 12 qn							
q3 13 11 10 qp							
q4 14 12 10 qp							
i2 11 4 200 μ A							
i3 12 4 200 μ A							
*							
* 2nd Stage & Flip Flop							
*							
* i4 8 24 700 μ A							
i4 8 24 1mA							
q9 22 6 24 qp							
q10 18 17 24 qp							
v1 17 0 2.5V							
q5 15 14 22 qp							
q6 16 13 22 qp							
r3 15 4 1K							
r4 16 4 1K							
q7 16 15 18 qp							
q8 15 16 18 qp							
i5 8 40 500 μ A							
q11 41 17 40 qp							
q12 42 6 40 qp							
q13 43 16 41 qp							
q14 44 15 41 qp							
q15 44 43 42 qp							
q16 43 44 42 qp							
r5 43 4 1K							
r6 44 4 1K							
*							
* Output Stage							
*							
i7 8 35 2mA							
s1 35 20 5 0 sw							
d2 35 8 ds							
i6 26 34 5mA							

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Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

EL2019 Macromodel — Contd.

```

s2 34 4 5 0 sw
d3 34 26 ds
q19 8 20 21 qn 2
q20 4 19 7 qp 2
r8 21 7 60
r7 20 19 4K
q17 19 44 26 qn 5
q18 0 43 26 qn 5
q22 20 20 30 qn 5
q23 19 19 30 qn 8
d1 0 19 ds
q21 0 17 19 qp
*
* Power Supply Current
*
ips 8 4 4mA
*
* Models
*
.model qn npn (is=2e-15 bf=400 tf=0.05nS cje=0.3pF cjc=0.2pF ccs=0.2pF)
.model qp pnp (is=0.6e-15 bf=60 tf=0.3nS cje=0.5pF cjc=0.5pF ccs=0.4pF)
.model ds d(is=2e-12 tt=0.05nS eg=0.62V vj=0.58)
.model sw vswitch (von=0.4V voff=2.5V)
.ends

```

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EL2019C

Fast, High Voltage Comparator with Master Slave Flip-Flop

General Disclaimer

Specifications contained in this data sheet are in effect as of the publication date shown. Elantec, Inc. reserves the right to make changes in the circuitry or specifications contained herein at any time without notice. Elantec, Inc. assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuits described herein and makes no representations that they are free from patent infringement.

***élan*tec**
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European Office: 44-71-482-4596

WARNING — Life Support Policy

Elantec, Inc. products are not authorized for and should not be used within Life Support Systems without the specific written consent of Elantec, Inc. Life Support systems are equipment intended to support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions provided can be reasonably expected to result in significant personal injury or death. Users contemplating application of Elantec, Inc. products in Life Support Systems are requested to contact Elantec, Inc. factory headquarters to establish suitable terms & conditions for these applications. Elantec, Inc.'s warranty is limited to replacement of defective components and does not cover injury to persons or property or other consequential damages.