

## EM128C08 Family

### 128Kx8 Bit Ultra-Low Power Asynchronous Static RAM

#### Overview

The EM128C08 is an integrated memory device containing a low power 1 Mbit Static Random Access Memory organized as 131,072 words by 8 bits. The device is fabricated using NanoAmp's advanced CMOS process and high-speed/low-power circuit technology. This device is designed for very low voltage operation making it quite suitable for battery powered devices. It is also designed for both very low operating and standby-currents. The device pinout is compatible with other standard 128Kx8 SRAMs.

#### **Features**

- Extremely Wide Operating Voltage 1.5 to 3.6 Volts
- Extended Temperature Range -40° to +85°C
- Fast Cycle Time
   Standard: < 70 ns @ 3 Volts</li>
  - -55 < 55 ns @ 3 Volts

    Very Low Operating Current
- I<sub>CC</sub> < 1 mA maximum at 2V, 1 Mhz</li>
   Very Low Data Rentention Voltage

   1.2 Volts Minimum
- Very Low Standby Current 1 μA max. @ 55°C
- 32-Pin TSOP, STSOP, Packages Available

### FIGURE 1: Operating Envelope

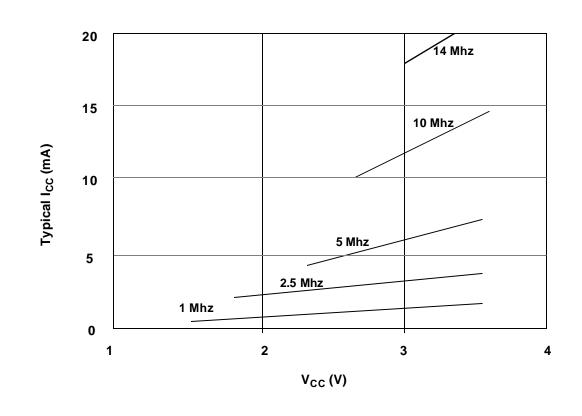
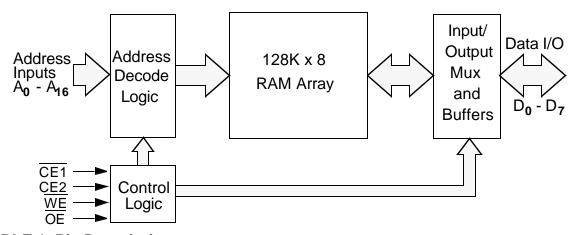


FIGURE 1: Pin Configuration



FIGURE 2: Functional Block Diagram



**TABLE 1: Pin Description** 

Pin Name	Pin Function	Pin Name	Pin Function
A0-A16	Address Inputs	WE	Write Enable (Active Low)
D0-D7	Data Inputs/Outputs	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power
CE1	Chip Enable (Active Low)	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
CE2	Chip Enable (Active High)	NC	Not Connected (Do not connect signal)
OE	Output Enable (Active Low)		

**TABLE 2: Functional Description** 

CE1	CE2	WE	ŌĒ	D0-D7	MODE	POWER
Н	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Standby	Standby
Х	L	Х	Х	High Z	Standby	Standby
L	Н	L	Х	Data In	Write	Active -> Standby*
L	Н	Н	L	Data Out	Read	Active -> Standby*
L	Н	Н	Н	High Z	Active	Standby*

<sup>\*</sup>The device will consume active power in this mode whenever addresses are changed

TABLE 3: Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>IN,OUT</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Voltage on $V_{CC}$ Supply Relative to $V_{SS}$	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3 to 4.0	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	500	mW
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40 to +85	°C

<sup>\*</sup>Stresses greater than those listed above may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

**TABLE 4: Operating Characteristics (Over the Specified Temperature Range)** 

ltom	Cumbal	Test Conditions	EM12	Unit	
Item	Symbol	rest Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		1.5	3.6	V
Data Retention Voltage	V <sub>DR</sub>	$\overline{\text{CE1}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ or CE2} = 0$	1.2		V
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$		0.7V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.3	0.3*V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1mA	0.8*V <sub>CC</sub>		V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1mA		0.2*V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>LI</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$		0.5	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>LO</sub>	OE or CE1 = V <sub>CC</sub> or CE2 = 0		0.5	μА
Operating Supply Current (Note 1)	I <sub>cc</sub>	$\frac{V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } 0V}{CE1 = 0 \text{ and } CE2 = V_{CC}}$		0.5*f*V	mA
Standby Current (Note 2), and		V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> or 0V, t <sub>A</sub> =25 °C		0.2	
Data Retention	$I_{SB,}I_{DR}$	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> or 0V, t <sub>A</sub> =55 °C		1	μΑ
Current		V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> or 0V, t <sub>A</sub> =80 °C		20	

Note 1. Operating current is a linear function of operating frequency and voltage. You may calculate operating current using the formula shown with operating frequency (f) expressed in Mhz and operating voltage (V) in volts. Example: Operating at 2 Mhz at 3.0 volts will draw a maximum current of 0.5\*2\*3 = 3.0 mA.

Note 2. This device assumes a standby mode if either  $\overline{\text{CE1}}$  is disabled (high) or CE2 is disabled (low). It will also automatically go into a standby mode whenever all input signals are quiescent (not toggling) regardless of the state of CE1 or CE2. In order to achieve low standby current in the enabled mode (CE1 low and CE2 high), all inputs must be within 0.2 volts of either  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{SS}$ .

**TABLE 5: Capacitance\*** 

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0V, f = 1 \text{ Mhz}, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		5	pF
I/O Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0V$ , $f = 1$ Mhz, $T_A = 25$ °C		5	pF

Note: These parameters are verified in device characterization and are not 100% tested

# **TABLE 6: Timing Test Conditions**

Item	
Input Pulse Level	0.1V <sub>CC</sub> to 0.9 V <sub>CC</sub>
Input Rise and Fall Time	5ns
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels	0.5V <sub>CC</sub>
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Output Load	CL = 50pF

# TABLE 7: Timing - EM128C08 (Standard Version) Only

Item	Cumbal	1.5 to	1.5 to 3.6 V 1.8 to		8 to 3.6 V 2		2.7 to 3.6 V		3.0 to 3.6 V	
item	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle Time	t <sub>RC</sub>	500		200		85		70		ns
Address Access Time	t <sub>AA</sub>		500		200		85		70	ns
Chip Enable Access Time	t <sub>CE</sub>		500		200		85		70	ns
Output Enable to Valid Output	$t_{OE}$		100		50		20		20	ns
Chip Enable to Low-Z output	t <sub>LZ</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns
Output Enable to Low-Z Output	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns
Chip Disable to High-Z Output	t <sub>HZ</sub>	0	100	0	50	0	20	0	20	ns
Output Disable to High-Z Output	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	100	0	50	0	20	0	20	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	t <sub>OH</sub>	10		10		10		10		ns
Write Cycle Time	t <sub>WC</sub>	500		200		85		70		ns
Chip Enable to End of Write	t <sub>CW</sub>	500		200		85		70		ns
Address Valid to End of Write	t <sub>AW</sub>	500		200		85		70		ns
Address Set-Up Time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns
Write Pulse Width	t <sub>WP</sub>	250		100		40		35		ns
Write Recovery Time	t <sub>WR</sub>		0		0		0		0	ns
Write to High-Z Output	t <sub>WHZ</sub>	0	50	0	40	0	20	0	20	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	200		80		40		30		ns
Data Hold from Write Time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns
End Write to Low-Z Output	$t_{OW}$	10		10		10		10		ns

TABLE 8: Timing - EM128C08 (-55 version) Only

lto-m	Symbol 1.5 to 3.6		3.6 V	1.8 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6 V		3.0 to 3.6 V		Unit
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle Time	t <sub>RC</sub>	500		200		70		55		ns
Address Access Time	t <sub>AA</sub>		500		200		70		55	ns
Chip Enable Access Time	t <sub>CE</sub>		500		200		70		55	ns
Output Enable to Valid Output	t <sub>OE</sub>		100		50		20		20	ns
Chip Enable to Low-Z output	$t_{LZ}$	0		0		0		0		ns
Output Enable to Low-Z Output	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns
Chip Disable to High-Z Output	t <sub>HZ</sub>	0	100	0	50	0	20	0	20	ns
Output Disable to High-Z Output	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	100	0	50	0	20	0	20	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	t <sub>OH</sub>	10		10		10		10		ns
Write Cycle Time	t <sub>WC</sub>	500		200		70		55		ns
Chip Enable to End of Write	t <sub>CW</sub>	500		200		70		55		ns
Address Valid to End of Write	t <sub>AW</sub>	500		200		70		55		ns
Address Set-Up Time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns
Write Pulse Width	t <sub>WP</sub>	250		100		40		30		ns
Write Recovery Time	t <sub>WR</sub>		0		0		0		0	ns
Write to High-Z Output	t <sub>WHZ</sub>	0	50	0	40	0	20	0	20	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	200		80		40		30		ns
Data Hold from Write Time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0		0		0		0		ns
End Write to Low-Z Output	t <sub>OW</sub>	10		10		10		10		ns

FIGURE 3: Read Cycle Timing ( $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ )

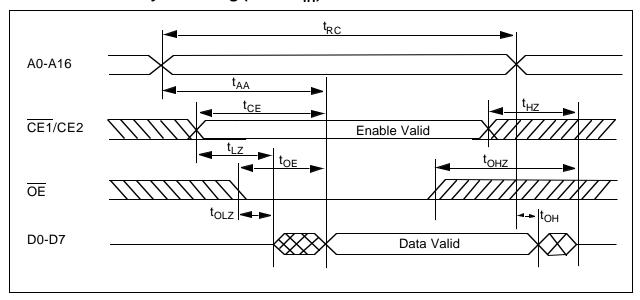


FIGURE 4: Write Cycle Timing (OE clock)

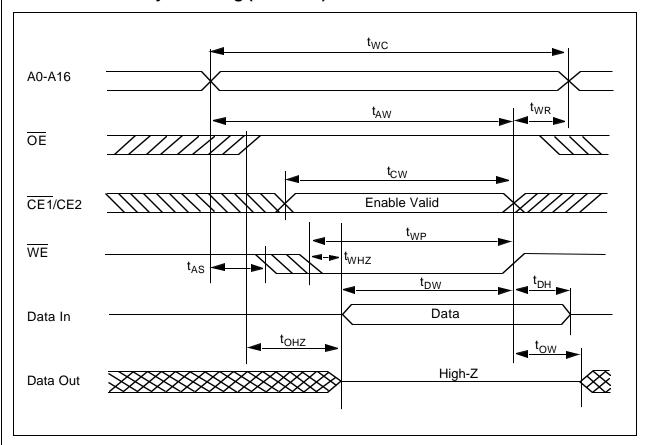
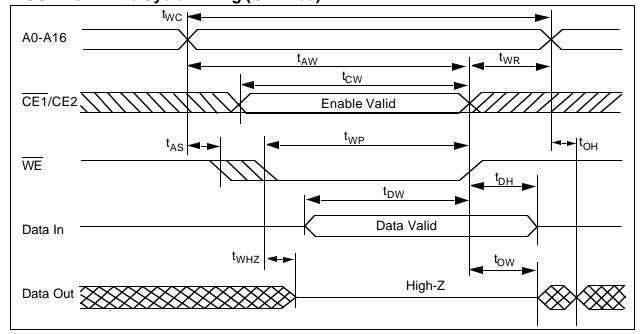


FIGURE 5: Write Cycle Timing (OE fixed)



# **TABLE 9: Ordering Information**

Part Number	Package	Temperature Range	Voltage Range	Speed (@ 3V+)
EM128C08T	32 pin TSOP	-40 to +85°C	1.5 to 3.6 V	70 ns
EM128C08N	32 pin STSOP	-40 to +85°C	1.5 to 3.6 V	70 ns
EM128C08T-55	32 pin TSOP	-40 to +85°C	1.5 to 3.6 V	55 ns
EM128C08N-55	32 pin STSOP	-40 to +85°C	1.5 to 3.6 V	55 ns

# **TABLE 10: Revision History**

Revision #	Date	Change Description
01	Nov. 1, 1997	Initial Formal Release
02	Feb. 2, 1998	Corrected Miscellaneous Errata Modified Cycle Time and Related Parameters from 150 to 200 nS at 1.8 volts
03	Feb. 15, 1998	Added SOP option, Increased standby current
04	Apr. 1, 1998	Clarified CE2 Timing in Figures 3 to 5 Modified Operating Envelope Figure
05	Sep. 1, 1998	Reduced product versions to Standard and Commercial Added BGA option, Extended "standard" voltage range to 1.5 Volts min.
06	May 6, 1999	Standardized on voltage range of 1.5 to 3.6 volts Standardized on temperature range of -20 to 80 °C
07	June 3, 1999	Revised specifications to show -10 instead of "C" for 100 ns part
08	May, 2000	Added 55 nsec version, Increased Temperature range to 85C, Deleted standby current at 80C and added standby current at 85C. Deleted -10 part.