

DTC-48-H

OC-48/STM-16 Single Mode Transceiver with Clock Recovery



Features

- ☑ Full Compliance with OC-48/STM-16 SONET/SDH Specifications, including Jitter Tolerance & Transfer Function
- ☑ Intermediate Reach & Short Reach
- ☑ Eye Safe (Class I Laser Safety)
- ☑ No external Clock required
- ☑ Multi-sourced 2x9 package style
- ☑ Duplex SC or ST or FC connector
- ☑ 0°C to +70°C Operating Temperature (Short Reach).
- ☑ Single +5 V supply
- ☑ Wave Solder Process Compatible

Description

The DTC-48-H fiber optic transceivers with clock recovery offer a simple, convenient way to interface ATM/SONET/SDH OC-48/STM-16 PCBs to single mode fiber optic cables for both Short and Intermediate Reach applications. They are fully compliant to all applicable SONET/SDH specifications including Clock Jitter Tolerance and Transfer Function. The Short Reach version uses a 1300 nm Fabry Perot Laser while the Intermediate Reach version uses a 1300 nm DFB Laser. All modules satisfy Class I Laser Safety requirements in accordance with the US FDA/CDRH and international IEC-825 standards.

The transmit and receive functions are contained in a two-row, 18-pin (2x9) package with a Duplex SC or ST or FC connector interface. The transmitter incorporates

all the necessary control and driver circuit for converting differential data signals to light. A Transmitter Disable input and differential Laser Bias Monitor outputs are provided. The receiver uses an InGaAs/InP PIN photodiode to convert the light signal into an electrical current which is amplified and resampled using internal clock recovery (PLL) to generate output data and clock. A Signal Detect function which indicates loss of optical input is also provided.

The DTC-48-H transceiver operates from a single +5V power supply over an operating temperature range of 0°C to +70°C. The transceiver package is made of either *conductive* plastic (Duplex-SC version) or metal (FC and ST version) for good EMI shielding.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Storage Temperature		T_{st}	- 40	+ 85	°C
Operating Temperature	SR (Short Reach)	T	0	+ 70	°C
	IR (Intermediate Reach)	T_{op}	0	+ 60	°C
Supply Voltage		V_{CC}	0	+ 6.0	V
Lead Soldering Temperature & Time		-	-	260°C, 10 sec	

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Transmitter Performance Characteristics

(over Operating Case or Ambinet Temperature with mimimum of 150 LFM Airflow)

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Data Rate			В	0.1	2.488	3.0	Gb/s
Average Optical Output		L1	D	- 10.0	- 7.0	- 3.0	dBm
Power (50% duty cycle)		L0	P_o	- 5.0	- 3.0	0	
Extinction Ratio		P_{hi}/P_{lo}	8.2	-	-	dB	
Center Wavelength		λ_c	1266	1310	1360	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS)		SR (Short Reach)	$\Delta \lambda_{RMS}$	1	•	4.0	nm
Spectral Width (-20 dB)	IR1 (Intermediate Reach 1310 nm)	$\Delta \lambda_{20}$	1	1	1.0	nm
Side Mode Suppression Ratio IR1 (Intermed Rch 1310 nm)		SMSR	30	-	-	dB	
Optical Output Eye compliant with Bellcore		TR-NWT-00	0253 and ITU-	Γ Recommenda	ation G.957	•	

Receiver Performance Characteristics

(over Operating Case or Ambinet Temperature with mimimum of 150 LFM Airflow)

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Data Rate		В	2.48832 - 500 ppm	2.48832	2.48832 + 500 ppm	Gb/s
Receiver Sensitivity (10 ⁻¹⁰ BER)	1	P_{min}	- 18.0	- 22.0	-	dBm
Maximum Input Optical Power	SR (Short Reach)	P _{max}	- 3.0	- 1.0	-	dBm
(10 ⁻¹⁰ BER) ¹	IR (Intermediate Reach)		0	1.0	-	
Signal Detect Thresholds	Increasing Light Input	P_{sd+}	-	ī	- 18.0	dBm
Signal Detect Tilesholds	Decreasing Light Input	P_{sd}	- 35.0	ı	-	
Signal Detect Hysteresis	•	-	-	0.5	-	dB
Wavelength of Operation		λ	1100	1	1600	nm
Clock/Data Alignment (See Fig. 4)		T_{CDAP}	40	80	110	ps
Output Clock Jitter		CLK_J	-	ı	0.01	Ulrms
Jitter Tolerance & Transfer Function		compliant with ITU Recommendation G.958				•
¹ Specified in Average Optical Input	Gb/s and 1300	nm wavelength v	with 2^{23} -1 PRBS.			

Transmitter Electrical Interface

Param	neter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage		V_{CC}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Supply Current		I	-	125	185	mA
Input Voltage (differential DATA+ & DATA -)		V_{IN}	0.5	1.60	2.00	Vp-p
Transmitter Disable Voltage		V_{DIS}	V _{CC} - 2.0	-	V_{CC}	V
Transmitter Enable Voltage		V_{EN}	0	-	0.6	V
Differential Bias	at 25°C	17	-	100	200	mV
Monitor Voltage	at 70°C	$\overline{}$ $V_{BM,DIF}$	-	300	500] ''''

Receiver Electrical Interface

Parame	eter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage		V_{CC}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Supply Current		I	•	300	365	mA
Output Voltage Swing	DATA	T/	0.4	0.5	0.8	V
	CLOCK	V_{PP}	0.35	0.45	0.8	
Output HIGH Voltage (SIGNAL DETECT)		V_{OH}	2.7	-	V_{CC}	V
Output LOW Voltage (SIGNAL DETECT)		V_{OL}	0	-	0.7	V

10-11-00

Application Notes

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Transmitter: When the DATA+ input is at logic HIGH and DATA- input is at logic LOW (DATA+ voltage is higher than DATA- voltage by 0.25 V), the LD is ON; and vice versa. The transmitter is normally enabled (i.e. when the TX DISABLE control input is not connected). When the TX DISABLE input voltage is higher than $V_{\rm CC}$ - 2 V, the laser is disabled (less than -30dBm output power) independent of the input data.

The transmitter incorporates an Average Power Control (APC) loop to stabilize the transmitter average optical output power against temperature variation. The APC loop always acts to keep the transmitter average optical output power at a constant value (when the transmitter is enabled). Therefore, when the input data is all continuous "zeroes" or all continuous "ones", the transmitter optical output power is a constant level equal to the nominal average optical output power (not at the "OFF" level or at the "ON" level).

Receiver: In normal operation the CDR data acquires and maintains lock using internal reference clock. The recovered clock is used to re-time the quantized DATA output which completes the full CDR function. In absence of Optical input, the clock will lock to the internal clock (2.488± 1000 ppm) and RX DATA+ and RX DATA- outputs are undetermined.

The Signal Detect circuit monitors the level of the incoming

optical signal and generates a TTL logic LOW signal at the SIGNAL DETECT output when insufficient photocurrent is produced.

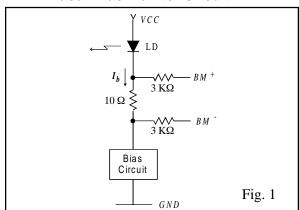
Interface circuit: The power supply line should be well-filtered. All $0.01 \mu F$ power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the DTC-48 transceiver module as possible. The two front GND posts should be grounded to Circuit Ground or Chassis Ground.

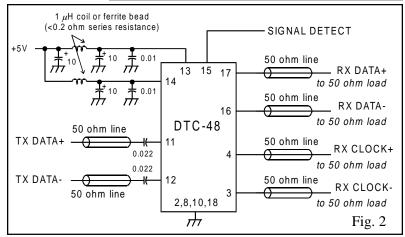
The transmitter input stage has internal 50 ohm termination. The DATA input interface is via AC coupling as shown. In single-ended applications, the unused DATA input pin should be bypassed to AC Ground.

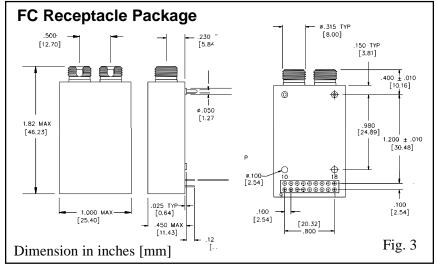
Both DATA and CLOCK outputs are differential signals. These outputs are AC-coupled internally. No termination resistor is required for DATA, CLOCK, and SIGNAL DETECT outputs. The load impedance of the SIGNAL DETECT output should be 10 Kohm or more.

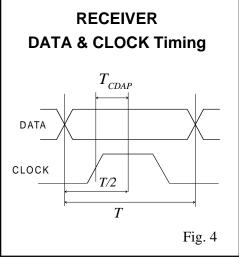
Transmission lines with 50 ohm characteristic impedance are recommended for all DATA and CLOCK interface lines to obtain best performance. The use of both differential inputs and outputs are strongly recommended. If single-ended output is used, the other unused output should be properly terminated into 50 ohm load.

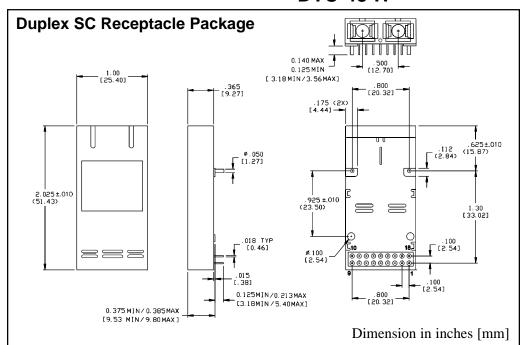
Laser Bias Monitor Circuit











Laser Safety: All transceivers are Class I Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.

Optical Communication Products, Inc. DATE OF MANUFACTURE:
MANUFACTURED IN THE USA This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 Meets Class I Laser Safety Requirements

ST Receptacle	e Package	
2.10 MAX [53.34]	0.050 [1.27] 0.050 [1.27] 0.100 [2.54] 0.018 TYP [0.46] 0.025 [0.64] 1.25 MIN [3.18] [11.43]	

PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	N/C	10	TX GND
2	RX GND	11	TD+ (TX DATA IN +)
3	RX CLOCK -	12	TD- (TX DATA IN -)
4	RX CLOCK +	13	V _{CC} TX
5	BM- (BIAS MONITOR -)	14	V _{CC} RX
6	BM+ (BIAS MONITOR +)	15	SD (RX SIGNAL DETECT)
7	TX DISABLE	16	RD- (RX DATA OUT -)
8	TX GND	17	RD+ (RX DATA OUT +)
9	N/C	18	RX GND

Ordering Information DTC - 48 - H - YY - Ln - DRn Receptacle Blank: SC Receptacle ST: ST Receptacle Light Output Power Distance Option SR: Short Reach ("L1" only) FC: FC Receptacle L0: - 3 dBm (typ.) IR1: Intermediate Reach ("L0" only)

NOTES

- 1. For full compliance with OC-48/STM-16 Short Reach, the DTC-48-H-YY-L1-SR module are recommended.
- 2. For full compliance with OC-48/STM-16 Intermediate Reach/S-16.1 standard, the DTC-48-H-YY-L0-IR1 modules are recommended.

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