

Features

- Duplex LC Single Mode Transceiver
- Small Form Factor Multi-sourced 2x5 Pin Package
- Complies with IEEE 802.3 Gigabit Ethernet
- 1310 nm/1550 nm Wavelength, DFB Laser
- Single +3.3V Power Supply
- LVPECL Differential Inputs and Outputs
- LVTTL Signal Detection Output (C-1x-1250C-FDFB-SLC4)
- LVPECL Signal Detection Output (C-1x-1250-FDFB-SLC4)
- Temperature Range: 0 to 70 °C
- Class 1 Laser International Safety Standard IEC 825 compliant
- Solderability to MIL-STD-883, Method 2003
- Pin Coating is Sn/Pb with minimum 2% Pb content
- Flammability to UL94V0
- Humidity RH 5-85% (5-90% short term) to IEC 68-2-3
- Complies with Bellcore TA-NWT-000983
- Uncooled laser diode with MQW structure
- 1.25 Gbps Ethernet Links application
- 1.06 Gbps Fiber Channel application

Absolute Maximum Ratir	ng				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	0	3.6	V	
Data Input Voltage	-	GND	V _{cc}	V	
Output Current	l _{out}	0	30	mA	
Soldering Temperature	-	-	260	°C	10 seconds on leads only
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	0	70	°C	
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40	85	°C	

Recommended Operating	Condition				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	0	-	70	°C
Data rate		-	1250	-	Mbps

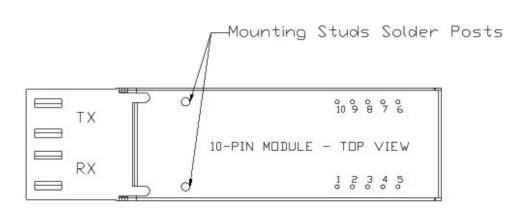
Transmitter Specifications, (0 <t<sub>opr<70°C, 3.1V<v<sub>CC<3.5V)</v<sub></t<sub>							
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes	
Optical							
Optical Transmit Power	Po	0	-	+5	dBm	C-1x-1250(C)-FDFB-SLC4	
Output center Wavelength	λ	1280	1310	1340	nm	C-13-1250(C)-FDFB-SLC4	
Output center Wavelength	λ	1520	1550	1580	nm	C-15-1250(C)-FDFB-SLC4	
Output Spectrum Width	Δλ	-	-	1	nm	-20 dB width, C-1x-1250(C)-FDFB-SLC4	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	Sr	30	35	-	dBm	CW, P _o =5mW, C-1x-1250(C)-FDFB-SLC4	
Extinction Ratio	ER	9	-	-	dB		
Output Eye	Compliant with IEEE 802.3						
Optical Rise Time	tr	-	-	0.26	ns	20% to 80% Values	
Optical Fall Time	tf	-	-	0.26	ns	20% to 80% Values	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN	-	-	-120	dB/Hz		
Total Jitter	TJ	-	-	0.27	ns	Measured with 2 ⁷ -1 PRBS	

Transmitter Specifications	, (0 <t<sub>opr<70°</t<sub>	C, 3.1V <v<sub>C</v<sub>				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Electrical						
Power Supply Current	I _{CC}	-	-	180		Maximum current is specified at Vcc= Maximum @ maximum temperature
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	0	-	0.8	V	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	2.0	-	Vcc	V	
Data Input Current-Low	I _{IL}	-200	-	-	μΑ	
Data Input Current-High	I _{IH}	-	-	200	μΑ	
Data Input Voltage-Low	V _{IL} -V _C C	-2.0	-	-1.58	V	These inputs are compatible with 10K, 10KH and
Data Input Voltage-High	V _{IH} -V _{CC}	-1.1	-	-0.74	V	100K ECL and PECL inputs

Receiver Specifications, (0 <t<sub>opr<7</t<sub>	_{CC} <3.5V)					
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Optical						
Sensitivity	-	-	-	-22	dBm	C-1x-1250(C)-FDFB-SLC4, Measured with 2^{7-1} PRBS, BER = 10^{-12}
Maximum Input Power	P _{in}	-	-	-3	dBm	
Signal Detect-Asserted	Pa	-	-	-22	dBm	Measured on transition: low to high
Signal Detect-Deasserted	Pd	-38	-	-	dBm	Measured on transition: high to low
Signal Detect-Hysteresis		1.0	-	-	dB	
Wavelength of Operation		1100	-	1600	nm	

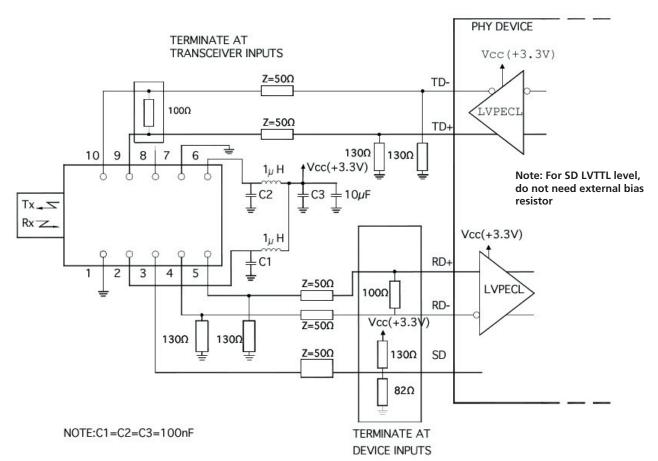
Receiver Specifications, (0 <t<sub>opr<</t<sub>	70°C, 3.1V<\	/ _{CC} <3.5V)				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Note
Electrical						
Power Supply Current	I _{CC}	-	-	120	mA	The current excludes the output load current
Data Output Voltage-Low	V_{OL} - V_{CC}	-2	-	-1.58	V	These outputs are compatible with 10K,
Data Output Voltage-High	V_{OH} - V_{cc}	-1.1	-	-0.74	V	10KH and 100K ECL and LVPECL outputs
Signal Detect Output Voltage-Low	$V_{SDL-Vcc}$	-2	-	-1.58	V	C-1x-1250-FDFB-SLC4
Signal Detect Output Voltage-High	V_{SDH} - V_{cc}	-1.1	-	-0.74	V	C-1X-1250-FDFB-3LC4
Signal Detect Output Voltage-Low	$V_{SDL-Vcc}$	-	-	0.5	V	C-1x-1250C-FDFB-SLC4
Signal Detect Output Voltage-High	V_{SDH} - V_{cc}	2.0	-	-	V	C-1X-1250C-FDFB-3LC4

Connection Diagram



PIN	Symbol	Notes			
1	RxGND	Directly connect this pin to the receiver ground plane			
2	TxVcc	+3.3 V dc power for the receiver section			
3	SD	Active high on this indicates a received optical signal(LVPECL/LVTTL)			
4	RD-	Receiver Data Out Bar (LVPECL)			
5	RD+	Receiver Dat Out (LVPECL)			
6	TxVcc	+3.3 V dc power for the transmitter section			
7	TxGND	Directly connect this pin to the transmitter ground plane			
8	TxDIS	Transmitter disable (LVTTL)			
9	TD+	Transmitter Data In (LVPECL)			
10	TD-	Transmitter Data In Bar (LVPECL)			
Attachir	ng Posts	The attaching posts are at case potential and may be connected to chassis ground. They are isolated from circuit ground.			

Recommended Circuit Schematic



The split-loaded terminations for ECL signals need to be located at the input of devices receiving those ECL signals.

The power supply filtering is required for good EMI performance. Use short tracks from the inductor L1/L2 to the module Rx Vcc and Tx Vcc. A GND plane under the module is required for good EMI and sensitivity performance.

Printed Circuit Board Layout Consideration

A fiber-optic receiver employs a very high gain, wide bandwidth transimpedance amplifier. This amplifier detects and amplifies signals that are only tens of nA in amplitude when the receiver is operating near it's limit. Any unwanted signal current that couples into the receiver circuitry causes a decrease in the receiver's sensitivity and can also degrade the performance of the receiver's signal detect (SD) circuit. To minimize the coupling of unwanted noise into the receiver, careful attention must be given to the printed circuit board.

At a minimum, a double-sided printed circuit board(PCB) with a large component side ground plane beneath the transceiver must be used. In applications that include many other high speed devices, a multi-layer PCB is highly recommended. This permits the placement of power and ground on separate layers, wich allows them to be isolated from the signal lines. Multilayer construction also permits the routing of signal traces away from high level, high speed sinal lines. To minimize the possibility of coupling noise into the receiver section, high level, high speed signals such as transmitter inputs and clock lines should be routed as far away as possible from the receiver pins.

Noise that couples into the receiver through the power supply pins can also degrade performance. It is recommended that a pi filter be used in both transmitter and receiver power supplies.

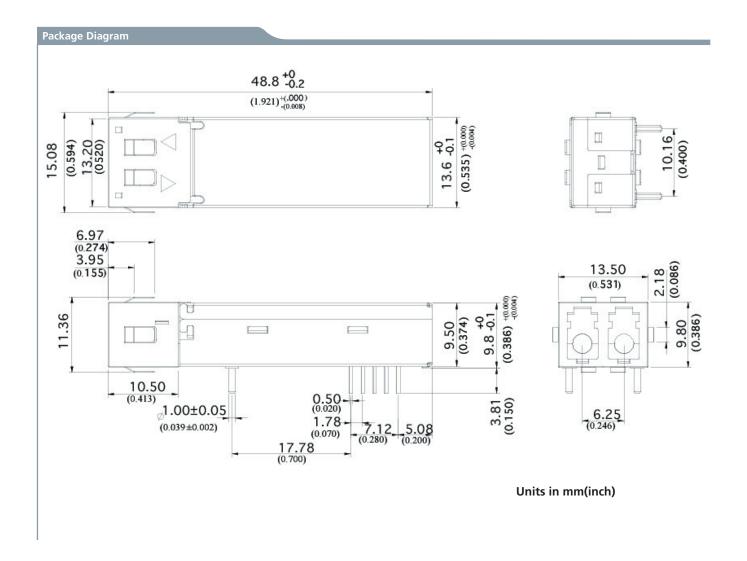
EMI and ESC Consideration

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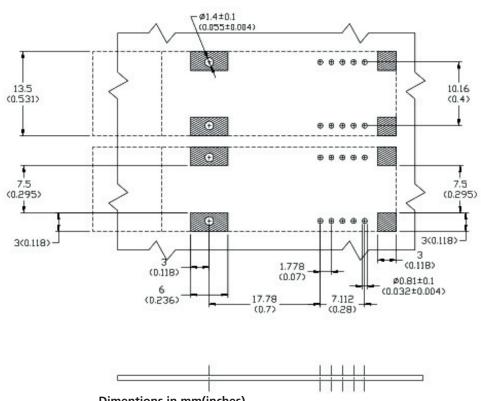
OIC transceivers offer a metalized plastic case and a special chassis grounding clip. As shown in the drawing, this clip connects the module case to chassis ground then installs flush through the panel cutout. This way, the grounding clip brushes the edge of the cutout in order to make a proper contact. The use of a grounding clip also provides increased electrostatic protection and helps reduce radiated emission from the module or the host circuit board through the chassis faceplate. The attaching posts are at case potential and may be connected to chassis ground. They should not be connected to circuit ground.

Plastic optical subassemblies are used to further reduce the possibility of radiated emission by eliminating the metal from the transmitter and receiver diode housings, which extend into connector space. By providing a non-metal receptacle for the optical cable ferrule, the gigabit speed RF electrical signal is isolated from the connector area thus preventing radiated energy leakage from these surfaces to the outside of the panel.

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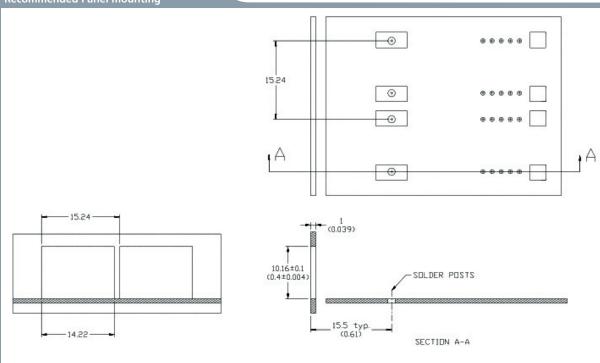
Recommended Board Layout Hole Pattern



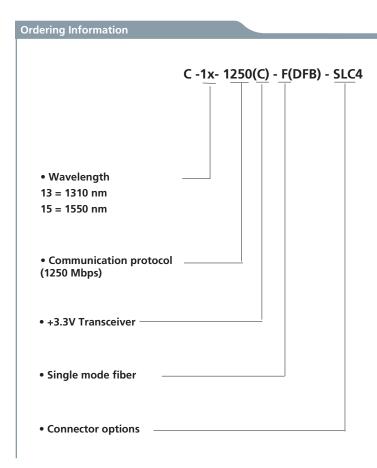
Dimentions in mm(inches)

- 1. This figure describes the recommended circuit board layout for the SFF Transceiver.
- 2. The hatched areas are keep-out areas reserved for housing stand off. No metal traces or ground connection in keep-out area.
- 3. The mounting studs should be soldered to chassis ground for mechanical intergrity.

Recommended Panel mounting



Dimensions in mm (inches)



Warnings:

Handling Precautions: This device is susceptible to damage as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). A static free environment is highly recommended. Follow guidelines according to proper ESD procedures.

Laser Safety: Radiation emitted by laser devices can be dangerous to human eyes. Avoid eye exposure to direct or indirect radiation.

Legal Notes:

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