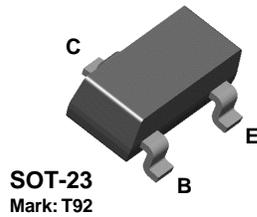


BSR18A



PNP General Purpose Amplifier

This device is designed as a general purpose amplifier and switching applications at collector currents of 10 μ A to 100 mA. Sourced from Process 66.

Absolute Maximum Ratings* TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
V_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	40	V
V_{CBO}	Collector-Base Voltage	40	V
V_{EBO}	Emitter-Base Voltage	5.0	V
I_C	Collector Current - Continuous	200	mA
T_J, T_{stg}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

* These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.

NOTES:

- 1) These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 150 degrees C.
- 2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.
- 3) All voltages (V) and currents (A) are negative polarity for PNP transistors.

Thermal Characteristics TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Characteristic	Max	Units
		*BSR18A	
P_D	Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	350	mW
		2.8	mW/°C
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	357	°C/W

* Device mounted on FR-4 PCB 40 mm X 40 mm X 1.5 mm.

PNP General Purpose Amplifier

(continued)

BSR18A

Electrical Characteristics

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 10 \mu A, I_B = 0$	40		V
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_E = 0$	40		V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E = 10 \mu A, I_C = 0$	5.0		V
I_{CBO}	Collector-Cutoff Current	$V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$		50	nA
I_{EBO}	Emitter-Cutoff Current	$V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		50	nA

ON CHARACTERISTICS*

h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	60 80 100 60 30	300	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$		0.25 0.4	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	0.65	0.85 0.95	V V

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

f_T	Transition Frequency	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	250		MHz
C_{cb}	Collector-Base Capacitance	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		4.5	pF
C_{eb}	Emitter-Base Capacitance	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		10	pF
h_{ie}	Input Impedance	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	2.0	12	k Ω
h_{fe}	Small-Signal Current Gain	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	100	400	
h_{oe}	Output Admittance	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	3.0	60	μS

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

t_d	Delay Time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$		35	ns
t_r	Rise Time			35	ns
t_s	Storage Time	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_{BON} = I_{BOFF} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		275	ns
t_f	Fall Time			75	ns

*Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300 \mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 0.01\%$

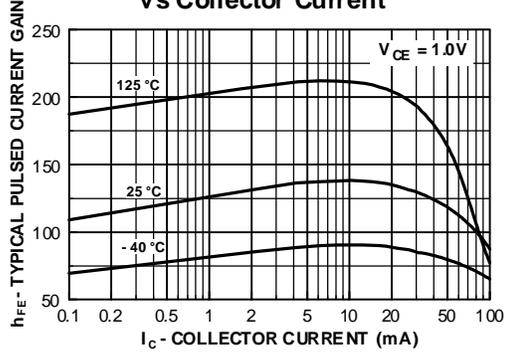
NOTE: All voltages (V) and currents (A) are negative polarity for PNP transistors.

Spice Model

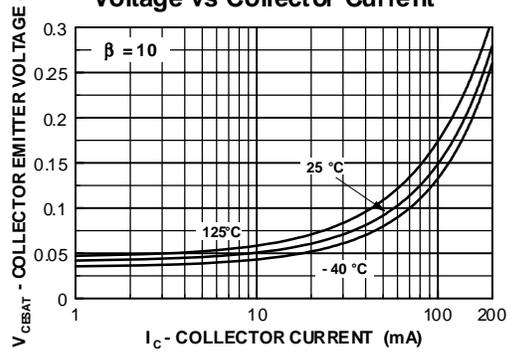
PNP (Is=1.41f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=18.7 Bf=180.7 Ne=1.5 Ise=0 Ikf=80m Xtb=1.5 Br=4.977 Nc=2 Isc=0 Ikr=0 Rc=2.5 Cjc=9.728p Mjc=.5776 Vjc=.75 Fc=.5 Cje=8.063p Mje=.3677 Vje=.75 Tr=33.42n Tf=179.3p Itf=.4 Vtf=4 Xtf=6 Rb=10)

Typical Characteristics

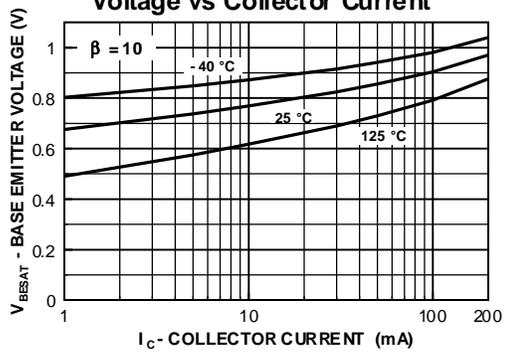
Typical Pulsed Current Gain vs Collector Current



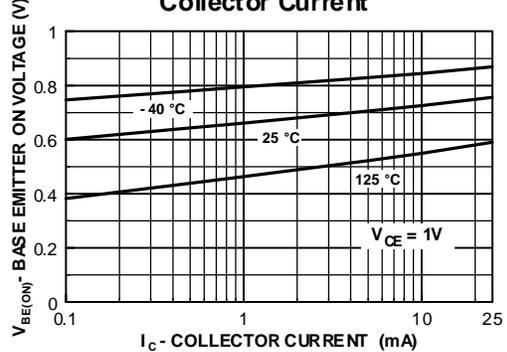
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



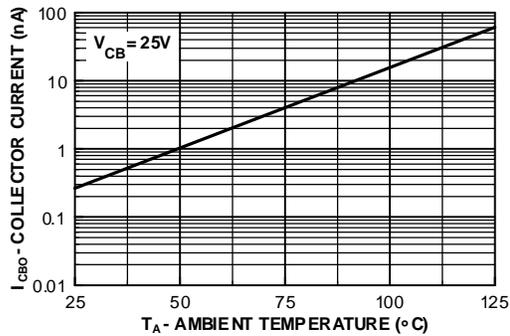
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



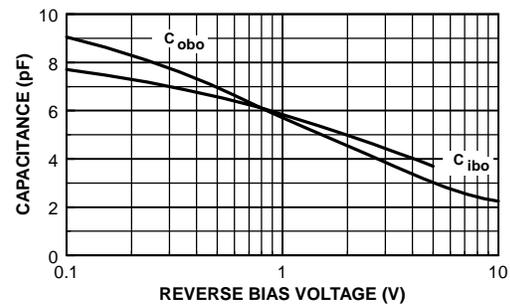
Base Emitter ON Voltage vs Collector Current



Collector-Cutoff Current vs Ambient Temperature

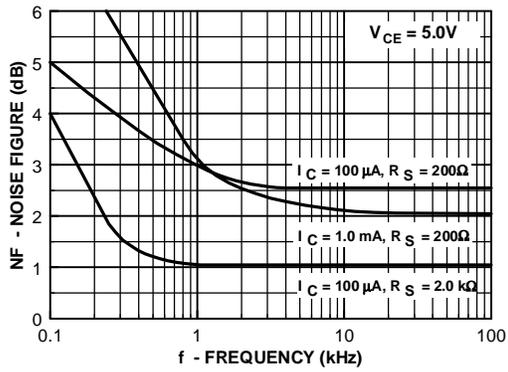


Common-Base Open Circuit Input and Output Capacitance vs Reverse Bias Voltage

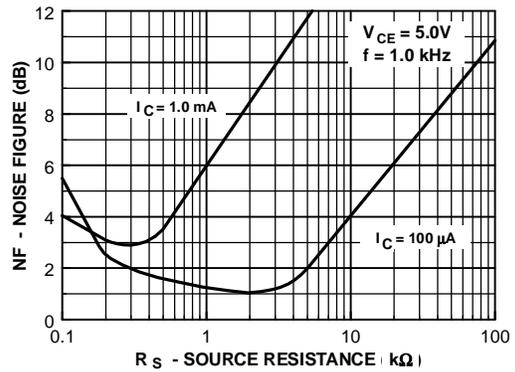


Typical Characteristics (continued)

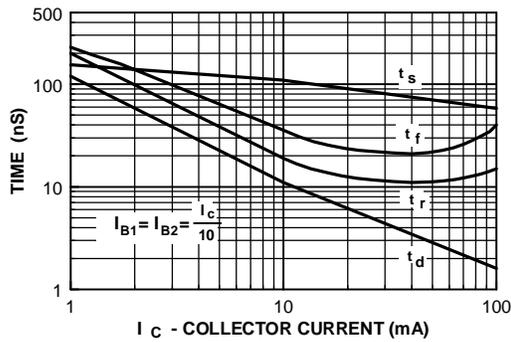
Noise Figure vs Frequency



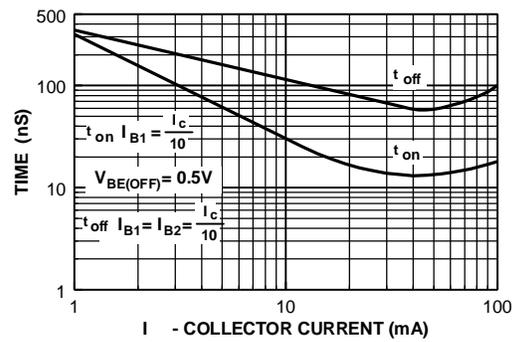
Noise Figure vs Source Resistance



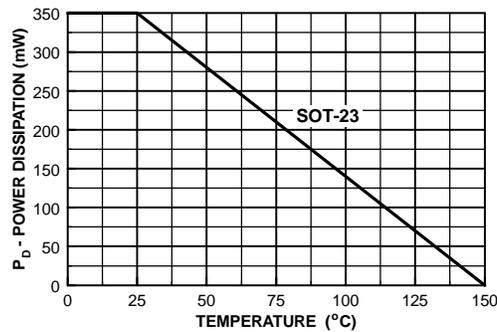
Switching Times vs Collector Current



Turn On and Turn Off Times vs Collector Current

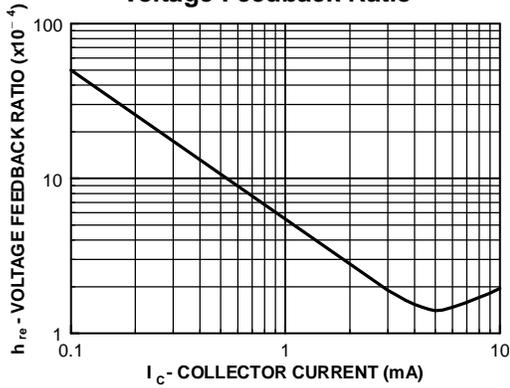


Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

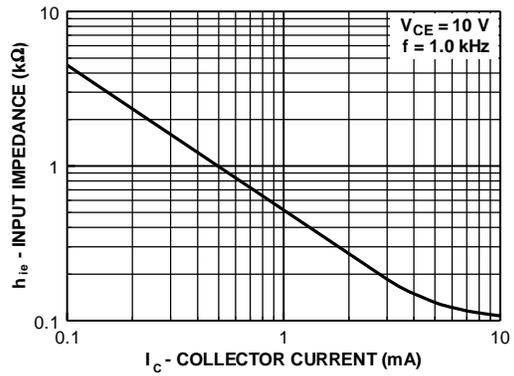


Typical Characteristics (continued)

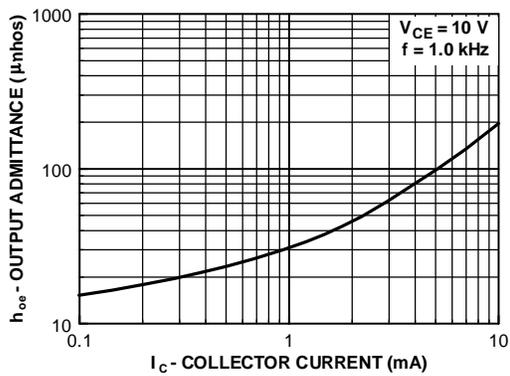
Voltage Feedback Ratio



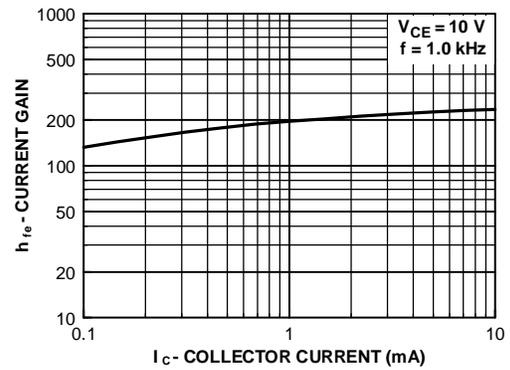
Input Impedance



Output Admittance



Current Gain



TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACEx™	FASTr™	PowerTrench®	SyncFET™
Bottomless™	GlobalOptoisolator™	QFET™	TinyLogic™
CoolFET™	GTO™	QS™	UHC™
CROSSVOLT™	HiSeC™	QT Optoelectronics™	VCX™
DOME™	ISOPLANAR™	Quiet Series™	
E ² CMOS™	MICROWIRE™	SILENT SWITCHER®	
EnSigna™	OPTOLOGIC™	SMART START™	
FACT™	OPTOPLANAR™	SuperSOT™-3	
FACT Quiet Series™	PACMAN™	SuperSOT™-6	
FAST®	POP™	SuperSOT™-8	

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.