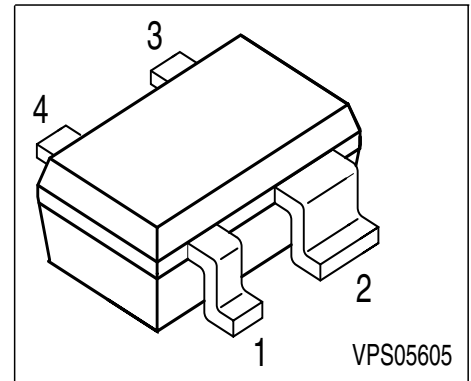


NPN Silicon Germanium RF Transistor

Preliminary data

- High gain low noise RF transistor
- Provides outstanding performance for a wide range of wireless applications
- Ideal for CDMA and WLAN applications
- Outstanding noise figure $F = 0.65$ dB at 1.8 GHz
Outstanding noise figure $F = 1.3$ dB at 6 GHz
- High maximum stable gain
 $G_{ms} = 24$ dB at 1.8 GHz
- Gold metallization for extra high reliability
- 70 GHz f_T -Silicon Germanium technology



ESD: Electrostatic discharge sensitive device, observe handling precaution!

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration						Package
BFP640	R4s	1=B	2=E	3=C	4=E	-	-	SOT343

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	4	V
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}	13	
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	13	
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	1.2	
Collector current	I_C	50	mA
Base current	I_B	3	
Total power dissipation ¹⁾ $T_S \leq 90^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	200	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient temperature	T_A	-65 ... 150	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 ... 150	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ²⁾	R_{thJS}	≤ 300	K/W

¹⁾ T_S is measured on the collector lead at the soldering point to the pcb

²⁾ For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
DC Characteristics					
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0\text{ A}$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	4	4.5	-	V
Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{CE} = 13\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 0\text{ V}$	I_{CES}	-	-	30	μA
Collector -base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_E = 0\text{ A}$	I_{CBO}	-	-	100	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 0\text{ A}$	I_{EBO}	-	-	3	μA
DC current gain $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	100	180	320	-

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
AC Characteristics (verified by random sampling)					
Transition frequency $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ GHz}$	f_T	-	40	-	GHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	C_{cb}	-	0.09	0.2	pF
Collector emitter capacitance $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	C_{ce}	-	0.23	-	
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	C_{eb}	-	0.48	-	
Noise figure $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$ $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $f = 6\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$	F	- -	0.65 1.3	- -	dB
Power gain, maximum stable ¹⁾ $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	G_{ms}	-	24	-	dB
Power gain, maximum available ¹⁾ $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$, $f = 6\text{ GHz}$	G_{ma}	-	12.5	-	dB
Transducer gain $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $f = 6\text{ GHz}$	$ S_{21e} ^2$	- -	21 10.5	- -	dB
Third order intercept point at output ²⁾ $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$	IP_3	-	26.5	-	dBm
1dB Compression point at output $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$	P_{-1dB}	-	13	-	

¹⁾ $G_{ma} = |S_{21} / S_{12}| (k - (k^2 - 1)^{1/2})$, $G_{ms} = |S_{21} / S_{12}|$
²⁾ IP_3 value depends on termination of all intermodulation frequency components.
Termination used for this measurement is $50\ \Omega$ from 0.1 MHz to 6 GHz

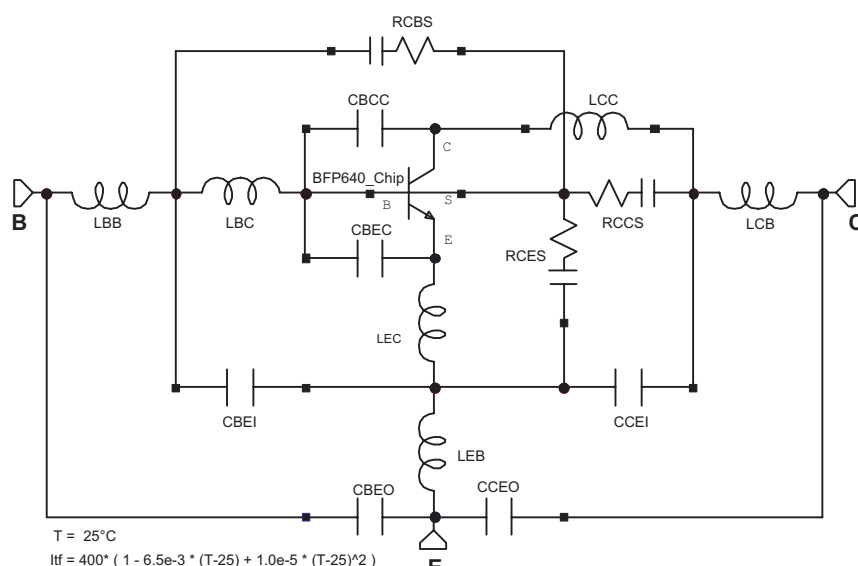
SPICE Parameter (Gummel-Poon Model, Berkley-SPICE 2G.6 Syntax):

Transistor Chip Data:

IS =	0.22	fA	BF =	450	-	NF =	1.025	-
VAF =	1000	V	IKF =	0.15	A	ISE =	21	fA
NE =	2	-	BR =	55	-	NR =	1	-
VAR =	2	V	IKR =	3.8	mA	ISC =	400	fA
NC =	1.8	-	RB =	3.129	Ω	IRB =	1.522	mA
RBM =	2.707	Ω	RE =	0.6	-	RC =	3.061	Ω
CJE =	227.6	fF	VJE =	0.8	V	MJE =	0.3	-
TF =	1.8	ps	XTF =	10	-	VTF =	1.5	V
ITF =	0.4	A	PTF =	0	deg	CJC =	67.43	fF
VJC =	0.6	V	MJC =	0.5	-	XCJC =	1	-
TR =	0.2	ns	CJS =	93.4	fF	VJS =	0.6	V
MJS =	0.27	-	NK =	-1.42	-	EG =	1.078	eV
XTI =	3	-	FC =	0.8		TNOM	298	K
AF =	2	-	KF =	7.291E-11				
TITF1	-0.0065	-	TITF2	1.0E-5				

All parameters are ready to use, no scaling is necessary. Extracted on behalf of Infineon Technologies AG by:
Institut für Mobil- und Satellitentechnik (IMST)

Package Equivalent Circuit:

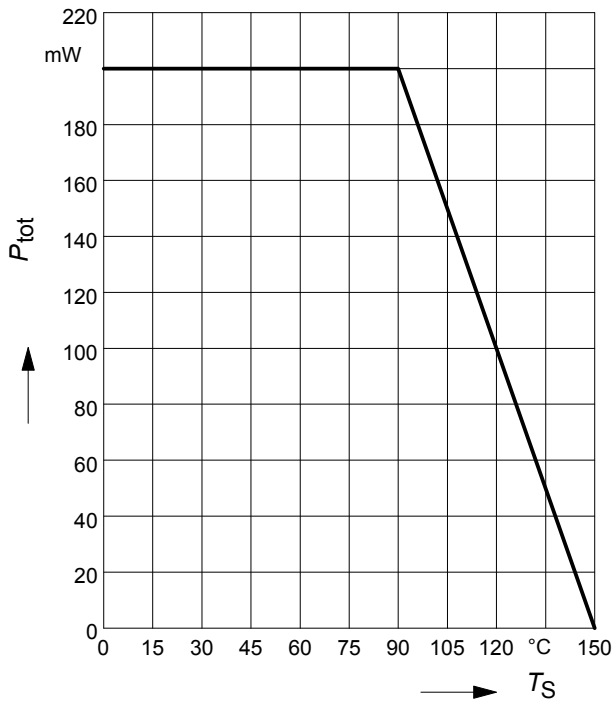


For examples and ready to use parameters
please contact your local Infineon Technologies
distributor or sales office to obtain a Infineon
Technologies CD-ROM or see Internet:
<http://www.infineon.com/silicondiscretes>

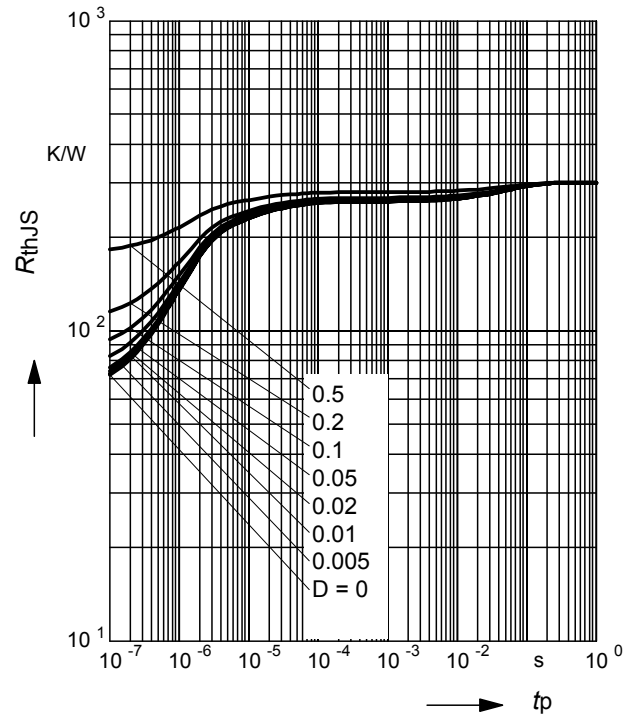
LBC =	120	pH
LCC =	120	pH
LEC =	20	pH
LBB =	696.2	pH
LCB =	682.4	pH
LEB =	230.6	pH
CBEC =	98.4	fF
CBCC =	55.9	fF
CES =	180	fF
CBS =	79	fF
CCS =	75	fF
CCEO =	131.2	fF
CBEO =	102.5	fF
CCEI =	112.6	fF
CBEI =	180.4	fF
RBS =	1200	Ω
RCS =	1200	Ω
RES =	300	Ω

Valid up to 6GHz

Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

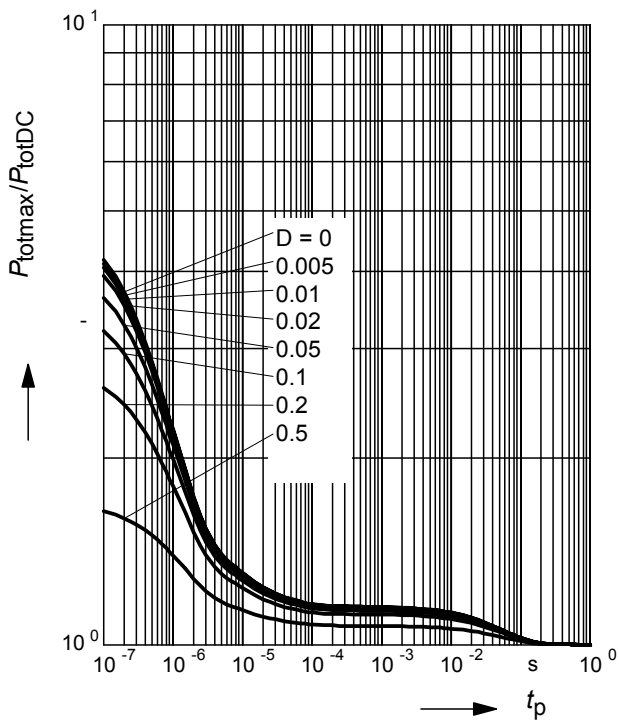


Permissible Pulse Load $R_{\text{thJS}} = f(t_p)$



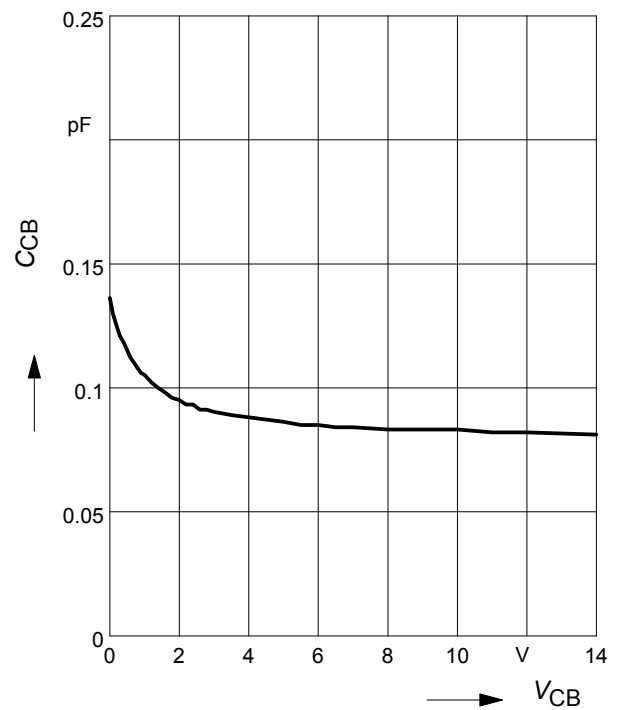
Permissible Pulse Load

$$P_{\text{totmax}}/P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$$



Collector-base capacitance $C_{\text{cb}} = f(V_{\text{CB}})$

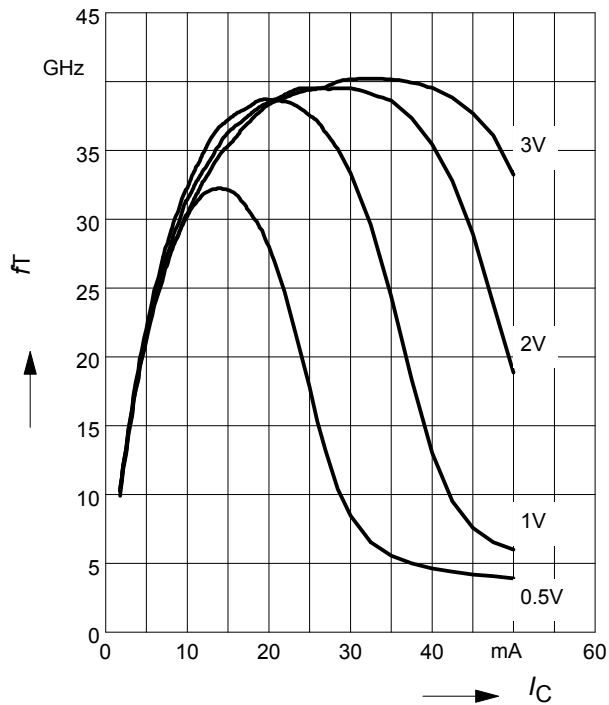
$f = 1\text{MHz}$



Transition frequency $f_T = f(I_C)$

$f = 1\text{GHz}$

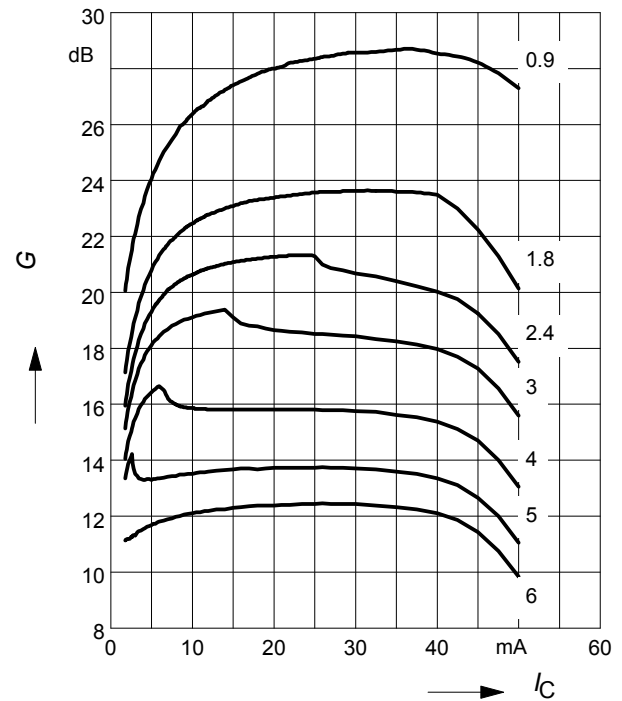
$V_{CE} = \text{parameter in V}$



Power gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$

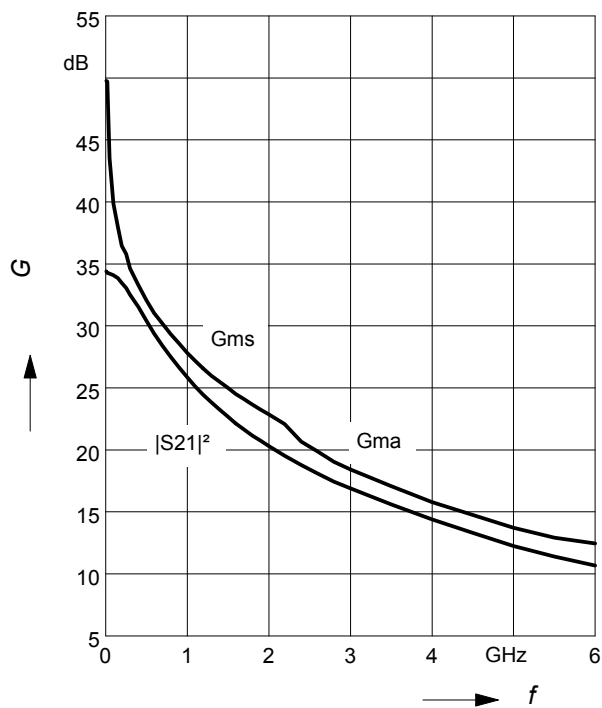
$f = \text{parameter in GHz}$



Power Gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(f)$,

$|S_{21}|^2 = f(f)$

$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 30\text{mA}$



Power gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(V_{CE})$

$I_C = 30\text{mA}$

$f = \text{parameter in GHz}$

