

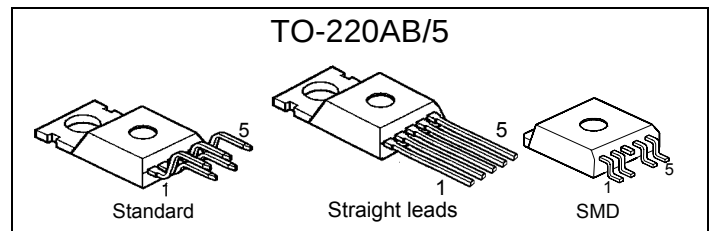
Smart Highside Power Switch

Features

- Overload protection
- Current limitation
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump)
- Fast demagnetization of inductive loads
- Reverse battery protection¹⁾
- Undervoltage and overvoltage shutdown with auto-restart and hysteresis
- Open drain diagnostic output
- Open load detection in OFF-state
- CMOS compatible input
- Loss of ground and loss of V_{bb} protection
- **Electrostatic discharge (ESD)** protection

Product Summary

Overvoltage protection	$V_{bb(AZ)}$	60	V
Operating voltage	$V_{bb(on)}$	4.7 ... 34	V
On-state resistance	R_{ON}	300	mΩ
Load current (ISO)	$I_L(ISO)$	1.3	A

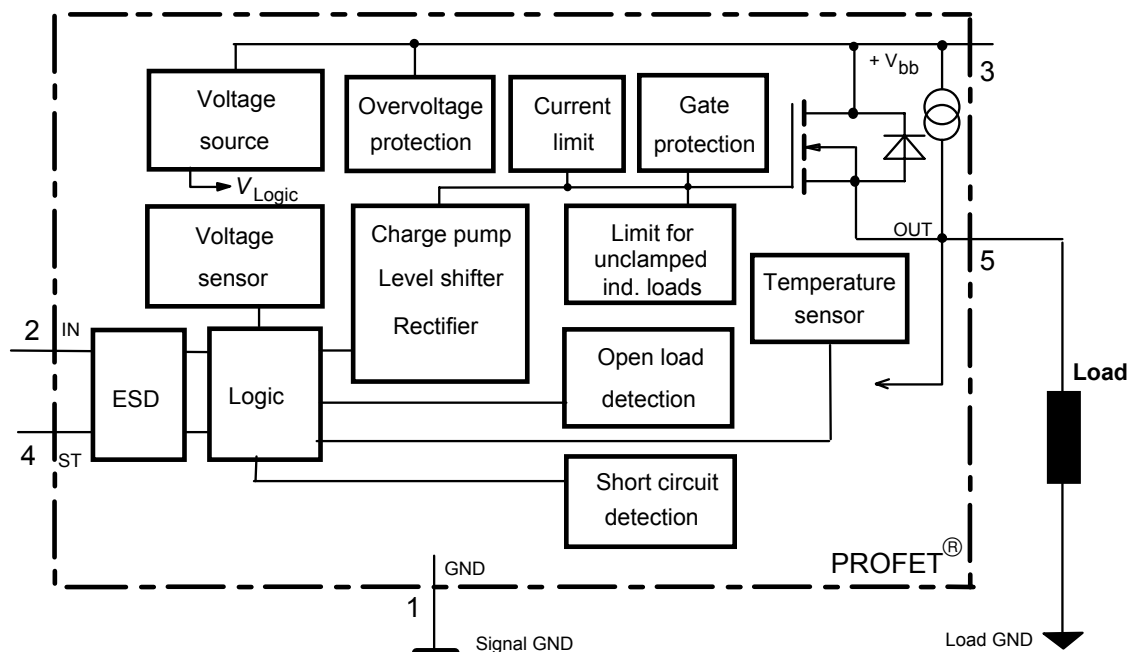


Application

- μ C compatible power switch with diagnostic feedback for 12 V and 24 V DC grounded loads
- Most suitable for inductive loads
- Replaces electromechanical relays, fuses and discrete circuits
- Fast switching
- Not suitable for lamp loads

General Description

N channel vertical power FET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic feedback, monolithically integrated in Smart SIPMOS® technology. Providing embedded protective functions.



¹⁾ With external current limit (e.g. resistor $R_{GND}=150\ \Omega$) in GND connection, resistor in series with ST connection, reverse load current limited by connected load.

Pin	Symbol		Function
1	GND	-	Logic ground
2	IN	I	Input, activates the power switch in case of logical high signal
3	Vbb	+	Positive power supply voltage, the tab is shorted to this pin
4	ST	S	Diagnostic feedback, low on failure
5	OUT (Load, L)	O	Output to the load

Maximum Ratings at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 3)	V_{bb}	60	V
Load current (Short circuit current, see page 4)	I_L	self-limited	A
Operating temperature range	T_j	-40 ... +150	°C
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-55 ... +150	
Power dissipation (DC), $T_C \leq 25\text{ °C}$	P_{tot}	50	W
Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD) (Human Body Model)	IN, ST: V_{ESD} all other pins:	1 tbd (>1)	kV
Input voltage (DC)	V_{IN}	-10 ... +16	V
Current through input pin (DC)	I_{IN}	±5.0	mA
Current through status pin (DC)	I_{ST}	±5.0	
see internal circuit diagrams page 6			
Thermal resistance	chip - case: R_{thJC} junction - ambient (free air): R_{thJA}	≤ 2.5 ≤ 75	K/W

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{bb} = 24\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

On-state resistance (pin 3 to 5) $I_L = 0.8\text{ A}$, $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$: $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$:	R_{ON}	--	270 540	300 600	$\text{m}\Omega$
Nominal load current, ISO Norm (pin 3 to 5) $V_{ON} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{L(ISO)}$	1.18	1.3	--	A
Output current (pin 5) while GND disconnected or GND pulled up, $V_{bb} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 0$, see diagram page 7	$I_{L(GNDhigh)}$	--	--	1	mA
Turn-on time to 90% V_{OUT} : Turn-off time to 10% V_{OUT} : $R_L = 47\ \Omega$, $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$, $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$	t_{on} t_{off}	-- --	-- --	50 55	μs
Slew rate on, 10 to 30% V_{OUT} , $R_L = 47\ \Omega$, $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$, $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$	dV/dt_{on}	1	--	10	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Slew rate off, 10 to 30% V_{OUT} , $R_L = 47\ \Omega$, $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$, $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$	$-dV/dt_{off}$	2	--	15	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

Operating Parameters

Operating voltage ²⁾ $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{bb(on)}$	4.7	--	34	V
Operating voltage slew rate	dV_{bb}/dt	-1		+1	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Undervoltage shutdown $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$: $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{bb(under)}$	2.9 2.7	-- --	4.5 4.7	V
Undervoltage restart $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{bb(u\ rst)}$	--	--	4.9	V
Undervoltage restart of charge pump see diagram page 11 $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{bb(ucp)}$	--	4.9	7.5	V
Undervoltage hysteresis $\Delta V_{bb(under)} = V_{bb(u\ rst)} - V_{bb(under)}$	$\Delta V_{bb(under)}$	--	0.2	--	V
Overvoltage shutdown $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{bb(over)}$	34	--	46	V
Overvoltage restart $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{bb(o\ rst)}$	34	--	--	V
Overvoltage hysteresis $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$\Delta V_{bb(over)}$	--	0.5	--	V
Overvoltage protection ³⁾ $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$: $I_{bb} = 10\text{ mA}$	$V_{bb(AZ)}$	59	70	--	V
Standby current (pin 3), $V_{IN} = 0$ $T_j = -40\dots+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$I_{bb(off)}$	--	40	50	μA
Operating current (Pin 1) ⁴⁾ , $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	I_{GND}	--	2	4	mA

²⁾ At supply voltage increase up to $V_{bb} = 4.9\text{ V}$ typ without charge pump, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{bb} - 2\text{ V}$

³⁾ Measured without load. See also $V_{ON(CL)}$ in table of protection functions and circuit diagram page 7.

⁴⁾ Add I_{ST} , if $I_{ST} > 0$, add I_{IN} , if $V_{IN} > 5.5\text{ V}$

Parameter and Conditions at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{bb} = 24\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

Protection Functions⁵⁾

Initial peak short circuit current limit (pin 3 to 5) ⁶⁾ , (max 100 μs if $V_{ON} > V_{ON(SC)}$) $V_{bb} = 12\text{V}$ $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$: $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$: $T_j = +150^\circ\text{C}$:	$I_{L(SCp)}$	-- -- 2.5	-- 5 --	10 -- --	A
Short circuit shutdown delay after input pos. slope $V_{ON} > V_{ON(SC)}$, min value valid only, if input "low" time exceeds 60 μs $T_j = -40..+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$t_{d(SC)}$	15	--	100	μs
Output clamp (inductive load switch off) at $V_{OUT} = V_{bb} - V_{ON(CL)}$ $I_L = 1\text{ A}$, $T_j = -40..+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{ON(CL)}$	59	67	75	V
Short circuit shutdown detection voltage (pin 3 to 5)	$V_{ON(SC)}$	--	3.5	--	V
Thermal overload trip temperature	T_{jt}	150	--	--	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal hysteresis	ΔT_{jt}	--	10	--	K
Reverse battery (pin 3 to 1) ⁷⁾	$-V_{bb}$	--	--	32	V

Diagnostic Characteristics

Open load detection current (included in standby current $I_{bb(off)}$) $T_j = -40..+150^\circ\text{C}$:	$I_{L(off)}$	0	--	30	μA
Open load detection voltage $T_j = -40..150^\circ\text{C}$:	$V_{OUT(OL)}$	2	3	4	V

⁵⁾ Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

⁶⁾ Short circuit current limit for max. duration of $t_{d(SC)} \text{ max} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, prior to shutdown

⁷⁾ Requires 150 Ω resistor in GND connection. Reverse load current (through intrinsic drain-source diode) is normally limited by the connected load. Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 2 and circuit page 7).

Parameter and Conditions at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, $V_{bb} = 24\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

Input and Status Feedback⁸⁾

Input resistance see circuit page 6	R_I	--	4	--	k Ω
Input turn-on threshold voltage  $T_j = -40..+150\text{ °C}$	$V_{IN(T+)}$	1.5	--	2.4	V
Input turn-off threshold voltage  $T_j = -40..+150\text{ °C}$	$V_{IN(T-)}$	0.8	--	--	V
Input threshold hysteresis, $T_j = -40..+150\text{ °C}$	$\Delta V_{IN(T)}$	0.2	--	--	V
Off state input current (pin 2), $V_{IN} = 0.4\text{ V}$, $T_j = -40..+150\text{ °C}$	$I_{IN(off)}$	8	--	30	μA
On state input current (pin 2), $V_{IN} = 3.5\text{ V}$, $T_j = -40..+150\text{ °C}$	$I_{IN(on)}$	10	22	50	μA
Delay time for status with open load after Input neg. slope (see diagram page 11)	$t_{d(ST\ OL3)}$	50	--	400	μs
Status invalid after positive input slope (short circuit) $T_j = -40 \dots +150\text{ °C}$:	$t_{d(ST\ SC)}$	15	50	100	μs
Status output (open drain) Zener limit voltage $T_j = -40..+150\text{ °C}$, $I_{ST} = +50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$: ST low voltage $T_j = -40..+150\text{ °C}$, $I_{ST} = +1.6\text{ mA}$:	$V_{ST(high)}$ $V_{ST(low)}$	5.4 --	6 --	-- 0.4	V

⁸⁾ If a ground resistor R_{GND} is used, add the voltage drop across this resistor.

Truth Table

	Input-level	Output level	Status
			BTS 308
Normal operation	L	L	H
	H	H	H
Open load	L	⁹⁾	L
	H	H	H
Short circuit to GND	L	L	H
	H	L	L
Short circuit to V_{bb}	L	H	L
	H	H	H
Overtemperature	L	L	L
	H	L	L
Under-voltage	L	L	H
	H	L	H
Overvoltage	L	L	H
	H	L	H

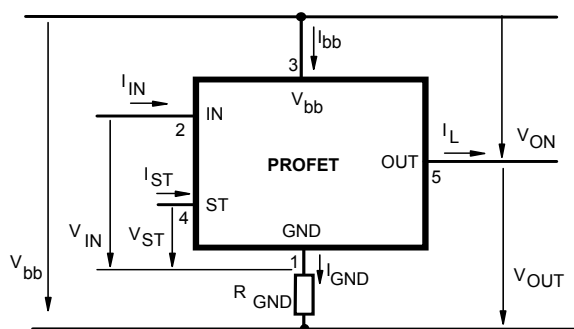
L = "Low" Level
H = "High" Level

X = don't care

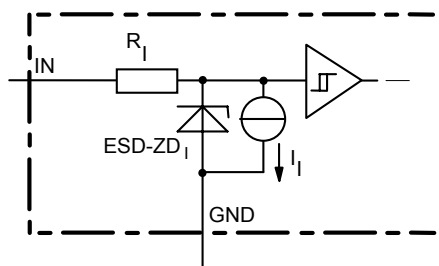
Z = high impedance, potential depends on external circuit

Status signal after the time delay shown in the diagrams (see fig 5. page 11)

Terms

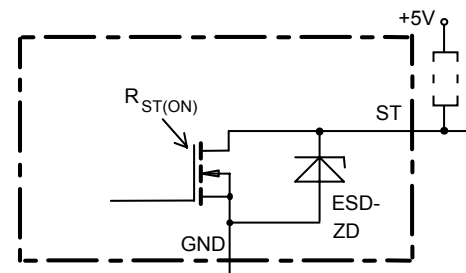


Input circuit (ESD protection)



ESD zener diodes are not to be used as voltage clamp at DC conditions. Operation in this mode may result in a drift of the zener voltage (increase of up to 1 V).

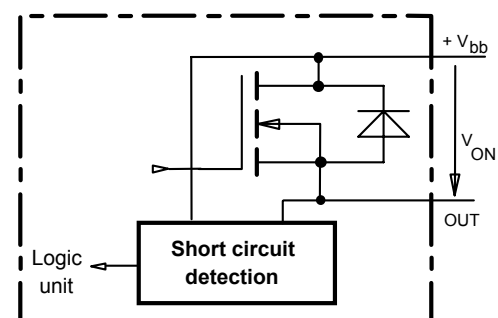
Status output



ESD-Zener diode: 6 V typ., max 5 mA;
 $R_{ST(ON)} < 250 \Omega$ at 1.6 mA, ESD zener diodes are not to be used as voltage clamp at DC conditions. Operation in this mode may result in a drift of the zener voltage (increase of up to 1 V).

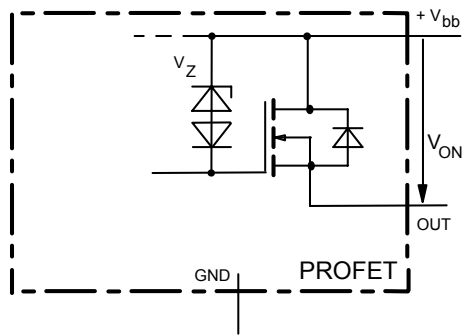
Short circuit detection

Fault Condition: $V_{ON} > 3.5 \text{ V typ.};$ IN high



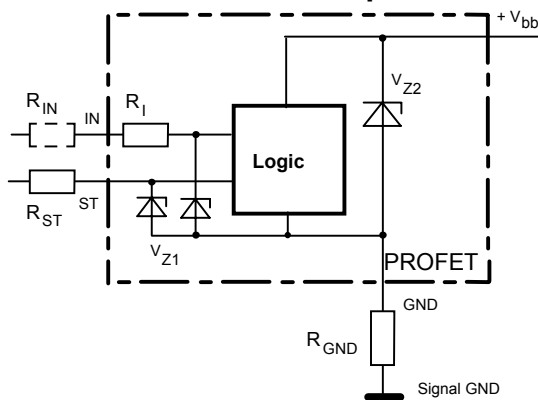
⁹⁾ Power Transistor off, high impedance, internal pull up current source for open load detection.

Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



V_{ON} clamped to 67 V typ.

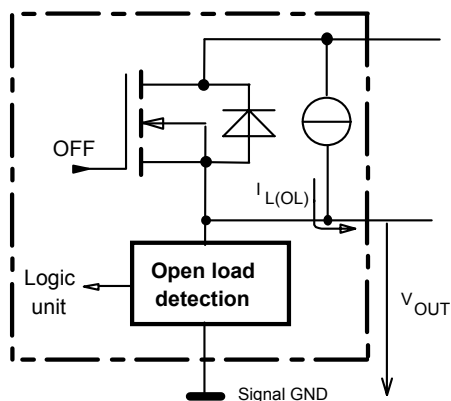
Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection



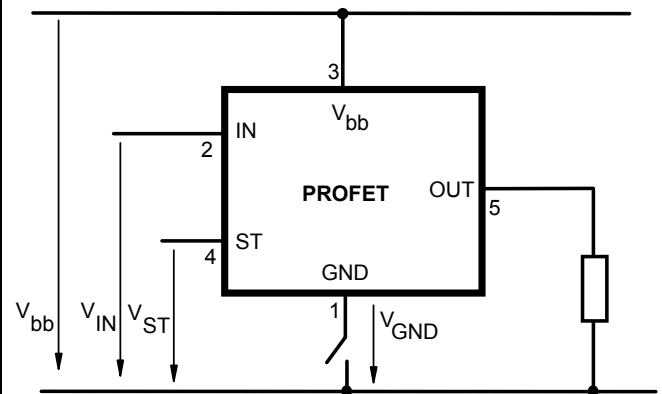
$V_{Z1} = 6.2 \text{ V typ.}$, $V_{Z2} = 70 \text{ V typ.}$, $R_{GND} = 150 \Omega$, $R_{ST} = 15 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_I = 4 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ typ.}$

Open-load detection

OFF-state diagnostic condition: $V_{OUT} > 3 \text{ V typ.}$; IN low

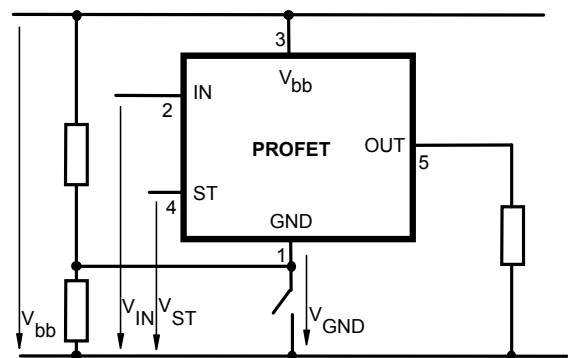


GND disconnect



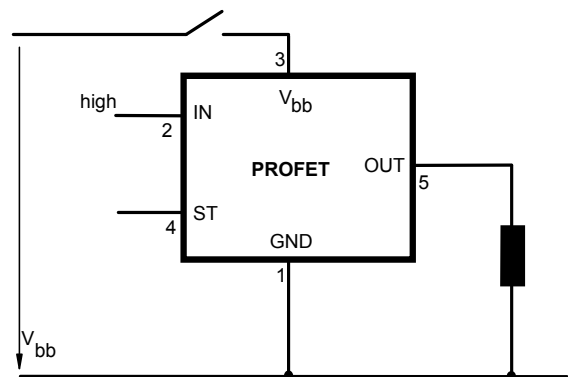
Any kind of load. In case of Input=high is $V_{OUT} \approx V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$. Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no $V_{ST} = \text{low}$ signal available.

GND disconnect with GND pull up

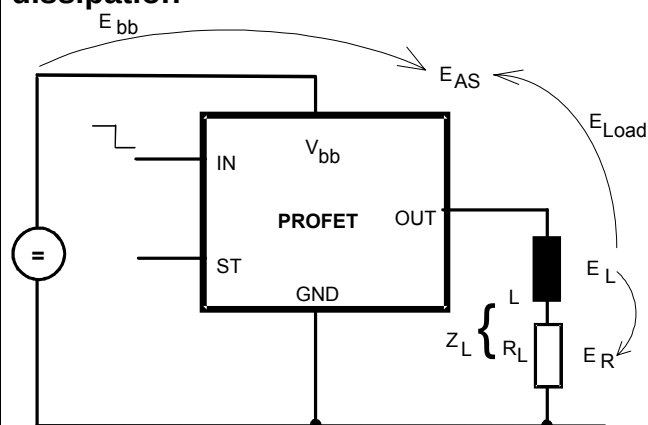
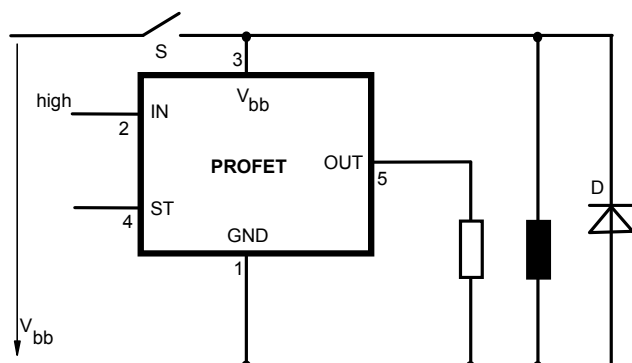


Any kind of load. If $V_{GND} > V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$ device stays off. Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no $V_{ST} = \text{low}$ signal available.

Vbb disconnect with charged inductive load



Normal load current can be handled by the PROFET itself.



$$E_L = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot I_L^2$$

$$E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R = V_{ON(CL)} \cdot i_L(t) dt,$$

$$E_{AS} = \frac{I_L \cdot L}{2 \cdot R_L} \cdot (V_{bb} + |V_{OUT(CL)}|) \cdot \ln \left(1 + \frac{I_L \cdot R_L}{|V_{OUT(CL)}|} \right)$$

Options Overview

all versions: High-side switch, Input protection, ESD protection, load dump and reverse battery protection with 150 Ω in GND connection, protection against loss of ground

Type	BTS	410D2	410E2	410G2	410H2	307	308
Logic version	D	E	G	H			
Overtemperature protection with hysteresis $T_j > 150^\circ\text{C}$, latch function ¹⁰⁾ ¹¹⁾	X			X			X
$T_j > 150^\circ\text{C}$, with auto-restart on cooling		X	X		X		
Short circuit to GND protection switches off when $V_{ON} > 3.5\text{ V}$ typ. and $V_{bb} > 8\text{ V}$ typ. ¹⁰⁾ switches off when $V_{ON} > 3.5\text{ V}$ typ. switches off when $V_{ON} > 8.5\text{ V}$ typ. ¹⁰⁾ (when first turned on after approx. 0 μs) Achieved through overtemperature protection				X			X
Open load detection in OFF-state with sensing current -- μA typ. in ON-state with sensing voltage drop across power transistor	X	X	X		X	X	X
Undervoltage shutdown with auto restart	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Overvoltage shutdown with auto restart ¹²⁾	X	X	X	X	-	-	X
Status feedback for							
overtemperature	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
short circuit to GND	X	X	-	X	X	X	X
short to V_{bb}	₋₁₃₎	₋₁₃₎	₋₁₃₎	X	X	X	X
open load	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
undervoltage	X	-	-	-	X	-	-
overvoltage	X	-	-	-	-	-	-
Status output type							
CMOS	X						
Open drain		X	X	X	X	X	X
Output negative voltage transient limit (fast inductive load switch off) to $V_{bb} - V_{ON(CL)}$	X	X	X	X			X
Load current limit							
high level (can handle loads with high inrush currents)	X	X					
low level (better protection of application)			X	X	X		X
Protection against loss of GND	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

¹⁰⁾ Latch except when $V_{bb} - V_{OUT} < V_{ON(SC)}$ after shutdown. In most cases $V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$ after shutdown ($V_{OUT} \neq 0\text{ V}$ only if forced externally). So the device remains latched unless $V_{bb} < V_{ON(SC)}$ (see page 4). No latch between turn on and $t_{d(SC)}$.

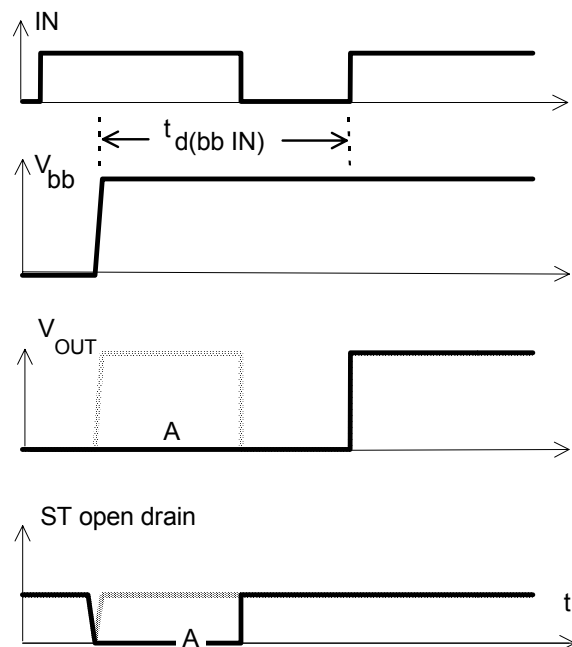
¹¹⁾ With latch function. Reset by a) Input low, b) Undervoltage

¹²⁾ No auto restart after overvoltage in case of short circuit

¹³⁾ Low resistance short V_{bb} to output may be detected in ON-state by the no-load-detection

Timing diagrams

Figure 1a: V_{bb} turn on:



in case of too early V_{IN} =high the device may not turn on (curve A)
 $t_{d(bb\ IN)}$ approx. 150 μs

Figure 2a: Switching an inductive load

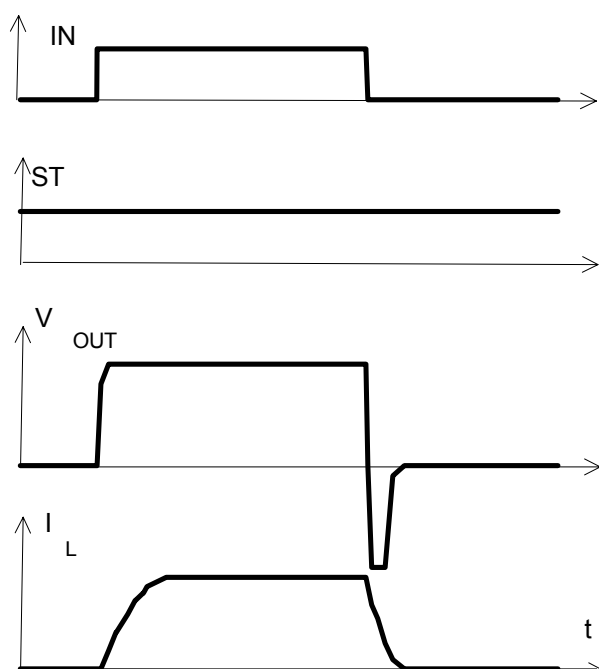
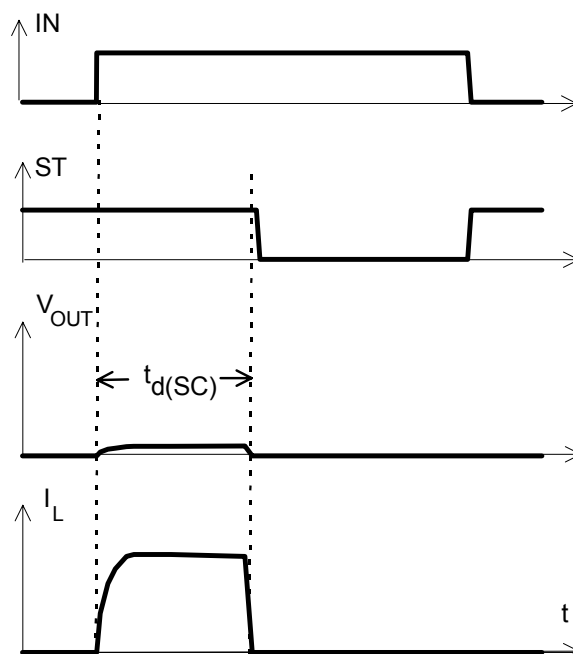
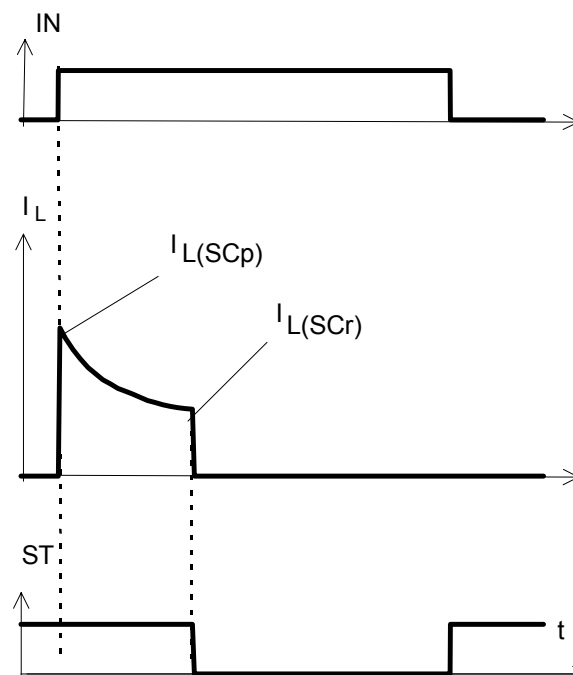


Figure 3a: Turn on into short circuit,

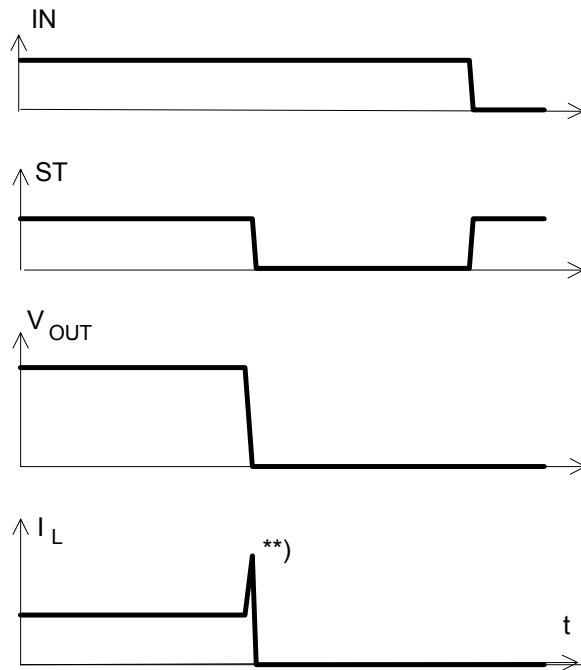


$t_{d(SC)}$ approx. 200 μs if $V_{bb} - V_{OUT} > 3.5\ V$ typ.

Figure 3b: Turn on into overload,



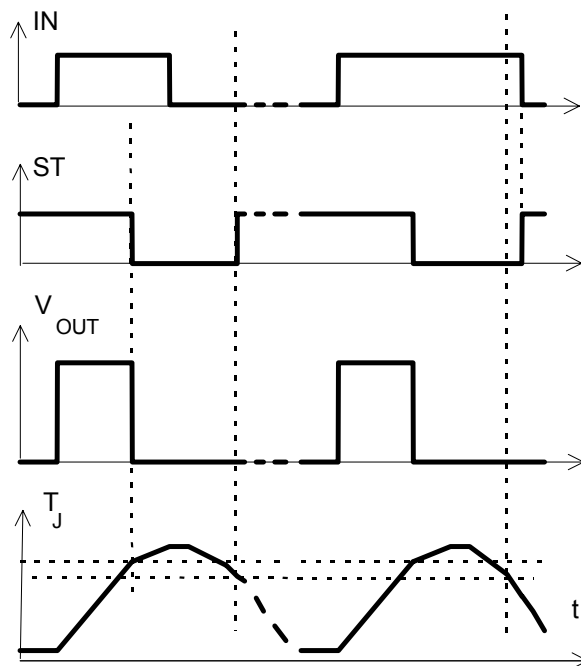
Heating up may require several seconds,
 $V_{bb} - V_{OUT} < 3.5\ V$ typ.

Figure 3c: Short circuit while on:


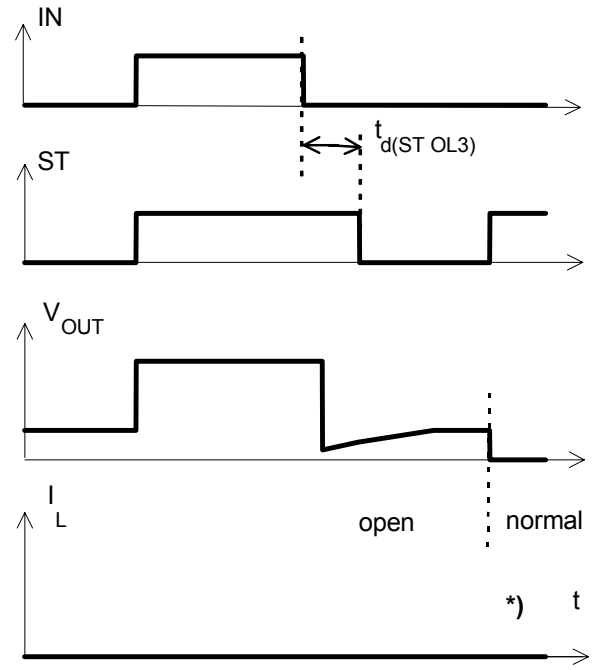
**) current peak approx. 20 μ s

Figure 4a: Overtemperature,

Reset if (IN=low) and ($T_j < T_{jt}$)



*) ST goes high, when V_{IN} =low and $T_j < T_{jt}$

Figure 5a: Open load: detection in OFF-state, turn on/off to open load


in case of external capacity $t_{d(ST,OL3)}$ may be higher due to high impedance *) $I_L = - \mu$ A typ

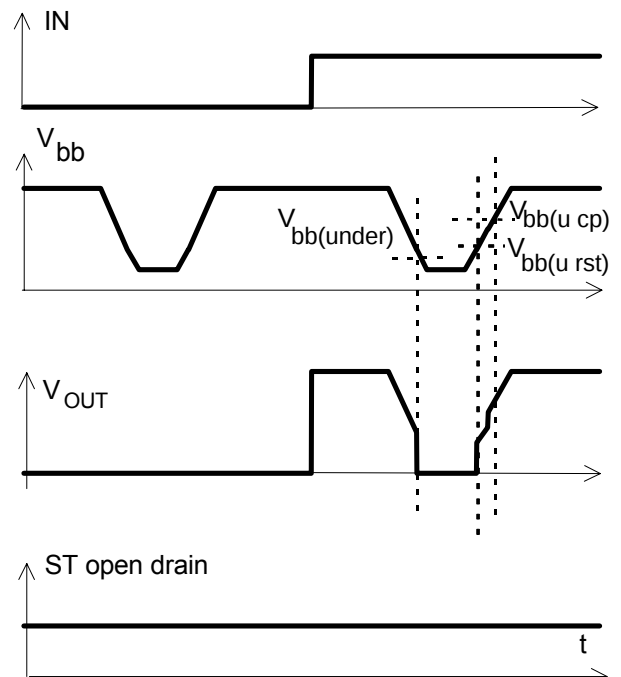
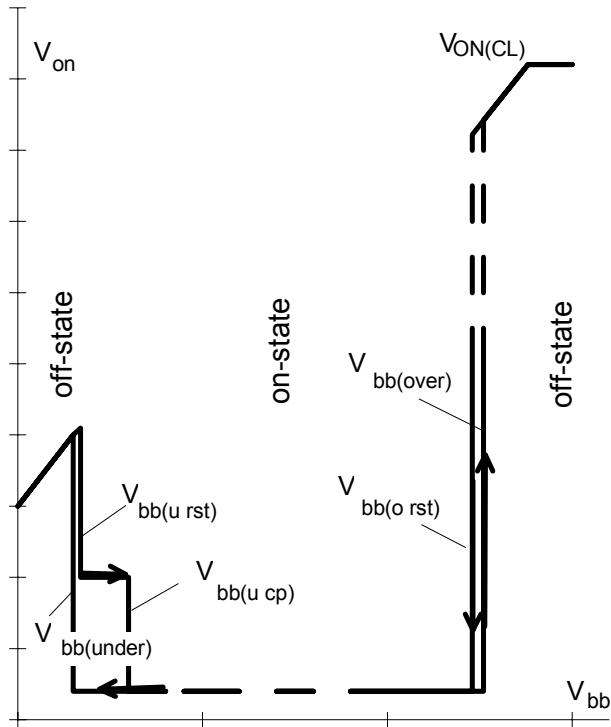
Figure 6a: Undervoltage:


Figure 6b: Undervoltage restart of charge pump



charge pump starts at $V_{bb(ucp)} = 4.9\text{ V typ.}$

Figure 7a: Overvoltage:

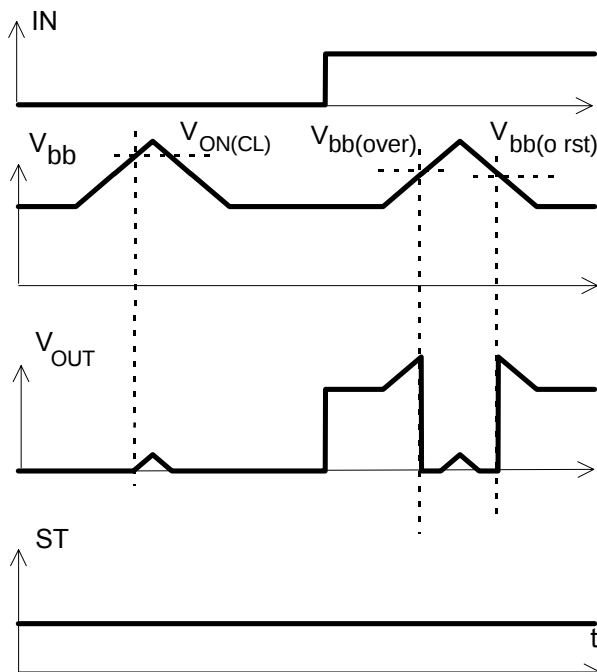
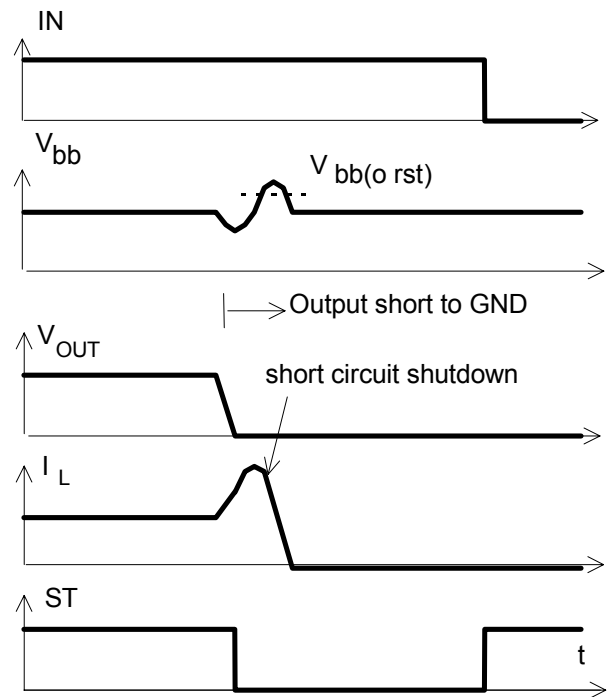


Figure 8a: Overvoltage at short circuit shutdown:



Overvoltage due to power line inductance. No overvoltage auto-restart of PROFET after short circuit shutdown.

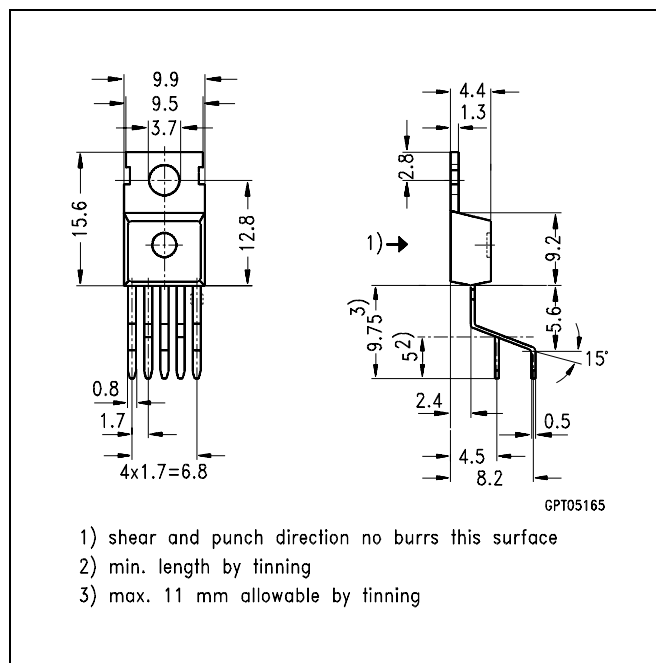
Package and Ordering Code

All dimensions in mm

Standard TO-220AB/5

Ordering code

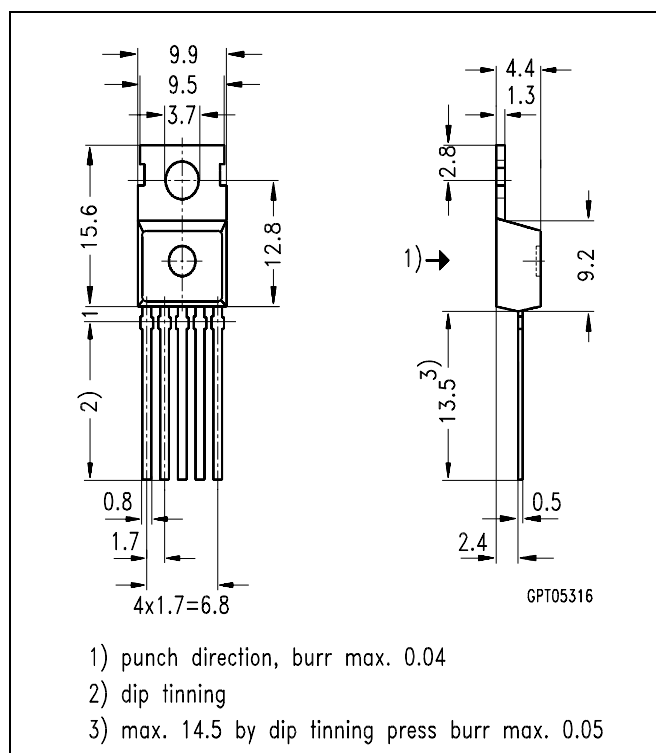
BTS 308	tbd
---------	-----



TO-220AB/5, Option E3043

Ordering code

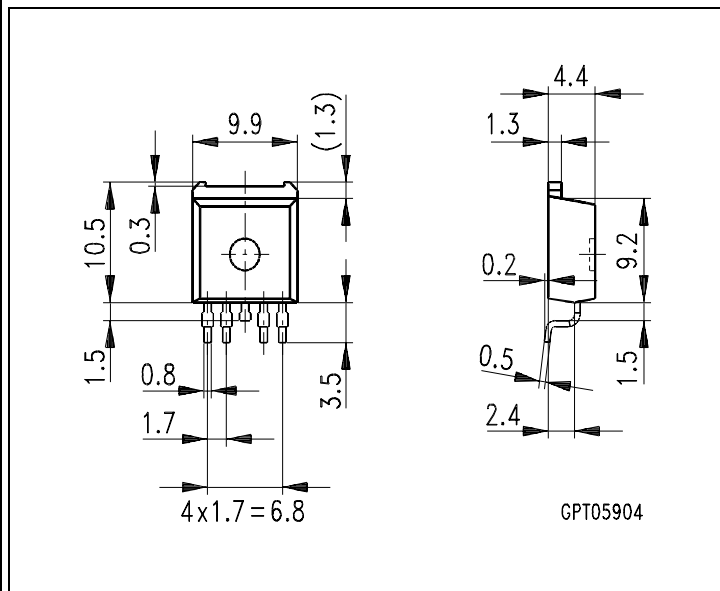
BTS 308 E3043	tbd
---------------	-----



SMD TO-220AB/5, Opt. E3062

Ordering code

BTS 308 E3062A	T&R:	tbd
----------------	------	-----



Changed since 08.96

Date	Change
Dec 96	"suitable for PWM" deleted at Application List (Page 1) due to the fact, that where may occur problems with current limit.
	Initial short circuit current limit $I_{L(SCP)}$ "V _{ON} =3V" deleted
	Option overview, Short circuit to GND protection, "V _{bb} > 8 V typ" deleted for BTS308, only valid for BTS410H2

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG,
St.-Martin-Strasse 53,
D-81669 München
© Infineon Technologies AG 2001
All Rights Reserved.

Attention please!

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as a guarantee of characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

Infineon Technologies is an approved CECC manufacturer.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office in Germany or our Infineon Technologies Representatives worldwide (see address list).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.