Preferred Devices

General Purpose Transistors

PNP Silicon

$\textbf{MAXIMUM RATINGS} \ (T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C unless otherwise noted})$

Rating		Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	BC856 BC857 58, BC859	V _{CEO}	-65 -45 -30	V
Collector-Base Voltage	BC856 BC857 58, BC859	V _{CBO}	-80 -50 -30	V
Emitter-Base Voltage		V _{EBO}	-5.0	V
Collector Current – Continuou	ıs	Ic	-100	mAdc

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

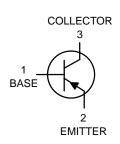
Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Total Device Dissipation FR–5 Board, (Note 1.) T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P _D	225 1.8	mW mW/°C
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	556	°C/W
Total Device Dissipation Alumina Substrate, (Note 2.) T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P _D	300 2.4	mW mW/°C
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	417	°C/W
Junction and Storage Temperature	T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C

- 1. $FR-5 = 1.0 \times 0.75 \times 0.062$ in
- 2. Alumina = 0.4 x 0.3 x 0.024 in. 99.5% alumina.



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SOT-23 CASE 318 STYLE 6

MARKING DIAGRAM



xx = Device Code (See Table Below)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Mark	Shipping
BC856ALT1	SOT-23	ЗА	3000/Tape & Reel
BC856BLT1	SOT-23	3B	3000/Tape & Reel
BC857ALT1	SOT-23	3E	3000/Tape & Reel
BC857BLT1	SOT-23	3F	3000/Tape & Reel
BC858ALT1	SOT-23	3J	3000/Tape & Reel
BC858BLT1	SOT-23	ЗК	3000/Tape & Reel
BC858CLT1	SOT-23	3L	3000/Tape & Reel
BC859BLT1	SOT-23	4B	3000/Tape & Reel
BC859CLT1	SOT-23	4C	3000/Tape & Reel

Preferred devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS						•
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I _C = -10 mA)	BC856 Series BC857 Series BC858, BC859 Series	V _{(BR)CEO}	-65 -45 -30	- - -	- - -	V
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = -10 \mu A, V_{EB} = 0$)	BC856 Series BC857 Series BC858, BC859 Series	V _{(BR)CES}	-80 -50 -30	- - -	- - -	V
Collector–Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = -10 \mu A$)	BC856 Series BC857 Series BC858, BC859 Series	V _{(BR)CBO}	-80 -50 -30	- - -	- - -	V
Emitter–Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = -1.0 \mu A$)	BC856 Series BC857 Series BC858, BC859 Series	V _{(BR)EBO}	-5.0 -5.0 -5.0	- - -	- - -	V
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$) ($V_{CB} = -30 \text{ V}$, T	I _{CBO}	- -	- -	-15 -4.0	nA μA	
ON CHARACTERISTICS						
	56A, BC857A, BC858A 56B, BC857B, BC858B 58C	h _{FE}	- - -	90 150 270	- - -	_
$(I_C = -2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V})$ BC856A, BC857A, BC858A BC856B, BC857B, BC858B, BC859B BC858C, BC859C			125 220 420	180 290 520	250 475 800	
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = -10$ mA, $I_B = -0.5$ mA) ($I_C = -100$ mA, $I_B = -5.0$ mA)		V _{CE(sat)}	_ _	_ _	-0.3 -0.65	V
Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = -10$ mA, $I_B = -0.5$ mA) ($I_C = -100$ mA, $I_B = -5.0$ mA)	V _{BE(sat)}	- -	-0.7 -0.9	- -	V	
Base–Emitter On Voltage ($I_C = -2.0$ mA, $V_{CE} = -5.0$ V) ($I_C = -10$ mA, $V_{CE} = -5.0$ V)	V _{BE(on)}	-0.6 -	- -	-0.75 -0.82	V	
SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERIST	ics	•				
Current–Gain – Bandwidth Product ($I_C = -10$ mA, $V_{CE} = -5.0$ Vdc, $f = 100$ MHz)		f _T	100	_	_	MHz
Output Capacitance (V _{CB} = -10 V, f = 1.0 MHz)	C _{ob}	_	-	4.5	pF	
Noise Figure ($I_C = -0.2$ mA, $V_{CE} = -5.0$ Vdc, $R_S = 2.0$ k Ω , $f = 1.0$ kHz, BW = 200 Hz) BC856, BC857, BC858 Series BC859 Series		NF	- -	_ _	10 4.0	dB

BC857/BC858/BC859

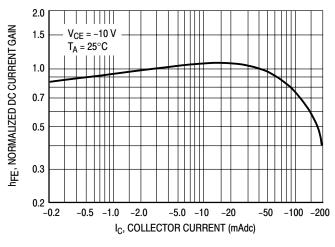


Figure 1. Normalized DC Current Gain

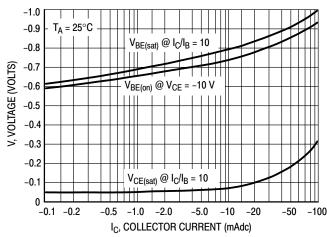


Figure 2. "Saturation" and "On" Voltages

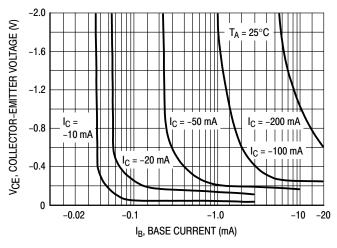


Figure 3. Collector Saturation Region

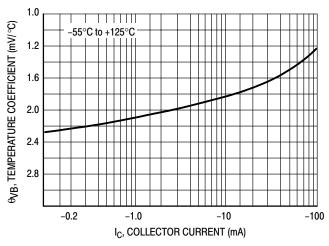


Figure 4. Base-Emitter Temperature Coefficient

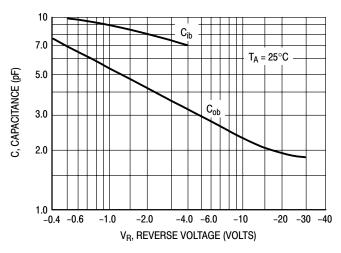


Figure 5. Capacitances

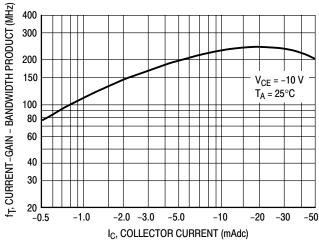


Figure 6. Current-Gain - Bandwidth Product

BC856

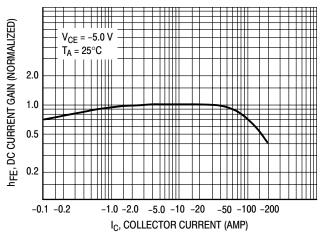


Figure 7. DC Current Gain

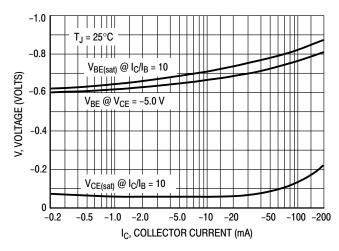


Figure 8. "On" Voltage

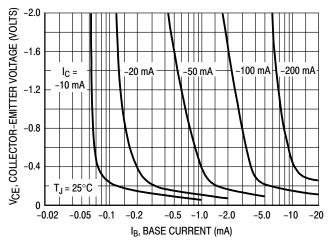


Figure 9. Collector Saturation Region

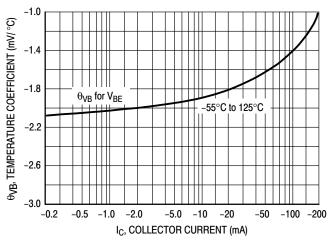


Figure 10. Base-Emitter Temperature Coefficient

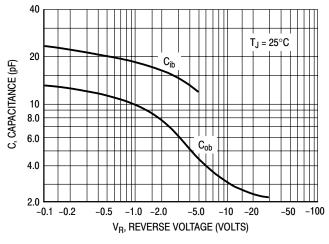


Figure 11. Capacitance

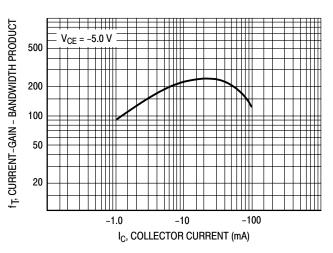


Figure 12. Current-Gain - Bandwidth Product

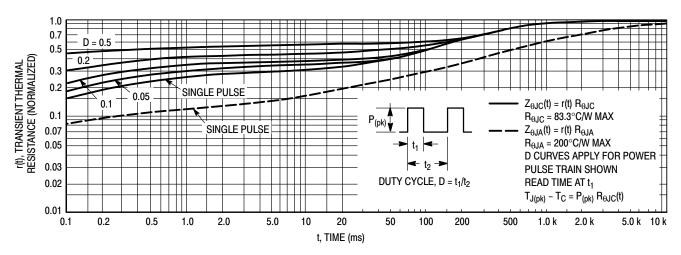


Figure 13. Thermal Response

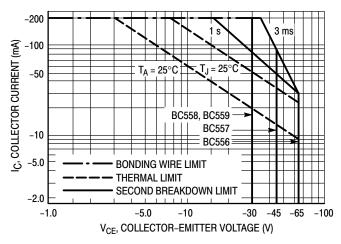


Figure 14. Active Region Safe Operating Area

The safe operating area curves indicate I_C – V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation. Collector load lines for specific circuits must fall below the limits indicated by the applicable curve.

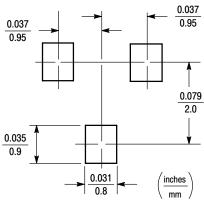
The data of Figure 14 is based upon $T_{J(pk)} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$; T_{C} or T_{A} is variable depending upon conditions. Pulse curves are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided $T_{J(pk)} \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$. $T_{J(pk)}$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 13. At high case or ambient temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by the secondary breakdown.

INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SOT-23

SOT-23 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SOT-23 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to the pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient; and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet, P_D can be calculated as follows.

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta,JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values

into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 225 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{556^{\circ}C/W} = 225 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 556°C/W assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 225 milliwatts. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad®. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, a power dissipation of 400 milliwatts can be achieved using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

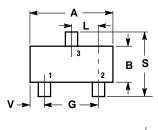
The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

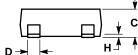
- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference should be a maximum of 10°C.

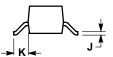
- The soldering temperature and time should not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient should be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes.
 Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.
- * Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-23 TO-236AB CASE 318-08 **ISSUE AF**







- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.1102	0.1197	2.80	3.04	
В	0.0472	0.0551	1.20	1.40	
С	0.0350	0.0440	0.89	1.11	
D	0.0150	0.0200	0.37	0.50	
G	0.0701	0.0807	1.78	2.04	
Н	0.0005	0.0040	0.013	0.100	
J	0.0034	0.0070	0.085	0.177	
K	0.0140	0.0285	0.35	0.69	
L	0.0350	0.0401	0.89	1.02	
S	0.0830	0.1039	2.10	2.64	
٧	0.0177	0.0236	0.45	0.60	

- STYLE 6:
 PIN 1. BASE
 2. EMITTER
 3. COLLECTOR

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