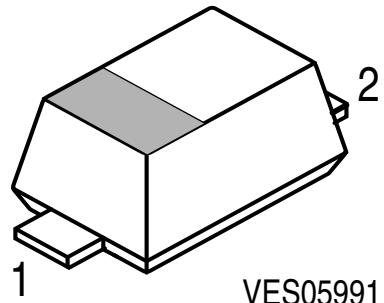


Silicon Variable Capacitance Diode

- For VHF/UHF-TV-tuners
- High capacitance ratio
- Low series inductance
- Low series resistance
- Extremely small plastic SMD package
- Excellent uniformity and matching due to "in-line" matching assembly procedure



VES05991

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration			Package
BB 659C inline matched	H	1 = C	2 = A	-	SCD-80
BB 659C unmatched	H	1 = C	2 = A	-	SCD-80

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Diode reverse voltage	V_R	30	V
Peak reverse voltage, ($R \geq 5k\Omega$)	V_{RM}	35	
Forward current	I_F	20	mA
Operating temperature range	T_{op}	-55 ... 150	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 ... 150	

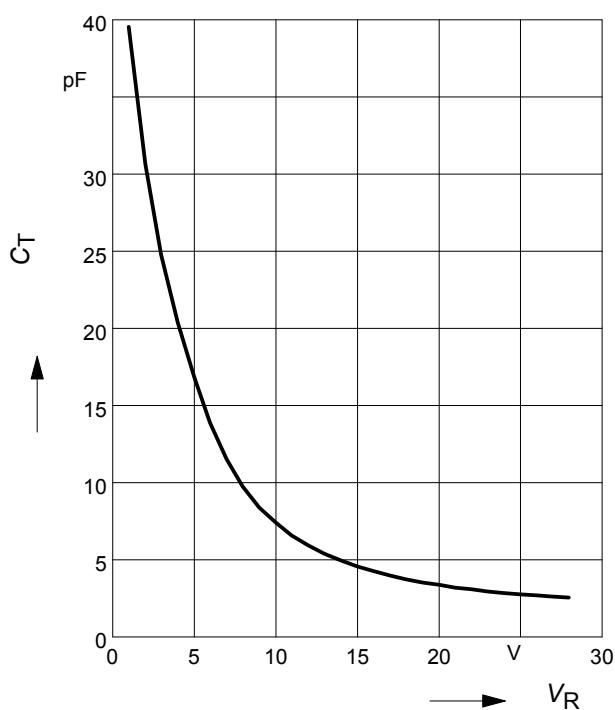
Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
DC Characteristics					
Reverse current $V_R = 30 \text{ V}$	I_R	-	-	10	nA
$V_R = 30 \text{ V}, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		-	-	200	
AC Characteristics					
Diode capacitance $V_R = 1 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_T	36.5	39	42	pF
$V_R = 2 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		27	30.2	33.2	
$V_R = 25 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.5	2.72	3.05	
$V_R = 28 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.4	2.55	2.75	
Capacitance ratio $V_R = 1 \text{ V}, V_R = 28 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_{T1}/C_{T28}	14.2	15.3	-	
Capacitance ratio $V_R = 2 \text{ V}, V_R = 25 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_{T2}/C_{T25}	9.5	11.1	-	
Capacitance ratio $V_R = 1 \text{ V to } 28 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz, 4 dioden sequence}$	$\Delta C_T/C_T$	-	0.3	1	%
$V_R = 1 \text{ V to } 28 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz, 7 dioden sequence } ^1)$		-	0.5	2	
Series resistance $V_R = 5 \text{ V, } f = 470 \text{ MHz}$	r_S	-	0.6	0.7	Ω
Series inductance	L_S	-	0.6	-	nH

¹In-line matching. For details please refer to Application Note 047

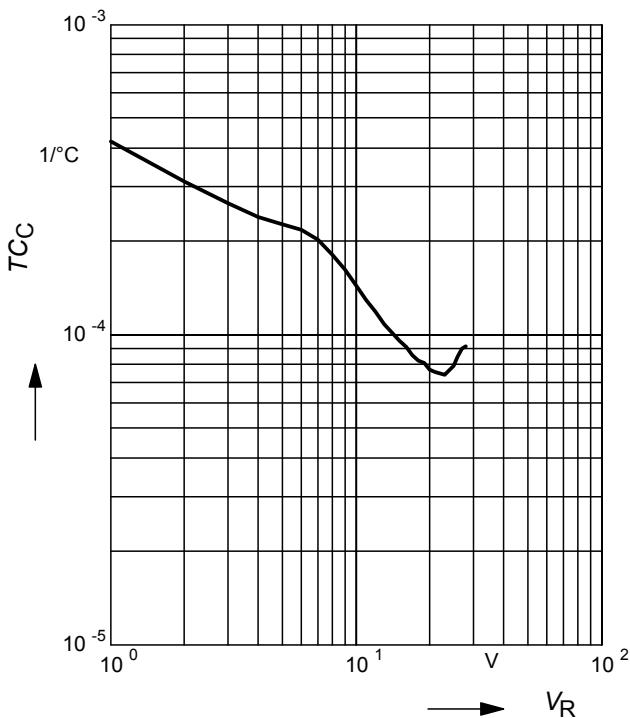
Diode capacitance $C_T = f(V_R)$

$f = 1\text{MHz}$



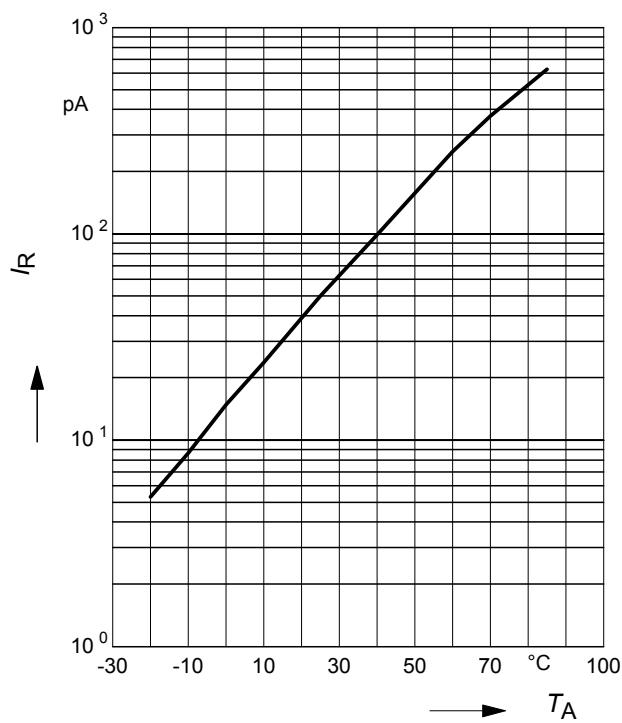
Temperature coefficient of the diode capacitance $TC_C = f(V_R)$

$T_A = \text{Parameter}$



Reverse current $I_R = f(T_A)$

$V_R = \text{Parameter}$



Reverse current $I_R = f(V_R)$

$T_A = \text{Parameter}$

